

Tree-Based Methods

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Regression Tree

The goal of regression tree is to find boxes/rectangles R_1, \dots, R_J that minimize the RSS, given by

$$\sum_{j=1}^J \sum_{i \in R_j} (y_i - \hat{y}_{R_j})^2$$

Tree Pruning

Training a regression tree may produce complex structures that can overfit the training data, leading to a poor test set performance. To overcome the said issue, one can build a tree so long as it decreases in the RSS due to each split exceeding some (high) threshold.

Cost Complexity Pruning

Also known as *weakest link pruning*, the *cost complexity pruning* considers a sequence of trees indexed by a nonnegative tuning parameter α .

For each value of α , there corresponds a subtree $T \subset T_0$, such that:

$$\sum_{m=1}^{|T|} \sum_{i: x_i \in R_m} (y_i - \hat{y}_{R_m})^2 + \alpha |T|$$