Submit 5-8 objective selection criteria for your system-level concepts, along with the rationale for each criterion. Submissions should be in pdf format.

Eva Czukkermann

Selection Criteria:

- 1. Can withstand vibration from satellite during time above the ground vibration can cause system to fall apart physically or malfunction electronically
 - a. Withstand random vibration testing IAW MIL-STD-1540
- 2. System temperature range is within temperature range allowable for system components will keep components from freezing or melting
- 3. Pressure within module is controlled allow components within to properly operate
- 4. Can withstand shock loads IAW MIL-STD-1540 components can withstand loads it might experience through time above the ground
- 5. Effective temperature regulating system keep overall system from overheating or freezing due to environment or power produced by components inside module

Tanner Smith

Selection Criteria:

- 1.) Must be able to communicate with GNSS Antenna SMA input. 1PPS / 10MHz SMA output and input.
- 2.) Provides a traceable time-of-day for systems directly connected, and networked systems. This is / can be achieved using precision time protocol (PTP) or (NTP).
- 3.) Requires logical interfaces that are compatible with the Portable Operating System interface for UNIX (interface to share physical hardware clock (PHC)).
- 4.) Provide a resilient timing engine, 1pps/10MHz reference. Along with a multi-frequency GNSS receiver.
- 5.) Should allow for external / internal battery backup to ensure uninterrupted operation, maintain synchronization and prevent clock drift during outages, surges, or fluctuations.

https://github.com/opencomputeproject/Time-Appliance-Project/tree/master/Time-Card#Precision

https://development.standards.ieee.org/mvproject-web/public/view.html#pardetail/10369

https://safran-navigation-timing.com/product/art-card?model_interest__c=ART+Card&product_interest__single_select=Resilient+Timing

Nsadhu Muyinda

Selection Criteria:

Specifications supplied by the Air Force SPACE SYSTEMS COMMAND MANUAL 91-710, VOLUME 3

[1]

J. Orpen, *SPACE SYSTEMS COMMAND MANUAL*. Department of Air Force: SPACE SYSTEMS COMMAND. Accessed: Sept. 17, 2024. [Online]. Available: https://www.e-publishing.af.mil/

- 1. 16.3.1.2. Under maximum system loads, CPU throughput shall not exceed 80% of its design value. Note: Although CPU throughput of 80% is acceptable, experience has shown that a value of 70% is desirable.
- 16.3.1.3. Computer system architecture shall be single failure fault tolerant.
- 3. 16.3.1.3.2. No single software fault/output shall cause a critical accident.
- 4. 16.3.1.3.3. No single or double software fault/output shall cause a catastrophic accident.
- 5. 16.3.2.1. Computer systems shall be powered up and/or restarted in a safe state.
- 6. 16.3.2.2. A computer system shall not enter a hazardous state as a result of an intermittent power transient or fluctuation.
- 7. 16.3.2.3. In the event of the single failure of primary power to a computer system or computer system component, that system or some cooperating system shall take action automatically to transition to a stable state. Note: In the context of response to failure or retreat from some unsafe state, a stable state is the safest possible state that can be achieved without causing a more hazardous state to occur during that transition.

Luke Schrom
Selection Criteria
Specifications supplied by the Air Force SPACE SYSTEMS COMMAND MANUAL
91-710, VOLUME 3

[1]

- J. Orpen, *SPACE SYSTEMS COMMAND MANUAL*. Department of Air Force: SPACE SYSTEMS COMMAND. Accessed: Dec. 27, 2022. [Online]. Available: https://www.e-publishing.af.mil/
 - 1. 14.1.6.2.1. Power and signal leads shall not be terminated on adjacent pins of a connector.
 - a. Close connections of high voltage and signals could lead to possible coupling
 - 2. 14.1.6.2.2. Wiring shall be isolated so that a single short circuit occurring in a connector cannot affect other components.
 - a. If a short were to occur, having it cause faults to other components can cause the entire system to fail. Leading to a waste of space on a spacecraft.
 - 3. 14.1.6.2.3. Pin locations shall be assigned to prevent inadvertent pin-to-pin and pin-to-case shorts.
 - a. Another way to prevent a short from occurring. Easiest way to do this is with keyed connectors. Swapping power and ground is never a good thing.
 - 4. 14.1.6.2.4. Spare pins shall not be used in connectors controlling hazardous operations or safety critical functions.
 - Spare pins on a connector could cause crosstalk from possible emf interference produced from a part on the board. This can cause noise in the signal or errors in digital signals
 - 5. 14.1.2. All wiring shall be copper and contact with dissimilar metals shall be avoided. Aluminum wire shall not be used.
 - a. Dissimilar metals can cause electron migration. This can lead to the metal degrading.

Drew Schacke
Selection Criteria
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91-710, VOLUME 3

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- 1. 16.4.1.1.10. Test coverage for all execution paths; with all statements executed at least once and every branch tested at least once.
- 2. 16.4.3.2. The system shall be designed such that the operator may exit current processing to a known stable state with a single action.
- 3. 16.4.3.3. Computer systems shall minimize the potential for inadvertent actuation of hazardous operations.
- 4. 16.4.3.6. Software shall provide confirmation of valid command and/or data entry to the operator.
- 5. 16.4.3.8. Software shall provide the operator with real-time status reports of operations.
- 6. 16.4.5.2. Software and firmware shall be put under formal configuration control as soon as a software baseline is established.