mySQL用户手册

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```

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1.数据结构设计

• 结构体information用于存储表格的基本信息,包括表格的文件名字、行数、列数和表格的属性

```
struct information
{
   int row = 0;
   int col = 0;
   string filename;
   vector<string> attribute;
};
```

• TABLE用于存储整个数据库各个表格的信息,用map实现

```
map<string, information> TABLE;
```

• table用于存储各个表格的具体信息,是一个结构体

```
struct table
{
    string tablename;
    vector<string> val;
    vector<map<string, string>> content;
};
```

2.功能分解

mysql主要分解为如下功能:

- 利用正则表达式对输入的字符串进行匹配分析, 根据结果调用不同的命令函数
- 支持CREAT TABLE命令,能够根据输入或者已经存在的文件创建表格,在命令行输出并将表格的信息存到总表中
- 支持DROP TABLE命令, 能够根据输入删除table
- 支持TABLE LIST命令,输出总表中各个table的主要信息
- 支持INSERT INTO命令,能根据输入向table中插入行
- 支持DELETE命令,根据输入删除特定的行
- 支持UPDATA命令,根据输入更新指定列或者全部列
- 支持SELECT命令,根据输入选择不同的列进行特定的操作后进行展示
- 支持事务文件,根据事务文件自动执行里面的命令
- 对相关的文件进行读写操作

3.模块设计

主要分为3个模块

• main函数模块

模仿终端,会自动打印'~\$',同时接受输入,当为"mysql"时,调用mysql函数,进入数据库界面,当输入为"quit"时退出程序,当输入为其他命令时,会输出"Command not found!"。

mysql函数

模仿数据库,当输入为"quit"时返回main函数,当输入为其他时,会利用正则表达式对字符串进行分析,分别调用不同的命令,当调用的命令格式不正确时会输出"Command format error!"。

command模块
 该模块主要包括SOL支持的各种命令的函数实现。

4.核心函数声明

```
void create_table(string &data);
void file_write(vector<string> inf, string path);
void file_read(vector<string> &inf, string path);
void table_read(string tablename, table &dest);
void print(vector<string> inf);
void drop_table(string &data);
void table_list();
void insert_into(string &data);
void delete_table(string &data);
void updata_table(string &data);
void getmap(string &data, map<string, string> &dest);
void select_table(string &data);
void alter_table(string &data);
void file_do();
void getval(string &data, vector<string> &dest);
void mysql();
```

5.成果展示

5.1 基础部分

5.11 命令行界面交互

```
huiyi@Mofes:~/Codes/c/mysq$ make clean
rm main *.o
huiyi@Mofes:~/Codes/c/mysq$ make
g++ -c -o mysql.o mysql.cpp
g++ -c -o main.o main.cpp
g++ -o main mysql.o main.o
huiyi@Mofes:~/Codes/c/mysq$ ./main
~$ table
Command not found!
~$ mysql
(mysql)==> quit
~$ quit
huiyi@Mofes:~/Codes/c/mysq$
```

5.12 CREATE TABLE语句

```
huiyi@Mofes:~/Codes/c/mysq$ cd database
huiyi@Mofes:~/Codes/c/mysq/database$ cat student.txt
name number major score
zhangsan 201870199 CS 86
lisi 201870200 AI 76huiyi@Mofes:~/Codes/c/mysq/database$ cat list.txt
huiyi@Mofes:~/Codes/c/mysq/database$ cat list.txt
food clothes tool medicine huiyi@Mofes:
```

5.13 DROP TABLE语句

```
(mysql)==> DROP TABLE temp
Table does not exit!
(mysql)==> TABLE LIST
total:3
  Lecture: (3,1) [number,course,teacher]
  List: (4,0) [food,clothes,tool,medicine]
  Student: (4,4) [name,number,major,score]
(mysql)==> DROP TABLE List
(mysql)==> TABLE LIST
total:2
  Lecture: (3,1) [number,course,teacher]
  Student: (4,4) [name,number,major,score]
(mysql)==>
```

5.14 INSERT INTO语句

(mysql)==> IN ID	SERT INTO Student name	VALUES (wangsan, number	.211870003,EE, 95	5) score
1	zhangsan	201870199	CS	86
2	lisi	201870200	AI	76
3	wangsan	211870003	EE	95
(mysql)==> IN ID	SERT INTO Student name	(number,name) VA	ALUES (211870002, major	wangwu) score
1	zhangsan	201870199	CS	86
2	lisi	201870200	AI	76
3	wangsan	211870003	EE	95
4	wangwu	211870002		
(mysql)==>				

5.15 DELETE语句

5.16 UPDATE语句

(mysql)==> UPDA ID	TE Student SET n name	umber = 20187019 number	9,major = CS major	score
1	zhangsan	201870199	CS	86
2	lisi	201870199	CS	76
3	wangwu	201870199	CS	95
4	wangsan	201870199	CS	88
(mysql)==> UPDA an	TE Student SET n	umber = 21187019	9,major = AI WHE	RE name = wangs
ID	name	number	major	score
1	zhangsan	201870199	CS	86
2	lisi	201870199	CS	76
3	wangwu	201870199	CS	95
4	wangsan	211870199	AI	88
(mysql)==>				

5.17 SELECT语句

<pre>(mysql)==> SELECT name,number FROM Student</pre>					
ID	name	number			
1	zhangsan	201870199			
2	lisi	201870200			
3	wangwu	211870002			
4	wangsan	211870003			
(mysql)==> SELE	CT * FROM Studen				
ID	name	number	major	score	
1	zhangsan	201870199	CS	86	
2	lisi	201870200	AI	76	
3	wangwu	211870002		95	
4	wangsan	211870003	CS	88	

<pre>(mysql)==> SELE ID</pre>	ECT * FROM Studer name	nt DRDER BY numbe number	er ASC major	score	
1	zhangsan	201870199	CS	86	
2	lisi	201870200	AI	76	
3	wangwu	211870002		95	
4	wangsan	211870003	CS	88	
<pre>(mysql)==> SELECT * FROM Student DRDER BY number DESC</pre>					
(mysq1) == > SELE	:CT * FROM Studen	it DRDER BY numb ϵ	er DESC		
(mysq1)==> SELE	:CT * FROM Studer name	nt DRDER BY numbe number	er DESC major	score	
				score 88	
	name	number	major		
	name wangsan	number 211870003	major	88	

5.2 拓展部分

5.21 对数值属性可求最大最小值、计数、求平均数

```
(mysql)==> SELECT MAX(number) FROM Student
The MAX number in Student is 211870003
(mysql)==> SELECT MIN(number) FROM Student
The MIN number in Student is 201870199
(mysql)==> SELECT MEAN(score) FROM Student
The MEAN score in Student is 90
(mysql)==> SELECT COUNT major = CS FROM Student
The major = CS came up 2 times.
```

5.22 ALTER TABLE语句

5.23 支持事务文件

```
CREATE TABLE Student FROM student.txt
TABLE LIST
SELECT * FROM Student DRDER BY number ASC
SELECT * FROM Student DRDER BY number DESC
SELECT * FROM Student WHERE name = wangwu
```

(mysql)==> FILE ************					
CREATE TABLE Student FROM student.txt					
ID	name	number	major	score	
1	zhangsan	201870199	CS	86	
2	lisi	201870200	AI	76	
3	wangwu	211870002		95	
4	wangsan	211870003	EE	88	

<pre>TABLE LIST total:2 Lecture: (3,0) [number,course,teacher] Student: (4,3) [name,number,major,score] ************************************</pre>					
	Student DRDER BY				
ID	name	number	major	score	
1	zhangsan	201870199	CS	86	
2	lisi	201870200	AI	76	
3	wangwu	211870002		95	
4	wangsan	211870003	EE	88	
