coeffcient_investigation

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The first step in investigating coeffcients will be to setup data storage for generated data. In order to accomplish this, an arrary of matrixes containing generated data will be created. To determind the size of the arrary, a grid size must be provided.

Set grid size

```
# Select desired number of matrices
numMat = 3

# Select number of columns
numCols = 4

# Names of colums
# Must match the number of coulns
colNames = c('y', 'x1', 'x2', 'x3')

# Create arrary filled with NAs
resultsArray = array(1:(numCols*n^2), dim=c(n^2, numCols, numMat), dimnames = list(1:n^2, colNames, NULL)
```

Now that the array has been created, we can now begin to fill the array with data that we will using for the investigation. In order to accomplish this spatially autocorrelated data will be generated using a modified version of the Spatial leave-one-out method developed by Le Rest.

```
# Import Statement(s)
library(RandomFields)
# Set spatail range for distance between points
spat_range = seq(0.001, 25, 10)
# Determine range of varience
var_range = var_range = seq(1, 10, 10)
for (i in 1:numMat) {
  # Create a model with spatial dependence
  mod_spat_dep = RMexp(var=var_range, scale=spat_range[i])
  # Create spatially autocorralated predictor variables
  x1 = RFsimulate(mod_spat_dep, x=1:n, y=1:n, grid=T)
  x2 = RFsimulate(mod_spat_dep, x=1:n, y=1:n, grid=T)
  x3 = RFsimulate(mod_spat_dep, x=1:n, y=1:n, grid=T)
  # Create spatail error term
  spat_err = RFsimulate(mod_spat_dep, x=1:n, y=1:n, grid=T)
  # Convert objects variables to vectors and store in columns
  spat_err = as.vector(spat_err)
```

```
resultsArray[, 2, i] = as.vector(x1)
  resultsArray[, 3, i] = as.vector(x2)
  resultsArray[, 4, i] = as.vector(x3)
  resultsArray[, 1, i] = 2*resultsArray[, 2, i] + resultsArray[, 3, i] + 3*resultsArray[, 4, i] + spat_
}
head(resultsArray[,,1])
                        x1
                                    x2
## 1 -7.2107092 -0.77571536 -2.2395938 -1.09680952
## 2 -0.7224239 -0.02863557 -0.5681401 -0.03366019
## 3 -3.1309219 -0.67531912 0.1442482 -0.72455351
## 4 0.3087904 -0.74347924 0.3524151 0.48086574
## 5 -3.7564223 -1.62622417 1.3957487 -0.26440657
## 6 -0.3775610 0.91958155 -0.3157996 -0.79391036
head(resultsArray[,,2])
##
                               x2
## 1 3.2862731 1.1686932 2.282221 -0.17555134
## 2 3.6505028 1.0670012 2.287960 0.09452082
## 3 1.3407200 0.8189611 1.523138 -0.49457099
## 4 -0.7030608 0.9442820 1.455266 -1.34871887
## 5 1.4139479 1.4729397 1.540002 -1.16308841
## 6 2.5462734 1.9025841 1.531467 -1.09310612
head(resultsArray[,,3])
##
                      x1
                                   x2
                                            x3
## 1 9.678972 0.9385504 0.606211720 2.194368
## 2 9.705145 0.6627367 0.200101035 2.540212
## 3 9.775597 0.1881732 0.030717410 2.750291
## 4 9.724718 0.3734588 -0.003018989 2.713145
## 5 10.335391 0.8200229 0.423565476 2.332968
## 6 10.619271 0.5230796 -0.200005040 2.781979
```

Now that we have the arrary filled with data, let's