STAT 217: Chi-Squared Assumptions and Standardized Residuals 10-12

1. A random sample of Brazilians aged 18 and older was taken, and each subjects Age - (Under 30, 30-49, 50 and over) and Political Ideology-(Liberal, Moderate, Conservative) were noted.

```
PolAge <- as.table(rbind(c(83,140,73), c(119,280,161), c(88,284,214)))
dimnames(PolAge) <- list(age=c("underthirty","thirtytofortynine","fiftyandOver"),</pre>
party=c("Liberal", "Moderate", "Conservative"))
PolAge
##
                       party
## age
                        Liberal Moderate Conservative
##
     underthirty
                              83
                                      140
                                                     73
     thirtytofortynine
                             119
                                                    161
##
                                      280
##
     fiftyandOver
                              88
                                      284
                                                    214
```

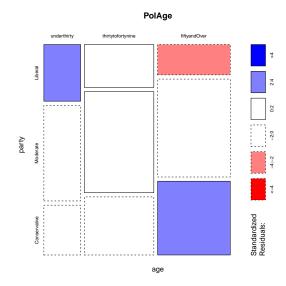
(a) Below is the table of expected counts generated by R. Are all of the assumptions and conditions met for the chi squared test?

```
chisq.test(PolAge)$expected
##
                      party
## age
                         Liberal Moderate Conservative
     underthirty
                         59.52843 144.5104
                                                91.96117
##
##
     thirtytofortynine 112.62136 273.3981
                                               173.98058
##
     fiftyandOver
                        117.85021 286.0915
                                               182.05825
```

- A. Yes.
- B. No, age is not categorical.
- C. No, the table of expected counts is too similar to the table of observed counts.
- D. No, the normality assumption is not met.
- (b) Do you expect the Chi-Square test statistic to be large or small? Explain how you know.

Below is a table and a plot of standardized residuals.

```
chisq.test(PolAge)$residuals
##
                       party
                           Liberal
##
   age
                                      Moderate Conservative
                         3.0421447 -0.3752025
##
     underthirty
                                                  -1.9772555
##
     thirtytofortynine
                         0.6010599
                                     0.3992767
                                                 -0.9841103
##
     fiftyandOver
                        -2.7496802 -0.1236555
                                                   2.3673010
mosaicplot(PolAge,shade=T)
```



- (c) The top left segment on the plot is blue. What does this tell us about the Liberal underthirty group? Use the appropriate value from the table of standardized residuals to support your answer.(Hint: You can also compare the table of expected and observed counts on the previous page)
- (d) The top right segment on the plot is red. What does this tell us about the Liberal fifty and Over group? Use the table to support your answer
- (e) The bottom middle segment is white with dashed borders. What does this tell us about the Conservative thirty to fortynine group? Use the table to support your answer.