STAT 217: Quiz 26

1. To orient themselves with respect to their surroundings, some bats use echolocation. Such a trait has evolved in very few animal species, perhaps because of the high energy costs involved in producing pulses. Zoologists collected data on in-flight energy expenditure (watts) and body mass (g) from 20 energy studies on three types of flying vertebrates: echolocating bats, non-echolocating bats, and non-echolocating birds. Below is the first five rows of data:

```
## MASS TYPE ENERGY
## 1 779.0 non-echolocating bats 43.70
## 2 628.0 non-echolocating bats 34.80
## 3 258.0 non-echolocating bats 23.30
## 4 315.0 non-echolocating bats 22.40
## 5 24.3 non-echolocating birds 2.46
## 6 35.0 non-echolocating birds 3.93
```

- (a) What is the response variable and what are the explanatory variables? Label each as quantitative or categorical.
- (b) Let's first consider the parallel lines model. Write out the TRUE multiple linear regression ADDITIVE model (with β 's). You will need to use indicator variables. Make sure to define each indicator variable.

- (c) Based on the additive model you defined in (b), write out the TRUE simple linear regression model for echolocating bats.
- (d) In terms of betas, what is the slope and y-intercept for the SLR line for echolocating bats?

(e)	Based on the additive model you defined in (b), write out the TRUE simple linear regression model for non-echolocating bats.
(f)	In terms of betas, what is the slope and y-intercept for the SLR line for non-echolocating bats?
(g)	Based on the additive model you defined in (b), write out the TRUE simple linear regression model for non-echolocating birds.
(h)	In terms of betas, what is the slope and y-intercept for the SLR line for non-echolocating birds?
(i)	Sketch a plot like the one I showed in class. For each line, label the slope and the y-intercept. Briefly discuss why the additive model is called a "parallel lines model".
	eat parts (b) through (i) for an interaction or "separate lines" model. Please do this on a rate sheet of paper.

2.