DE RE COQVINARIA

APICIUS

※これは翻訳用のメモです。「勉強のしかた」としては参考にしないでください。 とりわけ語義や語形変化についてはノートをとらずその場で覚えるようにしてく ださい。中級以上の語学習得において経験上、ノートをまとめることに夢中にな る癖がある学習者は伸びない傾向にあります。

LIBER VI

TROPHETES

I. In strutione[1] II, In Grue uel anate, perdice, tuture, palumbo, columbo r fiurtdid auibus. III. In Turdis IV. In ficetulis V. In pauo VI. In fasiano. VII. In ansere. VIII. In pullo.

[1] DMLBS: strution, strutium v. strutheum < struthio DMLBS: ostrich

In STRUTIONE

ダチョウ

210) In STRVTIONE ELIXO[2]:

ダチョウの煮込み

[2] elixo: L&S: to boil thoroughly

Piper, mentam, cuminum assum[3], apii[4] semen, dactilos uel carotetas[5], mel, acetum, passum[6], liquamen, et oleum modice, pet in caccabo facies ut ulliat, amulo ogligas et sic partes strutinis in lance perfundis e desuper piper aspargis. Si autem in condituram coquere uolueris, alicam addis.

こしょう、ミント、ローストしたクミン、セロリの種子、デーツまたは類似のもの、はちみつ、ヴィネガー、天日濃縮ワイン、ガルム、

[3] assum: < (Gaffiot201612) 1 assum, v. adsum. 2 assum, (16) ī, n. (assus), rôti : Cic. Fam. 9, 20, 1; Hor. S. 2, 2, 73;

- Cels. Med. 1, 3 $\mid\mid$ n. pl. assa Cic. Q. 3, 1, 2, étuves.
- [4] apii < apium (LewisShort) ăpĭum, ii, n. apis, I. parsley, esp. liked by bees; an umbelliferous plant of several species (mountain-parsley, celery, etc.), Plin. 19, 8, 37, § 123 sq. The leaves of one species (water-parsley, our celery, the Apium graveolens, Linn.), were often used by the ancients for garlands, on account of their strong fragrance, Verg. E. 6, 68 Voss., esp. in drinking-bouts: vivax, that long remains green, Hor. C. 1, 36, 16; so id. ib. 2, 7, 24; 4, 11, 3 (cf. Theoc. 3, 23); and, among the Greeks, given as a prize to the victors in the Isthmian and Nemean games, Juv. 8, 226; cf. Plin. 19, 8, 46, § 158; Juv. 8, 226; Hyg. Fab. 74.
- [5] careotas < căryōta, ae (căryōtis, ĭdis, Mart. 11, 31; Stat. S. 1, 6, 20), f., = καρυῶτις, I **a kind of nut-shaped date**, Varr. R. R. 2, 1, 27; Plin. 15, 28, 34, § 116; 19, 5, 29, § 91; Plin. Ep. 1, 7, 6 al.; these the Romans were accustomed to send on the Saturnalia and New Year's day as a present to their friends and patrons, Mart. 8, 33, 11; 13, 27, 1.căryōta, ae (căryōtis, ĭdis, Mart. 11, 31; Stat. S. 1, 6, 20), f., = καρυῶτις,
- [6] passum < Gaffiot2016 passum, (15) ī, n. (pando), vin de raisins séchés au soleil : Virg. G. 2, 93 ; Col. Rust. 12, 39.