# 实验一 QEMU 基本环境搭建

## 一、实验目的

- 1. 掌握 QEMU 基本用法
- 2. 掌握 ZNS SSD 设备模拟方法

## 二、实验内容

- 1. 下载 QEMU 源代码并编译安装
- 2. 下载 ubuntu 22.04 镜像并在 QEMU 中安装
- 3. 在 QEMU 中模拟 zns ssd
- 4. 启动 QEMU 的 ubuntu 操作系统,观察 zns ssd 是否安装成功

## 三、实验过程和步骤

# 3.1 QEMU 安装编译

命令行键入: wget <a href="https://download.qemu.org/qemu-7.1.0.tar.xz">https://download.qemu.org/qemu-7.1.0.tar.xz</a> 相关依赖安装:

sudo apt install git libglib2.0-dev libfdt-dev libpixman-1-dev zlib1g-dev ninja-build sudo apt install git-email

sudo apt install libaio-dev libbluetooth-dev libcapstone-dev libbrlapi-dev libbz2-dev sudo apt install libcap-ng-dev libcurl4-gnutls-dev libgtk-3-dev

sudo apt install libibverbs-dev libjpeg8-dev libnuma-dev sudo apt install librbd-dev librdmacm-dev

sudo apt install libsasl2-dev libsdl2-dev libseccomp-dev libsnappy-dev libssh-dev sudo apt install libvde-dev libvdeplug-dev libvte-2.91-dev libxen-dev liblzo2-dev sudo apt install valgrind xfslibs-dev

sudo apt install libnfs-dev libiscsi-dev

### make 编译

wget https://download.qemu.org/qemu-7.1.0.tar.xz tar xvJf qemu-7.1.0.tar.xz

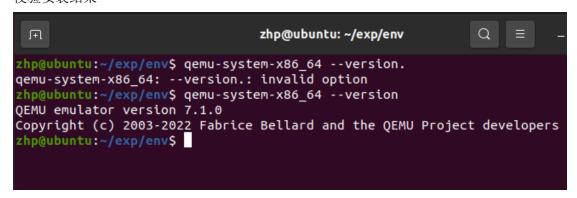
cd qemu-7.1.0

./configure

make

sudo make install

## 校验安装结果



### 3.2 QEMU 中安装 Ubuntu server

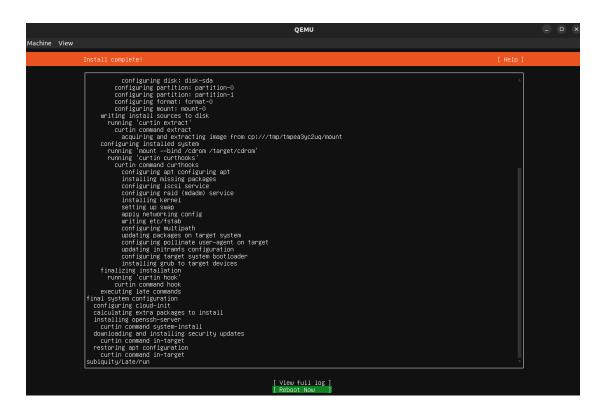
创建虚拟盘: qemu-img create -f qcow2 ubuntu.qcow2 30G

查询磁盘详情: qemu-img info ubuntu.qcow2

```
zhp@ubuntu:~/exp/env$ qemu-img info ubuntu.qcow2
image: ubuntu.qcow2
file format: qcow2
virtual size: 30 GiB (32212254720 bytes)
disk size: 6.42 GiB
cluster_size: 65536
Format specific information:
    compat: 1.1
    compression type: zlib
    lazy refcounts: false
    refcount bits: 16
    corrupt: false
    extended l2: false
zhp@ubuntu:~/exp/env$
```

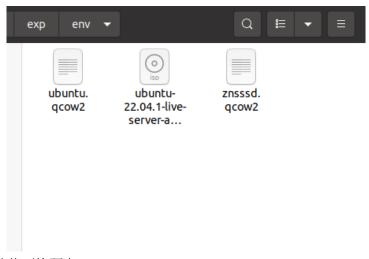
启动虚拟机: qemu-system-x86\_64 -m 8G -smp 2 -boot order=dc -hda ./env/ubuntu.qcow2 -cdrom ./env-resource/ubuntu-22.04.1-live-server-amd64.iso

(VMware 原因,取消 KVM 设置)



#### 3.3 模拟 NVMe ZNS SSD

创建虚拟盘: qemu-img create -f qcow2 znsssd.qcow2 10G 目录下应当有两个.qcow2 文件,表示两个虚拟盘



启动虚拟机并挂载两块硬盘

qemu-system-x86 64 -name zhp exp -m 8G -smp 4 \

- -hda ./exp/home/ubuntu.qcow2 \
- -net user,hostfwd=tcp:127.0.0.1:7777-:22,hostfwd=tcp:127.0.0.1:2222-:2000 -net nic \
- -drive file=./home/env/znsssd.qcow2,id=mynvme,format=qcow2,if=none \
- -device nvme,serial=baz,id=nvme2 \

-device nvme-

ns,id=ns2,drive=mynvme,nsid=2,logical\_block\_size=4096,physical\_block\_size=4096,zoned=true, zoned.zone\_size=131072,zoned.zone\_capacity=131072,zoned.max\_open=0,zoned.max\_active=0, bus=nvme2

(取消 KVM 设置和 cpu host 设置,否则报错)

## 3.4 验证 zns ssd 安装

终端连接: ssh zhp@localhost -p 7777 查看 nvme 设备: ls /dev/ | grep nv

```
QEMU (zhp_exp-0)
Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS zhp tty1
zhp login: [ 91.294445] cloud-init[979]: Cloud-init v. 22.2-Oubuntul~22.04.3 running 'modules
                                              zhp@zhp: ~
  System load:
Usage of /:
Memory usage:
                               0.9833984375
                                27.6% of 29.36GB
                                28%
  Swap usage:
                                130
  Users logged in:
  IPv4 address for ens3: 10.0.2.15
IPv6 address for ens3: fec0::5054:ff:fe12:3456
36 updates can be applied immediately.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable
Last login: Mon Nov 7 14:37:47 2022 from 10.0.2.2
 hp@zhp:~$ ls /dev/ | grep nv
  me0
  me0n1
  me-fabrics
  ram
```

# 四、实验结论和心得体会

通过本次实验,完成了 QEMU 的环境搭建,掌握了 ZNS SSD 设备模拟方法。