





Email Writing Guidelines



Formal vs Informal Emails

✓ Formal: Written to business partner, customer, boss, professor, colleague

✓ Informal: Written to friend, family, closed relations



STRUCTURE of an email

- 1 .Salutation
- 2. Introduction
- 3. Body

- 4. Conclusion
- **5. Complimentary close**
- **6. Signature address**

- 7. Recipients
- 8. Subject line
- 9. Attachment

Salutation



Structure of email (1/9)

Dear ...,

Good morning ...,

Formal emails

To whom may concern ...,

Informal email

Hi ...,

- ✓ Spell people's name correctly
- ✓ Use Last name (surname, family name) in formal email and First name in informal email



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EMAIL WRITING

Structure of email (2/9)

Briefly

introduce purpose of your e-Mail

State

the actions to be performed



Body

Structure of email (3/9)

Be direct!

Get to the point! Make your purpose clear

Write

just enough, avoid unnecessary details

Break

into paragraphs, include a blank space among paragraphs

1 screen

Body should be in 1 screen



Conclusion

Structure of email (4/9)

Call to action

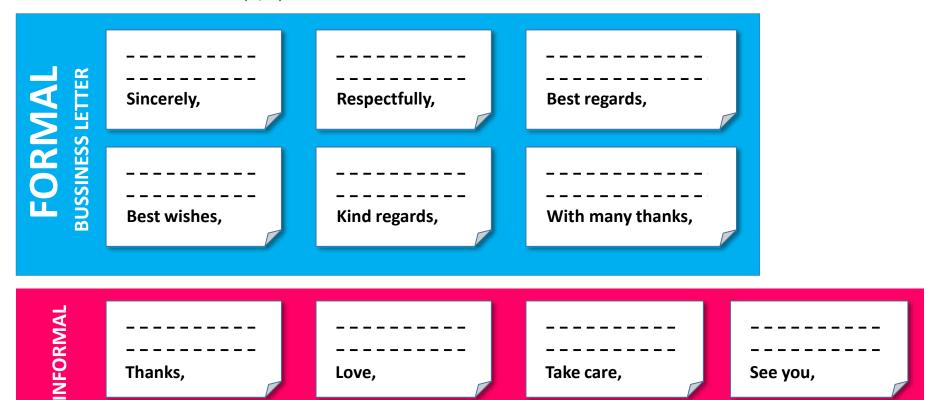
WHAT actions?

WHEN?

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Complimentary close

Structure of email (5/9)





Signature address

Structure of email (6/9)

A typical signature includes: Name, Role, Working Department, Company name, Company address, Telephone, Fax,...

Full Name

- <Role>
- <Company name>
- <Phone>
- <Company website>





Recipients

Structure of email (7/9)



Direct recipients whose actions on the email you want to have

- **You need to take the action and respond to sender as soon as possible in cases:**
 - Your email in the "To" alone or with Others (multiple recipients) and the Salutation indicates such as "Hello All", "Hi Everyone", etc.
 - Email sent to an email group includes yours and sender calls your name "Hello A,", "Good morning B,"

Cc:

Indirect recipients. Nice to have their actions/feedbacks to the E-mail



For their information only or used in particular cases





Structure of email (8/9)

- Catch reader's attention
- Describe the message's contents and importance
- Choose significant words that are meaningful to your intended recipient

Attachment



Structure of email (9/9)

- Use attachments when they are essential
 - Take time to download
 - Possibly transmit viruses
 - Consume storage space
 - Not always compatible
- Try sending only the relevant section of a document
- Should compress attachments by tools





EMAIL ETIQUETTES

- 1. Responding
- 2. Greetings

- 3. Threads
- 4. Tips





Email etiquettes (1/4)

- ✓ Be professional and courteous, respond immediately
- ✓ If you are busy still respond but state you are busy

"Sorry, I'm too busy to help you now I will get back to you as soon as possible".



Greetings

Email etiquettes (2/4)

- If you are very close to someone whether it is business or email you can use just their name
- If you are unsure stick to the formal salutation of either Mr./Mrs./Ms., etc.



Threads

Email etiquettes (3/4)

- When replying to emails never start a new email, this breaks the link (thread)
- Without the thread it can be difficult to follow the message or understand which question is being answered by the recipient.
- Always reply with the old message as a reference

Tips

Email etiquettes (4/4)



- Minimize the habit of sending an email to everyone Consult your manager before sending it, or ask a relevant departments to send it: Security for a virus warning, HR for a health care matters, policy, etc. These departments will help you verify the information before you send it
- Think carefully before selecting Reply All This option should be used only if your response is relevant to all people in the recipient list





For important emails:

- ✓ Reading the completed email several times through the eyes of the recipient will help you send a more effective message and avoid misunderstanding
- ✓ Wait 5-10 minutes to make sure the mail can be delivered (it will sent back if you type a wrong address or the mail server has a problem)





- ✓ Use a meaningful subject: Do not leave the email Subject blank. Each email must have a Subject that describe the email content
- ✓ Think carefully before forwarding an email from another person. It may violate privacy or security matters



✓ Use formal vocabulary and sentence structure. Do NOT use slang

Dear Mr. Jason Jones,

I apologize but I am unable to help you with your problem because it is extremely difficult.

Regards,





✓ **Do not write in CAPITALS**: IF YOU WRITE IN CAPITALS, IT SEEMS AS IF YOU ARE SHOUTING AND IT MAKES IT MORE DIFFICULT TO READ.

Dear Mrs. Smith,

I can't possibly get my tasks done by Friday! There is just not enough time for me to get it done!!

Regards,

DEAR MRS. SMITH,

I CAN'T POSSIBLY GET MY TASK DONE BY FRIDAY! THERE IS JUST NOT ENOUGH TIME FOR ME TO GET IT DONE!

REGARDS,

TipsEmail etiquettes (4/4)



✓ Use email to summarize and confirm a verbal discussion

✓ Talk about **one topic per email** only.

✓ You shouldn't talk about another topic in an email chain. Change the email subject to match the new topic



Avoid long email. A good email is short with clear information. Try to put your key message in the first few sentences.



Keep

t

Short and

Simple





- ✓ Respond to received email as quickly as you can.
- Organize your email folder structure logically. Use email client rules to classify your emails.



- When you want to focus on work, should turn off your email notification dialog to avoid distraction
- If you use abbreviations or acronyms, be sure your audience already knows what they stand for.
- Backup your email regularly (all emails or some of your folders only). Make sure you do not lose important emails even if your email application or PC crashes





THANK YOU!