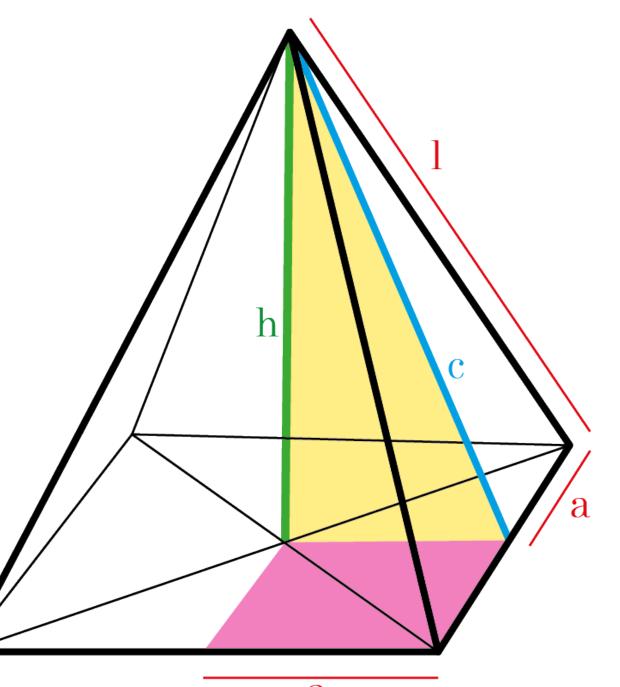
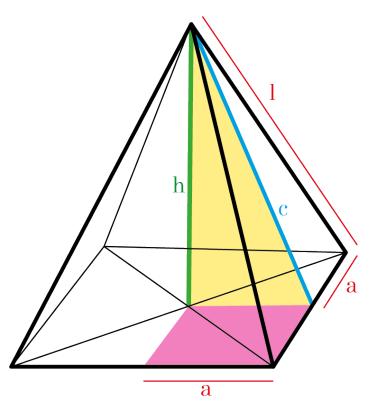


Erodoto di Alicarnasso

## Phi nella grande piramide





Area della faccia triangolare:

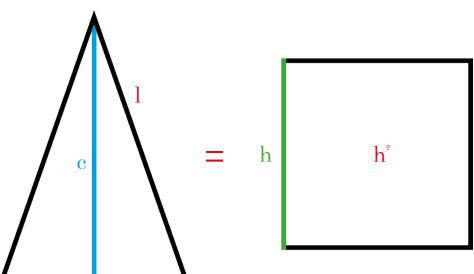
$$At = \frac{2a \cdot c}{2} = a \cdot c$$

Area del quadrato costruito sull'altezza

$$Aq = h^2$$

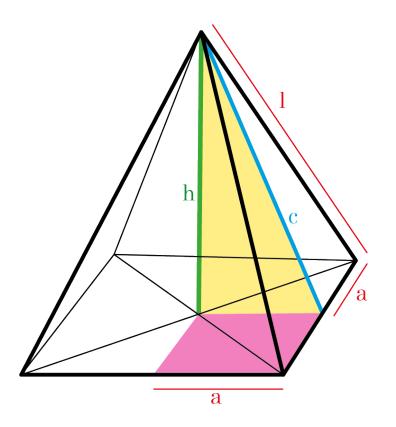
Con il teorema di pitagora ricavo h<sup>2</sup>

$$h^2 = c^2 - a^2 = Aq$$



a

a



Metto a sistema

$$\begin{cases} Aq = c^2 - a^2 \\ At = a \cdot c \end{cases}$$

$$c^{2} - a^{2} = a \cdot c$$
 Ricaviamo c
$$c^{2} - ac - a^{2} = 0$$
 
$$c_{1,2}^{2} = \frac{a \pm \sqrt{a^{2} + 4a^{2}}}{2} = \frac{a \pm \sqrt{5a^{2}}}{2} = \frac{a \pm \sqrt{5a^{2}}}{2} = a \frac{(1 \pm \sqrt{5})}{2} = a \frac{(1$$

$$c = a\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)$$







