

Data 605 - Assignment 7

Leticia Salazar

3/9/2022

Contents

Probability

1. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be n mutually independent random variables, each of which is uniformly distributed on the integers from 1 to k . Let Y denote the minimum of the X_i 's. Find the distribution of Y .

$$P(X = 1) = \frac{k^n - (k-1)^n}{k^n}$$

$$P(X = 2) = \frac{(k-2+1)^n - (k-2)^n}{k^n}$$

$$P(X = y) = \frac{(k-y+1)^n - (k-y)^n}{k^n}$$

2. Your organization owns a copier (future lawyers, etc.) or MRI (future doctors). This machine has a manufacturer's expected lifetime of 10 years. This means that we expect one failure every ten years. (Include the probability statements and R Code for each part)

```
# Fail each year
P_Fail <- 1 / 10

# Not Fail each year
P_NFail <- 1 - P_Fail

# Expected Value
ev <- 1 / P_Fail
ev
```

a. What is the probability that the machine will fail after 8 years?. Provide also the expected value and standard deviation. Model as a geometric. (Hint: the probability is equivalent to not failing during the first 8 years)

```
## [1] 10
```

```
# Standard Deviation
sd <- sqrt(P_NFail / (P_Fail ^ 2))
round(sd, 2)
```

```
## [1] 9.49
```

```
# Modeling as geometric
P <- 1 - pgeom(8 - 1, P_Fail)
round(P, 2)
```

```
## [1] 0.43
```

```
# Probability of Failing
P_eFailing <- exp(-1 * (8/10))
round(P_eFailing, 2)
```

b. What is the probability that the machine will fail after 8 years?. Provide also the expected value and standard deviation. Model as an exponential.

```
## [1] 0.45
```

```
# Expected Value using lambda
ev <- 10
ev
```

```
## [1] 10
```

```
# Standard Deviation
sd_expected <- sqrt(1 / (.10 ^ 2))
sd_expected
```

```
## [1] 10
```

```
n <- 8
p <- 1 / 10
q <- 1 - p
k <- 0

# Probability of Machine Failing
p_Bin <- dbinom(k, n, p)
round(p_Bin, 2)
```

c. What is the probability that the machine will fail after 8 years?. Provide also the expected value and standard deviation. Model as a binomial. (Hint: 0 success in 8 years)

```
## [1] 0.43
```

```
# Expected Value
```

```
ev <- n * p
```

```
ev
```

```
## [1] 0.8
```

```
# Standard Deviation
```

```
sd <- sqrt(n * p * q)
```

```
round(sd, 2)
```

```
## [1] 0.85
```

```
lambda <- 8 / 10
```

```
# Probability of machine Failing
```

```
p_Poisson <- ppois(0, lambda = 0.8)
```

```
p_Poisson
```

d. What is the probability that the machine will fail after 8 years?. Provide also the expected value and standard deviation. Model as a Poisson.

```
## [1] 0.449329
```

```
# Expected Value
```

```
ev_Poisson <- lambda
```

```
ev_Poisson
```

```
## [1] 0.8
```

```
# Standard Deviation
```

```
sd_Poisson <- sqrt(lambda)
```

```
round(sd_Poisson, 2)
```

```
## [1] 0.89
```

References:

[https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/poisson-functions-in-r-programming/#:~:text=ppois\(\),or%20less%20than%](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/poisson-functions-in-r-programming/#:~:text=ppois(),or%20less%20than%20)