```
"avgtime": 0.020147238
        },
...output omitted...
        "op_r_latency": {
            "avgcount": 3059,
            "sum": 1.395967825,
            "avgtime": 0.000456347
        },
...output omitted...
        "op_w_latency": {
            "avgcount": 480,
            "sum": 71.668254827,
            "avgtime": 0.149308864
        },
...output omitted...
        "op_rw_latency": {
            "avgcount": 125,
            "sum": 0.755260647,
            "avgtime": 0.006042085
       },
...output omitted...
        "subop_latency": {
            "avgcount": 1587,
            "sum": 59.679174303,
            "avgtime": 0.037605024
       },
...output omitted...
```

5.3. In the first terminal, repeat the capture using the rados bench write command.

```
[ceph: root@clienta /]# rados -p benchpool bench 30 write
...output omitted...
```

- 5.4. In the second terminal, view the variation of the value using the following formulas:
 - op_latency_sum_t2 op_latency_sum_t1 = diff_sum
 - op_latency_avgcount_t2 op_latency_avgcount = diff_avgcount
 - op_latency = diff_sum / diff_avgcount

```
[ceph: root@clienta /]# ceph tell osd.6 perf dump > perfdump.txt
[ceph: root@clienta /]# cat perfdump.txt | grep -A88 '"osd"'
...output omitted...
```



Note

The values are cumulative and are returned when the command is executed.

- ▶ 6. View information about the last operations processed by an OSD.
 - 6.1. In the second terminal, dump the information maintained in memory for the most recently processed operations. Redirect the dump to the historic dump.txt