

- [21] S. C. Kleene, Recursive functionals and quantifiers of finite types I, *Trans. Amer. Math. Soc.* **91** (1959) 1–52.
- [22] S. C. Kleene, Recursive functionals and quantifiers of finite types II, *Trans. Amer. Math. Soc.* **108** (1963) 106–142.
- [23] K. Ko and H. Friedman, Computational complexity of real functions, *Theor. Comput. Sci.* **20** (1982) 323–352.
- [24] K. Mehlhorn, Polynomial and abstract subrecursive classes, *J. Comput. System Sci.* **12** (1976) 147–178.
- [25] M. A. Nielsen and I. L. Chuang, *Quantum Computation and Quantum Information*, Cambridge University Press, 2000.
- [26] H. Nishimura and M. Ozawa, Computational complexity of uniform quantum circuit families and quantum Turing machines. *Theor. Comput. Sci.* **276** (2002) 147–181.
- [27] M. Ozawa and H. Nishimura, Local transition functions of quantum Turing machines, *RAIRO - Theoretical Informatics and Applications* **276** (2000) 379–402.
- [28] G. Peano, Sul concetto di numero, *Rivista di Matematica* **1** (1891) 87–102, 256–267.
- [29] R. I. Soare, Computability and recursion. *The Bulletin of Symbolic Logic*, vol. 2, No. 3 (1996), pp.284–321.
- [30] P. W. Shor, Polynomial-time algorithms for prime factorization and discrete logarithms on a quantum computer, *SIAM J. Comput.* **26** (1997) 1484–1509.
- [31] M. Townsend, Complexity for type-2 relations, *Notre Dame J. Formal Logic* **31** (1990) 241–262.
- [32] A. M. Turing, On computable numbers with an application to the Entscheidungsproblem. *Proc. London Math. Soc.* ver. 2, **42** (1936) 230–265. Erratum *ibid* **43** (1937) 544–546.
- [33] M. Villagra and T. Yamakami. Quantum state complexity of formal languages, *Proceedings of the 17th International Workshop on Descriptive Complexity of Formal Systems (DFCS 2015)*, Springer, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol. 9118, pp. 280–291, 2015.
- [34] T. Yamakami. Structural properties for feasibly computable classes of type two. *Mathematical Systems Theory* **25** (1992) 177–201.
- [35] T. Yamakami, Feasible computability and resource bounded topology, *Inf. Comput.* **116** (1995) 214–230.
- [36] T. Yamakami, A foundation of programming a multi-tape quantum Turing machine, in the *Proc. 24th Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science (MFCS'99)*, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol. 1672, pp. 430–441, 1999. See also arXiv:quant-ph/9906084.
- [37] T. Yamakami. Quantum NP and a quantum hierarchy. In the *Proc. of the 2nd IFIP International Conference on Theoretical Computer Science (TCS 2002)*, Kluwer Academic Press (under the name Foundations of Information Technology in the Era of Network and Mobile Computing), the series IFIP The International Federation for Information Processing, vol. 96 (Track 1), pp. 323–336, 2002.
- [38] T. Yamakami, Analysis of quantum functions, *Int. J. Found. Comput. Sci.* **14** (2003) 815–852. A preliminary version appeared in the *Proc. 19th International Conference on Foundations of Software Technology and Theoretical Computer Science*, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Vol. 1738, pp. 407–419, 1999.
- [39] T. Yamakami, A recursive definition of quantum polynomial time computability (extended abstract), in the *Proc. of the 9th Workshop on Non-Classical Models of Automata and Applications (NCMA 2017)*, Österreichische Computer Gesellschaft 2017, the Austrian Computer Society, pp. 243–258, 2017.
- [40] A. C. Yao, Quantum circuit complexity, in the *Proc. of the 34th Annual IEEE Symposium on Foundations of Computer Science (FOCS'93)*, pp. 80–91, 1993.