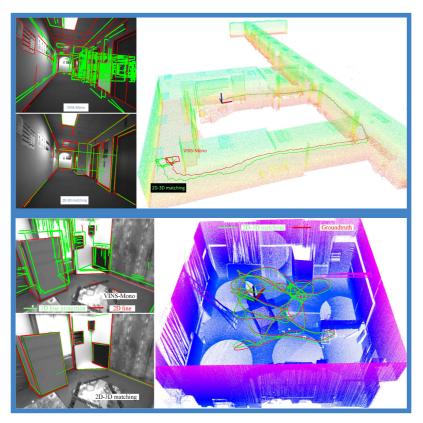
2D-3D pose tracking

Monocular Camera Localization in Prior LiDAR Maps with 2D-3D Line Correspondences

The video demos can be seen: Corridors EuRoC



2D-3D pose tracking is a real-time camera localization framework with prior LiDAR maps. It detects geometric 3D lines offline from LiDAR maps and use AFM to detect 2D lines from video sequences online. With the pose prediction from VIO, we can efficiently obtain coarse 2D-3D line correspondences. After that, camera poses and 2D-3D correspondences are iteratively optimized by minimizing the projection error of correspondences and rejecting outliers. The 2D-3D correspondences greatly reduce the pose drifts of VIO system without using visual-revisiting loop closure. This code runs on **Linux**.

1. Prerequisites

1.1 Ubuntu and ROS.

Ubuntu 18.04. ROS Melodic.

1.2 python 2.7, CUDA and pytorch.

Follow <u>CUDA Installation</u> and <u>pytorch installation</u>.

1.3. Ceres Solver.

Follow Ceres Installation

1.4 VINS-Mono Follow VINS-Mono

2. Build AFM line detection

The afm 2D line detection package is modified by the original <u>afm_cvpr2019</u>. Independent conda testing is strongly recommend.

```
cd catkin_ws/src/afm/scripts
pip install -r requirements.txt
pip install torch torchvision
cd lib
make
cd ../../../
catkin_make
source ~/catkin_ws/devel/setup.bash
```

3. 3D line detection

We follow 3D line detection to detect geometric 3D lines and the results are included.

4. Build VINS-Mono on ROS

Clone the repository and catkin_make:

```
cd ~/catkin_ws/src
git clone https://github.com/HKUST-Aerial-Robotics/VINS-Mono.git
cd ../
catkin_make
source ~/catkin_ws/devel/setup.bash
```

5. Testing On EuRoC dataset

Download <u>EuRoC MAV Dataset</u>. Although it contains stereo cameras, we only use one camera. Before testing, copy the new vins_rviz_config.rviz file to VINS-Mono\config path. Change the output frequency of VINS-Mono VINS-Mono\config\euroc\euroc_config.yaml to 15 Hz freq: 15.

Open four terminals, launch the vins_estimator, map_fusion, rviz and play the bag file respectively. Take V1_02_medium.bag for example

```
roslaunch vins_estimator euroc.launch
roslaunch map_fusion euroc_tracking.launch
roslaunch vins_estimator vins_rviz.launch
rosbag play YOUR_PATH_TO_DATASET/V1_02_medium.bag
```

6. Testing on RealSense D435i data

Download Corridors data

To run VINS-Mono on this data,

```
cp src/2D-3D-pose-tracking/VINS-Mono-config/realsense_infra1_config.yaml
src/VINS-Mono/config/realsense/
   cp src/2D-3D-pose-tracking/VINS-Mono-config/realsense_infra.launch src/VINS-
Mono/vins_estimator/launch/
```

Then,

```
roslaunch vins_estimator realsense_infra.launch
roslaunch map_fusion realsense_tracking.launch
roslaunch vins_estimator vins_rviz.launch
rosbag play YOUR_PATH_TO_DATASET/corridors.bag
```

7. Citation

```
@inproceedings{Yu2020MonocularCL,
   title={Monocular Camera Localization in Prior LiDAR Maps with 2D-3D Line
Correspondences},
   author={Huai Yu and Weikun Zhen and Wen Yang and Ji Zhang and Sebastian
Scherer},
   journal={arXiv preprint arXiv:2004.00740},
   year={2020}
}
```

8. Reference

[1] Qin, Tong, Peiliang Li, and Shaojie Shen. "Vins-mono: A robust and versatile monocular visual-inertial state estimator." IEEE Transactions on Robotics 34.4 (2018): 1004-1020.

[2] Xue, Nan, et al. "Learning attraction field representation for robust line segment detection." IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition. 2019.

[3] Lu, Xiaohu, Yahui Liu, and Kai Li. "Fast 3D Line Segment Detection From Unorganized Point Cloud." arXiv preprint arXiv:1901.02532 (2019).