# DTAPI Multi-PLP Extensions









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#### Structures

# Struct DtBigTsSplitPars

Structure for specifying the parameters for the "Big-TS splitting" operation, which is defined for DVB-C2 and DVB-T2. This operation splits one "big" Transport Stream into multiple SPTSes (Single Program Transport Streams), one for each data PLP in the group. Each SPTS will contain one service and adapted PSI/SI. The Transport Stream for the common PLP gets the common SI.

The parameters in this structure are used for the creation and modification of PAT, SDT and EIT tables for a single PLP. Furthermore it specifies the PIDs to be included in the Transport Stream. This structure is used in class DtPlpInPars.

```
struct DtBigTsSplitPars
                            // Enable "Big-TS splitting"
  bool m Enabled;
  bool m IsCommonPlp;
                           // Common PLP (yes/no)
                       // SDT is already split (yes/no)
  bool m SplitSdtIn;
  std::vector<int> m Pids; // Series of PIDs to include
  // Parameters below are not used in case m IsCommonPlp == true
  int \quad m_OnwId; \quad // \text{ Original Network ID of the Big TS}
  int m TsId;
                            // Transport Stream ID of the Big TS
  int m_ServiceId;
                            // ID of the service to include in PLP
  int m PmtPid;
                            // PID of the PMT table of selected service
                            // Transport Stream ID of the TS in the PLP
  int m NewTsId;
  // Parameters below are not used in case m SplitSdtIn == true
  int m SdtLoopDataLength;
                                     // SDT loop data length
  unsigned char m SdtLoopData[168]; // The SDT-actual loop data
```

# **Members**

m Enabled

If true, "Big-TS splitting" is enabled, otherwise it is disabled and the remaining parameters are not used. Big-TS splitting is supported for DVB-C2 and DVB-T2. Must be set to false for ATSC 3.0.

m IsCommonPlp

If true, the type of the associated PLP is a common PLP, otherwise the type is a data PLP.

m SplitSdtIn

If true, the "Big TS" is "MPLP-prepared" and already contains separated SDT subtables for each PLP.

m Pids

Series of PID values that specify the elementary streams to be included in Transport Stream for the associated PLP (e.g. for the data PLP: service components, ECM and PCR PIDs and for the common PLP: CAT, NIT, TOT, TDT-table PIDs).

The following parameters are not used if parameters are related to a common PLP ( $m\_IsCommonPlp$  equals true).

```
m OnwId, m TsId, m ServiceId
```

Identifies a service from the "Big TS" to include in the Transport Stream for the PLP.





m PmtPid

The PID of the PMT-table of the selected service, needed for the creation of a new PAT-table.

#### m NewTsId

Specifies the Transport Stream ID of the newly created TS in the PLP.

The following parameters are not used if the "Big TS" already contains separated SDT subtables for each PLP ( $m\_SplitSdtIn$  equals true); otherwise, a new SDT-actual table is created for the selected service with the aid of the parameters below.

# m SdtLoopDataLength

Length of the new SDT-loop data for the selected service. The valid range is 0, 5 ... 168.

# m SdtLoopData

Specifies the new SDT-actual loop data for the selected service. The SDT-loop data starts with the service\_id field and includes the SDT-loop descriptors. The maximum length of the SDT-loop data is 168 bytes.



# **Struct DtComplexFloat**

Structure describing a complex floating-point number.

# **Members**

m Re

The real part of the complex floating-point number.

m Im

The imaginary part of the complex floating-point number.



# **Struct DtPlpInpPars**

Structure for specifying the input stream for a PLP. This structure is used in class DtAtsc3Pars, DtDvbC2Pars, DtDvbT2ComponentPars and in class DtIsdbTmmPars, in an array of structs. The index in the array corresponds to the index of the related PLP (or TS in case of ISDB-Tmm).

# **Members**

m FifoIdx

The index of the FIFO used by the associated PLP. PLPs in the same group that have "Big-TS" splitting enabled can share the same input FIFO.

The index will be used in several methods that operate on a specific FIFO (e.g. DtMplpOutpChannel::WriteMplp()).

The default value of <u>m\_FifoIdx</u> is equal to the index in the array of **DtPlpInpPars** structs. For writing data to the n<sup>th</sup> PLP (which is specified at index n in the array of **DtPlpInpPars**) you have to use FIFO index n.

The valid range of m FifoIdx is 0 ... 255.

# m\_DataType

Specifies the type of the input data.

Value	Meaning
ALP	ATSC Link layer Protocol (ALP) packets
GSE	Generic Stream Encapsulation (GSE) packets
TS188	188-byte TS packets
TS204	204-byte TS packets

#### m BigTsSplit

Specifies (for this PLP) the parameters for the "Big-TS" splitting operation.



# Struct DtTestPointOutPars

Test-point data generation is specified by the Verification and Validation (V&V) group for ATSC 3.0, DVB-C2 and DVB-T2 as a means for the verification and validation of the specifications. Structure **DtTestPointOutPars** enables or disables test-point data generation, and – if enabled – specifies the associated handler.

This structure is used in class DtAtsc3Pars, DtDvbC2Pars and in class DtDvbT2ComponentPars.

## **Members**

m Enabled

If true, the generation of test point data is enabled. Whenever test point data is available, the callback function is called and the test point data is passed to the callback function. Note that test point data generation cannot be performed in real time.

```
m_pTpWriteDataOpaque
```

Opaque pointer that is passed to the callback function.

```
m pTpWriteDataFunc
```

Pointer to the callback function of type **DtTpWriteDataFunc** that handles the generated test point data.



# Struct DtVirtualOutData

Structure describing the type of output data generated by a virtual output.

```
struct DtVirtualOutData
OutDataType m DataType;
                                 // Output data type
union {
 struct {
                                 // 16-bit int I/Q samples
   const unsigned char** m_pBuffer; // Array of buffers
   int m_NumBuffers;
                                 // #Buffers
                                 // #Bytes in each buffer
   int m NumBytes;
 } IqSamplesInt16;
                                  // 32-bit float I/Q samples
 struct {
   const unsigned char** m_pBuffer; // Array of buffers
   int m_NumBuffers;
                                 // #Buffers
   int m NumBytes;
                                 // #Bytes in each buffer
 } IqSamplesFloat32;
 struct {
                                 // 188byte T2MI TS packets
   const unsigned char* m_pBuffer; // Pointer to TS packet(s)
    int m NumBytes;
 } T2MiTs188;
} u;
```

#### Members

m DataType

Type of output data.

Value	Meaning
IQ_INT16	Pairs of signed 16-bit integers in I, Q order, little Endian
IQ_FLOAT32	Pairs of 32-bit floats in I, Q order
T2MI_TS188	T2-MI packets encapsulated into DVB/MPEG Transport Stream packets

u. IqSamplesInt16

Structure used in case m\_DataType equals IQ\_INT16.

u.IqSamplesInt16.m\_pBuffer

Pointer to an array of m NumBuffers pointers to buffers of length m NumBytes.

The buffers contain pairs of signed 16-bit integers in I, Q order, little Endian.

u. IqSamplesInt16.m NumBuffers

The number of buffers. There is one output buffer for each output channel (e.g. 2 buffers in case of MISO).

u. IqSamplesInt16.m NumBytes

The number of bytes in each buffer.

u. IqSamplesFloat32

Structure used in case m DataType equals IQ Float32.





u. IqSamplesFloat32.m pBuffer

Pointer to an array of  $m_NumBuffers$  pointers to buffers of  $m_NumBytes$  length. The buffers contain pairs of 32-bit floats in I, Q order.

 $u. IqSamples Float 32. m\_NumBuffers$ 

The number of buffers. There is one output buffer for each output channel (e.g. 2 buffers in case of MISO).

u. IqSamplesFloat32.m NumBytes

The number of bytes in each buffer.

u.T2MiTs188

Structure used in case m DataType equals T2MI TS188.

u.T2MiTs188.m pBuffer

Pointer to a buffer with 188-byte Transport Packets encapsulating T2-MI packets.

u.T2MiTs188.m NumBytes

The number of bytes in the buffer.

u.T2MiTs188.m\_T2MiFrameNr

DVB-T2 superframe counter. The counter is incremented each time the buffer contains a packet that contributes to a new DVB-T2 superframe. This parameter enables cutting of the output data stream at DVB-T2 superframe boundaries.



# Struct DtVirtualOutPars

Structure for specifying the output data type in case the output data is generated for a virtual output.

#### **Members**

m Enabled

If true, the parameters in DtVirutalOutPars overrule the default values; otherwise, default output data type and gain will be used.

m DataType

Specifies the type of output data for the virtual output.

Value	Meaning
IQ_INT16	Pairs of signed 16-bit integers in I, Q order, little Endian
IQ_FLOAT32	Pairs of 32-bit floats in I, Q order
T2MI_TS188	T2-MI packets encapsulated into DVB/MPEG Transport Stream packets

m Gain

If the output data type is either IQ\_INT16 or IQ\_FLOAT32, this field specifies the Root Mean Square (RMS) of the complex samples. This value should be set as large as possible to have the largest SNR, but small enough to avoid saturation. When a DekTec card is used for play-out of the I/Q samples, the value 5000 is an appropriate value.



# **ATSC 3.0 Data Structures**

# Struct DtAtsc3SubframeInfo

Structure containing the ATSC 3.0 "derived" parameters for subframes. This structure is contained in DtAtsc3ParamInfo.

```
struct DtAtsc3SubframeInfo
{
   int m_TotalNumDataCells; // Number of data cells available for PLPs
   int m_NumCellsInDataSym; // Number of cells in data symbol
   int m_NumCellsInSbsSym; // Number of cells in SBS symbols
};
```

#### **Members**

m TotalNumDataCells

Total number of data cells available for PLPs including the preamble PLP cells for the first subframe.

m NumCellsInDataSym

Number of cells per data symbols

m NumCellsInSbsSym

Number of cells in a SBS symbol



# Struct DtAtsc3ParamInfo

Structure containing the ATSC 3.0 "derived" parameters: the value of the members follows from the basic ATSC 3.0 modulation parameters.

This structure is an output parameter of DtAtsc3Pars::GetParamInfo.

```
struct DtAtsc3ParamInfo
  int m L1BasicNumDataCells;
                                      // Number of cells in L1-Basic
  int m L1DetailNumDataCells;
                                      // Number of cells in L1-Detail
  int m_PreambleNumSymbols;
                                      // Number of preamble symbols
  int m NumCellsInFirstPreamble;
                                      // Number of cells in first
                                      // preamble symbol
  int m NumCellsInNextPreamble;
                                      // Number of cells in next
                                      // preamble symbol(s)
  int m NumPlpCellsInPreambles;
                                      // Number of cells in the preamble
                                      // available for PLPs
  std::vector<DtAtsc3SubframeInfo> m Subframes; // Subframe information
};
```

# **Members**

```
m L1BasicNumDataCells
```

Number of L1-Basic data cells

m L1DetailNumDataCells

Number of L1-Detail data cells

m PreambleNumSymbols

Number of preamble symbols

m NumCellsInFirstPreamble

Number of cells in the first preamble symbol

m NumCellsInFirstPreamble

Number of cells in the next preamble symbol(s)

m NumPlpCellsInPreambles

Number of cells in the preamble available for PLPs

m Subframes

A vector containing the ATSC 3.0 "derived" parameters for the subframes.



# Struct DtAtsc3PlpPars

Structure specifying the ATSC 3.0 modulation parameters for one physical layer pipe. This structure is used in struct DtAtsc3SubframePars.

```
struct DtAtsc3PlpPars
                    // PLP ID
 int m Id;
 bool m_LlsFlag;
                    // Low level signaling present(yes/no)
 // Core layer PLP parameters
 int m_TiMode;  // Time interleaver mode
int m_CtiDepth;  // Convolutional time interleaver depth
 bool m TiExtInterleaving; // Enable extended interleaving (yes/no)
 // HTI interleaving parameters
 bool m_HtiInterSubframe; // Enable inter-subframe interleaving
 int m_HtiNumTiBlocks; // Number of TI blocks
 int m HtiNumFecBlocksMax; // Maximum number of FEC blocks per
                 // interleaving frame
 int m HtiCellInterleaver; // Enable the cell interleaver
 // Schedueling parameters
 int m PlpStart;
                    // PLP starting cell
```

#### Members

 $m_Id$ 

Unique identification of the PLP within an ATSC-system. The valid range is 0 ... 63.

 $m_LlsFlag$ 

If true, indicates the PLP carries low level signaling information.

m Layer

Specifies whether the PLP belongs to the core or to the enhanced layer.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_LAYER_CORE	Core layer
DTAPI_ATSC3_LAYER_ENHANCED	Enhanced layer

m Modulation

Modulation used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_QPSK	QPSK





DTAPI_ATSC3_QAM16	16-QAM
DTAPI_ATSC3_QAM64	64-QAM
DTAPI_ATSC3_QAM256	256-QAM
DTAPI_ATSC3_QAM1024	1024-QAM
DTAPI_ATSC3_QAM4096	4096-QAM

# m\_CodeRate

Convolutional coding rate used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_2_15	2/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_3_15	3/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_4_15	4/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_5_15	5/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_6_15	6/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_7_15	7/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_8_15	8/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_9_15	9/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_10_15	10/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_11_15	11/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_12_15	12/15
DTAPI_ATSC3_COD_13_15	13/15

# $m\_FecCodeLength$

The LDPC FEC coding used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_LDPC_16K	16K LDPC
DTAPI_ATSC3_LDPC_64K	64K LDPC

# m FecOuterCode

The FEC outer code type used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_OUTER_BCH	BCH outer code
DTAPI_ATSC3_OUTER_CRC	CRC outer code
DTAPI_ATSC3_OUTER_NONE	No outer code

# $m\_LdmInjectLevel$

Specifies the enhanced layer injection level relative to the core PLP. Used when Layer=Enhanced. Values 0...9 give an injection level: m\_LdmInjectLevel / 2.0 dB.



Values 10...30 give an injection level: m\_LdmInjectLevel - 5.0 dB.

#### m PlpType

Specifies whether the PLP is dispersed or non-dispersed. Used for core PLPs.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_PLPTYPE_NONDISP	Non-dispersed PLP-type
DTAPI_ATSC3_PLPTYPE_DISP	Dispersed PLP-type

#### m NumSubslices

Number of subslices The valid range is 1...16384. Only used for core PLPs where the PLP type is dispersed.

## m SubsliceInterval

Subslice interval. The valid range is 1... 16777215. Only used for core PLPs where the PLP type is dispersed.

#### m TiMode

Time interleaver mode. Only used for core PLPs.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_TIMODE_NONE	No time interleaving
DTAPI_ATSC3_TIMODE_CTI	Convolutional time interleaver (CTI) mode
DTAPI_ATSC3_TIMODE_HTI	Hybrid time interleaver (HTI) mode

#### m CtiDepth

Convolutional time interleaver (CTI) depth. Only used for core PLPs where the time interleaver mode is CTI.

111000 13 011:	
Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_CTIDEPTH_512	512 rows
DTAPI_ATSC3_CTIDEPTH_724	724 rows
DTAPI_ATSC3_CTIDEPTH_887	887 rows (1254 rows if extended interleaving is used)
DTAPI_ATSC3_CTIDEPTH_1024	1024 rows (1448 rows if extended interleaving is used)

# m TiExtInterleaving

If true, extended interleaving is used for this PLP. Only used for core PLPs.

#### m HtiInterSubframe

If false, the inter-subframe interleaving is not used (i.e. only intra-subframe interleaving is used). If true, interleaving is used with one TI block per interleaving frame spread over multiple subframes. Only used for core PLPs where the time interleaver mode is HTI.

#### m HtiNumTiBlocks

If the HTI inter-subframe interleaving is disabled: the number of time interleaver blocks per interleaving frame. If HTI inter-subframe interleaving is enabled: the number of subframes over which cells from one time interleaver block are carried.

The valid range is 1 ... 16. Only used for core PLPs where the time interleaver mode is HTI.





## ${\it m}$ ${\it HtiNumFecBlocksMax}$

The maximum number of FEC blocks per interleaving frame for the current PLP. The valid range is 1 ... 4096. Only used for core PLPs where the time interleaver mode is HTI.

## m HtiCellInterleaver

If true, enable the HTI cell interleaving. Only used for core PLPs where the time interleaver mode is HTI.

#### m CoreLayerPlpId

If enhanced layer PLP, the PLP ID of the corresponding core layer PLP. Currently the enhanced layer is scheduled with the same number of cells as the core layer. The valid range is 0 ... 63. Only used for enhanced PLPs.

# m HtiNumFecBlocks

The number of FEC blocks per interleaving frame for the current PLP. The valid range is 1 ... 4096. Only used for core PLPs where the time interleaver mode is HTI.

#### m PlpSize

For core PLPs: the number of cells per subframe, -1 means to use the full subframe.

For enhanced PLPs: the number of cells of the enhanced layer PLP, -1 means the complete size of the core layer PLP (identified by m CoreLayerPlpId).

The valid range is -1 ... 16777215. Only used if the time interleaver mode is None or CTI.

### m PlpStart

If set to -1, the PLP-start is automatically determined by allocating PLPs by increasing PLP index assuming each PLP uses PLP-size cells (for non-dispersed PLPs) or ceil(PLP-size/number of subslices) cells (for dispersed PLPs).

For complex FDM allocations the previous algorithm is not sufficient and PLP-start must be set manually. For core PLPs: the index of the starting cell of the PLP in the current subframe. For enhanced PLPs: the index of the starting cell of the PLP counting from the start of the corresponding core PLP (identified by m CoreLayerPlpId).

The valid range is -1 ... 16777215.



# Struct DtAtsc3SubframePars

Structure describing ATSC 3.0 parameters for one subframe. This structure is used in class DtAtsc3Pars, in a vector of structs for the subframes.

# **Members**

m Miso

The MISO option used.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_MISO_NONE	No MISO
DTAPI_ATSC3_MISO_64	MISO with 64 coefficients
DTAPI_ATSC3_MISO_256	MISO with 256 coefficients

### m MisoNumTx

The number of transmitters in a MISO transmission. Valid values values are 0 (No MISO), 2, 3 or 4.

#### m MisoTxIndex

The index of the transmitter in a MISO transmission. The valid range is 0 ... m MisoNumTx-1.

#### m FftSize

FFT-size.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_FFT_8K	8K FFT
DTAPI_ATSC3_FFT_16K	16K FFT
DTAPI_ATSC3_FFT_32K	32K FFT

### m ReducedCarriers

Specifies the carrier reduction. The valid range is 0 ... 4.



# $m\_GuardInterval$

The guard interval between data symbols.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_1_192	GI1_192
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_2_384	GI2_384
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_3_512	Gl3_512
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_4_768	GI4_768
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_5_1024	GI5_1024
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_6_1536	Gl6_1536
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_7_2048	GI7_2048
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_8_2432	GI8_2432
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_9_3072	GI9_3072
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_10_3648	GI10_3648
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_11_4096	GI11_4096
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_12_4864	GI12_4864

# m PilotPatern

The scattered pilot pattern.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_3_2	SP3_2 / MP3_2
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_3_4	SP3_4 / MP3_4
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_4_2	SP4_2 / MP4_2
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_4_4	SP4_4 / MP4_4
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_6_2	SP6_2 / MP6_2
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_6_4	SP6_4 / MP6_4
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_8_2	SP8_2 / MP8_2
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_8_4	SP8_4 / MP8_4
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_12_2	SP12_2 / MP12_2
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_12_4	SP12_4 / MP12_4
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_16_2	SP16_2 / MP16_2
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_16_4	SP16_4 / MP16_4
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_24_2	SP24_2 / MP24_2
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_24_4	SP24_4 / MP24_4
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_32_2	SP32_2 / MP32_2
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_32_4	SP32_4 / MP32_4





## m PilotBoost

Specifies the power of the scattered pilots. The valid range is 0... 4.

#### m SbsFirst

If true, the first symbol of the subframe is a subframe boundary symbol.

# m SbsLast

If true, the last symbol of the subframe is a subframe boundary symbol.

## m NumOfdmSymbols

Specifies the total number of data payload OFDM symbols, including any subframe-boundary symbol(s) within the current subframe. The valid range is 1 ... 2048.

# ${\tt m\_FreqInterleaver}$

If true, the frequency interleaver is enabled and used, otherwise the frequency interleaver is bypassed and not used.

# $m_Plps$

A vector specifying the ATSC 3.0 modulation parameters for the physical layer pipes. The valid size is 1 ... 64.



#### **DVB-C2 Data Structures**

# Struct DtDvbC2DSlicePars

Structure describing DVB-C2 parameters for one data slice. This structure is used in class DtDvbC2Pars, in an array of DTAPI DVBC2 NUM DSLICE MAX structs for the data slices.

```
struct DtDvbC2DSlicePars
  int m Id;
                              // Data slice ID
  int m TunePosition;
                              // Tune position
  int m OffsetLeft;
                              // Data slice left offset (start position)
  int m OffsetRight;
                              // Data slice right offset (end position)
  int m TiDepth;
                              // Time interleaving depth
  int m Type;
                             // Data slice type
  int m FecHdrType;
                             // FEC header type
                         // Constant data slice configuration(yes/no)
// Left notch present (yes/no)
  bool m ConstConfig;
  bool m LeftNotch;
  std::<vector<DtDvbC2PlpPar> m Plps; // PLPs
```

## **Members**

m Id

Unique identification of the data slice within a C2-System. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

#### m TunePosition

Tune position of the associated data slice relative to the start frequency of the C2-System, in multiples of pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is 0 ... 8191 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is 0 ... 16383 if the guard interval is 1/64.

#### m OffsetLeft

Start position of the associated data slice by means of the distance to the left from the tuning position, in multiples of the pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is -128 ... 127 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is -256 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/64.

# m OffsetRight

End position of the associated data slice by means of the distance to the right from the tuning position, in multiples of the pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is -128 ... 127 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is -256 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/64.

If  $m\_OffsetLeft$  equals  $m\_OffsetRight$ , the data slice is empty and no input streams are created for the PLPs of the data slice.



# $m_TiDepth$

Time interleaving depth within the associated data slice.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_TIDEPTH_NONE	No time interleaving
DTAPI_DVBC2_TIDEPTH_4	4 OFDM symbols
DTAPI_DVBC2_TIDEPTH_8	8 OFDM symbols
DTAPI_DVBC2_TIDEPTH_16	16 OFDM symbols

# $m\_Type$

Data slice type.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_DSLICE_TYPE_1	Data slice type 1
DTAPI_DVBC2_DSLICE_TYPE_2	Data slice type 2

# $m_FecHdrType$

FEC frame header type.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_FECHDR_TYPE_ROBUST	Robust mode
DTAPI_DVBC2_FECHDR_TYPE_HEM	High efficiency mode

## m ConstConfig

If true, indicates that the configuration of the associated data slice shall not change; otherwise, the configuration is assumed to be variable.

# m LeftNotch

If true, indicates the presence of a left neighboured notch band.

# $m_Plps$

A vector specifying the DVB-C2 modulation parameters for the physical layer pipes.



# Struct DtDvbC2L1UpdateDSlicePars

Structure describing DVB-C2 parameter updates for one data slice. This structure is used in class DtDvbC2L1UpdatePars.

# **Members**

#### m Enable

If true, the data slice is enabled, otherwise it is disabled and the remaining parameters are not used. Only enabled data slices will occur in the L1 signalling.

Note that only "empty" data slices can be disabled. An empty data slice is either a data slice where  $m\_OffsetLeft==m\_OffsetRight$  in the global configuration, or a data slice where all PLPs have  $m\_NoData==true$ .

#### m OffsetLeft

Updated start position of the associated data slice by means of the distance to the left from the tuning position, in multiples of the pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is -128 ... 127 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is -256 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/64.

#### m OffsetRight

Updated end position of the associated data slice by means of the distance to the right from the tuning position, in multiples of the pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is -128 ... 127 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is -256 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/64.

If the data slice is not empty then for type 1 data slices no change is accepted and for type 2 must hold that  $m\_OffsetLeft < m\_OffsetRight$ . It is up to the user to ensure that there is sufficient bandwidth and no bitrate overflow.

# m Plps

A vector specifying the DVB-C2 parameters updates for the physical layer pipes. Note that the number of physical layer pipes and the order of physical layer pipes must be the same as in the global configuration.



# Struct DtDvbC2L1UpdatePlpPars

Structure describing DVB-C2 parameter updates for one physical layer pipe. This structure is used in class DtDvbC2L1UpdateDSlicePars.

# **Members**

m Enable

If true, the physical layer pipe is enabled, otherwise it is disabled. Only enabled physical layer pipes will occur in the L1 signalling.

Note that only physical layer pipes where m NoData==true can be disabled.



# Struct DtDvbC2L1UpdatePars

Structure describing the updated DVB-C2 L1 signalling part2 parameters. This structure is used in class DtDvbC2Pars.

# **Members**

m NumFrames

Number of C2 frames the updated data slice parameters are used.

m DSlices

A vector specifying for each data slice the updated data slice parameters.

Note that the number of data slices and the order of data slices must be the same as in DtDvbC2Pars.



# Struct DtDvbC2ModStatus

Structure containing the status of the DVB-C2 modulator. This structure is an output parameter of DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus.

## **Members**

m MplpModFlags

Multi-PLP-modulator flags. If the modulator stalls  $m\_Mp1pModF1ags$  is set to a nonzero value.

m DjbOverflows

Total number De-Jitter Buffer overflows.

If such overflow occurs, the DtDvbC2PlpPars::m\_IssyOutputDelay parameter must be decreased or DtDvbC2PlpPars::m IssyBufs must be increased.

m DjbUnderflows

Total number De-Jitter Buffer underflows.

If such underflow occurs, the <code>DtDvbC2PlpPars::m\_IssyOutputDelay</code> parameter must be increased.



# Struct DtDvbC2NotchPars

Structure specifying a DVB-C2 notch band. This structure is used in class **DtDvbC2Pars**, in an array of **DTAPI DVBC2 NUM NOTCH MAX** structs.

## **Members**

## m Start

Start position of the notch band relative to the start frequency of the C2-System. The start position is indicated in multiples of pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is 0 ... 8191 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is 0 ... 16383 if the guard interval is 1/64.

#### m Width

Width of the notch band indicated in multiples of pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is 0 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is 0 ... 511 if the guard interval is 1/64.



# Struct DtDvbC2PaprPars

Structure for specifying PAPR reduction parameters. This structure is used in class DtDvbC2Pars.

# **Members**

```
m_TrEnabled
  If true, PAPR TR is active, otherwise PAPR TR is not active.

m_TrVclip
  PAPR TR clipping threshold. The valid range is 1 ... 4.32 (Volt).

m_TrMaxIter
  Maximum number of iterations. Must be greater than or equal to 1.
```

Note: PAPR TR processing time is proportional to this parameter.



# Struct DtDvbC2ParamInfo

Structure containing the DVB-C2 "derived" parameters: the value of the members follows from the basic DVB-C2 modulation parameters.

This structure is an output parameter of DtDvbC2Pars::GetParamInfo.

#### **Members**

```
m_L1Part2Length
   Number of bits of the L1 part 2 data (including CRC).
m_NumL1Symbols
   Number of L1 symbols ( LP ).
m_NumSymbols
   Total number of symbols per frame ( LP + Ldata ).
m_PilotSpacing
   The number of carriers between pilots ( Dx ).
m_FftSize
   FFT size.
m_MinCarrierOffset
   The lowest used carrier offset.
m_CenterFrequency
   Center frequency, expressed as the distance from 0 Hz in multiples of the carrier spacing.
```



# Struct DtDvbC2PlpPars

Structure specifying the DVB-C2 modulation parameters for one physical layer pipe. This structure is used in class DtDvbC2DSlicePars.

# Members

 $m\_Ccm$ 

ACM/CCM-field (Adaptive Coding and Modulation or Constant Coding and Modulation) in the BBFrame header 0 or 1.

m Hem

If true, the PLP uses High Efficiency Mode (HEM), otherwise Normal Mode (NM) is used.

m Npc

If true, null-packet deletion is active, otherwise it is not active.



# $m_Issy$

ISSY mode, according to the table below.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_ISSY_NONE	No ISSY field is used
DTAPI_DVBC2_ISSY_SHORT	2 byte ISSY field is used
DTAPI_DVBC2_ISSY_LONG	3 byte ISSY field is used

#### m IssyBufs

ISSY 'BUFS' value. The valid range is 0 ... 2097151

# $m_IssyOutputDelay$

Delay (in T units) between the incoming data and the output data in the receiver model. This value determines the minimum and maximum dejitter buffer usage and is used to compute the ISSY 'BUFSTAT' field.

## m TsRate

Transport-Stream rate in bps. If  $m\_TsRate$  is set to '0', no ISSY is used and null-packet deletion is not active then the transport stream rate is computed from the PLP parameters.

# $m\_GseLabelType$

# GSE-label type.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_GSE_LABEL_3BYTE	3-byte GSE label
DTAPI_DVBC2_GSE_LABEL_6BYTE	6-byte GSE label
DTAPI_DVBC2_GSE_LABEL_NONE	No GSE label

# m Id

Unique identification of the PLP within a C2-System. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

## m Bundled

If true, the associated PLP is bundled with other PLP(s) within the current C2 System. All the bundled PLPs have the same PLP ID. An input stream is created only for the first PLP of the bundle.

# $m_Type$

# PLP type.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_PLP_TYPE_COMMON	Common PLP
DTAPI_DVBC2_PLP_TYPE_GROUPED	Grouped data PLP
DTAPI_DVBC2_PLP_TYPE_NORMAL	Normal data PLP

#### m GroupId

Identifies the PLP group with which the PLP is associated. The valid range is 0 ... 255.





# m FecType

FEC type used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_LDPC_16K	16K LDPC
DTAPI_DVBC2_LDPC_64K	64K LDPC

#### m CodeRate

Convolutional coding rate used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_2_3	2/3
DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_3_4	3/4
DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_4_5	4/5
DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_5_6	5/6
DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_8_9	8/9 (for 16K FEC)
DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_9_10	9/10 (for 64K FEC)

## m Modulation

Modulation used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM16	16-QAM
DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM64	64-QAM
DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM256	256-QAM
DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM1024	1024-QAM
DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM4096	4096-QAM
DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM16384	16384-QAM
DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM65536	65536-QAM

# m HdrCtr

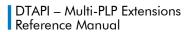
Header counter field, number of FECFrames following the FECFrame header: 0=1 FECFrame; 1=2 FECFrames.

#### m AcmHeaders

A vector that holds the XFEC Frame modulation parameters for Adaptive Coding and Modulation (ACM) testing. If the number of ACM headers is greater than zero, then the successive XFEC frames of this PLP use the modulation and coding parameters from the m\_AcmHeaders vector. After the last value is used, it loops again to the start of the vector. In this case the m\_FecType, m\_Modulation, m\_CodeRate and m\_HdrCntr parameters from the DtDvbC2PlpPars structure are ignored.

## m PsiSiReproc

If true, indicates that PSI/SI has been reprocessed.





m\_TsId, m\_OnwId

If  $m\_PsiSiReproc$  is set to 'false', these members specify the Transport Stream ID and Original Network ID of the TS in the PLP. A receiver will use these fields if it can't rely on the PSI/SI.

m NoData

If true, no input data is provided for this PLP. It is implicitly true for all PLPs in a data slice where  $m\_OffsetLeft == m\_OffsetRight$ .



# Struct DtDvbC2XFecFrameHeader

Structure describing the coding and modulation parameters for a series of XFEC frames for Adaptive Coding and Modulation (ACM) tests. This structure is used in class DtDvbC2PlpPars.

## **Members**

 $m\_FecType$ 

PLP FEC type. See DtDvbC2P1pPars for a list of applicable values.

m Modulation

PLP modulation. See DtDvbC2PlpPars for a list of applicable values.

m CodeRate

PLP code rate. See DtDvbC2PlpPars for a list of applicable values.

 $m_HdrCntr$ 

PLP header counter. See DtDvbC2PlpPars for a list of applicable values.

m XFecFrameCount

Number of XFEC frames using the parameters. The valid range is 1 ... 256.



#### **DVB-T2 Data Structures**

# Struct DtDvbT2AuxPars

Structure for specifying AUX stream parameters, which can be inserted for test purposes. This structure is used in class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**.

```
struct DtDvbT2AuxPars
{
   int  m_NumDummyStreams; // Number of dummy AUX streams
};
```

# **Members**

 $m_NumDummyStreams$ 

Number of dummy AUX streams added for test purposes.

If TX signature through AUX streams is enabled, the valid range is 0 ...14; otherwise, the valid range is 0 ...15.



# Struct DtDvbT2MiPars

Structure for enabling T2-MI generation, and for specifying its parameters. This structure is used in class DtDvbT2Pars.

```
Struct DtDvbT2MiPars
                      // Enable T2-MI output
 bool m Enabled;
 int m Pid;
                      // (First) T2-MI data PID
 int m StreamId;
                      // Stream-id for the (first) T2-MI stream
 int m_Pid2;
                      // Second T2-MI data PID
 int m StreamId2;
                      // Stream-id for the second T2-MI stream
                      // T2-MI PCR PID
 int m PcrPid;
                      // T2-MI PMT PID
 int m PmtPid;
 int m T2miUtco;
                      // Offset in seconds between UTC and Y2000
 bool m EncodeFef;
                      // Encode FEF (yes/no)
```

# **Members**

m Enabled

If true, T2-MI generation is enabled. An MPEG-2 Transport Stream is generated containing Transport Packets that encapsulate the T2-MI packets.

m Pid

PID carrying the T2-MI packet data. The valid range is 0 ... 8190.

m StreamId

Stream-id for the generated T2-MI stream. The valid range is 0 ... 7.

m Pid2

A second PID carrying the T2-MI packet data, used in case of multi-profile stream generation. The valid range is 0 ... 8190.

m StreamId2

Stream-id for the second generated T2-MI stream, used in case of multi-profile stream generation. The valid range is 0 ... 7.

m PcrPid

PID carrying PCR values. If m\_PcrPid equals -1, no PCRs are inserted in the Transport Stream; otherwise a PCR is inserted on the indicated PID once per 40ms. The valid range is -1 ... 8190.

m PmtPid

PID carrying the PMT-table. If  $m_{PMtPid}$  equals -1, no PAT and no PMT-table are inserted in the Transport Stream; otherwise, PAT and PMT are inserted on PID 0 once per 100ms. The valid range is -1 ... 8190.

m TsRate

T2-MI Transport-Stream rate in bits per second.

m TimeStamping

Type of DVB-T2 timestamps to insert.



Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_NULL	Null timestamp
DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_REL	Relative timestamps. Use m_Subseconds.
DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_ABS	Absolute timestamps. Use m_SecSince2000, m_Subseconds and m_T2MiUtco.

## m SecSince2000

Number of seconds since 2000-01-01 00:00:00 UTC. This value is inserted in the first DVB-T2 timestamp that is generated. Subsequent timestamps are computed.

This field is used if m TimeStamping equals DTAPI DVBT2MI TIMESTAMP ABS.

# $m_Subseconds$

Number of subsecond units  $(T_{sub})$  elapsed since the time expressed in the seconds field. This value is inserted in the first generated DVB-T2 timestamp. Subsequent timestamps are computed.

This field is used if  $m\_TimeStamping$  is either  $\texttt{DTAPI\_DVBT2MI\_TIMESTAMP\_REL}$  or  $\texttt{TAPI\_DVBT2MI\_TIMESTAMP\_ABS}$ .

The T2 system bandwidth defines the units of the subseconds as shown in the table below.

Bandwidth	Subseconds units, T <sub>sub</sub>
1.7 MHz	1/131 μs
5 MHz	1/40 μs
6 MHz	1/48 μs
7 MHz	1/56 μs
8 MHz	1/64 μs
10 MHz	1/80 μs

#### m T2MiUtco

Offset in seconds between UTC and  $m\_SecSince2000$ . As of February 2009 the value shall be 2 and shall change as a result of each new leap second. This field is used if  $m\_TimeStamping$  equals **DTAPI DVBT2MI TIMESTAMP ABS**.

#### m EncodeFef

If true, generates a FEF part composite packet with the required subpart. Otherwise, only generates a FEF part NULL packet when FEF is enabled.



## Struct DtDvbT2ModStatus

Structure containing the status of the DVB-T2 modulator. This structure is an output parameter of DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus.

### **Members**

m MplpModFlags

Multi-PLP-modulator flags. If the modulator stalls m MplpModFlags is set to a nonzero value.

m PlpNumBlocksOverflows

Total number of FEC frames for which the requested number of PLP blocks is greater than <code>DtDvbT2PlpPars::m NumBlocks</code>. An overflow results in an invalid stream.

m BitrateOverflows

Total number FEC frames for which too many bits were allocated. An overflow results in an invalid stream.

m TtoErrorCount

Number of times the generated TTO value was invalid. Typically this occurs if <code>DtDvbT2PlpPars::m IssyTDesign</code> is too small.

m T2MiOutputRateOverflows

Number of T2-MI bitrate overflows. The DtDvbT2MiPars::m\_TsRate must be increased for reliable operation.

m T2MiOutputRate

Current T2-MI rate excluding null packets in bps.



## Struct DtDvbT2PaprPars

Structure for specifying the PAPR reduction parameters. This structure is used in class DtDvbT2ComponentPars.

### **Members**

```
m AceEnabled
  If true, PAPR ACE is active, otherwise PAPR ACE is not active.
m AceVclip
  PAPR ACE clipping threshold. The valid range is 1 ... 4.32 (Volt).
  PAPR ACE gain. The valid range is 0 ... 31 (steps of 1).
m AceLimit
  PAPR ACE limit. The valid range is 0.7 ... 1.4 (steps of 0.1).
m AceInterpFactor
  PAPR ACE interpolation factor. The valid range is 1 ... 4.
  Note: PAPR ACE processing time is proportional to this parameter.
m AcePlpIndex
  PLP used for the PAPR ACE.
m TrEnabled
  If true, PAPR TR is active, otherwise PAPR TR is not active.
m TrP2Only
  If true, PAPR TR is only applied on the P2 symbol, otherwise PAPR TR is applied on all symbols.
m TrVclip
  PAPR TR clipping threshold. The valid range is 1 ... 4.32 (Volt).
m TrMaxIter
  Maximum number of iterations. Must be greater than or equal to 1.
```





Note: PAPR TR processing time is proportional to this parameter.

### m L1ExtLength

L1 extension field length. The valid rang is 0 ... 65535.

### m L1AceEnabled

If true, L1 ACE is active, otherwise L1 ACE is not active. Only applicable when DVB-T2 V1.3.1 is selected.

### m L1AceCMax

Maximum value added to extend the QAM constellation values of L1.

### m L1Scrambling

If true, L1-Post scrambling is active.

### m NumBiasBalCells

Number of dummy cells added to reduce the P2 PAPR.

The valid range is 0 ... DtDvbT2ParamInfo::m BiasBalCellsMax.

### m BiasBalancing

### L1 bias balancing.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_BIAS_BAL_OFF	No L1 bias compensation
	Modify the L1 reserved fields and L1 extension field padding to compensate the L1 bias



## Struct DtDvbT2ParamInfo

Structure containing the DVB-T2 "derived" parameters: the value of the members follows from the basic DVB-T2 modulation parameters.

This structure is an output parameter of DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo and DtDvbT2Pars::OptimisePlpNumBlocks.

### **Members**

m TotalCellsPerFrame

Total number of cells per frame.

 $\it m$  L1CellsPerFrame

Total number of cells per frame used for L1 signalling.

m AuxCellsPerFrame

Total number of auxiliary stream cells per frame.

m BiasBalCellsPerFrame

Total number of L1 bias balancing cells per frame.

m BiasBalCellsMax

Maximum number of L1 bias balancing cells per P2.

m DummyCellsPerFrame

Total number of cells lost per frame; dummy cells overhead =  $m_DummyCellsPerFrame$  /  $m_DummyCellsPerFrame$ . It is only computed for the first frame.

 ${\it m\ SamplesPerFrame}$ 

Total number of samples per frame.



## Struct DtDvbT2PlpPars

Structure specifying the DVB-T2 modulation parameters for one PLP (Physical Layer Pipe). This structure is used in class DtDvbT2ComponentPars, in an array of DTAPI\_DVBT2\_NUM\_PLP\_MAX structs for the physical layer pipes.

```
struct DtDvbT2PlpPars
  // Mode adaptation layer: TS input
 bool m_Hem; // High Efficiency Mode (yes/no)
bool m_Npd; // Null Packet Deletetion (yes/no)
int m_Issy; // ISSY mode
int m_IssyBufs; // ISSY BUFS
int m_IssyTDesign; // ISSY T_design value
 int m_CompensatingDelay; // Additional delay in samples
 int m_TsRate;
                          // Transport Stream rate
  // Mode adaptation layer: GSE input
  int m_GseLabelType; // GSE-label type
 // L1 parameters
 int m Id;
                          // PLP ID
  int m NumOtherPlpInBand; // Number of other PLPs in the in-band sign
  int m OtherPlpInBand[DTAPI DVBT2 NUM PLP MAX-1];
                           // Array of IDs of the other in band PLPs
  // Parmeters below are only meaningful for type 1 PLPs in TFS system.
 bool m_FfFlag; // FF flag
  };
```

### **Members**

```
    m_Hem
    If true, the PLP uses High Efficiency Mode (HEM); otherwise, Normal Mode (NM) is used.
    m_Npd
    If true, null-packet deletion is active.
```



### $m_Issy$

#### ISSY mode.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_ISSY_NONE	No ISSY field is used
DTAPI_DVBT2_ISSY_SHORT	2-byte ISSY field is used
DTAPI_DVBT2_ISSY_LONG	3-byte ISSY field is used

#### m IssyBufs

ISSY 'BUFS' value. The valid range is 0 ... 2097151

### m IssyTDesign

T\_design value for TTO generation. Set to '0' to have the modulator choose the value. T\_design is defined as the delay (in samples) between the start of the first T2 frame in which the PLP is mapped and the first output bit of the Transport Stream.

### m CompensatingDelay

Additional delay (in samples) before the TS data is sent. Set to '-1' to have the modulator choose the value.

#### m TsRate

Transport stream rate in bps. If  $m\_TsRate$  is set to '0' and no null-packet deletion is active then the transport stream rate is computed from the PLP parameters.

### $m\_GseLabelType$

### GSE-label type.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_GSE_LABEL_3BYTE	3-byte GSE label
DTAPI_DVBT2_GSE_LABEL_6BYTE	6-byte GSE label
DTAPI_DVBT2_GSE_LABEL_NONE	No GSE label

#### m Id

Unique identification of the PLP within a T2 system. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

### m GroupId

Identifies the PLP group with which the PLP is associated. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

### $m_Type$

### PLP type.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_PLP_TYPE_COMM	Common PLP
DTAPI_DVBT2_PLP_TYPE_1	Data PLP type1
DTAPI_DVBT2_PLP_TYPE_2	Data PLP type2



### m\_PayloadType

### PLP payload type.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_PAYLOAD_GSE	Generic Stream Encapsulation
DTAPI_DVBT2_PAYLOAD_TS	Transport Stream

### $m\_CodeRate$

Convolutional coding rate used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_1_2	1/2
DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_3_5	3/5
DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_2_3	2/3
DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_3_4	3/4
DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_4_5	4/5 (not for T2-Lite)
DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_5_6	5/6 (not for T2-Lite)
DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_1_3	1/3 (only for T2-Lite)
DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_2_5	2/5 (only for T2-Lite)

### m Modulation

Modulation used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_BPSK	BPSK
DTAPI_DVBT2_QPSK	QPSK
DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM16	16-QAM
DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM64	64-QAM
DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM256	256-QAM

### $m_Rotation$

If true, constellation rotation is used.

### $m\_FecType$

FEC type used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_LDPC_16K	16K LDPC
DTAPI_DVBT2_LDPC_64K	64K LDPC

### ${\it m\_FrameInterval}$

The T2-frame interval within the super-frame for this PLP. The valid range is 1 ... 255.

### $m_FirstFrameIdx$



The index of the first frame of the super-frame in which this PLP occurs. The valid range is 0 ... m FrameInterval-1.

### m TimeIlLength

Time interleaving length. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

If  $m\_TimeIlType$  is set to '0' (DTAPI\_DVBT2\_IL\_ONETOONE), this parameter specifies the number of TI-blocks per interleaving frame.

If  $m\_TimeIlType$  is set to '1' (**DTAPI\_DVBT2\_IL\_MULTI**), this parameter specifies the number of T2 frames to which each interleaving frame is mapped.

### m TimeIlType

Type of interleaving used by the PLP.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_IL_ONETOONE	One interleaving frame corresponds to one T2 frame
DTAPI_DVBT2_IL_MULTI	One interleaving frame is carried in multiple T2 frames

#### m InBandAFlag

If true, the in-band A flag is set and in-band A signalling information is inserted in this PLP.

#### m InBandBFlag

If true, the in-band B flag is set and in-band B signalling information is inserted in this PLP.

#### m NumBlocks

The maximum number of FEC blocks contained in one interleaving frame for this PLP. The valid range is 0 ... 2047.

### m NumOtherPlpInBand

Specifies the number of other PLPs in the in-band signalling. The valid range is 0 ... DTAPI DVBT2 NUM PLP MAX-1.

### m OtherPlpInBand

Array specifying the IDs of the other PLPs in the in-band signalling.

### m\_FfFlag

If true, the PLP occurs on the same RF channel in each T2-frame; otherwise, inter-frame TFS is applied. This parameter is only meaningful for a type 1 PLP in a TFS system.

#### m FirstRfIdx

The RF channel where this PLP occurs on in the first frame of a super-frame in a TFS system. If,  $m\_FfFlag$  is set to 'true' the field indicates the RF channel the PLP occurs on in every T2-frame. This parameter is only meaningful for a type 1 PLP in TFS system.



## Struct DtDvbT2RbmEvent

Structure containing the Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) event data. If RBM-validation is enabled then on an RBM-event the DtDvbT2RbmEvent parameters are sampled and passed to the RBM-event handler.

```
struct DtDvbT2RbmEvent
 union {
  struct {
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT PLOT parameters
    int m_DjbSize;
  } Plot;
  struct {
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT BUFS TOO SMALL parameters
    int m_Bufs; // BUFS value
  BufsTooSmall;
  struct {
    // DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TTO_IN_THE_PAST parameters
     int m_Tto; // TTO value
  } TtoInThePast;
  struct {
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT DJB OVERFLOW parameters
    } DjbOverflow;
  struct {
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT CRC8 ERROR HEADER parameters
     } Crc8ErrorHeader;
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT DFL TOO LARGE parameters
    int m_SyncD; // SYNCD
    int m Dfl;
                         // DFL
  } SyncDTooLarge;
  struct {
    // DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_INVALID_SYNCD parameters
    int m Left;
  } InvalidSyncD;
  struct {
    // DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TDI_OVERFLOW parameters
    } TdiOverflow;
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT INVALID PLP START parameters
    int m_PlpId1; // IDs of overlapping PLPs
     int m PlpId2;
```



```
} InvalidPlpStart;
 struct {
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT ISCR_ERROR parameters
    int m Delta;
                           // Delta time in T units
 } IscrError;
 struct {
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT BUFS NOT CONSTANT parameters
    int m NewBufs;
 } BufsNotConstant;
    // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT PLP NUM BLOCKS TOO SMALL parameters
                        // Number of blocks
    int m PlpNumBlocks;
 } PlpNumBlocksTooSmall;
} u;
```

### **Members**

m DataPlpId

Data PLP ID identifying the stream.

m DataPlpIndex

Data PLP index.

m Time

Time in T units.

m IsCommonPlp

Indicates whether the event refers to a common PLP.

Possible values:

-1 : Event doesn't refer to a specific PLP

0 : Data PLP

1: Common PLP

m EventType

Type of Receiver Buffer Model event

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_PLOT	Plot event
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_DJB_UNDERFLOW	De-jitter buffer underflow
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_BUFS_TOO_SMALL	BUFS gives too small dejitter buffer
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TTO_IN_THE_PAST	TTO gives time in the past
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_DJB_OVERFLOW	De-jitter buffer overflow
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_CRC8_ERROR_HEADER	CRC8 error in BBFrame
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_DFL_TOO_LARGE	DFL too large in BBFrame
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_SYNCD_TOO_LARGE	SYNCD too large in BBFrame
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_INVALID_UPL	Invalid UPL in BBFrame
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_INVALID_SYNCD	Invalid SYNCD in BBFrame



DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TDI_OVERFLOW	TDI overflow
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TOO_MANY_TI_BLOCKS	Too many TI blocks queued
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_INVALID_PLP_START	PLP-start values gives overlap
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_FDI_OVERFLOW	Frequency/L1 de-interleaver overflow
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_NO_TS_RATE	Not enough ISCR data to estimate TS rate
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_ISCR_ERROR	ISCR error
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_BUFS_NOT_CONSTANT	BUFS not constant
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_ISSYI_NOT_CONSTANT	ISSYI not constant
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_HEM_NOT_CONSTANT	HEM not constant
DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_PLP_NUM_BLOCKS_TOO _SMALL	PLP numblocks for this interleaving frame is too small

u.Plot

Structure used for event type DTAPI\_DVBT2\_RBM\_EVENT\_PLOT.

u.Plot.m TdiWriteIndex

Write index in time de-interleaver buffer.

u.Plot.m\_TdiReadIndex

Read index in time de-interleaver buffer.

u.Plot.m TdiReadAvailable

Number of available cells in the time de-interleaver read buffer.

u.Plot.m DjbSize

De-jitter buffer size in number of bits.

u.BufsTooSmall

Structure used for event type DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT BUFS TOO SMALL.

u.BufsTooSmall.m\_Bufs

BUFS value.

u.TtoInThePast

Structure used for event type DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT TTO IN THE PAST.

u.TtoInThePast.m\_Tto

TTO value from the ISSY-field

u.DjbOverflow

Structure used for event type **DTAPI\_DVBT2\_RBM\_EVENT\_DJB\_OVERFLOW**.

u.DjbOverflow.m DjbSize

De-jitter buffer size in bits.

u.DjbOverflow.m\_DjbMaxSize

Maximum de-jitter buffer size in bits.

u.Crc8ErrorHeader

Structure used for event type DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT CRC8 ERROR HEADER.



u.Crc8ErrorHeader.m Val

CRC-8 value from the baseband header.

u.SyncDTooLarge

Structure used for event type DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT DFL TOO LARGE.

u.SyncDTooLarge.m SyncD

SYNCD value from the baseband header.

u.SyncDTooLarge.m Dfl

DFL value from the baseband header.

u.InvalidSyncD

Structure used for event type DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT INVALID SYNCD.

u.InvalidSyncD.m SyncD

SYNCD value from the baseband header.

u.InvalidSyncD.m Left

Number of bits remaining from the last baseband frame.

u.TdiOverflow

Structure used for event type DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT TDI OVERFLOW.

u.TdiOverflow.m TdiWriteIndex

Write index in time de-interleaver buffer.

u.TdiOverflow.m TdiReadIndex

Read index in time de-interleaver buffer.

u.InvalidPlpStart

Structure used for event type DTAPI\_DVBT2\_RBM\_EVENT\_TDI\_OVERFLOW.

u.InvalidPlpStart.m\_Plp1, u.InvalidPlpStart.m\_Plp2

IDs of the overlapping PLPs.

u. IscrError

Structure used for event type DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT ISCR ERROR.

 $u.IscrError.m\_Delta$ 

Delta time in T-units.

u.BufsNotConstant

Structure used for event type DTAPI\_DVBT2\_RBM\_EVENT\_TDI\_OVERFLOW.

u.BufsNotConstant.m CurBufs, u.BufsNotConstant.m NewBufs

Current and new BUFS values

u.PlpNumBlocksTooSmall

Structure used for event type DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT PLP NUM BLOCKS TOO SMALL.

 $\verb"u.PlpNumBlocksTooSmall.m_PlpNumBlocks"$ 

NUM BLOCKS value for this PLP.



## Struct DtDvbT2RbmValidation

Structure for enabling Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) validation, and specifying its parameters. This structure is used in class DtDvbT2ComponentPars.

### **Members**

m Enabled

If true, Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) validation is enabled. When a RBM-violation occurs, the callback function (\*m pCallbackFunc) is called and an RBM-event is passed.

Note that RBM-validation consumes a substantial amount of CPU cycles and therefore cannot always be performed in real time.

```
m PlotEnabled
```

If true, Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) plotting is enabled. Periodically, the callback function will be called passing a **DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT PLOT** event.

```
m PlotPeriod
```

Plot period time in T-units.

```
m pCallbackOpaque
```

Opaque pointer that is passed to the callback function.

```
m pCallbackFunc
```

Pointer to the callback function that handles the RBM-events.



## Struct DtDvbT2TxSigPars

Structure for enabling and specifying the DVB-T2 transmitter signature. This structure is used in class DtDvbT2ComponentPars.

#### **Members**

```
m TxSigAuxEnabled
```

If true, transmitter signature transmission through AUX streams is enabled.

m TxSigAuxId

Transmitter ID. The valid range is 0 ... 3071.

m TxSigAuxP

The total number of possible transmitter IDs (M) is derived from  $m_TxSigAuxP$  (P). M = 3 \* (P+1). The valid range for  $m_TxSigAuxP$  is 0 ... 1023.

m TxSigAuxQ

The number of cells used per transmitter (N) is derived from  $m_TxSigAuxQ$  (Q). N = 2 ^ Q. The valid range for  $m_TxSigAuxQ$  is 0 ... 15.

m TxSigAuxR

The number of T2-frames used per transmitter signature (L) is derived from  $m_TxSigAuxR$  (R). L = R+1. The valid range for  $m_TxSigAuxR$  is 0 ... 255.

m TxSigFefEnabled

If true, transmitter signature transmission through FEF is enabled. To use this, FEF generation must be enabled and the FEF length must be greater than or equal to **DTAPI\_TXSIG\_FEF\_LEN\_MIN**.

m TxSigFefId1

Transmitter ID for the first signature period. The valid range is 0 ... 7.

m TxSigFefId2

Transmitter ID for the second signature period. The valid range is 0 ... 7.



#### **DtAtsc3Pars**

## Class DtAtsc3Pars

Class specifying parameters for ATSC 3.0 modulation.

```
class DtAtsc3Pars
  // System parameters
  int m Bandwidth;
                            // System bandwidth
  // Bootstrap parameters
 int m_MinorVersion;
                            // Minor version
  int m EasWakeup;
                            // Emergency alert system wake-up
  // Preamble (L1-Basic and L1-Detail) parameters
  int m PreambleFftSize; // Preamble FFT size
  int m PreambleGuardInterval; // Preamble guard interval
  int m PreamblePilotDx; // Preamble pilot pattern Dx
  int m PreambleReducedCarriers; // Preamble carrier reduction
  int m L1DetailAddParity; // L1-Detail additional parity mode
 int m_TimeInfoFlag;  // Time information insertion
int m_TimeSeconds;  // Initial seconds component
int m_TimeNanoseconds;  // Initial nanoseconds component
bool m_LlsFlag;  // Low level signaling present(yes/no)
int m_Papr;  // PAPR reduction mode
  int m_Papr;
                           // PAPR reduction mode
  // Frame parameters
 // Frame length in units of 5 milliseconds
  // Subframe parameters
  std::vector<DtAtsc3SubframePars> m Subframes;
  // Parameters specifying the source for each PLP
  DtPlpInpPars   m_PlpInputs[DTAPI_ATSC3 NUM PLP MAX];
  // Miscellaneous: Virtual output, Test-point output
  DtVirtualOutPars m VirtOutput;
```

### **Public members**

m Bandwidth

System bandwidth.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_6MHZ	6 MHz
DTAPI_ATSC3_7MHZ	7 MHz
DTAPI_ATSC3_8MHZ	8 MHz

m MinorVersion

Minor version. Minor version number signaled in the bootstrap. The valid range is 0 ... 7.





### m\_EasWakeup

Emergency alert system wake-up information. The valid range is 0  $\dots$  3.

### m PreambleFftSize

The FFT-size used for the preamble symbols.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_FFT_8K	8K FFT
DTAPI_ATSC3_FFT_16K	16K FFT
DTAPI_ATSC3_FFT_32K	32K FFT

### $m\_PreambleGuardInterval$

The guard interval between the preamble symbols.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_1_192	GI1_192
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_2_384	GI2_384
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_3_512	Gl3_512
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_4_768	GI4_768
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_5_1024	GI5_1024
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_6_1536	Gl6_1536
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_7_2048	GI7_2048
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_8_2432	GI8_2432
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_9_3072	GI9_3072
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_10_3648	GI10_3648
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_11_4096	GI11_4096
DTAPI_ATSC3_GI_12_4864	GI12_4864



### m PreamblePilotDx

The DX value of the preamble pilot pattern.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_DX_3	DX=3
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_DX_4	DX=4
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_DX_6	DX=6
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_DX_8	DX=8
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_DX_12	DX=12
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_DX_16	DX=16
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_DX_24	DX=24
DTAPI_ATSC3_PP_DX_32	DX=32

### m PreambleReducedCarriers

Specifies the preamble carrier reduction. The valid range is 0 ... 4.

### m L1BasicFecMode

The FEC-type mode used for L1-Basic. The valid range is 1 ... 5.

### m L1DetailFecMode

The FEC-type mode used for L1-Detail. The valid range is 1 ... 7.

#### m L1DetailAddParity

L1-Detail aditional parity mode, specifying the ratio (K) of the number of additional parity bits. The valid range is 0 ... 2.

### m TimeInfoFlag

Specifies the generation of the timing information and the precision. If time information is generated,  $m\_TimeSecond$  and  $m\_TimeNanoeconds$  specify the initial time.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_TIME_NONE	No time information is generated
DTAPI_ATSC3_TIME_MS	Time information in millisecond precision is generated
DTAPI_ATSC3_TIME_US	Time information in microsecond precision is generated
DTAPI_ATSC3_TIME_NS	Time information in nanosecond precision is generated

### m TimeSeconds

Initial seconds component of the time. It specifies the number of seconds elapsed since the PTP epoch on 1st January 1970.

### m TimeSeconds

Initial nanoseconds component of the time.

#### m LlsFlag

If true, indicates one or more PLPs carry low level signalling information.



#### m Papr

The peak to average power reduction method. This is used to fill PAPR field in the L1-signaling.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_PAPR_NONE	None
DTAPI_ATSC3_PAPR_ACE	ACE - Active Constellation Extension
DTAPI_ATSC3_PAPR_TR	TR - Power reduction with reserved carriers
DTAPI_ATSC3_PAPR_ACE_TR	ACE and TR

#### m FrameLengthMode

Specifies the frame length alignment mode.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ATSC3_ALIGN_TIME	Time-aligned frames
DTAPI_ATSC3_ALIGN_SYMBOL	Symbol-aligned frames

#### m FrameLength

Must be 0 if symbol-aligned frames are configured. Otherwise, it specifies the length of a frame in units of 5 milliseconds. The valid values are 0 and 10 ... 1000.

### m Subframes

A vector specifying the ATSC 3.0 modulation parameters for the subframes. The valid size is 1 ... 64.

### m NumPlpInputs

Specifies the number of PLP inputs in the ATSC 3.0 system. The valid range is 1 ... DTAPI ATSC3 NUM PLP MAX.

### m PlpInputs

Array specifying the PLP input streams. The index in the array is related to the index of a PLP in the ATSC 3.0 system (i.e. the first DtPlpInpPars in the array is related to the first PLP in the ATSC 3.0 system, which is the first PLP in the first subframe).

#### m VirtOutput

In case of a virtual output m VirtOutput specifies the virtual output data parameters.

### m TpOutput

In case of a virtual output m VirtOutput specifies the virtual output data parameters.

### **Remarks**

The DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl() method sets the parameters for the ATSC 3.0 modulator. The multi-PLP modulator can be used for both single-PLP and multi-PLP parameter sets. The DtMplpOutpChannel::WriteMplpPacket method is used to write data to the output channel.



# DtAtsc3Pars::CheckValidity

Check ATSC 3.0 parameters for validity.

### **Parameters**

SubframeIdx

Output parameter that is set to the index of the subframe causing the error or is set to -1 if not applicable.

PlpIdx

Output parameter that is set to the index of the PLP within the subframe causing the error or is set to -1 if not applicable.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Parameters are valid
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BANDWIDTH	Invalid ATSC 3.0 bandwidth
DTAPI_E_INVALID_CODERATE	Invalid PLP code rate
DTAPI_E_INVALID_CONSTEL	Invalid PLP modulation type
DTAPI_E_INVALID_CRED	Invalid carrier reduction coefficient
DTAPI_E_INVALID_EAS	Invalid Emergency Alert Signal
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FECMODE	Invalid L1-Basic or L1-Detail FEC-mode
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FECTYPE	Invalid PLP FEC-type
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FFTMODE	Invalid FFT-size
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAMELENG TH	Invalid frame length
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAMEMODE	Invalid frame length mode
DTAPI_E_INVALID_GUARD	Invalid guard interval
DTAPI_E_INVALID_HTI_PARS	Invalid HTI interleaving parameters
DTAPI_E_INVALID_INP_TYPE	Invalid input type; only ALP is supported
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LAYER	Invalid PLP-layer type
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LDM_LEVEL	Invalid LDM injection level
DTAPI_E_INVALID_MISO	Invalid MISO parameter(s)
DTAPI_E_INVALID_NUM_INPUT S	Unexpected number of inputs
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PAPR	Invalid PAPR mode





DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PARITY	Invalid additional parity mode
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PLP_REF	Invalid PLP-ID reference
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PLP_SIZE	Invalid PLP-size
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PLP_START	Invalid PLP-start
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PLP_TYPE	Invalid PLP-type
DTAPI_E_INVALID_TIME	Invalid time information generation mode
DTAPI_E_INVALID_TIME_IL	Invalid time interleaving mode or depth
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VERSION	Invalid bootstrap minor version
DTAPI_E_NUM_PLP	Invalid number of PLPs
DTAPI_E_NUM_SUBFRAMES	Invalid number of subframes
DTAPI_E_NUM_SUBSLICES	Invalid number of subslices symbols
DTAPI_E_NUM_SYMBOLS	Invalid number of OFDM symbols
DTAPI_E_NUM_SYMBOLS	Invalid number of OFDM symbols
DTAPI_E_PILOT_BOOST	Invalid pilot boost factor
DTAPI_E_PILOT_PATTERN	Invalid pilot pattern
DTAPI_E_PLP_ID	Duplicate or invalid PLP IDs
DTAPI_E_PREAMBLE_PAR_COMB I	Invalid combination of preamble parameters
DTAPI_E_SUBSLICE_INTERVAL	Invalid subslice interval



## DtDvbC2Pars::GetParamInfo

Get the ATSC 3.0 "derived" parameters.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtAtsc3Pars::GetParamInfo(
  [out] DtAtsc3ParamInfo& ParamInfo // ATSC 3.0 derived information
);
```

### **Parameters**

ParamInfo

Output parameter that receives the ATSC 3.0 "derived" parameters.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Parameters are valid
Other result values	Error in modulation parameters, please refer to DtAtsc3Pars::CheckValidity



#### DtDvbC2Pars

### Class DtDvbC2Pars

Class specifying parameters for DVB-C2 modulation.

```
class DtDvbC2Pars
 // Data-slice parameters
 int m NumDSlices;  // Number of data slices
 DtDvbC2DSlicePars  m DSlices[DTAPI DVBC2 NUM DSLICE MAX];
 // Notches
 int m_NumNotches;
                        // Number of notches
 DtDvbC2NotchPars  m Notches[DTAPI DVBC2 NUM NOTCH MAX];
 // Parameters specifying the source for each PLP
 int m NumPlpInputs;  // Number of PLP input streams
 DtPlpInpPars    m_PlpInputs[DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_PLP MAX];
 // Miscellaneous: PAPR, Virtual output, Test-point output
 DtDvbC2PaprPars m PaprPars;
 DtVirtualOutPars  m_VirtOutput;
 DtTestPointOutPars m_TpOutput;
 // Parameters specifying the generated carriers of one C2-system
 // L1 updates
 std::vector<DtDvbC2L1UpdatePars> m L1Updates;
```

### **Public members**

m Bandwidth

Channel raster of the network.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_6MHZ	6 MHz
DTAPI_DVBC2_8MHZ	8 MHz

m\_NetworkId

Network ID. Unique identification of the DVB-C2 network. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

m C2SystemId

C2-System ID. Unique identification of a C2-System. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.



### m StartFrequency

Start frequency of the C2-System by means of the distance from 0Hz in multiples of the carrier spacing. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFFFF and multiples of  $D_x$ . ( $D_x=24$  for guard interval 1/128 and  $D_x=12$  for guard interval 1/64).

#### m C2Bandwidth

Bandwidth of the generated signal in multiples of pilot carrier spacing. The valid range is 0 ... 65535.

### m GuardInterval

The guard interval between OFDM symbols.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_GI_1_128	1/128
DTAPI_DVBC2_GI_1_64	1/64

#### m ReservedTone

If true, indicates one or more reserved tones (carriers) are used. When carriers are reserved (e.g PAPR TR is enabled) it shall be set to true.

#### m L1TiMode

L1 time interleaving mode.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_L1TIMODE_NONE	No time interleaving
DTAPI_DVBC2_L1TIMODE_BEST	Best fit
DTAPI_DVBC2_L1TIMODE_4	4 OFDM symbols
DTAPI_DVBC2_L1TIMODE_8	8 OFDM symbols

#### m NumDSlices

Specifies the number of data slices in the C2-System. The valid range is 1 ... DTAPI\_DVBC2\_NUM\_DSLICE\_MAX.

#### m DSlices

Array specifying the DVB-C2 parameters for the data slices.

### m NumNotches

Specifies the number of notch bands in the C2-System. The valid range is 0 ... DTAPI DVBC2 NUM NOTCH MAX.

### $m_Notches$

Array specifying the notch bands in the C2-System.

### $m_NumPlpInputs$

Specifies the number of PLP inputs in the C2-System. The valid range is 1 ... DTAPI\_DVBC2\_NUM\_PLP\_MAX.

### m PlpInputs

Array specifying the PLP input streams. The index in the array is related to the index of a PLP in the C2 System (i.e. the first DtPlpInpPars in the array is related to the first PLP in the C2 System, which is the first PLP in the first data slice).

Note that PLPs in empty data slices are not taken into account and in case of bundled PLPs only the first PLP occurrence is taken into account.





- m PaprPars
  - Specifies the PAPR reduction parameters.
- m VirtOutput

In case of a virtual output  $m_{virtOutput}$  specifies the virtual output data parameters.

m TpOutput

In case of a virtual output m VirtOutput specifies the virtual output data parameters.

m OutpFreqOffset

Output frequency offset from  $m\_StartFrequency$  (in carriers) of the generated spectrum. Must be a multiple of the carrier spacing ( $D_X=24$  for guard interval 1/128 and  $D_X=12$  for guard interval 1/64).  $m\_OutpFreqOffset$  in combination with  $m\_OutpBandwidth$  can be used to output a part of carriers of one C2-system.

- m OutpBandwidth
  - Output bandwidth (in carriers). 0 selects the default output bandwidth. Must be a multiple of the carrier spacing ( $D_x=24$  for guard interval 1/128 and  $D_x=12$  for guard interval 1/64).
- m L1Updates

A series of L1 signalling part2 parameters updates. The first update is applied immediately. After the last update is applied, it loops to the first one .

### **Remarks**

This class is used both for the initialization of the multi-PLP modulator and the traditional single-PLP DVB-C2 modulator. The DtOutpChannel::SetModControl() method sets the parameters for the single-PLP DVB-C2 modulator. Thereafter DtOutpChannel::Write method is used to write the data to the output channel.

The DtmplpOutpChannel::SetModControl() method sets the parameters for the multi-PLP DVB-C2 modulator. The multi-PLP modulator can be used for both single-PLP and multi-PLP parameter sets. The DtmplpOutpChannel::WriteMplp method is used to write data to the output channel.



# DtDvbC2Pars::CheckValidity

Check DVB-C2 parameters for validity.

DTAPI\_RESULT DtDvbC2Pars::CheckValidity(void);

### **Parameters**

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Parameters are valid
DTAPI_E_BROADBAND_NOTCH	Broadband notch cannot be inside a data slice
DTAPI_E_DSLICE_OFFSETS	Invalid data slice offset
DTAPI_E_DSLICE_OVERLAP	Data slices cannot overlap
DTAPI_E_DSLICE_T1_NDP	Null-packet deletion not allowed for type1 data slices
DTAPI_E_DSLICE_T1_TSRATE	TS-rate/ISSY combination not possible for type1 data slice
DTAPI_E_DSLICE_TUNE_POS	Invalid data slice tune position
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PARS	Invalid parameter value (generic error)
DTAPI_E_INVALID_RATE	PLP TS-rate is too high
DTAPI_E_INVALID_START_FREQ	Invalid start frequency
DTAPI_E_NO_TSRATE	PLP TS-rate is not specified
DTAPI_E_NOTCH_OFFSETS	Invalid notch
DTAPI_E_L1_PART2_TOO_LONG	L1 part 2 data is too long
DTAPI_E_PLP_BUNDLED	Inconsistent PLP bundled parameters
DTAPI_E_PLP_ID	Duplicate PLP IDs



## DtDvbC2Pars::GetParamInfo

Get the DVB-C2 "derived" parameters.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbC2Pars::GetParamInfo(
  [out] DtDvbC2ParamInfo& ParamInfo // DVB-C2 derived information
);
```

### **Parameters**

ParamInfo

Output parameter that receives the DVB-C2 "derived" parameters.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Parameters are valid
Other result values	Error in modulation parameters, please refer to DtDvbC2Pars::CheckValidity



### **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**

## **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**

Class describing the modulation parameters for one DVB-T2 component (e.g. base or lite).

```
class DtDvbT2ComponentPars
int m_ComponentStartTime; // Offset (T) at which the component starts
int m RfChanFreqs[DTAPI DVBT2 NUM RF MAX];
 // Array of PLP parameters
 DtDvbT2PaprPars  m_PaprPars;// PAPR reduction parameters
 DtDvbT2TxSigPars m TxSignature;
                // Transmitter signature parameters
 DtDvbT2RbmValidation m RbmValidation;
                // Receiver Buffer Model validation
 DtTestPointOutPars m_TpOutput;
                // Test point data output parameters
```





### **Public members**

### $m_{T2Version}$

DVB-T2 specification version.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_VERSION_1_1_1	Version 1.1.1
DTAPI_DVBT2_VERSION_1_2_1	Version 1.2.1
DTAPI_DVBT2_VERSION_1_3_1	Version 1.3.1

### $m_{T2}$ Profile

DVB-T2 profile.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_PROFILE_BASE	Base profile
DTAPI_DVBT2_PROFILE_LITE	Lite profile (Requires DVB-T2 version 1.3.1)

### m T2BaseLite

If true, T2 lite is used in a base profile component.

### m Bandwidth

The bandwidth of the channel.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_1_7MHZ	1.7 MHz
DTAPI_DVBT2_5MHZ	5 MHz
DTAPI_DVBT2_6MHZ	6 MHz
DTAPI_DVBT2_7MHZ	7 MHz
DTAPI_DVBT2_8MHZ	8 MHz
DTAPI_DVBT2_10MHZ	10 MHz

### $m_FftMode$

The FFT size used for computing OFDM symbols.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_1K	1K FFT
DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_2K	2K FFT
DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_4K	4K FFT
DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_8K	8K FFT
DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_16K	16K FFT
DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_32K	32K FFT

### m Miso

MISO mode. This mode can be used to simulate antenna 1 (TX1), antenna 2 (TX2) or the average of antenna 1 and antenna 2 (TX1+TX2) to simulate reception halfway between the antennas.



Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_OFF	No MISO
DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_TX1	TX1 only
DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_TX2	TX2 only
DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_SUM	TX1+ TX2 through one output channel
DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_BOTH	Both TX1 and TX2 through two output channels

### $m\_GuardInterval$

The guard interval between OFDM symbols.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_128	1/128
DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_32	1/32
DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_16	1/16
DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_19_256	19/256
DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_8	1/8
DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_19_128	19/128
DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_4	1/4

### m Papr

The peak to average power reduction method. This is used to fill PAPR field in the L1-post signalling block.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_PAPR_NONE	None
DTAPI_DVBT2_PAPR_ACE	ACE - Active Constellation Extension
DTAPI_DVBT2_PAPR_TR	TR - Power reduction with reserved carriers
DTAPI_DVBT2_PAPR_ACE_TR	ACE and TR

### m BwtExt

If true, the extended carrier mode is used.

### m PilotPattern

The Pilot Pattern used.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_1	PP1
DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_2	PP2
DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_3	PP3
DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_4	PP4
DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_5	PP5



DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_6	PP6
DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_7	PP7
DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_8	PP8

#### m L1Modulation

The modulation type used for the L1-post signalling block.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_BPSK	BPSK
DTAPI_DVBT2_QPSK	QPSK
DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM16	16-QAM
DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM64	64-QAM

#### m CellId

Cell ID. Unique identification of a geographic cell in a DVB-T2 network. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

#### m NetworkId

Network ID. Unique identification of the DVB-T2 network. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

### m T2SystemId

T2 system ID. Unique identification of the T2 system. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

#### m L1Repetition

If true, L1 signalling is provided for the next frame.

### m NumT2Frames

The number of T2 frames in a super frame. The valid range is 1 ... 255.

#### m NumDataSyms

The number of data OFDM symbols per T2 frame, excluding P1 and P2.

### m NumSubslices

The number of subslices per T2-frame for type-2 PLPs.

#### m ComponentStartTime

Specifies the offset in number of T-units at which the T2 component starts. Note: it should be set to 0 for the first component.

### m FefEnable

If true, FEFs (Future Extension Frames) are inserted.

### $m\_FefType$

Specifies the FEF type. The valid range is 0 ... 15.

#### m FefS1

The S1-field value in the P1 signalling data. Valid values: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7.

### m FefS2

The S2-field value in the P1 signalling data. Valid values: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 and 15.



#### m FefLength

The length of a FEF-part in number of T-units (= samples). For the base profile the valid range is 0 ... 0x3FFFFF, for the lite profile the valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFFFF.

### m FefInterval

The number of T2 frames between two FEF parts. The valid range is 1 ... 255 and m NumT2Frames shall be divisible by m FefInterval.

### m\_FefSignal

The type of signal generated during the FEF period.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_FEF_ZERO	Zero I/Q samples
DTAPI_DVBT2_FEF_1K_OFDM	1K OFDM symbols with 852 active carriers containing BPSK symbols
DTAPI_DVBT2_FEF_1K_OFDM_384	1K OFDM symbols with 384 active carriers containing BPSK symbols

#### m NumRfChans

The number of frequencies in the T2 system. The valid range is 1 ... DTAPI DVBT2 NUM RF MAX.

### m RfChanFreqs

Array specifying the center frequencies of the RF channels. This is only used to fill the L1-post FREQUENCY fields. The valid range is 1 ... 0xFFFFFFF.

#### m NumPlps

Specifies the number of physical layer pipes in the T2 system. The valid range is 1 ... **DTAPI DVBT2 NUM PLP MAX**. Must be set to '1' in case not using the Multi-PLP modulator.

#### m Plps

Array specifying the DVB-T2 modulation parameters for the PLPs.

### m PlpInputs

Array specifying the PLP input streams. This is only used in case of using the Multi-PLP modulator. Default the FIFO index and PLP index maps 1:1 and "Big-TS splitting" is disabled.

### m Aux

Specifies the AUX stream parameters.

By default, the generation of AUX streams is disabled.

### m PaprPars

Specifies the PAPR reduction parameters.

By default, PAPR reduction is disabled.

### m TxSignature

Specifies the transmission of the DVB-T2 transmitter signature.

By default, the transmission of a transmitter signature is disabled.

#### m RbmValidation

Specifies the Receiver Buffer Model validation. This can only be used with the Multi-PLP modulator

By default, RBM-validation is disabled.

#### m TpOutput

Specifies the generation of test point data.



#### DtDvbT2Pars

### **DtDvbT2Pars**

Class describing parameters for DVB-T2 modulation, it describes the modulation parameters of a DVB-T2 component and optionally the parameters of a second component (e.g. base and a lite profile). The class DtDvbT2ComponentPars describes the component parameters.

#### Inherited Public members

The public members inherited from **DtDvbT2ComponentPars** describe the modulation parameters for the first DVB-T2 component; see description of **class DtDvbT2ComponentPars**.

### **Public members**

#### m NumFefComponents

The number of DVB-T2 components transmitted in the FEF part of the first DVB-T2 component. The parameters for these DVB-T2 components are specified in  $m\_FefComponent$ . The valid range is  $0 \dots 1$ .

#### m FefComponent

Array specifying the DVB-T2 modulation parameters for the DVB-T2 components transmitted in the FEF part of the first DVB-T2 component.

#### m VirtOutput

When the output channel has been attached to a virtual output,  $m\_VirtOutput$  specifies the virtual output data parameters. This can only be used with the Multi-PLP modulator. By default, the virtual output parameters are disabled.

#### m T2Mi

Specifies the parameters for generation of T2-MI. This can only be used with the Multi-PLP modulator.

By default, the output of T2-MI is disabled.

### Remarks

This class is used both for the initialization of the multi-PLP modulator and the traditional single-PLP DVB-T2 modulator. The <code>DtOutpChannel::SetModControl()</code> method sets the parameters for the single-PLP DVB-T2 modulator. Thereafter <code>DtOutpChannel::Write</code> method is used to write the data to the output channel.

The DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl() method sets the parameters for the multi-PLP DVB-T2 modulator. The multi-PLP modulator can be used for both single-PLP and multi-PLP parameter sets. The DtMplpOutpChannel::WriteMplp method is used to write data to the output channel.



# DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity

Check DVB-T2 parameters for validity.

DTAPI RESULT DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity(void);

### **Parameters**

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Parameters are valid
DTAPI_E_BIAS_BAL_CELLS	Invalid number of bias balancing cells
DTAPI_E_BUFS	Invalid BUFS values
DTAPI_E_COMMON_PLP_COUNT	More than one common PLP per group ID
DTAPI_E_COMP_OVERLAP	The fames of two components (lite and base profile) overlap.
DTAPI_E_FEF	Error in FEF parameters
DTAPI_E_FIXED_CELL_PARS	Invalid fixed cell parameters
DTAPI_E_FRAME_INTERVAL	Frame interval must divide number of T2 frames
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BWT_EXT	Invalid bandwidth extension
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FFTMODE	Invalid FFT mode
DTAPI_E_INVALID_GUARD	Invalid guard interval
DTAPI_E_INVALID_NUMDTSYM	Invalid number of data symbols
DTAPI_E_INVALID_NUMT2FRM	Invalid number of T2 frames
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PARS	Invalid parameter value (generic error)
DTAPI_E_INVALID_TIME_IL	Invalid time interleaver length
DTAPI_E_MULTI_COMPS	Invalid mix of parameters in multi component configuration
DTAPI_E_NO_TSRATE	PLP TS-rate is not specified
DTAPI_E_NUM_PLP	Too many PLPs (i.e. L1 data too large)
DTAPI_E_OTHER_PLP_IN_BAND	Invalid PLP ID in m_OtherPlpInBand array
DTAPI_E_PILOT_PATTERN	Pilot pattern not allowed in combination with other parameters
DTAPI_E_PLP_ID	Duplicate PLP IDs
DTAPI_E_PLP_NUM_BLOCKS	Invalid number of PLP blocks (not enough bandwidth)
DTAPI_E_SUBSLICES	Number of subslices and/or TIME_IL_LENGTH does not give an integer number of cells per subslice
DTAPI_E_T2_LITE	Invalid T2 lite profile parameters
DTAPI_E_TI_MEM_OVF	Too many cells in time interleaver



## DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo

Get the DVB-T2 "derived" parameters.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo(
  [out] DtDvbT2ParamInfo& ParamInfo // (First) T2-component information
);
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo(
  [out] DtDvbT2ParamInfo& ParamInfo1, // First T2-component information
  [out] DtDvbT2ParamInfo& ParamInfo2 // Second T2-component information
);
```

#### **Parameters**

ParamInfo, ParamInfo1

Output parameter that receives the DVB-T2 "derived" parameters of the first component.

ParamInfo2

Output parameter that receives the DVB-T2 "derived" parameters of the second component.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Parameters are valid
Other result values	Error in modulation parameters, please refer to DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity



## DtDvbT2Pars::OptimisePlpNumBlocks

Compute the optimum value of DVB-T2 parameters to maximise the DVB-T2 channel's bitrate and compute the achieved efficiency.

### **Parameters**

ParamInfo

Output parameter that receives the DVB-T2 "derived" parameters based on the optimum parameter values.

OptPlpNumBlocks

Output parameter that is set to the optimum value for the number of FEC blocks per IL frame for PLPO to maximise the DVB-T2 channel's bitrate.

OptNumDataSyms

Output parameter that is set to the optimum value for the number of data OFDM symbols per T2 frame to maximise the DVB-T2 channel's bitrate.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Parameters are valid
Other result values	Error in modulation parameters, please refer to DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity

### Remarks

These methods can only be used in case of a single PLP (member variable m NumPlps equals 1).



### **DtlsdbTmmPars**

### Class DtlsdbTmmPars

Class specifying parameters for ISDB-Tmm modulation.

### **Public members**

#### m Bandwidth

Channel raster of the network.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ISDBT_BW_6MHZ	6 MHz
DTAPI_ISDBT_BW_7MHZ	7 MHz
DTAPI_ISDBT_BW_8MHZ	8 MHz

### m SubChannel

Sub channel of the center segment of the spectrum, which implicitly specifies the sub-channels of the 1-segment streams in the signal. The valid range is 0 ... 41.

#### m NumTss

Specifies the number of transport streams in the ISDB-Tmm system. The valid range is 0 ... DTAPI\_ISDBT\_NUM\_TS\_MAX.

#### m Tss

An array of DtIsdbtPars, specifying the modulation parameters for each transport stream. The index in the array is related to the index of the transport stream in the ISDB-Tmm system. See the description of struct DtIsdbtPars in "DTAPI Reference – Core Classes".

### m TsInputs

Array specifying the input transport streams. The index in the array is related to the index of the transport stream in the ISDB-Tmm system.

### m VirtOutput

In case of a virtual output m VirtOutput specifies the virtual output data parameters.

#### Remarks

This class is only used for the initialization of the multi-PLP modulator. The class **DtIsdbtPars** can be used to initialize the traditional single-PLP modulator.



# **DtlsdbTmmPars::CheckValidity**

Check ISDB-T parameters for validity.

DTAPI\_RESULT DtlsdbTmmPars::CheckValidity(void);

## **Parameters**

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Parameters are valid
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BANDWIDTH	Invalid value for bandwidth or not equal for all streams
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BTYPE	Invalid value for broadcast type
DTAPI_E_INVALID_GUARD	Invalid value for guard-interval length or not equal for all streams
DTAPI_E_INVALID_MODE	Invalid value for transmission mode or not equal for all streams
DTAPI_E_INVALID_NUMSEGM	Number of segments is more than 33 or the number of segments in a streams is not equal to 1, 3 or 13, or number of segments is invalid for the current broadcast type does not match number of segments specified in m_LayerPars
DTAPI_E_INVALID_PARTIAL	'Partial Reception' is selected for a stream but the number of segments in layer A is not 1
DTAPI_E_INVALID_SIZE	'No hierarchical multiplexing' (use TMCC) is selected for a stream where the input type is 188-byte TS packets
DTAPI_E_INVALID_SUBCH	Invalid sub-channel number



## **Callback Functions**

## **DtTpWriteDataFunc**

User-supplied callback function used for the processing of test-point data. The data can be written to a file, or processed otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

p0paque

The opaque pointer that was specified in DtTestPointOutPars.

*TpIndex* 

Specifies the test point.

For DVB-C2 the following test points are defined:

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBC2_TPnn	DVB-C2 test point nn

Where nn is: 07, 08, 10, 13, 15, 18, 20, 22, 26, 27, 31, 32, 33, 37, 40, 41 and 42.

For DVB-T2 the following test points are defined:

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_DVBT2_TPnn	DVB-T2 test point nn

Where nn is: 03, 04, 06, 08, 09, 11, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 50, 51 and 53.

StreamIndex

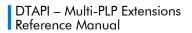
Identifies the stream. For DVB-C2 bits 0..7 specify the PLP-ID and bits 8..15 specify the data slice I. For DVB-T2 bits 0..7 specify the PLP-index and bit 8 is set when the PLP-type is a common PLP.

pBuffer

Pointer to a buffer containing the test point data.

Length

Number of test points data items available in buffer.





## Format

The data format of the test-point data items.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_TP_FORMAT_HEX	Byte data
DTAPI_TP_FORMAT_BIT	Bit data. Eight bits are packaged per byte, most significant bit first
DTAPI_TP_FORMAT_CFLOAT32	Complex 32-bit floating-point data of type DtComplexFloat
DTAPI_TP_FORMAT_INT64	64-bit integer data

## Mult

Multiplication factor for the complex floating point data.

## *IsNewFrame*

If true, the test point data relates to a new frame.



## **Global Functions**

# ::DtapiModPars2TsRate

Compute Transport-Stream rate from modulation parameters. There are three new overloads one for DVB-C2, one for DVB-T2 and one for ISDB-Tmm modulation type.

```
// Overload to be used for DVB-C2
DTAPI RESULT ::DtapiModPars2TsRate(
                    // Computed Transport-Stream rate
[out] int& TsRate
  [in] DtDvbC2Pars C2Pars, // DVB-C2 modulation parameters
 [in] int PlpIdx
                          // PLP index
// Overload to be used for DVB-T2
DTAPI RESULT ::DtapiModPars2TsRate(
[out] int& TsRate // Computed Transport-Stream rate
 [in] DtDvbT2Pars T2Pars, // DVB-T2 modulation parameters
                          // PLP index
 [in] int PlpIdx
);
// Overload to be used for ISDB-Tmm
DTAPI RESULT ::DtapiModPars2TsRate(
[out] int& TsRate // Computed Transport-Stream rate
  [in] DtIsdbTmmPars TmmPars, // ISDB-Tmm modulation parameters
  [in] int TsIdx
                          // TS index
```

#### **Parameters**

TsRate

The Transport-Stream rate in bps computed from the modulation parameters.

C2Pars

DVB-C2 modulation parameters; see description of class DtDvbC2Pars.

T2Pars

DVB-T2 modulation parameters; see description of class DtDvbT2Pars.

TmmPars

ISDB-Tmm modulation parameters; see description of class DtIsdbTmmPars.

PlpIdx

The index of the PLP for which the Transport-Stream rate is computed.

TsIdx

The index of the TS in the ISDB-Tmm system for which the Transport-Stream rate is computed.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
	The TS rate has been computed from the modulation parameters successfully
Other result values	Error in modulation parameters, please refer to





DtDvbC2Pars::CheckValidity ,
DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity and
DtIsdbTmmPars::CheckValidity



## **DtMplpOutpChannel**

# **DtMplpOutpChannel**

Class representing a multi-PLP modulator for modulation of DVB-C2, DVB-T2 and ISDB-Tmm signals. Class **DtMplpOutpChannel** is derived from **DtOutpChannel**. For the inherited methods, please refer to the **DTAPI** documentation.

class DtMplpOutpChannel : public DtOutpChannel;



# **DtMplpOutpChannel::AttachVirtual**

Attach the output-channel object to a virtual output using the licenses of a particular device. A virtual output lets the user pass the output data to the specified callback function, instead of DTAPI writing the data to a physical output.

#### **Parameters**

pDtDvc

Pointer to the object that represents a DekTec device. The **DtDevice** object must be attached to the device hardware. The device is used only for reading licenses.

pFunc

Pointer to the callback function that will handle the generated output data. When the virtual-output calls this function the opaque pointer and a pointer to a <code>DtVirtualOutData</code> struct describing the output data are passed. To prevent hanging of the application, the callback function is not allowed to block. In case the callback function has to wait for a certain condition, it can return the Boolean value false. After a few milliseconds the virtual-output will call this function again with the same parameters and will repeat this until the callback function returns the Boolean value true.

p0paque

Opaque pointer that is passed to the callback function.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Channel object has been attached successfully
DTAPI_E_ATTACHED	The channel object is already attached a hardware function
DTAPI_E_DEVICE	The <b>DtDevice</b> pointer is not valid or the <b>DtDevice</b> object is not attached to the device hardware
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	The value of one of the parameters is invalid

#### Remarks

The intended usage for this method is to allow the user to output the multi-PLP modulator result to file or to a specific device. The licenses are taken from the DekTec device.



# DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpFifoFree

Get the number of free bytes in the specified multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

#### **Parameters**

FifoIndex

Specifies the FIFO index.

FifoFree

Free space in the specified multi-PLP modulator FIFO, in number of bytes.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	FIFO free has been retrieved successfully
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Channel object is not attached

### **Remarks**

If a Data transfer is in progress and/or the transmit-control state is **DTAPI\_TXCTRL\_HOLD** or **DTAPI\_TXCTRL\_SEND**, then every call to **GetMplpFifoFree** may return a different value.



# DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpFifoSize

Get the current size of the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

## **Parameters**

FifoIndex

Specifies the FIFO index.

FifoSize

Size of the multi-PLP modulator FIFO in number of bytes.

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	FIFO size has been retrieved successfully
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Channel object is not attached to a hardware function

### **Remarks**

The size of the multi-PLP modulator FIFOs is fixed, it cannot be changed.



# **DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus**

Get the status of the multi-PLP modulator. There are overloads for DVB-C2 and for DVB-T2.

#### **Parameters**

pDvbC2ModStat

DVB-C2 modulator status; see description of struct DtDvbC2ModStatus.

pDvbT2ModStat, pDvbT2ModStat1

DVB-T2 modulator status for the first component; see description of struct DtDvbT2ModStatus.

pDvbT2ModStat2

DVB-T2 modulator status for the second component; see description of struct DtDvbT2ModStatus.

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	The status of the MPLP modulator has been retrieved successfully
DTAPI_E_IDLE	Not allowed when in IDLE state
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Channel object is not attached to a hardware function
DTAPI_E_NOT_SUPPORTED	The currently active modulator does not support the request

### **Remarks**



# DtMplpOutpChannel::SetMplpChannelModelling

Set channel-modelling parameters. This function may only be called when using the multi-PLP modulator while the transmit-control state is **DTAPI TXCTRL IDLE**.

#### **Parameters**

CmEnable

Enable channel modelling. This parameter provides an easy way to turn off channel modelling entirely for the specified output channel.

CmPars

Channel-modelling parameters. See description of struct DtCmPars in "DTAPI Reference – Core Classes".

ChanneIdx

Index of the output channel (e.g. to specify the channel modelling parameters for the individual transmitters in case of MISO).

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Channel-modelling parameters have been applied successfully
DTAPI_E_CM_NUMPATHS	The number of paths specified in CmPars exceeds the maximum number of paths
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Channel object is not attached to a hardware function
DTAPI_E_NOT_SUPPORTED	The channel has no license for channel-modelling, or channel modelling is not supported for this type of channel

## **Remarks**



# **DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl**

Set modulation-control parameters for modulator channels. There are four overloads defined for the multi-PLP modulator output: one for ATSC 3.0, one for DVB-C2, one for DVB-T2 and one for ISDB-Tmm.

#### **Parameters**

Atsc3Pars

ATSC 3.0 modulation parameters; see description of class DtAtsc3Pars.

DvbC2Pars

DVB-C2 modulation parameters; see description of class DtDvbC2Pars.

DvbT2Pars

DVB-T2 modulation parameters; see description of class DtDvbT2Pars.

IsdbTmmPars

ISDB-Tmm modulation parameters; see description of class DtIsdbTmmPars.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	The modulation parameters have been set successfully
DTAPI_E_DEV_DRIVER	Unclassified failure in device driver
DTAPI_E_IDLE	Transmit-control state is not DTAPI_TXCTRL_IDLE; The requested modulation parameters can only be set in idle state
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Channel object is not attached to a hardware function
DTAPI_E_NOT_SUPPORTED	The output channel does not support the specified modulation type





## Remarks



# DtMplpOutpChannel::WriteMplp

Write data to a multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

#### **Parameters**

FifoIndex

Specifies the FIFO index.

pBuffer

Pointer to the buffer containing the data to be written to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO. The pointer must be aligned to a 32-bit word boundary.

*NumBytesToWrite* 

Number of bytes to be to be written to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO. The buffer size must be positive and a multiple of four.

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Write operation has been completed successfully
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	The buffer is not aligned to a 32-bit word boundary
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FIFO_IDX	Invalid FIFO index. FIFO index has not been specified in DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl parameters
DTAPI_E_INVALID_SIZE	The specified transfer size is negative or not a multiple of four
DTAPI_E_IDLE	Cannot write data because transmission-control state is DTAPI_TXCTRL_IDLE
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Channel object is not attached to a hardware function

## Remarks

The data buffer can be any buffer in user space. The data is only written when the transmit-control state is DTAPI\_TXCTRL\_HOLD or DTAPI\_TXCTRL\_SEND (see DtOutpChannel::SetTxControl()), and sufficient space is available in the FIFO. WriteMplp() returns when all data has been transferred to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

The data from a multi-PLP modulator FIFO is only transferred to the modulator when all multi-PLP modulator FIFOs carrying transport packets (data type **TS188** or **TS204**) have data to contribute. The contribution of multi-PLP modulator FIFOs carrying GSE-packets (data type **GSE**) is optional.

For this reason the thread executing **WriteMplp()** will sleep forever if *NumBytesToWrite* is greater than the number of free bytes in the MPLP FIFO and one of the other MPLP FIFOs (data type **TS188** or **TS204**) is empty.



# **DtMplpOutpChannel::WriteMplpPacket**

Write a GSE- or ALP-packets to a multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

#### **Parameters**

FifoIndex

Specifies the FIFO index.

pPacket

Pointer to one data packet (ALP or GSE).

For details on the GSE-packet data format, see DTAPI Manual – Overview and Data Formats.pdf. For details on the ALP-packet data format, see ATSC: "Link-Layer Protocol" Doc. A/330.

PacketSize

Size of the data packet to be written to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

Duration

The duration of the data packet in seconds. It defines the earliest moment a next packet can be transmitted.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Write operation has been completed successfully
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	The buffer is not aligned to a 32-bit word boundary
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FIFO_IDX	Invalid FIFO index. FIFO index has not been specified in DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl parameters
DTAPI_E_INVALID_INP_TYPE	The data type of the FIFO is not ALP nor GSE
DTAPI_E_INVALID_SIZE	The specified transfer size is negative or larger than the maximum packet size
DTAPI_E_IDLE	Cannot write data because transmission-control state is DTAPI_TXCTRL_IDLE
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Channel object is not attached to a hardware function

## **Remarks**

The data buffer can be any buffer in user space. The data is only written when the transmit-control state is DTAPI\_TXCTRL\_HOLD or DTAPI\_TXCTRL\_SEND (see DtOutpChannel::SetTxControl()),





and sufficient space is available in the FIFO. **WriteMplpPacket()** returns when all data has been transferred to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

The data from a multi-PLP modulator FIFO is only transferred to the modulator when all multi-PLP modulator FIFOs carrying transport packets (data type **TS188** or **TS204**) have data to contribute. The contribution of multi-PLP modulator FIFOs carrying GSE- or ALP-packets (data type **GSE** or **ALP**) is optional.

For this reason the thread executing **WriteMplpPacket()** will sleep forever if *PacketSize* is greater than the number of free bytes in the MPLP FIFO and one of the other MPLP FIFOs (data type **TS188** or **TS204**) is empty.