

DTAPI

| Multi-PLP Extensions

REFERENCE

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Structures

Struct DtBigTsSplitPars

Structure for specifying the parameters for the “Big-TS splitting” operation, which is defined for DVB-C2 and DVB-T2. This operation splits one “big” Transport Stream into multiple SPTSes (Single Program Transport Streams), one for each data PLP in the group. Each SPTS will contain one service and adapted PSI/SI. The Transport Stream for the common PLP gets the common SI.

The parameters in this structure are used for the creation and modification of PAT, SDT and EIT tables for a single PLP. Furthermore it specifies the PIDs to be included in the Transport Stream. This structure is used in class **DtPlpInPars**.

```
struct DtBigTsSplitPars
{
    bool    m_Enabled;           // Enable “Big-TS splitting”
    bool    m_IsCommonPlp;       // Common PLP (yes/no)
    bool    m_SplitSdtIn;        // SDT is already split (yes/no)
    std::vector<int> m_Pids;      // Series of PIDs to include
    // Parameters below are not used in case m_IsCommonPlp == true
    int     m_OnwId;             // Original Network ID of the Big TS
    int     m_TsId;              // Transport Stream ID of the Big TS
    int     m_ServiceId;         // ID of the service to include in PLP
    int     m_PmtPid;            // PID of the PMT table of selected service
    int     m_NewTsId;           // Transport Stream ID of the TS in the PLP
    // Parameters below are not used in case m_SplitSdtIn == true
    int     m_SdtLoopDataLength; // SDT loop data length
    unsigned char m_SdtLoopData[168]; // The SDT-actual loop data
};
```

Members

m_Enabled

If true, “Big-TS splitting” is enabled, otherwise it is disabled and the remaining parameters are not used. Big-TS splitting is supported for DVB-C2 and DVB-T2.

m_IsCommonPlp

If true, the type of the associated PLP is a common PLP, otherwise the type is a data PLP.

m_SplitSdtIn

If true, the “Big TS” is “MPLP-prepared” and already contains separated SDT subtables for each PLP.

m_Pids

Series of PID values that specify the elementary streams to be included in Transport Stream for the associated PLP (e.g. for the data PLP: service components, ECM and PCR PIDs and for the common PLP: CAT, NIT, TOT, TDT-table PIDs).

The following parameters are not used if parameters are related to a common PLP (*m_IsCommonPlp* equals *true*).

m_OnwId, *m_TsId*, *m_ServiceId*

Identifies a service from the “Big TS” to include in the Transport Stream for the PLP.

m_PmtPid

The PID of the PMT-table of the selected service, needed for the creation of a new PAT-table.

m_NewTsId

Specifies the Transport Stream ID of the newly created TS in the PLP.

The following parameters are not used if the “Big TS” already contains separated SDT subtables for each PLP (*m_SplitSdtIn* equals *true*); otherwise, a new SDT-actual table is created for the selected service with the aid of the parameters below.

m_SdtLoopDataLength

Length of the new SDT-loop data for the selected service. The valid range is 0, 5 ... 168.

m_SdtLoopData

Specifies the new SDT-actual loop data for the selected service. The SDT-loop data starts with the *service_id* field and includes the SDT-loop descriptors. The maximum length of the SDT-loop data is 168 bytes.

Struct DtComplexFloat

Structure describing a complex floating-point number.

```
Struct DtComplexFloat
{
    int    m_Re;           // Real part
    int    m_Im;           // Imaginary part
};
```

Members

m_Re
The real part of the complex floating-point number.

m_Im
The imaginary part of the complex floating-point number.

Struct DtPlpInpPars

Structure for specifying the input stream for a PLP. This structure is used in class **DtDvbC2Pars**, **DtDvbT2ComponentPars** and in class **DtIsdbTmmPars**, in an array of structs. The index in the array corresponds to the index of the related PLP (or TS in case of ISDB-Tmm).

```
struct DtPlpInpPars
{
    int    m_FifoIdx;                // Index of input FIFO
    InDataType  m_DataType;          // Input data type
    DtBigTsSplitPars  m_BigTsSplit; // Big-TS splitting parameters
};
```

Members

m_FifoIdx

The index of the FIFO used by the associated PLP. PLPs in the same group that have “Big-TS” splitting enabled can share the same input FIFO.

The index will be used in several methods that operate on a specific FIFO (e.g. **DtMplpOutChannel::WriteMplp()**).

The default value of *m_FifoIdx* is equal to the index in the array of **DtPlpInpPars** structs. For writing data to the *n*th PLP (which is specified at index *n* in the array of **DtPlpInpPars**) you have to use FIFO index *n*.

The valid range of *m_FifoIdx* is 0 ... 255.

m_DataType

Specifies the type of the input data.

| Value | Meaning |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------|
| GSE | Generic Stream Encapsulation (GSE) packets |
| TS188 | 188-byte TS packets |
| TS204 | 204-byte TS packets |

m_BigTsSplit

Specifies (for this PLP) the parameters for the “Big-TS” splitting operation.

Struct DtTestPointOutPars

Test-point data generation is specified by the Verification and Validation (V&V) group for DVB-C2 and DVB-T2 as a means for the verification and validation of the DVB specifications. Structure **DtTestPointOutPars** enables or disables test-point data generation, and – if enabled – specifies the associated handler.

This structure is used in class **DtDvbC2Pars** and in class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**.

```
struct DtTestPointOutPars
{
    bool    m_Enabled;                // Enable test points (yes/no)
    void*    m_pTpWriteDataOpaque;    // Opaque pointer
    DtTpWriteDataFunc* m_pTpWriteDataFunc; // Test-point data handler
};
```

Members

m_Enabled

If true, the generation of test point data is enabled. Whenever test point data is available, the callback function is called and the test point data is passed to the callback function. Note that test point data generation cannot be performed in real time.

m_pTpWriteDataOpaque

Opaque pointer that is passed to the callback function.

m_pTpWriteDataFunc

Pointer to the callback function of type **DtTpWriteDataFunc** that handles the generated test point data.

Struct DtVirtualOutData

Structure describing the type of output data generated by a virtual output.

```
struct DtVirtualOutData
{
    OutDataType m_DataType;           // Output data type
    union {
        struct {                     // 16-bit int I/Q samples
            const unsigned char** m_pBuffer; // Array of buffers
            int m_NumBuffers;           // #Buffers
            int m_NumBytes;            // #Bytes in each buffer
        } IqSamplesInt16;
        struct {                     // 32-bit float I/Q samples
            const unsigned char** m_pBuffer; // Array of buffers
            int m_NumBuffers;           // #Buffers
            int m_NumBytes;            // #Bytes in each buffer
        } IqSamplesFloat32;
        struct {                     // 188byte T2MI TS packets
            const unsigned char* m_pBuffer; // Pointer to TS packet(s)
            int m_NumBytes;              // #Bytes
            __int64 m_T2MiFrameNr;      // T2MI frame counter
        } T2MiTs188;
    } u;
};
```

Members

m_DataType

Type of output data.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IQ_INT16 | Pairs of signed 16-bit integers in I, Q order, little Endian |
| IQ_FLOAT32 | Pairs of 32-bit floats in I, Q order |
| T2MI_TS188 | T2-MI packets encapsulated into DVB/MPEG Transport Stream packets |

u.IqSamplesInt16

Structure used in case *m_DataType* equals **IQ_INT16**.

u.IqSamplesInt16.m_pBuffer

Pointer to an array of *m_NumBuffers* pointers to buffers of length *m_NumBytes*.
The buffers contain pairs of signed 16-bit integers in I, Q order, little Endian.

u.IqSamplesInt16.m_NumBuffers

The number of buffers. There is one output buffer for each output channel (e.g. 2 buffers in case of MISO).

u.IqSamplesInt16.m_NumBytes

The number of bytes in each buffer.

u.IqSamplesFloat32

Structure used in case *m_DataType* equals **IQ_Float32**.

u.IqSamplesFloat32.m_pBuffer

Pointer to an array of *m_NumBuffers* pointers to buffers of *m_NumBytes* length.
The buffers contain pairs of 32-bit floats in I, Q order.

u.IqSamplesFloat32.m_NumBuffers

The number of buffers. There is one output buffer for each output channel (e.g. 2 buffers in case of MISO).

u.IqSamplesFloat32.m_NumBytes

The number of bytes in each buffer.

u.T2MiTs188

Structure used in case *m_DataType* equals **T2MI_TS188**.

u.T2MiTs188.m_pBuffer

Pointer to a buffer with 188-byte Transport Packets encapsulating T2-MI packets.

u.T2MiTs188.m_NumBytes

The number of bytes in the buffer.

u.T2MiTs188.m_T2MiFrameNr

DVB-T2 superframe counter. The counter is incremented each time the buffer contains a packet that contributes to a new DVB-T2 superframe. This parameter enables cutting of the output data stream at DVB-T2 superframe boundaries.

Struct DtVirtualOutPars

Structure for specifying the output data type in case the output data is generated for a virtual output.

```
struct DtVirtualOutPars
{
    bool    m_Enabled;                // Parameters enabled
    DtVirtualOutData::OutDataType m_DataType; // Output data type
    double  m_Gain;                   // RMS of the I/Q samples
};
```

Members

m_Enabled

If true, the parameters in **DtVirtualOutPars** overrule the default values; otherwise, default output data type and gain will be used.

m_DataType

Specifies the type of output data for the virtual output.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IQ_INT16 | Pairs of signed 16-bit integers in I, Q order, little Endian |
| IQ_FLOAT32 | Pairs of 32-bit floats in I, Q order |
| T2MI_TS188 | T2-MI packets encapsulated into DVB/MPEG Transport Stream packets |

m_Gain

If the output data type is either **IQ_INT16** or **IQ_FLOAT32**, this field specifies the Root Mean Square (RMS) of the complex samples. This value should be set as large as possible to have the largest SNR, but small enough to avoid saturation. When a DekTec card is used for play-out of the I/Q samples, the value 5000 is an appropriate value.

DVB-C2 Data Structures

Struct DtDvbC2DSlicePars

Structure describing DVB-C2 parameters for one data slice. This structure is used in class `DtDvbC2Pars`, in an array of `DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_DSLICE_MAX` structs for the data slices.

```
struct DtDvbC2DSlicePars
{
    int    m_Id;                // Data slice ID
    int    m_TunePosition;      // Tune position
    int    m_OffsetLeft;        // Data slice left offset (start position)
    int    m_OffsetRight;       // Data slice right offset (end position)
    int    m_TiDepth;           // Time interleaving depth
    int    m_Type;              // Data slice type
    int    m_FecHdrType;        // FEC header type
    bool   m_ConstConfig;       // Constant data slice configuration (yes/no)
    bool   m_LeftNotch;         // Left notch present (yes/no)
    std::vector<DtDvbC2PlpPar> m_Plps; // PLPs
};
```

Members

m_Id

Unique identification of the data slice within a C2-System. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

m_TunePosition

Tune position of the associated data slice relative to the start frequency of the C2-System, in multiples of pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is 0 ... 8191 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is 0 ... 16383 if the guard interval is 1/64.

m_OffsetLeft

Start position of the associated data slice by means of the distance to the left from the tuning position, in multiples of the pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is -128 ... 127 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is -256 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/64.

m_OffsetRight

End position of the associated data slice by means of the distance to the right from the tuning position, in multiples of the pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is -128 ... 127 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is -256 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/64.

If *m_OffsetLeft* equals *m_OffsetRight*, the data slice is empty and no input streams are created for the PLPs of the data slice.

m_TiDepth

Time interleaving depth within the associated data slice.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_TIDEPH_NONE | No time interleaving |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_TIDEPH_4 | 4 OFDM symbols |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_TIDEPH_8 | 8 OFDM symbols |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_TIDEPH_16 | 16 OFDM symbols |

m_Type

Data slice type.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_DSLICE_TYPE_1 | Data slice type 1 |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_DSLICE_TYPE_2 | Data slice type 2 |

m_FecHdrType

FEC frame header type.

| Value | Meaning |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_FECHDR_TYPE_ROBUST | Robust mode |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_FECHDR_TYPE_HEM | High efficiency mode |

m_ConstConfig

If true, indicates that the configuration of the associated data slice shall not change; otherwise, the configuration is assumed to be variable.

m_LeftNotch

If true, indicates the presence of a left neighboured notch band.

m_Plps

A vector specifying the DVB-C2 modulation parameters for the physical layer pipes.

Struct DtDvbC2L1UpdateDSlicePars

Structure describing DVB-C2 parameter updates for one data slice. This structure is used in class `DtDvbC2L1UpdatePars`.

```
struct DtDvbC2L1UpdateDSlicePars
{
    bool    m_Enable;           // Enable the data slice (yes/no)
    int     m_OffsetLeft;       // Updated data slice left offset
    int     m_OffsetRight;      // Updated data slice right offset
    std::vector<DtDvbC2L1UpdatePlpPar> m_Plps; // L1 PLP updates
};
```

Members

m_Enable

If true, the data slice is enabled, otherwise it is disabled and the remaining parameters are not used. Only enabled data slices will occur in the L1 signalling.

Note that only “empty” data slices can be disabled. An empty data slice is either a data slice where `m_OffsetLeft == m_OffsetRight` in the global configuration, or a data slice where all PLPs have `m_NoData == true`.

m_OffsetLeft

Updated start position of the associated data slice by means of the distance to the left from the tuning position, in multiples of the pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is -128 ... 127 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is -256 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/64.

m_OffsetRight

Updated end position of the associated data slice by means of the distance to the right from the tuning position, in multiples of the pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is -128 ... 127 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is -256 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/64.

If the data slice is not empty then for type 1 data slices no change is accepted and for type 2 must hold that `m_OffsetLeft < m_OffsetRight`. It is up to the user to ensure that there is sufficient bandwidth and no bitrate overflow.

m_Plps

A vector specifying the DVB-C2 parameters updates for the physical layer pipes. Note that the number of physical layer pipes and the order of physical layer pipes must be the same as in the global configuration.

Struct DtDvbC2L1UpdatePlpPars

Structure describing DVB-C2 parameter updates for one physical layer pipe. This structure is used in class `DtDvbC2L1UpdateDSlicePars`.

```
struct DtDvbC2L1UpdatePlpPars
{
    bool    m_Enable;           // Enable the PLP (yes/no)
};
```

Members

m_Enable

If true, the physical layer pipe is enabled, otherwise it is disabled. Only enabled physical layer pipes will occur in the L1 signalling.

Note that only physical layer pipes where *m_NoData==true* can be disabled.

Struct DtDvbC2L1UpdatePars

Structure describing the updated DVB-C2 L1 signalling part2 parameters. This structure is used in class **DtDvbC2Pars**.

```
struct DtDvbC2L1UpdatePars
{
    int    m_NumFrames;           // Number of C2 frames the update is used
    // L1 data slice updates
    std::vector<DtDvbC2L1UpdateDSlicePars> m_DSlices;
};
```

Members

m_NumFrames

Number of C2 frames the updated data slice parameters are used.

m_DSlices

A vector specifying for each data slice the updated data slice parameters.

Note that the number of data slices and the order of data slices must be the same as in **DtDvbC2Pars**.

Struct DtDvbC2ModStatus

Structure containing the status of the DVB-C2 modulator. This structure is an output parameter of `DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus`.

```
struct DtDvbC2ModStatus
{
    int    m_MplpModFlags;           // Multi-PLP-modulator flags
    __int64 m_DjbOverflows;         // Number of DJB overflows
    __int64 m_DjbUnderflows;        // Number of DJB underflows
};
```

Members

m_MplpModFlags

Multi-PLP-modulator flags. If the modulator stalls *m_MplpModFlags* is set to a nonzero value.

m_DjbOverflows

Total number De-Jitter Buffer overflows.

If such overflow occurs, the *DtDvbC2PlpPars::m_IssyOutputDelay* parameter must be decreased or *DtDvbC2PlpPars::m_IssyBufs* must be increased.

m_DjbUnderflows

Total number De-Jitter Buffer underflows.

If such underflow occurs, the *DtDvbC2PlpPars::m_IssyOutputDelay* parameter must be increased.

Struct DtDvbC2NotchPars

Structure specifying a DVB-C2 notch band. This structure is used in class **DtDvbC2Pars**, in an array of **DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_NOTCH_MAX** structs.

```
struct DtDvbC2NotchPars
{
    int    m_Start;           // Notch start
    int    m_Width;          // Notch width
};
```

Members

m_Start

Start position of the notch band relative to the start frequency of the C2-System. The start position is indicated in multiples of pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is 0 ... 8191 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is 0 ... 16383 if the guard interval is 1/64.

m_Width

Width of the notch band indicated in multiples of pilot carrier spacing.

The valid range is 0 ... 255 if the guard interval is 1/128.

The valid range is 0 ... 511 if the guard interval is 1/64.

Struct DtDvbC2PaprrPars

Structure for specifying PAPR reduction parameters. This structure is used in class **DtDvbC2Pars**.

```
struct DtDvbC2PaprrPars
{
    bool    m_TrEnabled;           // PAPR TR enabled
    double  m_TrVclip;            // Clipping threshold
    int     m_TrMaxIter;          // Maximum number of iterations
};
```

Members

m_TrEnabled

If true, PAPR TR is active, otherwise PAPR TR is not active.

m_TrVclip

PAPR TR clipping threshold. The valid range is 1 ... 4.32 (Volt).

m_TrMaxIter

Maximum number of iterations. Must be greater than or equal to 1.

Note: PAPR TR processing time is proportional to this parameter.

Struct DtDvbC2ParamInfo

Structure containing the DVB-C2 “derived” parameters: the value of the members follows from the basic DVB-C2 modulation parameters.

This structure is an output parameter of `DtDvbC2Pars::GetParamInfo`.

```
struct DtDvbC2ParamInfo
{
    int m_L1Part2Length;        // Number of bits of the L1 part2 data
    int m_NumL1Symbols;        // Total number of symbols per frame
    int m_NumSymbols;          // Number of L1 symbols
    int m_PilotSpacing;        // Distance between pilots
    int m_FftSize;             // FFT size
    int m_MinCarrierOffset;    // Lowest used carrier offset
    int m_CenterFrequency;     // Center frequency
};
```

Members

`m_L1Part2Length`

Number of bits of the L1 part 2 data (including CRC).

`m_NumL1Symbols`

Number of L1 symbols (L_P).

`m_NumSymbols`

Total number of symbols per frame ($L_P + L_{data}$).

`m_PilotSpacing`

The number of carriers between pilots (D_X).

`m_FftSize`

FFT size.

`m_MinCarrierOffset`

The lowest used carrier offset.

`m_CenterFrequency`

Center frequency, expressed as the distance from 0 Hz in multiples of the carrier spacing.

Struct DtDvbC2PlpPars

Structure specifying the DVB-C2 modulation parameters for one physical layer pipe. This structure is used in class `DtDvbC2DSlicePars`.

```
struct DtDvbC2PlpPars
{
    bool    m_Hem;                // High Efficiency Mode (yes/no)
    bool    m_Npd;                // Null Packet Deletion (yes/no)
    int     m_Issy;                // ISSY mode
    int     m_IssyBufs;           // ISSY BUFS
    int     m_IssyOutputDelay;    // ISSY output delay in T units
    int     m_TsRate;             // Transport stream rate
    int     m_Ccm;                // ACM/CCM bit in the BBFrame header 0 or 1
    int     m_Id;                 // PLP ID
    int     m_Type;               // PLP type
    bool    m_Bundled;            // PLP bundled (yes/no)
    int     m_GroupId;            // PLP group ID
    int     m_FecType;            // FEC type
    int     m_CodeRate;           // Code rate
    int     m_Modulation;         // Modulation type
    int     m_HdrCntr;            // Header counter
    std::vector<DtDvbC2XFecFrameHeader> m_AcmHeaders; // ACM headers
    bool    m_PsiSiReproc;        // PSI/SI reprocessing is performed (yes/no)
    int     m_TsId;               // Transport stream ID
    int     m_OnwId;              // Original network ID
    bool    m_NoData;             // No input data is provided for this PLP
};
```

Members

m_Hem

If true, the PLP uses High Efficiency Mode (HEM), otherwise Normal Mode (NM) is used.

m_Npd

If true, null-packet deletion is active, otherwise it is not active.

m_Issy

ISSY mode, according to the table below.

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_ISSY_NONE | No ISSY field is used |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_ISSY_SHORT | 2 byte ISSY field is used |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_ISSY_LONG | 3 byte ISSY field is used |

m_IssyBufs

ISSY 'BUFS' value. The valid range is 0 ... 2097151

m_IssyOutputDelay

Delay (in T units) between the incoming data and the output data in the receiver model. This value determines the minimum and maximum dejitter buffer usage and is used to compute the ISSY 'BUFSTAT' field.

m_TsRate

Transport-Stream rate in bps. If *m_TsRate* is set to '0', no ISSY is used and null-packet deletion is not active then the transport stream rate is computed from the PLP parameters.

m_Ccm

ACM/CCM-field (Adaptive Coding and Modulation or Constant Coding and Modulation) in the BBFrame header 0 or 1.

m_Id

Unique identification of the PLP within a C2-System. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

m_Bundled

If true, the associated PLP is bundled with other PLP(s) within the current C2 System. All the bundled PLPs have the same PLP ID. An input stream is created only for the first PLP of the bundle.

m_Type

PLP type.

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_PLP_TYPE_COMMON | Common PLP |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_PLP_TYPE_GROUPED | Grouped data PLP |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_PLP_TYPE_NORMAL | Normal data PLP |

m_GroupId

Identifies the PLP group with which the PLP is associated. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

m_FecType

FEC type used by the PLP.

| Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|----------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_LDPC_16K | 16K LDPC |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_LDPC_64K | 64K LDPC |

m_CodeRate

Convolutional coding rate used by the PLP.

| Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_2_3 | 2/3 |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_3_4 | 3/4 |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_4_5 | 4/5 |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_5_6 | 5/6 |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_8_9 | 8/9 (for 16K FEC) |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_COD_9_10 | 9/10 (for 64K FEC) |

m_Modulation

Modulation used by the PLP.

| Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|-----------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM16 | 16-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM64 | 64-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM256 | 256-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM1024 | 1024-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM4096 | 4096-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM16384 | 16384-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_QAM65536 | 65536-QAM |

m_HdrCtr

Header counter field, number of FECFrames following the FECFrame header: 0=1 FECFrame; 1=2 FECFrames.

m_AcmHeaders

A vector that holds the XFEC Frame modulation parameters for Adaptive Coding and Modulation (ACM) testing. If the number of ACM headers is greater than zero, then the successive XFEC frames of this PLP use the modulation and coding parameters from the *m_AcmHeaders* vector. After the last value is used, it loops again to the start of the vector. In this case the *m_FecType*, *m_Modulation*, *m_CodeRate* and *m_HdrCntr* parameters from the **DtDvbc2PlpPars** structure are ignored.

m_PsiSiReproc

If true, indicates that PSI/SI has been reprocessed.

m_TsId, *m_OnwId*

If *m_PsiSiReproc* is set to 'false', these members specify the Transport Stream ID and Original Network ID of the TS in the PLP. A receiver will use these fields if it can't rely on the PSI/SI.

m_NoData

If true, no input data is provided for this PLP. It is implicitly true for all PLPs in a data slice where *m_OffsetLeft* == *m_OffsetRight*.

Struct DtDvbC2XFecFrameHeader

Structure describing the coding and modulation parameters for a series of XFEC frames for Adaptive Coding and Modulation (ACM) tests. This structure is used in class **DtDvbC2PlpPars**.

```
struct DtDvbC2XFecFrameHeader
{
    int  m_FecType;           // PLP FEC type
    int  m_Modulation;        // PLP modulation
    int  m_CodeRate;          // PLP code rate
    int  m_HdrCntr;           // Header counter
    int  m_XFecFrameCount;    // Number XFEC frames using these parameters
};
```

Members

m_FecType

PLP FEC type. See **DtDvbC2PlpPars** for a list of applicable values.

m_Modulation

PLP modulation. See **DtDvbC2PlpPars** for a list of applicable values.

m_CodeRate

PLP code rate. See **DtDvbC2PlpPars** for a list of applicable values.

m_HdrCntr

PLP header counter. See **DtDvbC2PlpPars** for a list of applicable values.

m_XFecFrameCount

Number of XFEC frames using the parameters. The valid range is 1 ... 256.

DVB-T2 Data Structures

Struct DtDvbT2AuxPars

Structure for specifying AUX stream parameters, which can be inserted for test purposes. This structure is used in class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**.

```
struct DtDvbT2AuxPars
{
    int    m_NumDummyStreams;    // Number of dummy AUX streams
};
```

Members

m_NumDummyStreams

Number of dummy AUX streams added for test purposes.

If TX signature through AUX streams is enabled, the valid range is 0 ...14; otherwise, the valid range is 0 ...15.

Struct DtDvbT2MiPars

Structure for enabling T2-MI generation, and for specifying its parameters. This structure is used in class **DtDvbT2Pars**.

```
Struct DtDvbT2MiPars
{
    bool    m_Enabled;           // Enable T2-MI output
    int     m_Pid;               // (First) T2-MI data PID
    int     m_StreamId;          // Stream-id for the (first) T2-MI stream
    int     m_Pid2;              // Second T2-MI data PID
    int     m_StreamId2;         // Stream-id for the second T2-MI stream
    int     m_PcrPid;            // T2-MI PCR PID
    int     m_PmtPid;            // T2-MI PMT PID
    int     m_TsRate;            // T2-MI Transport-Stream rate
    int     m_TimeStamping;      // T2-MI timestamping
    __int64 m_SecSince2000;      // First T2-MI output timestamp value
    int     m_Subseconds;        // Number of subseconds
    int     m_T2miUtco;         // Offset in seconds between UTC and Y2000
    bool    m_EncodeFef;        // Encode FEF (yes/no)
};
```

Members

m_Enabled

If true, T2-MI generation is enabled. An MPEG-2 Transport Stream is generated containing Transport Packets that encapsulate the T2-MI packets.

m_Pid

PID carrying the T2-MI packet data. The valid range is 0 ... 8190.

m_StreamId

Stream-id for the generated T2-MI stream. The valid range is 0 ... 7.

m_Pid2

A second PID carrying the T2-MI packet data, used in case of multi-profile stream generation. The valid range is 0 ... 8190.

m_StreamId2

Stream-id for the second generated T2-MI stream, used in case of multi-profile stream generation. The valid range is 0 ... 7.

m_PcrPid

PID carrying PCR values. If *m_PcrPid* equals -1, no PCRs are inserted in the Transport Stream; otherwise a PCR is inserted on the indicated PID once per 40ms. The valid range is -1 ... 8190.

m_PmtPid

PID carrying the PMT-table. If *m_PmtPid* equals -1, no PAT and no PMT-table are inserted in the Transport Stream; otherwise, PAT and PMT are inserted on PID 0 once per 100ms. The valid range is -1 ... 8190.

m_TsRate

T2-MI Transport-Stream rate in bits per second.

m_TimeStamping

Type of DVB-T2 timestamps to insert.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_NULL | Null timestamp |
| DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_REL | Relative timestamps. Use <i>m_Subseconds</i> . |
| DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_ABS | Absolute timestamps. Use <i>m_SecSince2000</i> , <i>m_Subseconds</i> and <i>m_T2MiUtco</i> . |

m_SecSince2000

Number of seconds since 2000-01-01 00:00:00 UTC. This value is inserted in the first DVB-T2 timestamp that is generated. Subsequent timestamps are computed.

This field is used if *m_TimeStamping* equals **DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_ABS**.

m_Subseconds

Number of subsecond units (T_{sub}) elapsed since the time expressed in the seconds field. This value is inserted in the first generated DVB-T2 timestamp. Subsequent timestamps are computed.

This field is used if *m_TimeStamping* is either **DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_REL** or **DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_ABS**.

The T2 system bandwidth defines the units of the subseconds as shown in the table below.

| Bandwidth | Subseconds units, T_{sub} |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1.7 MHz | 1/131 μs |
| 5 MHz | 1/40 μs |
| 6 MHz | 1/48 μs |
| 7 MHz | 1/56 μs |
| 8 MHz | 1/64 μs |
| 10 MHz | 1/80 μs |

m_T2MiUtco

Offset in seconds between UTC and *m_SecSince2000*. As of February 2009 the value shall be 2 and shall change as a result of each new leap second. This field is used if *m_TimeStamping* equals **DTAPI_DVBT2MI_TIMESTAMP_ABS**.

m_EncodeFef

If true, generates a FEF part composite packet with the required subpart. Otherwise, only generates a FEF part NULL packet when FEF is enabled.

Struct DtDvbT2ModStatus

Structure containing the status of the DVB-T2 modulator. This structure is an output parameter of `DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus`.

```
struct DtDvbT2ModStatus
{
    int m_MplpModFlags;           // Multi-PLP-modulator flags
    __int64 m_PlpNetBlocksOverflows; // Number of PLP block overflows
    __int64 m_BitrateOverflows;    // Number of bitrate overflows
    __int64 m_TtoErrorCount;        // Number of invalid TTOs
    // T2MI specific
    __int64 m_T2MiOutputRateOverflows; // Number of T2MI rate overflows
    int m_T2MiOutputRate;             // Current effective T2MI rate
};
```

Members

m_MplpModFlags

Multi-PLP-modulator flags. If the modulator stalls *m_MplpModFlags* is set to a nonzero value.

m_PlpNetBlocksOverflows

Total number of FEC frames for which the requested number of PLP blocks is greater than *DtDvbT2PlpPars::m_NumBlocks*. An overflow results in an invalid stream.

m_BitrateOverflows

Total number FEC frames for which too many bits were allocated. An overflow results in an invalid stream.

m_TtoErrorCount

Number of times the generated TTO value was invalid. Typically this occurs if *DtDvbT2PlpPars::m_IssyTDesign* is too small.

m_T2MiOutputRateOverflows

Number of T2-MI bitrate overflows. The *DtDvbT2MiPars::m_TsRate* must be increased for reliable operation.

m_T2MiOutputRate

Current T2-MI rate excluding null packets in bps.

Struct DtDvbT2PaprPars

Structure for specifying the PAPR reduction parameters. This structure is used in class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**.

```
struct DtDvbT2PaprPars
{
    bool    m_AceEnabled;           // PAPR ACE enabled
    double  m_AceVclip;            // ACE clipping threshold
    double  m_AceGain;             // ACE gain
    double  m_AceLimit;            // ACE limit
    int     m_AceInterpFactor;     // ACE interpolation factor
    int     m_AcePlpIndex;         // PLP used for PAPR ACE
    bool    m_TrEnabled;           // PAPR TR enabled
    bool    m_TrP2Only;            // PAPR TR is only applied on the P2 symbol
    double  m_TrVclip;            // TR clipping threshold
    int     m_TrMaxIter;           // TR maximum number of iterations
    int     m_L1ExtLength;         // L1 extension field length
    bool    m_L1AceEnabled;        // L1 ACE enabled
    double  m_L1AceCMax;           // L1 ACE max constellation extension value
    bool    m_L1Scrambling;        // L1 Post Scrambling (for V1.3.1 only)
    // Parameters only applicable for DVB-T2 V1.2.1
    int     m_NumBiasBalCells;     // Number cells added to reduce P2 PAPR
    int     m_BiasBalancing;       // L1 bias compensation
};
```

Members

m_AceEnabled

If true, PAPR ACE is active, otherwise PAPR ACE is not active.

m_AceVclip

PAPR ACE clipping threshold. The valid range is 1 ... 4.32 (Volt).

m_AceGain

PAPR ACE gain. The valid range is 0 ... 31 (steps of 1).

m_AceLimit

PAPR ACE limit. The valid range is 0.7 ... 1.4 (steps of 0.1).

m_AceInterpFactor

PAPR ACE interpolation factor. The valid range is 1 ... 4.

Note: PAPR ACE processing time is proportional to this parameter.

m_AcePlpIndex

PLP used for the PAPR ACE.

m_TrEnabled

If true, PAPR TR is active, otherwise PAPR TR is not active.

m_TrP2Only

If true, PAPR TR is only applied on the P2 symbol, otherwise PAPR TR is applied on all symbols.

m_TrVclip

PAPR TR clipping threshold. The valid range is 1 ... 4.32 (Volt).

m_TrMaxIter

Maximum number of iterations. Must be greater than or equal to 1.

Note: PAPR TR processing time is proportional to this parameter.

m_L1ExtLength

L1 extension field length. The valid rang is 0 ... 65535.

m_L1AceEnabled

If true, L1 ACE is active, otherwise L1 ACE is not active. Only applicable when DVB-T2 V1.3.1 is selected.

m_L1AceCMax

Maximum value added to extend the QAM constellation values of L1.

m_L1Scrambling

If true, L1-Post scrambling is active.

m_NumBiasBalCells

Number of dummy cells added to reduce the P2 PAPR.

The valid range is 0 ... *DtDvbT2ParamInfo::m_BiasBalCellsMax*.

m_BiasBalancing

L1 bias balancing.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_BIAS_BAL_OFF | No L1 bias compensation |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_BIAS_BAL_ON | Modify the L1 reserved fields and L1 extension field padding to compensate the L1 bias |

Struct DtDvbT2ParamInfo

Structure containing the DVB-T2 “derived” parameters: the value of the members follows from the basic DVB-T2 modulation parameters.

This structure is an output parameter of `DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo` and `DtDvbT2Pars::OptimisePlpNumBlocks`.

```
struct DtDvbT2ParamInfo{
    int  m_TotalCellsPerFrame;    // Total number of cells per frame
    int  m_L1CellsPerFrame;      // #L1 cells per frame
    int  m_AuxCellsPerFrame;      // #Aux stream cells per frame
    int  m_BiasBalCellsPerFrame;  // #Bias balancing cells per frame
    int  m_BiasBalCellsMax;       // Max #bias balancing cells
    int  m_DummyCellsPerFrame;    // #Dummy cells per frame
    int  m_SamplesPerFrame;       // #Samples per frame
};
```

Members

m_TotalCellsPerFrame

Total number of cells per frame.

m_L1CellsPerFrame

Total number of cells per frame used for L1 signalling.

m_AuxCellsPerFrame

Total number of auxiliary stream cells per frame.

m_BiasBalCellsPerFrame

Total number of L1 bias balancing cells per frame.

m_BiasBalCellsMax

Maximum number of L1 bias balancing cells per P2.

m_DummyCellsPerFrame

Total number of cells lost per frame; dummy cells overhead = $m_DummyCellsPerFrame / m_TotalCellsPerFrame$. It is only computed for the first frame.

m_SamplesPerFrame

Total number of samples per frame.

Struct DtDvbT2PlpPars

Structure specifying the DVB-T2 modulation parameters for one PLP (Physical Layer Pipe). This structure is used in class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**, in an array of **DTAPI_DVBT2_NUM_PLP_MAX** structs for the physical layer pipes.

```
struct DtDvbT2PlpPars
{
    // Mode adaptation layer: TS input
    bool m_Hem;                // High Efficiency Mode (yes/no)
    bool m_Npd;                // Null Packet Deletion (yes/no)
    int m_Issy;                // ISSY mode
    int m_IssyBufs;            // ISSY BUFS
    int m_IssyTDesign;         // ISSY T_design value
    int m_CompensatingDelay;    // Additional delay in samples
    int m_TsRate;              // Transport Stream rate

    // Mode adaptation layer: GSE input
    int m_GseLabelType;        // GSE-label type

    // L1 parameters
    int m_Id;                  // PLP ID
    int m_GroupId;             // PLP group ID
    int m_Type;                // PLP type
    int m_PayloadType;         // PLP payload type
    int m_CodeRate;            // Code rate
    int m_Modulation;          // Modulation type
    bool m_Rotation;           // Constellation rotation (yes/no)
    int m_FecType;             // FEC type
    int m_FrameInterval;       // T2-frame interval
    int m_FirstFrameIdx;       // First frame index
    int m_TimeIlLength;        // Time interleaving length
    int m_TimeIlType;          // Timer interleaving type
    bool m_InBandAFlag;        // In-band A signalling information (yes/no)
    bool m_InBandBFlag;        // In-band B signalling information (yes/no)
    bool m_NumBlocks;          // Maximum number of FEC blocks per IL frame
    int m_NumOtherPlpInBand;    // Number of other PLPs in the in-band sign
    int m_OtherPlpInBand[DTAPI_DVBT2_NUM_PLP_MAX-1];
                                // Array of IDs of the other in band PLPs

    // Parameters below are only meaningful for type 1 PLPs in TFS system.
    bool m_FfFlag;             // FF flag
    int m_FirstRfIdx;          // First TFS RF channel where PLP occurs
};
```

Members

m_Hem

If true, the PLP uses High Efficiency Mode (HEM); otherwise, Normal Mode (NM) is used.

m_Npd

If true, null-packet deletion is active.

m_Issy

ISSY mode.

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_ISSY_NONE | No ISSY field is used |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_ISSY_SHORT | 2-byte ISSY field is used |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_ISSY_LONG | 3-byte ISSY field is used |

m_IssyBufs

ISSY 'BUFS' value. The valid range is 0 ... 2097151

m_IssyTDesign

T_design value for TTO generation. Set to '0' to have the modulator choose the value. T_design is defined as the delay (in samples) between the start of the first T2 frame in which the PLP is mapped and the first output bit of the Transport Stream.

m_CompensatingDelay

Additional delay (in samples) before the TS data is sent. Set to '-1' to have the modulator choose the value.

m_TsRate

Transport stream rate in bps. If *m_TsRate* is set to '0' and no null-packet deletion is active then the transport stream rate is computed from the PLP parameters.

m_GseLabelType

GSE-label type.

| Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GSE_LABEL_3BYTE | 3-byte GSE label |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GSE_LABEL_6BYTE | 6-byte GSE label |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GSE_LABEL_NONE | No GSE label |

m_Id

Unique identification of the PLP within a T2 system. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

m_GroupId

Identifies the PLP group with which the PLP is associated. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

m_Type

PLP type.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PLP_TYPE_COMM | Common PLP |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PLP_TYPE_1 | Data PLP type1 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PLP_TYPE_2 | Data PLP type2 |

m_PayloadType

PLP payload type.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PAYLOAD_GSE | Generic Stream Encapsulation |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PAYLOAD_TS | Transport Stream |

m_CodeRate

Convolutional coding rate used by the PLP.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_1_2 | 1/2 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_3_5 | 3/5 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_2_3 | 2/3 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_3_4 | 3/4 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_4_5 | 4/5 (not for T2-Lite) |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_5_6 | 5/6 (not for T2-Lite) |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_1_3 | 1/3 (only for T2-Lite) |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_COD_2_5 | 2/5 (only for T2-Lite) |

m_Modulation

Modulation used by the PLP.

| Value | Meaning |
|--------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_BPSK | BPSK |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_QPSK | QPSK |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM16 | 16-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM64 | 64-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM256 | 256-QAM |

m_Rotation

If true, constellation rotation is used.

m_FecType

FEC type used by the PLP.

| Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|----------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_LDPC_16K | 16K LDPC |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_LDPC_64K | 64K LDPC |

m_FrameInterval

The T2-frame interval within the super-frame for this PLP. The valid range is 1 ... 255.

m_FirstFrameIdx

The index of the first frame of the super-frame in which this PLP occurs. The valid range is 0 ... $m_FrameInterval-1$.

m_TimeIlLength

Time interleaving length. The valid range is 0 ... 255.

If *m_TimeIlType* is set to '0' (**DTAPI_DVBT2_IL_ONETOONE**), this parameter specifies the number of TI-blocks per interleaving frame.

If *m_TimeIlType* is set to '1' (**DTAPI_DVBT2_IL_MULTI**), this parameter specifies the number of T2 frames to which each interleaving frame is mapped.

m_TimeIlType

Type of interleaving used by the PLP.

| Value | Meaning |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_IL_ONETOONE | One interleaving frame corresponds to one T2 frame |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_IL_MULTI | One interleaving frame is carried in multiple T2 frames |

m_InBandAFlag

If true, the in-band A flag is set and in-band A signalling information is inserted in this PLP.

m_InBandBFlag

If true, the in-band B flag is set and in-band B signalling information is inserted in this PLP.

m_NumBlocks

The maximum number of FEC blocks contained in one interleaving frame for this PLP. The valid range is 0 ... 2047.

m_NumOtherPlpInBand

Specifies the number of other PLPs in the in-band signalling. The valid range is 0 ... **DTAPI_DVBT2_NUM_PLP_MAX-1**.

m_OtherPlpInBand

Array specifying the IDs of the other PLPs in the in-band signalling.

m_FfFlag

If true, the PLP occurs on the same RF channel in each T2-frame; otherwise, inter-frame TFS is applied. This parameter is only meaningful for a type 1 PLP in a TFS system.

m_FirstRfIdx

The RF channel where this PLP occurs on in the first frame of a super-frame in a TFS system. If, *m_FfFlag* is set to 'true' the field indicates the RF channel the PLP occurs on in every T2-frame. This parameter is only meaningful for a type 1 PLP in TFS system.

Struct DtDvbT2RbmEvent

Structure containing the Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) event data. If RBM-validation is enabled then on an RBM-event the **DtDvbT2RbmEvent** parameters are sampled and passed to the RBM-event handler.

```
struct DtDvbT2RbmEvent
{
    int    m_DataPlpId;                // Data PLP ID
    int    m_DataPlpIndex;             // Data PLP index
    double m_Time;                     // Time in T units
    int    m_IsCommonPlp;              // Common PLP
    DtDvbT2RbmEvent m_EventType;      // RBM event type
    union {
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT PLOT parameters
            int    m_TdiWriteIndex;    // TDI write index
            int    m_TdiReadIndex;     // TDI read index
            int    m_TdiReadAvailable; // Available cells in TDI buffer
            int    m_DjbSize;          // Dejitter buffer size in bits
        } Plot;
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT_BUFS_TOO_SMALL parameters
            int    m_Bufs;             // BUFS value
        } BufsTooSmall;
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT_TTO_IN_THE_PAST parameters
            int    m_Tto;              // TTO value
        } TtoInThePast;
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT_DJB_OVERFLOW parameters
            int    m_DjbSize;          // Dejitter buffer size in bits
            int    m_DjbMaxSize;
        } Djboverflow;
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT_CRC8_ERROR_HEADER parameters
            int    m_Val;              // CRC8 value
        } Crc8ErrorHeader;
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT_DFL_TOO_LARGE parameters
            int    m_SyncD;            // SYNCED
            int    m_Dfl;              // DFL
        } SyncDTooLarge;
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT_INVALID_SYNCED parameters
            int    m_SyncD;            // SYNCED
            int    m_Left;             // #bytes left
        } InvalidSyncD;
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT_TDI_OVERFLOW parameters
            int    m_TdiWriteIndex;    // TDI write index
            int    m_TdiReadIndex;     // TDI read index
        } TdiOverflow;
        struct {
            // DTAPI DVBT2 RBM EVENT_INVALID_PLP_START parameters
            int    m_PlpId1;           // IDs of overlapping PLPs
        }
    }
};
```

```

    int m_PlpId2;
} InvalidPlpStart;
struct {
    // DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_ISCR_ERROR parameters
    int m_Delta; // Delta time in T units
} IscrError;
struct {
    // DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_BUFS_NOT_CONSTANT parameters
    int m_CufBufs; // Current and new BUFS values
    int m_NewBufs;
} BufsNotConstant;
struct {
    // DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_PLP_NUM_BLOCKS_TOO_SMALL parameters
    int m_PlpNumBlocks; // Number of blocks
} PlpNumBlocksTooSmall;
} u;
};

```

Members

m_DataPlpId

Data PLP ID identifying the stream.

m_DataPlpIndex

Data PLP index.

m_Time

Time in T units.

m_IsCommonPlp

Indicates whether the event refers to a common PLP.

Possible values:

-1 : Event doesn't refer to a specific PLP

0 : Data PLP

1 : Common PLP

m_EventType

Type of Receiver Buffer Model event

| Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_PLOT | Plot event |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_DJB_UNDERFLOW | De-jitter buffer underflow |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_BUFS_TOO_SMALL | BUFS gives too small dejitter buffer |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TTO_IN_THE_PAST | TTO gives time in the past |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_DJB_OVERFLOW | De-jitter buffer overflow |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_CRC8_ERROR_HEADER | CRC8 error in BBFrame |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_DFL_TOO_LARGE | DFL too large in BBFrame |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_SYNCDC_TOO_LARGE | SYNCD too large in BBFrame |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_INVALID_UPL | Invalid UPL in BBFrame |

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_INVALID_SYNC</code> | Invalid SYNC in BBFrame |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TDI_OVERFLOW</code> | TDI overflow |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TOO_MANY_TI_BLOCKS</code> | Too many TI blocks queued |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_INVALID_PLP_START</code> | PLP-start values gives overlap |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_FDI_OVERFLOW</code> | Frequency/L1 de-interleaver overflow |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_NO_TS_RATE</code> | Not enough ISCR data to estimate TS rate |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_ISCR_ERROR</code> | ISCR error |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_BUFS_NOT_CONSTANT</code> | BUFS not constant |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_ISSYI_NOT_CONSTANT</code> | ISSYI not constant |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_HEM_NOT_CONSTANT</code> | HEM not constant |
| <code>DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_PLP_NUM_BLOCKS_TOO_SMALL</code> | PLP numblocks for this interleaving frame is too small |

u.Plot

Structure used for event type `DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_PLOT`.

u.Plot.m_TdiWriteIndex

Write index in time de-interleaver buffer.

u.Plot.m_TdiReadIndex

Read index in time de-interleaver buffer.

u.Plot.m_TdiReadAvailable

Number of available cells in the time de-interleaver read buffer.

u.Plot.m_DjbSize

De-jitter buffer size in number of bits.

u.BufsTooSmall

Structure used for event type `DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_BUFS_TOO_SMALL`.

u.BufsTooSmall.m_Bufs

BUFS value.

u.TtoInThePast

Structure used for event type `DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TTO_IN_THE_PAST`.

u.TtoInThePast.m_Tto

TTO value from the ISSY-field

u.DjbOverflow

Structure used for event type `DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_DJB_OVERFLOW`.

u.DjbOverflow.m_DjbSize

De-jitter buffer size in bits.

u.DjbOverflow.m_DjbMaxSize

Maximum de-jitter buffer size in bits.

u.Crc8ErrorHeader

Structure used for event type `DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_CRC8_ERROR_HEADER`.

u.Crc8ErrorHeader.m_Val
CRC-8 value from the baseband header.

u.SyncDTooLarge
Structure used for event type **DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_DFL_TOO_LARGE**.

u.SyncDTooLarge.m_SyncD
SYNCD value from the baseband header.

u.SyncDTooLarge.m_Dfl
DFL value from the baseband header.

u.InvalidSyncD
Structure used for event type **DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_INVALID_SYNCD**.

u.InvalidSyncD.m_SyncD
SYNCD value from the baseband header.

u.InvalidSyncD.m_Left
Number of bits remaining from the last baseband frame.

u.TdiOverflow
Structure used for event type **DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TDI_OVERFLOW**.

u.TdiOverflow.m_TdiWriteIndex
Write index in time de-interleaver buffer.

u.TdiOverflow.m_TdiReadIndex
Read index in time de-interleaver buffer.

u.InvalidPlpStart
Structure used for event type **DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TDI_OVERFLOW**.

u.InvalidPlpStart.m_Plp1, u.InvalidPlpStart.m_Plp2
IDs of the overlapping PLPs.

u.IscrError
Structure used for event type **DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_ISCR_ERROR**.

u.IscrError.m_Delta
Delta time in T-units.

u.BufsNotConstant
Structure used for event type **DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_TDI_OVERFLOW**.

u.BufsNotConstant.m_CurBufs, u.BufsNotConstant.m_NewBufs
Current and new BUFS values

u.PlpNumBlocksTooSmall
Structure used for event type **DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_PLP_NUM_BLOCKS_TOO_SMALL**.

u.PlpNumBlocksTooSmall.m_PlpNumBlocks
NUM_BLOCKS value for this PLP.

Struct DtDvbT2RbmValidation

Structure for enabling Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) validation, and specifying its parameters. This structure is used in class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**.

```
Struct DtDvbT2RbmValidation
{
    bool    m_Enabled;           // Enable RBM validation
    bool    m_PlotEnabled;       // Enable RBM plotting events
    int     m_PlotPeriod;        // Plot period in T-units
    void*    m_pCallbackOpaque;  // Opaque pointer for the callback function
    void    (*m_pCallbackFunc)( void*, const DtDvbT2RbmEvent*);
                                // Pointer to the callback function
};
```

Members

m_Enabled

If true, Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) validation is enabled. When a RBM-violation occurs, the callback function (**m_pCallbackFunc*) is called and an RBM-event is passed.

Note that RBM-validation consumes a substantial amount of CPU cycles and therefore cannot always be performed in real time.

m_PlotEnabled

If true, Receiver Buffer Model (RBM) plotting is enabled. Periodically, the callback function will be called passing a **DTAPI_DVBT2_RBM_EVENT_PLOT** event.

m_PlotPeriod

Plot period time in T-units.

m_pCallbackOpaque

Opaque pointer that is passed to the callback function.

m_pCallbackFunc

Pointer to the callback function that handles the RBM-events.

Struct DtDvbT2TxSigPars

Structure for enabling and specifying the DVB-T2 transmitter signature. This structure is used in class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**.

```
Struct DtDvbT2TxSigPars
{
    bool   m_TxSigAuxEnabled;    // Enable TX signature through AUX streams
    int    m_TxSigAuxId;         // Transmitter ID
    int    m_TxSigAuxP;          // P-value
    int    m_TxSigAuxQ;          // Q-value
    int    m_TxSigAuxR;          // R-value
    bool   m_TxSigFefEnabled;    // Enable TX signature through FEF
    int    m_TxSigFefId1;        // Transmitter ID for 1st period
    int    m_TxSigFefId2;        // Transmitter ID for 2nd period
};
```

Members

m_TxSigAuxEnabled

If true, transmitter signature transmission through AUX streams is enabled.

m_TxSigAuxId

Transmitter ID. The valid range is 0 ... 3071.

m_TxSigAuxP

The total number of possible transmitter IDs (M) is derived from *m_TxSigAuxP* (P).
 $M = 3 * (P + 1)$. The valid range for *m_TxSigAuxP* is 0 ... 1023.

m_TxSigAuxQ

The number of cells used per transmitter (N) is derived from *m_TxSigAuxQ* (Q).
 $N = 2^Q$. The valid range for *m_TxSigAuxQ* is 0 ... 15.

m_TxSigAuxR

The number of T2-frames used per transmitter signature (L) is derived from *m_TxSigAuxR* (R).
 $L = R + 1$. The valid range for *m_TxSigAuxR* is 0 ... 255.

m_TxSigFefEnabled

If true, transmitter signature transmission through FEF is enabled. To use this, FEF generation must be enabled and the FEF length must be greater than or equal to **DTAPI_TXSIG_FEF_LEN_MIN**.

m_TxSigFefId1

Transmitter ID for the first signature period. The valid range is 0 ... 7.

m_TxSigFefId2

Transmitter ID for the second signature period. The valid range is 0 ... 7.

DtDvbC2Pars

Class DtDvbC2Pars

Class specifying parameters for DVB-C2 modulation.

```
class DtDvbC2Pars
{
    int    m_Bandwidth;           // Bandwidth (channel raster)
    int    m_NetworkId;          // Network ID
    int    m_C2SystemId;         // C2-System ID
    int    m_StartFrequency;     // Start frequency
    int    m_C2Bandwidth;        // Bandwidth of the generated signal
    int    m_GuardInterval;      // Guard interval
    bool   m_ReservedTone;       // Reserved tones present (yes/no)
    int    m_L1TiMode;           // L1 time interleaving mode

    // Data-slice parameters
    int    m_NumDSlices;         // Number of data slices
    DtDvbC2DSlicePars m_DSlices[DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_DSLICE_MAX];
    // Notches
    int    m_NumNotches;         // Number of notches
    DtDvbC2NotchPars m_Notches[DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_NOTCH_MAX];
    // Parameters specifying the source for each PLP
    int    m_NumPlpInputs;       // Number of PLP input streams
    DtPlpInpPars m_PlpInputs[DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_PLP_MAX];
    // Miscellaneous: PAPR, Virtual output, Test-point output
    DtDvbC2PaprPars m_PaprPars;
    DtVirtualOutPars m_VirtOutput;
    DtTestPointOutPars m_TpOutput;
    // Parameters specifying the generated carriers of one C2-system
    int    m_OutpFreqOffset;     // Output frequency offset
    int    m_OutpBandwidth;      // Output bandwidth (0 means default)
    // L1 updates
    std::vector<DtDvbC2L1UpdatePars> m_L1Updates;
};
```

Public members

m_Bandwidth

Channel raster of the network.

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_6MHZ | 6 MHz |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_8MHZ | 8 MHz |

m_NetworkId

Network ID. Unique identification of the DVB-C2 network. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

m_C2SystemId

C2-System ID. Unique identification of a C2-System. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

m_StartFrequency

Start frequency of the C2-System by means of the distance from 0Hz in multiples of the carrier spacing. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFFFFFF and multiples of D_x . ($D_x=24$ for guard interval 1/128 and $D_x=12$ for guard interval 1/64).

m_C2Bandwidth

Bandwidth of the generated signal in multiples of pilot carrier spacing. The valid range is 0 ... 65535.

m_GuardInterval

The guard interval between OFDM symbols.

| Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_GI_1_128 | 1/128 |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_GI_1_64 | 1/64 |

m_ReservedTone

If true, indicates one or more reserved tones (carriers) are used. When carriers are reserved (e.g PAPR TR is enabled) it shall be set to true.

m_L1TiMode

L1 time interleaving mode.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_L1TIMODE_NONE | No time interleaving |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_L1TIMODE_BEST | Best fit |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_L1TIMODE_4 | 4 OFDM symbols |
| DTAPI_DVBC2_L1TIMODE_8 | 8 OFDM symbols |

m_NumDSlices

Specifies the number of data slices in the C2-System. The valid range is 1 ... DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_DSLICE_MAX.

m_DSlices

Array specifying the DVB-C2 parameters for the data slices.

m_NumNotches

Specifies the number of notch bands in the C2-System. The valid range is 0 ... DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_NOTCH_MAX.

m_Notches

Array specifying the notch bands in the C2-System.

m_NumPlpInputs

Specifies the number of PLP inputs in the C2-System. The valid range is 1 ... DTAPI_DVBC2_NUM_PLP_MAX.

m_PlpInputs

Array specifying the PLP input streams. The index in the array is related to the index of a PLP in the C2 System (i.e. the first **DtPlpInpPars** in the array is related to the first PLP in the C2 System, which is the first PLP in the first data slice).

Note that PLPs in empty data slices are not taken into account and in case of bundled PLPs only the first PLP occurrence is taken into account.

m_PaprPars

Specifies the PAPR reduction parameters.

m_VirtOutput

In case of a virtual output *m_VirtOutput* specifies the virtual output data parameters.

m_TpOutput

In case of a virtual output *m_VirtOutput* specifies the virtual output data parameters.

m_OutpFreqOffset

Output frequency offset from *m_StartFrequency* (in carriers) of the generated spectrum. Must be a multiple of the carrier spacing ($D_x=24$ for guard interval 1/128 and $D_x=12$ for guard interval 1/64). *m_OutpFreqOffset* in combination with *m_OutpBandwidth* can be used to output a part of carriers of one C2-system.

m_OutpBandwidth

Output bandwidth (in carriers). 0 selects the default output bandwidth. Must be a multiple of the carrier spacing ($D_x=24$ for guard interval 1/128 and $D_x=12$ for guard interval 1/64).

m_L1Updates

A series of L1 signalling part2 parameters updates. The first update is applied immediately. After the last update is applied, it loops to the first one .

Remarks

This class is used both for the initialization of the multi-PLP modulator and the traditional single-PLP DVB-C2 modulator. The **DtOutpChannel::SetModControl()** method sets the parameters for the single-PLP DVB-C2 modulator. Thereafter **DtOutpChannel::Write** method is used to write the data to the output channel.

The **DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl()** method sets the parameters for the multi-PLP DVB-C2 modulator. The multi-PLP modulator can be used for both single-PLP and multi-PLP parameter sets. The **DtMplpOutpChannel::WriteMplp** method is used to write data to the output channel.

DtDvbC2Pars::CheckValidity

Check DVB-C2 parameters for validity.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbC2Pars::CheckValidity(void);
```

Parameters

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Parameters are valid |
| DTAPI_E_BROADBAND_NOTCH | Broadband notch cannot be inside a data slice |
| DTAPI_E_DSLICE_OFFSETS | Invalid data slice offset |
| DTAPI_E_DSLICE_OVERLAP | Data slices cannot overlap |
| DTAPI_E_DSLICE_T1_NDP | Null-packet deletion not allowed for type1 data slices |
| DTAPI_E_DSLICE_T1_TSRATE | TS-rate/ISSY combination not possible for type1 data slice |
| DTAPI_E_DSLICE_TUNE_POS | Invalid data slice tune position |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_PARS | Invalid parameter value (generic error) |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_RATE | PLP TS-rate is too high |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_START_FREQ | Invalid start frequency |
| DTAPI_E_NO_TSRATE | PLP TS-rate is not specified |
| DTAPI_E_NOTCH_OFFSETS | Invalid notch |
| DTAPI_E_L1_PART2_TOO_LONG | L1 part 2 data is too long |
| DTAPI_E_PLP_BUNDLED | Inconsistent PLP bundled parameters |
| DTAPI_E_PLP_ID | Duplicate PLP IDs |

DtDvbC2Pars::GetParamInfo

Get the DVB-C2 “derived” parameters.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbC2Pars::GetParamInfo(  
    [out] DtDvbC2ParamInfo& ParamInfo    // DVB-C2 derived information  
);
```

Parameters

ParamInfo

Output parameter that receives the DVB-C2 “derived” parameters.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Parameters are valid |
| Other result values | Error in modulation parameters, please refer to DtDvbC2Pars::CheckValidity |

DtDvbT2ComponentPars

DtDvbT2ComponentPars

Class describing the modulation parameters for one DVB-T2 component (e.g. base or lite).

```
class DtDvbT2ComponentPars
{
    int m_T2Version;           // DVB-T2 specification version
    int m_T2Profile;           // DVB-T2 profile
    bool m_T2BaseLite;         // T2-Lite is used in a base profile
    int m_Bandwidth;           // DVB-T2 channel bandwidth
    int m_FftMode;             // FFT mode (or size)
    int m_Miso;                // MISO mode
    int m_GuardInterval;       // Guard interval
    int m_Papr;                // PAPR reduction mode
    int m_BwtExt;              // Bandwidth extension
    int m_PilotPatern;         // Pilot pattern
    int m_L1Modulation;        // L1 modulation type
    int m_CellId;              // Cell ID
    int m_NetworkId;           // Network ID
    int m_T2SystemId;          // T2 system ID
    bool m_L1Repetition;       // L1 repetition (yes/no)
    int m_NumT2Frames;         // Number of T2 frames in a super frame
    int m_NumDataSyms;         // Number of data OFDM symbols per T2-frame
    int m_NumSubslices;        // Number of subslices per T2-frame
    int m_ComponentStartTime;   // Offset (T) at which the component starts
    bool m_FefEnable;          // Insert FEF (yes/no)
    int m_FefType;             // FEF type
    int m_FefS1;               // FEF S1 field value
    int m_FefS2;               // FEF S2 field value
    int m_FefLength;           // FEF length
    int m_FefInterval;         // FEF interval
    int m_FefSignal;           // Type of signal during FEF period
    int m_NumRfChans;          // Number of RF channels
    int m_RfChanFreqs[DTAPI_DVBT2_NUM_RF_MAX]; // Array of RF channel frequencies
    int m_StartRfIdx;          // First used RF channel
    int m_NumPlps;             // Number of PLPs
    DtDvbT2PlpPars m_Plps[DTAPI_DVBT2_NUM_PLP_MAX]; // Array of PLP parameters
    DtPlpInpPars m_PlpInputs[DTAPI_DVBT2_NUM_PLP_MAX]; // Array of PLP input stream
    DtDvbT2AuxPars m_Aux;      // AUX streams
    DtDvbT2PaprPars m_PaprPars; // PAPR reduction parameters
    DtDvbT2TxSigPars m_TxSignature; // Transmitter signature parameters
    DtDvbT2RbmValidation m_RbmValidation; // Receiver Buffer Model validation
    DtTestPointOutPars m_TpOutput; // Test point data output parameters
};
```

Public members

m_T2Version

DVB-T2 specification version.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_VERSION_1_1_1 | Version 1.1.1 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_VERSION_1_2_1 | Version 1.2.1 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_VERSION_1_3_1 | Version 1.3.1 |

m_T2Profile

DVB-T2 profile.

| Value | Meaning |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PROFILE_BASE | Base profile |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PROFILE_LITE | Lite profile (Requires DVB-T2 version 1.3.1) |

m_T2BaseLite

If true, T2 lite is used in a base profile component.

m_Bandwidth

The bandwidth of the channel.

| Value | Meaning |
|--------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_1_7MHZ | 1.7 MHz |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_5MHZ | 5 MHz |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_6MHZ | 6 MHz |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_7MHZ | 7 MHz |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_8MHZ | 8 MHz |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_10MHZ | 10 MHz |

m_FftMode

The FFT size used for computing OFDM symbols.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_1K | 1K FFT |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_2K | 2K FFT |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_4K | 4K FFT |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_8K | 8K FFT |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_16K | 16K FFT |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FFT_32K | 32K FFT |

m_Miso

MISO mode. This mode can be used to simulate antenna 1 (TX1), antenna 2 (TX2) or the average of antenna 1 and antenna 2 (TX1+TX2) to simulate reception halfway between the antennas.

| Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_OFF | No MISO |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_TX1 | TX1 only |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_TX2 | TX2 only |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_SUM | TX1 + TX2 through one output channel |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_MISO_BOTH | Both TX1 and TX2 through two output channels |

m_GuardInterval

The guard interval between OFDM symbols.

| Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_128 | 1/128 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_32 | 1/32 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_16 | 1/16 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_19_256 | 19/256 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_8 | 1/8 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_19_128 | 19/128 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_GI_1_4 | 1/4 |

m_Papr

The peak to average power reduction method. This is used to fill PAPR field in the L1-post signalling block.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PAPR_NONE | None |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PAPR_ACE | ACE - Active Constellation Extension |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PAPR_TR | TR - Power reduction with reserved carriers |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PAPR_ACE_TR | ACE and TR |

m_BwtExt

If true, the extended carrier mode is used.

m_PilotPattern

The Pilot Pattern used.

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_1 | PP1 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_2 | PP2 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_3 | PP3 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_4 | PP4 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_5 | PP5 |

| | |
|------------------|-----|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_6 | PP6 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_7 | PP7 |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_PP_8 | PP8 |

m_L1Modulation

The modulation type used for the L1-post signalling block.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_BPSK | BPSK |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_QPSK | QPSK |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM16 | 16-QAM |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_QAM64 | 64-QAM |

m_CellId

Cell ID. Unique identification of a geographic cell in a DVB-T2 network. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

m_NetworkId

Network ID. Unique identification of the DVB-T2 network. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

m_T2SystemId

T2 system ID. Unique identification of the T2 system. The valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFF.

m_L1Repetition

If true, L1 signalling is provided for the next frame.

m_NumT2Frames

The number of T2 frames in a super frame. The valid range is 1 ... 255.

m_NumDataSyms

The number of data OFDM symbols per T2 frame, excluding P1 and P2.

m_NumSubslices

The number of subslices per T2-frame for type-2 PLPs.

m_ComponentStartTime

Specifies the offset in number of T-units at which the T2 component starts. Note: it should be set to 0 for the first component.

m_FefEnable

If true, FEFs (Future Extension Frames) are inserted.

m_FefType

Specifies the FEF type. The valid range is 0 ... 15.

m_FefS1

The S1-field value in the P1 signalling data. Valid values: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7.

m_FefS2

The S2-field value in the P1 signalling data. Valid values: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 and 15.

m_FefLength

The length of a FEF-part in number of T-units (= samples). For the base profile the valid range is 0 ... 0x3FFFFFF, for the lite profile the valid range is 0 ... 0xFFFFF.

m_FefInterval

The number of T2 frames between two FEF parts. The valid range is 1 ... 255 and *m_NumT2Frames* shall be divisible by *m_FefInterval*.

m_FefSignal

The type of signal generated during the FEF period.

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FEF_ZERO | Zero I/Q samples |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FEF_1K_OFDM | 1K OFDM symbols with 852 active carriers containing BPSK symbols |
| DTAPI_DVBT2_FEF_1K_OFDM_384 | 1K OFDM symbols with 384 active carriers containing BPSK symbols |

m_NumRfChans

The number of frequencies in the T2 system. The valid range is 1 ... **DTAPI_DVBT2_NUM_RF_MAX**.

m_RfChanFreqs

Array specifying the center frequencies of the RF channels. This is only used to fill the L1-post FREQUENCY fields. The valid range is 1 ... 0xFFFFFFFF.

m_NumPlps

Specifies the number of physical layer pipes in the T2 system. The valid range is 1 ... **DTAPI_DVBT2_NUM_PLP_MAX**. Must be set to '1' in case not using the Multi-PLP modulator.

m_Plps

Array specifying the DVB-T2 modulation parameters for the PLPs.

m_PlpInputs

Array specifying the PLP input streams. This is only used in case of using the Multi-PLP modulator. Default the FIFO index and PLP index maps 1:1 and "Big-TS splitting" is disabled.

m_Aux

Specifies the AUX stream parameters.
By default, the generation of AUX streams is disabled.

m_PaprPars

Specifies the PAPR reduction parameters.
By default, PAPR reduction is disabled.

m_TxSignature

Specifies the transmission of the DVB-T2 transmitter signature.
By default, the transmission of a transmitter signature is disabled.

m_RbmValidation

Specifies the Receiver Buffer Model validation. This can only be used with the Multi-PLP modulator.
By default, RBM-validation is disabled.

m_TpOutput

Specifies the generation of test point data.

DtDvbT2Pars

DtDvbT2Pars

Class describing parameters for DVB-T2 modulation, it describes the modulation parameters of a DVB-T2 component and optionally the parameters of a second component (e.g. base and a lite profile). The class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars** describes the component parameters.

```
class DtDvbT2Pars : public DtDvbT2ComponentPars
{
    int    m_NumFefComponents;    // Number of DVB-T2 components in FEF part
    DtDvbT2ComponentPars m_FefComponent[1];
                                // Parameters for a second DVB-T2 component

    DtVirtualOutPars m_VirtOutput;
                                // Virtual-output parameters
    DtDvbT2MiPars m_T2Mi;        // T2-MI output parameters
};
```

Inherited Public members

The public members inherited from **DtDvbT2ComponentPars** describe the modulation parameters for the first DVB-T2 component; see description of class **DtDvbT2ComponentPars**.

Public members

m_NumFefComponents

The number of DVB-T2 components transmitted in the FEF part of the first DVB-T2 component. The parameters for these DVB-T2 components are specified in *m_FefComponent*. The valid range is 0 ... 1.

m_FefComponent

Array specifying the DVB-T2 modulation parameters for the DVB-T2 components transmitted in the FEF part of the first DVB-T2 component.

m_VirtOutput

When the output channel has been attached to a virtual output, *m_VirtOutput* specifies the virtual output data parameters. This can only be used with the Multi-PLP modulator.

By default, the virtual output parameters are disabled.

m_T2Mi

Specifies the parameters for generation of T2-MI. This can only be used with the Multi-PLP modulator.

By default, the output of T2-MI is disabled.

Remarks

This class is used both for the initialization of the multi-PLP modulator and the traditional single-PLP DVB-T2 modulator. The **DtOutputChannel::SetModControl()** method sets the parameters for the single-PLP DVB-T2 modulator. Thereafter **DtOutputChannel::Write** method is used to write the data to the output channel.

The **DtMplpOutputChannel::SetModControl()** method sets the parameters for the multi-PLP DVB-T2 modulator. The multi-PLP modulator can be used for both single-PLP and multi-PLP parameter sets. The **DtMplpOutputChannel::WriteMplp** method is used to write data to the output channel.

DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity

Check DVB-T2 parameters for validity.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity(void);
```

Parameters

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Parameters are valid |
| DTAPI_E_BIAS_BAL_CELLS | Invalid number of bias balancing cells |
| DTAPI_E_BUFS | Invalid BUFS values |
| DTAPI_E_COMMON_PLP_COUNT | More than one common PLP per group ID |
| DTAPI_E_COMP_OVERLAP | The frames of two components (lite and base profile) overlap. |
| DTAPI_E_FEF | Error in FEF parameters |
| DTAPI_E_FIXED_CELL_PARS | Invalid fixed cell parameters |
| DTAPI_E_FRAME_INTERVAL | Frame interval must divide number of T2 frames |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_BWT_EXT | Invalid bandwidth extension |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_FFTMODE | Invalid FFT mode |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_GUARD | Invalid guard interval |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_NUMDTSYM | Invalid number of data symbols |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_NUMT2FRM | Invalid number of T2 frames |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_PARS | Invalid parameter value (generic error) |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_TIME_IL | Invalid time interleaver length |
| DTAPI_E_MULTI_COMPS | Invalid mix of parameters in multi component configuration |
| DTAPI_E_NO_TSRATE | PLP TS-rate is not specified |
| DTAPI_E_NUM_PLP | Too many PLPs (i.e. L1 data too large) |
| DTAPI_E_OTHER_PLP_IN_BAND | Invalid PLP ID in m_OtherPlpInBand array |
| DTAPI_E_PILOT_PATTERN | Pilot pattern not allowed in combination with other parameters |
| DTAPI_E_PLP_ID | Duplicate PLP IDs |
| DTAPI_E_PLP_NUM_BLOCKS | Invalid number of PLP blocks (not enough bandwidth) |
| DTAPI_E_SUBSLICES | Number of subslices and/or TIME_IL_LENGTH does not give an integer number of cells per subslice |
| DTAPI_E_T2_LITE | Invalid T2 lite profile parameters |
| DTAPI_E_TI_MEM_OVF | Too many cells in time interleaver |

DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo

Get the DVB-T2 “derived” parameters.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo(  
    [out] DtDvbT2ParamInfo& ParamInfo    // (First) T2-component information  
);  
  
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo(  
    [out] DtDvbT2ParamInfo& ParamInfo1, // First T2-component information  
    [out] DtDvbT2ParamInfo& ParamInfo2 // Second T2-component information  
);
```

Parameters

ParamInfo, ParamInfo1

Output parameter that receives the DVB-T2 “derived” parameters of the first component.

ParamInfo2

Output parameter that receives the DVB-T2 “derived” parameters of the second component.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Parameters are valid |
| Other result values | Error in modulation parameters, please refer to DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity |

DtDvbT2Pars::OptimisePlpNumBlocks

Compute the optimum value of DVB-T2 parameters to maximise the DVB-T2 channel's bitrate and compute the achieved efficiency.

```
// Overload #1 - Get optimum value for PLP_NUM_BLOCKS
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo(
    [out] DtDvbT2ParamInfo& ParamInfo    // DVB-T2 efficiency information
    [out] Int& OptPlpNumBlocks           // Optimum number of blocks
);
// Overload #2 - Get optimum value for PLP_NUM_BLOCKS and NUM_DATA_SYMBOLS
DTAPI_RESULT DtDvbT2Pars::GetParamInfo(
    [out] DtDvbT2ParamInfo& ParamInfo    // DVB-T2 efficiency information
    [out] Int& OptPlpNumBlocks           // Optimum number of blocks
    [out] Int& OptNumDataSyms           // Optimum number data symbols
);
```

Parameters

ParamInfo

Output parameter that receives the DVB-T2 “derived” parameters based on the optimum parameter values.

OptPlpNumBlocks

Output parameter that is set to the optimum value for the number of FEC blocks per IL frame for PLP0 to maximise the DVB-T2 channel's bitrate.

OptNumDataSyms

Output parameter that is set to the optimum value for the number of data OFDM symbols per T2 frame to maximise the DVB-T2 channel's bitrate.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Parameters are valid |
| Other result values | Error in modulation parameters, please refer to DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity |

Remarks

These methods can only be used in case of a single PLP (member variable *m_NumPlps* equals 1).

DtIsdbTmmPars

Class DtIsdbTmmPars

Class specifying parameters for ISDB-Tmm modulation.

```
class DtIsdbTmmPars
{
    int m_Bandwidth;           // Bandwidth (channel raster)
    int m_SubChannel;          // Sub-channel of the center segment
    // TS parameters
    int m_NumTss;              // Number of transport streams
    DtIsdbtPars m_Tss[DTAPI_ISDBT_NUM_TS_MAX];
    DtPlpInpPars m_TsInputs[DTAPI_ISDBT_NUM_TS_MAX];
    // Virtual output
    DtVirtualOutPars m_VirtOutput;
};
```

Public members

m_Bandwidth

Channel raster of the network.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------|---------|
| DTAPI_ISDBT_BW_6MHZ | 6 MHz |
| DTAPI_ISDBT_BW_7MHZ | 7 MHz |
| DTAPI_ISDBT_BW_8MHZ | 8 MHz |

m_SubChannel

Sub channel of the center segment of the spectrum, which implicitly specifies the sub-channels of the 1-segment streams in the signal. The valid range is 0 ... 41.

m_NumTss

Specifies the number of transport streams in the ISDB-Tmm system. The valid range is 0 ... DTAPI_ISDBT_NUM_TS_MAX.

m_Tss

An array of **DtIsdbtPars**, specifying the modulation parameters for each transport stream. The index in the array is related to the index of the transport stream in the ISDB-Tmm system. See the description of struct **DtIsdbtPars** in “DTAPI Reference – Core Classes”.

m_TsInputs

Array specifying the input transport streams. The index in the array is related to the index of the transport stream in the ISDB-Tmm system.

m_VirtOutput

In case of a virtual output *m_VirtOutput* specifies the virtual output data parameters.

Remarks

This class is only used for the initialization of the multi-PLP modulator. The class **DtIsdbtPars** can be used to initialize the traditional single-PLP modulator.

DtIsdbTmmPars::CheckValidity

Check ISDB-T parameters for validity.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtIsdbTmmPars::CheckValidity(void);
```

Parameters

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Parameters are valid |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_BANDWIDTH | Invalid value for bandwidth or not equal for all streams |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_BTYPE | Invalid value for broadcast type |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_GUARD | Invalid value for guard-interval length or not equal for all streams |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_MODE | Invalid value for transmission mode or not equal for all streams |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_NUMSEGM | Number of segments is more than 33 or the number of segments in a streams is not equal to 1, 3 or 13, or number of segments is invalid for the current broadcast type does not match number of segments specified in m_LayerPars |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_PARTIAL | 'Partial Reception' is selected for a stream but the number of segments in layer A is not 1 |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_SIZE | 'No hierarchical multiplexing' (use TMCC) is selected for a stream where the input type is 188-byte TS packets |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_SUBCH | Invalid sub-channel number |

Callback Functions

DtTpWriteDataFunc

User-supplied callback function used for the processing of test-point data. The data can be written to a file, or processed otherwise.

```
void DtTpWriteDataFunc (
    [in] void* pOpaque,      // Opaque pointer
    [in] int TpIndex,        // Test point
    [in] int StreamIndex     // Stream index
    [in] const void* pBuffer, // Test-point data buffer
    [in] int Length,         // Number of data items
    [in] int Format,         // Test point data format
    [in] float Mult,         // Multiplication factor
    [in] int IsNewFrame      // New frame (yes/no)
);
```

Parameters

pOpaque

The opaque pointer that was specified in **DtTestPointOutPars**.

TpIndex

Specifies the test point.

For DVB-C2 the following test points are defined:

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------|----------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBC2_TPnn | DVB-C2 test point nn |

Where nn is: 07, 08, 10, 13, 15, 18, 20, 22, 26, 27, 31, 32, 33, 37, 40, 41 and 42.

For DVB-T2 the following test points are defined:

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------|----------------------|
| DTAPI_DVBT2_TPnn | DVB-T2 test point nn |

Where nn is: 03, 04, 06, 08, 09, 11, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 50, 51 and 53.

StreamIndex

Identifies the stream. For DVB-C2 bits 0..7 specify the PLP-ID and bits 8..15 specify the data slice I. For DVB-T2 bits 0..7 specify the PLP-index and bit 8 is set when the PLP-type is a common PLP.

pBuffer

Pointer to a buffer containing the test point data.

Length

Number of test points data items available in buffer.

Format

The data format of the test-point data items.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>DTAPI_TP_FORMAT_HEX</code> | Byte data |
| <code>DTAPI_TP_FORMAT_BIT</code> | Bit data. Eight bits are packaged per byte, most significant bit first |
| <code>DTAPI_TP_FORMAT_CFLOAT32</code> | Complex 32-bit floating-point data of type <code>DtComplexFloat</code> |
| <code>DTAPI_TP_FORMAT_INT64</code> | 64-bit integer data |

Mult

Multiplication factor for the complex floating point data.

IsNewFrame

If true, the test point data relates to a new frame.

Global Functions

::DtapiModPars2TsRate

Compute Transport-Stream rate from modulation parameters. There are three new overloads one for DVB-C2, one for DVB-T2 and one for ISDB-Tmm modulation type.

```
// Overload to be used for DVB-C2
DTAPI_RESULT ::DtapiModPars2TsRate(
    [out] int& TsRate           // Computed Transport-Stream rate
    [in] DtDvbC2Pars  C2Pars,  // DVB-C2 modulation parameters
    [in] int  PlpIdx           // PLP index
);
// Overload to be used for DVB-T2
DTAPI_RESULT ::DtapiModPars2TsRate(
    [out] int& TsRate           // Computed Transport-Stream rate
    [in] DtDvbT2Pars  T2Pars,  // DVB-T2 modulation parameters
    [in] int  PlpIdx           // PLP index
);
// Overload to be used for ISDB-Tmm
DTAPI_RESULT ::DtapiModPars2TsRate(
    [out] int& TsRate           // Computed Transport-Stream rate
    [in] DtIsdbTmmPars TmmPars, // ISDB-Tmm modulation parameters
    [in] int  TsIdx            // TS index
);
```

Parameters

TsRate

The Transport-Stream rate in bps computed from the modulation parameters.

C2Pars

DVB-C2 modulation parameters; see description of `class DtDvbC2Pars`.

T2Pars

DVB-T2 modulation parameters; see description of `class DtDvbT2Pars`.

TmmPars

ISDB-Tmm modulation parameters; see description of `class DtIsdbTmmPars`.

PlpIdx

The index of the PLP for which the Transport-Stream rate is computed.

TsIdx

The index of the TS in the ISDB-Tmm system for which the Transport-Stream rate is computed.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | The TS rate has been computed from the modulation parameters successfully |
| Other result values | Error in modulation parameters, please refer to |

| | |
|--|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | <code>DtDvbC2Pars::CheckValidity</code> , <code>DtDvbT2Pars::CheckValidity</code> and <code>DtIsdbTmmPars::CheckValidity</code> |
|--|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

DtMplpOutpChannel

DtMplpOutpChannel

Class representing a multi-PLP modulator for modulation of DVB-C2, DVB-T2 and ISDB-Tmm signals. Class **DtMplpOutpChannel** is derived from **DtOutpChannel**. For the inherited methods, please refer to the [DTAPI](#) documentation.

```
class DtMplpOutpChannel : public DtOutpChannel;
```

DtMplpOutpChannel::AttachVirtual

Attach the output-channel object to a virtual output using the licenses of a particular device. A virtual output lets the user pass the output data to the specified callback function, instead of DTAPI writing the data to a physical output.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::AttachVirtual(  
    [in] DtDevice*  pDtDevice, // Object representing a DekTec device  
    [in] bool (*pFunc)(void*, DtVirtualOutData*),  
                                     // Pointer to the callback function  
    [in] void*  pOpaque          // Opaque pointer for the callback function  
);
```

Parameters

pDtDvc

Pointer to the object that represents a DekTec device. The **DtDevice** object must be attached to the device hardware. The device is used only for reading licenses.

pFunc

Pointer to the callback function that will handle the generated output data. When the virtual-output calls this function the opaque pointer and a pointer to a **DtVirtualOutData** struct describing the output data are passed. To prevent hanging of the application, the callback function is not allowed to block. In case the callback function has to wait for a certain condition, it can return the Boolean value false. After a few milliseconds the virtual-output will call this function again with the same parameters and will repeat this until the callback function returns the Boolean value true.

pOpaque

Opaque pointer that is passed to the callback function.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Channel object has been attached successfully |
| DTAPI_E_ATTACHED | The channel object is already attached a hardware function |
| DTAPI_E_DEVICE | The DtDevice pointer is not valid or the DtDevice object is not attached to the device hardware |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG | The value of one of the parameters is invalid |

Remarks

The intended usage for this method is to allow the user to output the multi-PLP modulator result to file or to a specific device. The licenses are taken from the DekTec device.

DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpFifoFree

Get the number of free bytes in the specified multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpFifoFree(  
    [in] int  FifoIndex          // FIFO index  
    [out] int& FifoFree          // Number of free bytes in the FIFO  
);
```

Parameters

FifoIndex

Specifies the FIFO index.

FifoFree

Free space in the specified multi-PLP modulator FIFO, in number of bytes.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | FIFO free has been retrieved successfully |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED | Channel object is not attached |

Remarks

If a Data transfer is in progress and/or the transmit-control state is **DTAPI_TXCTRL_HOLD** or **DTAPI_TXCTRL_SEND**, then every call to **GetMplpFifoFree** may return a different value.

DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpFifoSize

Get the current size of the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpFifoSize(  
    [in] int    FifoIndex        // FIFO index  
    [out] int&   FifoSize         // Size of Transmit FIFO in bytes  
);
```

Parameters

FifoIndex

Specifies the FIFO index.

FifoSize

Size of the multi-PLP modulator FIFO in number of bytes.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | FIFO size has been retrieved successfully |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED | Channel object is not attached to a hardware function |

Remarks

The size of the multi-PLP modulator FIFOs is fixed, it cannot be changed.

DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus

Get the status of the multi-PLP modulator. There are overloads for DVB-C2 and for DVB-T2.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus (
    [out] DtDvbC2ModStatus* pDvbC2ModStat      // Status of DVB-C2
    modulator
);
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus (
    [out] DtDvbT2ModStatus* pDvbT2ModStat      // Status of DVB-T2
    modulator
);
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::GetMplpModStatus (
    [out] DtDvbT2ModStatus* pDvbT2ModStat1     // Status of DVB-T2
    modulator for the first component
    [out] DtDvbT2ModStatus* pDvbT2ModStat2     // Status of DVB-T2
    modulator for the second component
);
```

Parameters

pDvbC2ModStat

DVB-C2 modulator status; see description of **struct DtDvbC2ModStatus**.

pDvbT2ModStat, pDvbT2ModStat1

DVB-T2 modulator status for the first component; see description of **struct DtDvbT2ModStatus**.

pDvbT2ModStat2

DVB-T2 modulator status for the second component; see description of **struct DtDvbT2ModStatus**.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | The status of the MPLP modulator has been retrieved successfully |
| DTAPI_E_IDLE | Not allowed when in IDLE state |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED | Channel object is not attached to a hardware function |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_SUPPORTED | The currently active modulator does not support the request |

Remarks

DtMplpOutpChannel::SetMplpChannelModelling

Set channel-modelling parameters. This function may only be called when using the multi-PLP modulator while the transmit-control state is **DTAPI_TXCTRL_IDLE**.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::SetMplpChannelModelling(
    [in] bool    CmEnable,           // Enable/disable channel modelling
    [in] DtCmPars& CmPars          // Channel modelling parameters
    [in] int    ChannelIdx=0        // Output channel index
);
```

Parameters

CmEnable

Enable channel modelling. This parameter provides an easy way to turn off channel modelling entirely for the specified output channel.

CmPars

Channel-modelling parameters. See description of struct **DtCmPars** in “DTAPI Reference – Core Classes”.

ChannelIdx

Index of the output channel (e.g. to specify the channel modelling parameters for the individual transmitters in case of MISO).

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Channel-modelling parameters have been applied successfully |
| DTAPI_E_CM_NUMPATHS | The number of paths specified in CmPars exceeds the maximum number of paths |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED | Channel object is not attached to a hardware function |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_SUPPORTED | The channel has no license for channel-modelling, or channel modelling is not supported for this type of channel |

Remarks

DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl

Set modulation-control parameters for modulator channels. There are three overloads defined for the multi-PLP modulator output: one for DVB-C2, one for DVB-T2 and one for ISDB-Tmm.

```
// Overload to be used for DVB-C2
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl (
    [in] DtDvbC2Pars& DvbC2Pars    // DVB-C2 modulation parameters
);
// Overload to be used for DVB-T2
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl (
    [in] DtDvbT2Pars& DvbT2Pars    // DVB-T2 modulation parameters
);
// Overload to be used for ISDB-Tmm
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl (
    [in] DtIsdbTmmPars& IsdbTmmPars // ISDB-Tmm modulation parameters
);
```

Parameters

DvbC2Pars

DVB-C2 modulation parameters; see description of **class DtDvbC2Pars**.

DvbT2Pars

DVB-T2 modulation parameters; see description of **class DtDvbT2Pars**.

IsdbTmmPars

ISDB-Tmm modulation parameters; see description of **class DtIsdbTmmPars**.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | The modulation parameters have been set successfully |
| DTAPI_E_DEV_DRIVER | Unclassified failure in device driver |
| DTAPI_E_IDLE | Transmit-control state is not DTAPI_TXCTRL_IDLE ; The requested modulation parameters can only be set in idle state |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED | Channel object is not attached to a hardware function |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_SUPPORTED | The output channel does not support the specified modulation type |

Remarks

DtMplpOutpChannel::WriteMplp

Write data to a multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutpChannel::WriteMplp(
    [in] int    FifoIdx,           // FIFO index
    [in] char*  pBuffer,          // Pointer to data to be written to the FIFO
    [in] int    NumBytesToWrite // Number of bytes to be written
);
```

Parameters

FifoIndex

Specifies the FIFO index.

pBuffer

Pointer to the buffer containing the data to be written to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO. The pointer must be aligned to a 32-bit word boundary.

NumBytesToWrite

Number of bytes to be to be written to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO. The buffer size must be positive and a multiple of four.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Write operation has been completed successfully |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF | The buffer is not aligned to a 32-bit word boundary |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_FIFO_IDX | Invalid FIFO index. FIFO index has not been specified in DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl parameters |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_SIZE | The specified transfer size is negative or not a multiple of four |
| DTAPI_E_IDLE | Cannot write data because transmission-control state is DTAPI_TXCTRL_IDLE |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED | Channel object is not attached to a hardware function |

Remarks

The data buffer can be any buffer in user space. The data is only written when the transmit-control state is **DTAPI_TXCTRL_HOLD** or **DTAPI_TXCTRL_SEND** (see **DtOutpChannel::SetTxControl()**), and sufficient space is available in the FIFO. **WriteMplp()** returns when all data has been transferred to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

The data from a multi-PLP modulator FIFO is only transferred to the modulator when all multi-PLP modulator FIFOs carrying transport packets (data type **TS188** or **TS204**) have data to contribute. The contribution of multi-PLP modulator FIFOs carrying GSE-packets (data type **GSE**) is optional.

For this reason the thread executing **WriteMplp()** will sleep forever if *NumBytesToWrite* is greater than the number of free bytes in the MPLP FIFO and one of the other MPLP FIFOs (data type **TS188** or **TS204**) is empty.

DtMplpOutChannel::WriteMplpPacket

Write a GSE-packet to a multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMplpOutChannel::WriteMplpPacket(
    [in] int    FifoIdx,           // FIFO index
    [in] char*  pPacket,          // Packet to be written to the FIFO
    [in] int    PacketSize        // Size of the packet
);
```

Parameters

FifoIndex

Specifies the FIFO index.

pPacket

Pointer to the GSE-packet to be written to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

| Syntax | #bits | Mnemonic |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| GsePacket() { | | |
| protocol_type | 16 | uimsbf |
| if (GseLabelType == NONE) { | | |
| reserved | 48 | bslbf |
| } else if (GseLabelType == 3BYTE) { | | |
| label_3byte | 24 | bslbf |
| reserved | 24 | bslbf |
| } else if (GseLabelType == 6BYTE) { | | |
| label_6byte | 48 | bslbf |
| } | | |
| for (i=0; i<N1; i++) | | |
| extension_header_byte | 8 | bslbf |
| for (i=0; i<N2; i++) | | |
| data_byte | 8 | bslbf |
| } | | |

protocol_type

Protocol type carried in the packet, 16-bit field (2 bytes network order).

label_3byte, label_6byte

Label used for addressing, 0, 3 or 6 bytes, the address length is specified by *m_GseLabelType*. The length of the label and the reserved bits is 6 byte.

extension_header_byte

Optional extension header bytes, the format depends on protocol type.

data_byte

Packet data byte.

PacketSize

Size of the GSE-packet to be written to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

Result

| DTAPI_RESULT | Meaning |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DTAPI_OK | Write operation has been completed successfully |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF | The buffer is not aligned to a 32-bit word boundary |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_FIFO_IDX | Invalid FIFO index. FIFO index has not been specified in <code>DtMplpOutpChannel::SetModControl</code> parameters |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_INP_TYPE | The data type of the FIFO is not GSE |
| DTAPI_E_INVALID_SIZE | The specified transfer size is negative or larger than the maximum packet size |
| DTAPI_E_IDLE | Cannot write data because transmission-control state is <code>DTAPI_TXCTRL_IDLE</code> |
| DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED | Channel object is not attached to a hardware function |

Remarks

The data buffer can be any buffer in user space. The data is only written when the transmit-control state is `DTAPI_TXCTRL_HOLD` or `DTAPI_TXCTRL_SEND` (see `DtOutpChannel::SetTxControl()`), and sufficient space is available in the FIFO. `WriteMplpPacket()` returns when all data has been transferred to the multi-PLP modulator FIFO.

The data from a multi-PLP modulator FIFO is only transferred to the modulator when all multi-PLP modulator FIFOs carrying transport packets (data type `TS188` or `TS204`) have data to contribute. The contribution of multi-PLP modulator FIFOs carrying GSE-packets (data type `GSE`) is optional.

For this reason the thread executing `WriteMplpPacket()` will sleep forever if `PacketSize` is greater than the number of free bytes in the MPLP FIFO and one of the other MPLP FIFOs (data type `TS188` or `TS204`) is empty.