# DekTec Matrix API

## **Matrix extensions for DTAPI**

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## **REFERENCE**



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#### **Structures**

#### Struct DtVidStdInfo

This structure describes a video standard (i.e. defines its properties).

```
struct DtVidStdInfo
  int m VidStd;
                                   // Video standard
                                  // Link standard
  int m LinkStd;
  bool m_IsHd; // HD (=true) or SD (=false)
bool m_Is4k; // 4K resolution (=true) or HD/SD (=false)
int m_VidWidth; // Width in pixels
int m_VidHeight; // Height in number of lines
bool m_IsInterlaced; // Interlaced (=true) or progressive
                                   // (=false)
                                 // Number of lines per frame
  int m NumLines;
  double m_Fps;
                                  // Framerate
 int m Field1VidStartLine; // First video line of field 1
  int m Field1VidEndLine; // Last video line of field 1
  int m_Field2StartLine;  // First line of field 2
int m_Field2EndLine;  // Last line of field 2
  int m Field2VidStartLine; // First video line of field 2
  int m Field2VidEndLine; // Last video line of field 2
```

#### **Members**

m VidStd

Video standard described. See DtapiGetVidStdInfo for a list of all possible standards.

m LinkStd

Link standard described. See DtapiGetVidStdInfo for a list of all possible standards.

m TsHd

Indicates whether the standard has a HD (true) or SD (false) format.

m Is4k

Indicates whether the standard has a 4k (true) or HD/SD (false) resolution.

m VidWidth

Indicates the width of the video area in pixels.

m VidHeight

Indicates the height of the video area in number of lines.



#### m IsInterlaced

Indicates whether the standard is interlaced (true) or progressive (false). For interlaced formats the field 2 (even field) members should be ignored.

#### m NumLines

Number of SDI lines per frame

#### m Fps

The frame rate

#### m IsFractional

Indicates whether the standard has a fractional frame rate (true) or not (false).

#### m FrameNumSym

Total number of symbols in a frame

#### m LineNumSym

Number of symbols per line

#### m LineNumSymHanc

Number of HANC symbols per line (for HD, SUM of both streams)

#### m LineNumSymVanc

Number of VANC symbols per line (for HD, SUM of both streams)

#### m LineNumSymEav

Number of EAV symbols per line (for HD, SUM of both streams)

#### m LineNumSymSav

Number of SAV symbols per line (for HD, SUM of both streams)

#### m Field1StartLine

First line of field 1 (odd). NOTE: this is a 1 based index.

#### m Field1EndLine

Last line of field 1 (odd). NOTE: this is a 1 based index.

#### m Field1VidStartLine

First line of the active video section in field 1 (odd). NOTE: this is a 1 based index.

#### m Field1VidEndLine

Last line of the active video section in field 1 (odd). NOTE: this is a 1 based index.

#### $m_Field2StartLine$

First line of field 2 (odd). NOTE: this is a 1 based index.

#### m Field2EndLine

Last line of field 2 (odd). NOTE: this is a 1 based index.

#### m Field2VidStartLine

First line of the active video section in field 2 (odd). NOTE: this is a 1 based index.

#### $m_Field2VidEndLine$

Last line of the active video section in field 2 (odd). NOTE: this is a 1 based index.

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#### **Remarks**

For a multi-link standard all of the above members starting at  $m\_NumLines$  describe the properties of a Frame in a single link (i.e. the number of lines indicates the number of lines in a frame from one link and not the sum of all lines in the combined 4k frame).



## **Struct DtBufferInfo**

Structure describing the status of a frame buffer.

#### **Members**

m VidStd

Video standard current set for the frame buffer.

m NumColumns

Depth of the frame buffer in # frames/columns

m NumReceived

Total # of frames received

m NumDropped

Total # of frames dropped

m NumTransmitted

Total # of frames transmitted

m NumDuplicated

Total # of duplicated frames



#### **Global Functions**

## ::DtapiGetVidStdInfo

Returns the properties for the specified video standard.

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#### **Parameters**

VidStd Video standard



Value	SMPTE	Resolution	FPS	Remark
DTAPI_VIDSTD_UNKNOWN	-	-	-	Unknown video standard
DTAPI_VIDSTD_525159_94	SMPTE-259	720x480	29.97	Interlaced
DTAPI_VIDSTD_625I50	SMPTE-259	720x576	25.0	Interlaced
DTAPI_VIDSTD_720P23_98	SMPTE-296	1280x720	23.98	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_720P24	SMPTE-296	1280x720	24.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_720P25	SMPTE-296	1280x720	25.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_720P29_97	SMPTE-296	1280x720	29.97	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_720P30	SMPTE-296	1280x720	30.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_720P50	SMPTE-296	1280x720	50.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_720P59_94	SMPTE-296	1280x720	59.94	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_720P60	SMPTE-296	1280x720	60.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080P23_98	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	23.98	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080P24	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	24.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080P25	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	25.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080P29_97	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	29.97	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080P30	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	30.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080PSF23_98	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	23.98	PsF
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080PSF24	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	24.0	PsF
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080PSF25	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	25.0	PsF
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080PSF29_97	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	29.97	PsF
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080PSF30	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	30.0	PsF
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080150	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	25.0	Interlaced
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080159_94	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	29.97	Interlaced
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080160	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	30.0	Interlaced
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080P50	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	50.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080P59_94	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	59.94	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_1080P60	SMPTE-274	1920x1080	60.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_2160P50	SMPTE-2036	3840x2160	50.0	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_2160P59_94	SMPTE-2036	3840x2160	59.74	Progressive
DTAPI_VIDSTD_2160P60	SMPTE-2036	3840x2160	60.0	Progressive

LinkStd



Link standard. NOTE: a value of -1 means no multi-link standard is used.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_VIDLNK_4K_SMPTE425	4k SMPTE-425 quad-3G link
DTAPI_VIDLNK_4K_SMPTE425B	4k SMPTE-425 quad-3G link, using quadrant mapping as described in Annex B of the specification

Info

This parameter receives the properties of the video standard.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Video properties have been returned
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	Invalid/unknown video standard was specified



## ::DtapiGetRequiredUsbBandwidth

Returns the properties for the specified video standard.

#### **Parameters**

VidStd

Video standard. See DtapiGetVidStdInfo for a list of valid video standards.

RxMode

The RxMode you intend to use. See DtFrameBuffer::SetRxMode for a list of valid RxModes.

Bw

The bandwidth that is required for the given combination of video standard and RxMode. The bandwidth is in bits/s and can directly be used as argument for SetloConfig(DTAPI\_IOCONFIG\_BW).



#### **DtMxAncPacket**

Object representing an ancillary data packet.

#### **Public members**

 $m_Did$ 

Data identifier for ancillary data packet.

m SdidOrDbn

Data block number or secondary data identifier, depending on whether it is Type 1 or Type 2 packet (see DtMxAncPacket::Type).

m Dc

Data count (i.e. number of user words in the packet).

m Cs

Checksum.

m pUdw

Pointer to buffer holding the user data words.

m Line

The line number in which this packet was found or should be inserted.



## **DtMxAncPacket::Type**

Returns the type of ancillary data packet (Type 1 or 2).

```
int DtMxAncPacket::Type () const;
```

#### **Remarks**

The type determines whether the <code>DtMxAncPacket::m\_SdidOrDbnType</code> member should be interpreted as Data Block Number (=Type 1) or as Secondary Data ID (=Type 2).



#### **DtMxAudioChannel**

Object representing an audio channel.

```
class DtMxAudioChannel {
  int m Index;
                              // Index of channel in underlaying AV format
  bool m Present;
                              // Channel was present in the input frame
  int m_Service;
                              // Index of the service, in the
                              // DtMxAudioData::m Services list, this
                              // channel is part of
  const DtMxAudioSampleType
                             m Format;
                             // Format of audio samples: PCM or AES
  unsigned int* m pBuf;
                             // Buffer with audio samples
  const int m BufSizeSamples;
                              // Total size of the buffer (in #samples)
  int m NumValidSamples;
                             // Number of valid samples inside buffer
  DtMxAudioChannelStatus m Status; // AES3 status word
  const int m NumSamplesHint;
                              // Suggested number of audio samples for
                              // current frame
  const DtMxAudioSampleType
                             m Format;
                              // Format of audio samples: PCM32 or AES
```

#### **Public members**

m Index

Zero based index of the channel. 0=channel 1, 1=channel 2, ..., etc.

m Present

Channel has been found in the input stream.

m Service

Zero based index of the audio service the channel is part of. A value of -1 indicates the channel is not part of any service.

 $m_pBuf$ 

Pointer to the buffer with audio samples.

m BufSizeSamples

Size, in number of samples, of the audio buffer. Is a read-only field.

m NumValidSamples

Number of valid audio samples in the audio buffer.

m Status

The AES status word associated with the audio channel (see **DtMxAudioChannelStatus** for details).

m NumSamplesHint

Read-only field, with suggested number of audio samples required for the current frame. The suggestion is based on where in the audio-frame-sequence the frame resides. The matrix process initialises this parameter before a frame is passed to the call-back.

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For rows with an output the call-back is recommended behaviour to fill the audio buffer with the number of samples suggested by this field. The exception to this recommended behaviour is when the call-back is audio-frame-sequence aware and manually controls the sequence. For input-only rows the field can be ignored or used as a check to see if the number of actual received samples matches with expectation. In all cases treat this member as read-only field.

#### m Format

Read-only field with data format (e.g. PCM or AES sub-frames) of the audio samples. See **DtMxAudioConfig::m\_Format** description for possible values.



#### **DtMxAudioChannelStatus**

Object representing an audio channel status word.

```
class DtMxAudioChannelStatus {
  unsigned char m_Data[24]; // Raw AES3 channel-status word data
  bool m_Valid; // True, if status word has been initialised
};
```

#### **Public members**

```
m Data
```

Buffer holding the 24 AES channel-status-word bytes.

m Valid

True, if the channel-status-word has been initialised (i.e. m\_Data is valid).



## DtMxAudioChannelStatus::GetSampleRate

Returns the audio sampling rate field from the AES channel-status-word.

#### **Parameters**

SampleRate

The audio sample rate (in Hz).

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_NOT_INITIALIZED	Chanel status word has not been initialised

#### **Remarks**



## DtMxAudioChannelStatus::SetSampleRate

Set the audio sampling rate field in the AES channel-status-word.

#### **Parameters**

SampleRate

The audio sample rate (in Hz).

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_NOT_IMPLEMENTED	Function has not been implemented in this DTAPI release

#### **Remarks**



## DtMxAudioChannelStatus::GetPcmAudio

Returns whether the channel contains linear audio PCM data or something else.

#### **Parameters**

IsPcm

If true, the audio channel carries linear PCM data. Otherwise, the channel carries 'generic' data.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_NOT_INITIALIZED	Chanel status word has not been initialised

#### **Remarks**



## DtMxAudioChannelStatus::SetPcmAudio

Sets whether the channel carries linear audio PCM data or something else.

#### **Parameters**

IsPcm

Set to true for linear PCM data and false for 'generic' data.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success

#### **Remarks**



## DtMxAudioChannelStatus::GetPcmNumBits

Get the number of significant PCM and AUX data of bits.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxAudioChannelStatus::GetPcmNumBits (
[out] int& NumBits, // Number of bits used for PCM data
[out] int& NumAuxBits // Number of bits used for AUX data
);
```

#### **Parameters**

NumBits

Number of significant bits used PCM data.

*NumAuxBits* 

Number of bits used for the AUX data field.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_NOT_INITIALIZED	Chanel status word has not been initialised

#### **Remarks**



## DtMxAudioChannelStatus::SetPcmNumBits

Sets the number of significant PCM and AUX data of bits.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxAudioChannelStatus::GetPcmNumBits (
[out] int& NumBits, // Number of bits used for PCM data
[out] int& NumAuxBits // Number of bits used for AUX data
);
```

#### **Parameters**

NumBits

Number of significant bits used PCM data. Valid range: 16 - 24

NumAuxBits

Number of bits used for the AUX data field. Valid range: 0 - 4.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	NumBits or NumAuxBits has an invalid value

#### **Remarks**



#### **DtMxAudioConfig**

Object describing an audio channel configuration.

#### **Public Members**

m Index

Zero-based index identifying the audio channel number. I.e.  $0 = 1^{st}$  channel,  $1 = 2^{nd}$  channel, ..., etc.

m DeEmbed

Set to true, to de-embed received audio samples. For output-only rows this setting has no meaning.



#### m\_OutputMode

Specifies the output behaviour for the audio channel.

Value	Meaning
DT_OUTPUT_MODE_ADD	Audio samples for this channel are embedded in the outgoing AV frames. If de-embedding is enabled the audio channel's data buffer will be initialised with the de-embedded audio samples from the incoming AV frames, but can be overwritten/replaced from within the call-back function. Otherwise (when deembedding is disabled) the channel's data buffer will initially be empty.
DT_OUTPUT_MODE_COPY	Audio samples are one-to-one copied from the input to the out- put. The incoming audio samples are available, in the audio channel's data buffer, as read-only data only when de-embed- ding is enabled. For output-only rows this mode has the same effect as a DROP.
DT_OUTPUT_MODE_DROP	Audio samples will be dropped and not embedded into the outgoing AV frames, regardless of whether the audio channel was present or not on the incoming AV frames. If de-embedding is enabled the audio samples will be present as read-only data in the audio channel's data buffer.

NOTE: this setting has only effect on rows with an output.

#### $m_Format$

Desired audio sample format (e.g. PCM or AES sub-frames) for embedding/de-embedding.

Value	Meaning
DT_AUDIO_SAMPLE_PCM	32-bit PCM samples
DT_AUDIO_SAMPLE_AES3	32-bit AES sub-frames



#### **DtMxAudioData**

Represents the audio data associated with an AV frame.

#### **Public Members**

```
m_Channels
  List with audio channels.
m_Services
```

List with audio services.

#### **Remarks**

The two list have a fixed size and cannot be resized, the matrix framework will initialise the lists to the maximum number of audio channel/services it supports. Check the validity of an entry in these list before reading them and mark entries as valid or invalid after modifying an entry.



#### DtMxAudioData::GetAudio

Get the audio samples for the specified service and interleave them into one buffer

#### **Parameters**

Service

Reference to service whose audio samples to get.

*pSamples* 

Pointer to a buffer to receive the interleaved audio samples.

NumSamples

As input indicates the number of samples, with a size as indicated by SampleSize, the sample buffer can hold. As output returns the number of samples returned.

SampleSize

Desired size, in #bits, of the audio samples. Allowed values are: 16, 24 or 32.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVALID_SIZE	An invalid sample size was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	Sample buffer (pSamples) is invalid
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	Sample buffer is too small to receive all samples. NumSamples returns the minimum number of samples the buffer should be able to hold.

#### **Remarks**



## DtMxAudioData::InitChannelStatus

Initialise audio channel status words for all valid audio channels.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxAudioData::InitChannelStatus();

// OVERLOAD: init channels status for a specific service only
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxAudioData::InitChannelStatus (
   [in] const DtMxAudioService& Service, // Service to initialise
);
```

#### **Parameters**

Service

Reference to a specific audio service who's audio channel status words must be initialised.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
<u> </u>	An invalid audio channel index encountered in the service's audio channel list (DtMxAudioService::m_Channels)

#### **Remarks**

The channel status words will be initialised on basis of audio properties (e.g. service type, sample rate, etc) described by the **DtMxAudioService** object.



#### **DtMxAudioService**

Represents a description of an audio service.

#### **Public Members**

m Valid

Service description is valid.

m ServiceType

Specifies the type of service (e.g. mono, stereo, etc).

Value	Meaning
DT_AUDIOSERVICE_UNKNOWN	Unknown/undefined service type
DT_AUDIOSERVICE_MONO	Service consists out of one or more unrelated mono channels
DT_AUDIOSERVICE_DUAL_MO NO	Service consists out of one or more mono channel pairs
DT_AUDIOSERVICE_STEREO	Service consists out of one or more stereo channel pairs
DT_AUDIOSERVICE_5_1	Service consists out of one or more 5.1 audio channel groups

m Channels

List with associated audio channels. The channels contain the buffers with the audio samples.

m PcmNumBits

Number of valid significant bits in the audio samples. Only valid if the audio channel contains PCM samples (i.e. m ContainsData = 'false').

m ContainsData

True when the AES frames carry data and false if they carry linear PCM audio samples.

m SampleRate

The audio sample rate (in Hz) for the all the channels in the service.

m SamplesInFrame

Read-only field with total number of audio samples found/expected in the frame.

m AudioFrameNumber

Sequence number within the audio-frame-sequence.

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#### **Remarks**

When there is any audio to de-embed the <u>m\_PcmNumBits</u> and <u>m\_ContainsData</u> members are initialised by the matrix process with information extracted from the channel status word. The call-back must make sure these members are valid when it wants the matrix process to embed the audio service.

Similarly the audio frame number is initialised by matrix process before a frame is passed to the callback. The call-back can overrule the audio frame number, in which case it is responsible for making sure it adds the correct number of audio samples for the point in the audio sequence.



#### DtMxAuxData (NOT SUPPORTED)

Represent a description of auxiliary data.

```
class DtMxAuxData {
  bool m_AncTimeCodeValid; //
  __int64 m_AncTimeCode; //
};
```

#### **Public Members**

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $m\_AncTimeCodeValid$\\ \hline TODO. \end{tabular}
```

m\_AncTimeCode
TODO



#### **DtMxAuxDataConfig**

Auxiliary data configuration settings.

#### **Public Members**

m DeEmbedAll

Set to true to force de-embedding of all supported auxiliary data objects.

m DataType

Specifies which type of the auxiliary data configuration this object contains.

Value	Meaning
DT_AUXDATA_SDI	SDI auxiliary configuration data

 $m_Sdi$ 

Configuration for SDI auxiliary data objects. See DtMxAuxConfigSdi for detailed description.



#### **DtMxAuxObjConfig**

Auxiliary data object configuration settings.

#### **Public Members**

 $\it m$  DeEmbed

Set to true to de-embed the data objects. For output-only rows this setting has no meaning.

 $m_OutputMode$ 

Specifies the output behaviour for the auxiliary data objects.

Value	Meaning
DT_OUTPUT_MODE_ADD	Auxiliary data objects are embedded in the outgoing AV frames. If de-embedding is enabled the data objects will be de-embedded from the incoming AV frames, but can be overwritten/replaced from within the call-back function. Otherwise (when de-embedding is disabled) the data objects will initially be empty.
DT_OUTPUT_MODE_COPY	Auxiliary data objects are one-to-one copied from the input to the output. The incoming objects are available in de-embedded form, as read-only data, only when de-embedding is enabled. For output-only rows this mode has the same effect as a DROP.
DT_OUTPUT_MODE_DROP	Auxiliary data objects will be dropped and not embedded into the outgoing AV frames, regardless of whether the object was present or not on the incoming AV frames. If de-embedding is enabled the object will be present, as read-only, data in their de-embedded form.

NOTE: this setting has only effect on rows with an output.



#### **DtMxAuxConfigSdi**

SDI auxiliary data object configuration settings.

#### **Public members**

m\_AncPackets

Configuration settings for ancillary data packets. See DtMxAuxObjConfig for more details.



#### **DtMxData**

Top-level data object holding all AV data made available to the user call-back.

#### **Public Members**

m Frame

Sequence number of the current frame. The current frame is the frame most recently received and/or the frame that is up next for transmission.

m Phase

Current phase (0...NumPhases-1). In case the matrix process has been setup for multiphase processing, this member will indicate to the call-back which phase it is handling.

m NumSkippedFrames

Error counter, will normally be 0. If due to a timeout the matrix process has to skip the call-back processing of a number of frames, this member indicates the number of frames that where skipped.

m Rows

List with the AV data per configured matrix row (see DtMxRowData for details).



#### **DtMxFrame**

Data object holding the data for an AV frame.

```
class DtMxFrame {
  const DtMxRowConfig* const m Config;
                            \//\ Pointer to the rows configuration
  DtMxFrameStatus m_Status; // Status of the frame (e.g. ok, error, etc)
  int m VidStd;
                            // Configured/received video standard
  DtMxFrame* m DroppedFrame; // Points to previously dropped frame
  bool m InpPhaseValid; // True, if m_InpPhase is valid
  double m InpPhase; // Phase relative to clock source
 bool m RawTimestampValid; // True, if m RawTimestamp is valid
  __int64  m_RawTimestamp; // Raw 64-bit timestamp (54Mhz clock), the
                            // time this frame was received
 bool m_RawDataValid;
DtMxRawData m_RawData;
bool m_VideoValid;
                           // True, if valid raw data is available
                           // Holds raw frame data
                            // True, if valid video data is available
  DtMxVideoBuf m Video[2]; // Holds the frame's video data
 // True, if valid audio data is available
  DtMxAudioData  m AuxData;  // Holds the frame's auxiliary data
```

#### **Public Members**

m Config

Points to the row's configuration. See description DtMxRowConfig of for more details.



#### m Status

#### Status of the frame.

Value	Meaning
DT_FRMSTATUS_OK	Frame data is valid and ready for processing
DT_FRMSTATUS_SKIPPED	Frame has been received, but the call-back was never called for it (i.e. skipped by matrix frame work). This will only be set for historic buffers, never for the current frame buffer.
DT_FRMSTATUS_DISABLED	Row has been disabled, frame buffers are not available
DT_FRMSTATUS_DUPLICATE	Frame data is duplicated from previous frame, because the input was too slow
DT_FRMSTATUS_DROPPED	Frame data was dropped because the input thread in the API was too slow. Frame data is not available. This should never happen under normal circumstances, but could happen when the CPU is overloaded.
DT_FRMSTATUS_NO_SIGNAL	No signal at input port. Frame data not available.
DT_FRMSTATUS_WRONG_VIDS TD	Signal at the row's input does not match with the configured video standard. Frame data not available.
DT_FRMSTATUS_DEV_DISCON NECTED	Input (USB) device has been disconnected. Frame data not available
DT_FRMSTATUS_ERROR_INTE	Unspecified internal API error. Frame data is not available

#### m VidStd

The frame's video standard. See DtapiGetVidStdInfo for possible values.

#### m DroppedFrame

For input-only and input/output row this member could point to the previous frame in case it was dropped by the matrix process (i.e. no call-back was called for this frame). Such a condition could occur in case the row's input is faster than the matrix clock source and the frame had to be dropped to maintain clock sync. By providing a pointer to the data of the dropped frame the call-back might be able to prevent audio hick-ups.

In case no there is no dropped frame this member will be **NULL**.

#### m\_InpPhaseValid

True if m InpPhase contains a valid value. Never true for output-only rows.

#### m InpPhase

Phase of this input relative to the matrix's clock source. The matrix process will try to keep the phase between an early arrival time of no more than 1.25 frame period and a late arrival of no more than 0.05 frame period. A negative phase indicates the frame was received early, while a positive phase means the frame arrived too late. A frame arriving more than 1.25 frame-period early will be dropped and when the frame is more than 0.05 frame-period late the previous frame will be repeated. In a genlock-ed system one would expect the phase to be approximately zero at all times and no frame drops or repeats will be needed.

#### m RawDataValid

True, when raw data is available and valid.

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#### m RawData

If raw-data is enabled in the row configuration, this member holds the raw AV data. See DtMxRawData for a detailed description.

#### m VideoValid

True, when valid video data is available.

#### m Video

If video data is enabled in the row configuration, this member holds the video data for field 1 and field 2 (if interlaced). See **DtMxVideoBuf** for a detailed description.

#### m AudioValid

True, when valid audio data is available.

#### m Audio

If audio data is enabled in the row configuration, this member holds the audio data. See DtMxAudioData for a detailed description.

#### m AuxDataValid

True, when valid auxiliary data is available.

#### m AuxData

If auxiliary data is enabled in the row configuration, this member holds the aux data. See DtMxAuxData for a detailed description.

#### Remarks

When the frame's status is **DT\_FRMSTATUS\_DISABLED** all data should be consider as invalid, regardless of the individual data valid flags.



## DtMxFrame::AncAddPacket

Adds an ancillary data packet to the specified ancillary data space.

#### **Parameters**

AncPkt

Packet to add.

HancVanc

Specifies the ancillary data space in which the packet should be inserted.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	Add to Horizontal ANC space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	Add to Vertical ANC space

Stream

For HD video standards this parameter specifies the stream in which the packet should be inserted. For SD video standard this parameter should be set to -1.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM_0	Add to chrominance stream For 3G-level B: add to chrominance stream 1
DTAPI_SDI_LUM_0	Add to luminance stream For 3G-level B: add to luminance stream 1
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM_1	3G-level B only: add to chrominance stream 2
DTAPI_SDI_LUM_1	3G-level B only: add to luminance stream 2

Link

In case a multi-link output port (e.g. SMPTE 425-5 quad link) is used this member is the index (zero-based index) of the link to add the packet to. Set to -1 for a single link output configuration.



## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_CONFIG	Auxiliary data is disabled in the row's configuration
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Invalid ancillary data space was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	Invalid line was specified (DtMxAncPacket::m_Line)
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINK	Invalid link index
DTAPI_E_INVALID_STREAM	Invalid stream was specified



## DtMxFrame::AncDelPacket

Deletes one or more ancillary data packets from the specified ancillary data space.

#### **Parameters**

Did

Ancillary Data-ID of the packets to delete. Valid values: 0...255.

Sdid

Secondary Data-ID of the packet to delete. Set to -1 for Type 1 packets and to a value between 0...255 for Type 2 packets.

StartLine

First line to scan for the specified ancillary data packets. 1 denotes the first line.

NumLines

Number of lines to delete the specified packet from. Use -1 for all lines beginning with *StartLine*.

HancVanc

Specifies which ancillary data space to delete the packet(s) from.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	HANC data space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	VANC data space

Stream

Specifies which stream to delete the packets from. NOTE: this is an HD-only parameter and for SD this parameter should be set to -1.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM_0	Chrominance stream For 3G-level B: Chrominance stream 1
DTAPI_SDI_LUM_0	Luminance stream For 3G-level B: Luminance stream 1
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM_1	3G-level B only: Chrominance stream 2
DTAPI_SDI_LUM_1	3G-level B only: Luminance stream 2



#### Mode

Specifies the deletion mode.

Value	Meaning
	Mark the ancillary data packet for deletion (i.e. leave it in the ancillary data space, but set the DID to 0xFF)
DTAPI_ANC_DELETE	Delete the packet from the ancillary data stream

#### Link

In case a multi-link input port (e.g. SMPTE 425-5 quad link) is used this member is the index (zero-based index) of the link to delete the packet from. Set to -1 for a single link input configuration.

## **Results**

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_CONFIG	De-embedding of auxiliary data is disabled in the row's configuration settings
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Invalid ancillary data space was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	Invalid DID and/or SDID was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	Invalid start-line or number of lines was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINK	Invalid link index
DTAPI_E_INVALID_MODE	Invalid deletion mode was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_STREAM	Invalid stream was specified



## **DtMxFrame::AncGetPacket**

Get ancillary data packets from the specified ancillary data space.

#### **Parameters**

Did

Ancillary Data-ID of the packets to get. Valid values: 0...255.

Sdid

Secondary Data-ID of the packet to get. Set to -1 for Type 1 packets and to a value between 0...255 for Type 2 packets.

*pPacket* 

Array of DtMxAncPacket objects to receive the requested ancillary data packets.

NOTE: set to **NULL** for the purpose of determining the number of packets available (i.e. available number packets will be return in *NumPackets*).

#### NumPackets

Maximum number of packets to get. As output, this parameter returns the actual number of packets returned.



#### HancVanc

Specifies which ancillary data space to get the packet(s) from.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	HANC data space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	VANC data space

#### Stream

Specifies which stream to get the packets from. NOTE: this is an HD-only parameter and for SD this parameter should be set to -1.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM_0	Chrominance stream For 3G-level B: Chrominance stream 1
DTAPI_SDI_LUM_0	Luminance stream For 3G-level B: Luminance stream 1
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM_1	3G-level B only: Chrominance stream 2
DTAPI_SDI_LUM_1	3G-level B only: Luminance stream 2

#### Link

In case a multi-link input port (e.g. SMPTE 425-5 quad link) is used this member is the index (zero-based index) of the link to get the packets from. Set to -1 for a single link input configuration.

#### **Results**

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	ANC packet buffer is too small to hold all available packets matching the specified DID/SDID pair. $pPacket$ will be filled to the brim and $NumPackets$ will return the total number of packets that are available
DTAPI_E_CONFIG	De-embedding of auxiliary data is disabled in the row's configuration settings
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Invalid ancillary data space was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	Invalid DID and/or SDID was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	Invalid start-line or number of lines was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINK	Invalid link index
DTAPI_E_INVALID_STREAM	Invalid stream was specified



#### **DtMxPort**

## DtMxPort::DtMxPort

Constructor for a DtMxPort object.

```
// 1. Constructor that doesn't link to a physical port yet
DtMxPort::DtMxPort();
// 2. Constructor that links to a single physical port. Video standard and
// link standard are not explicitly set and will be determined from
// IO-configuration.
DtMxPort::DtMxPort(
 [in] DtDevice* pDvc, // Device object
                           // Physical port number (1...#ports)
 [in] int Port,
 [in] int ClockPriority, // Clock priority (≥0, default=0)
// 3. Constructor that initializes the object for a multi-link setup
DtMxPort::DtMxPort(
                          // Video standard
 [in] int VidStd,
                           // Link standard
  [in] int LinkStd,
```

#### **Parameters**

pDvc

Pointer to the device object that represents a DekTec device. The device object must have been attached to the device hardware.

Port

Physical port number. The port object is attached to this port. Valid values: 1...#ports

ClockPriority

Determines the ports priority for serving as the clock source within the matrix process. See **DtMxPort::AddPhysicalPort** for more details.

VideoStd

Video standard the port should be configured for. See description of **DtapiGetVidStdInfo** function for list of possible values.

LinkStd

Link setup the port should be configured to. See description of **DtapiGetVidStdInfo** function for list of possible values.



## DtMxPort::AddPhysicalPort

Attach the port to a physical port on a DekTec device.

#### **Parameters**

pDvc

Pointer to the device object that represents a DekTec device. The device object must have been attached to the device hardware.

Port

Physical port number. The port object is attached to this port. Valid values: 1...#ports

ClockPriority

Determines the ports priority for serving as the clock source within the matrix process. When there are multiple possible ports the matrix process can use a clock source, the port with the highest priority will be used as clock source. Valid values: 0...INT MAX

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	pDvc has not been attached or the pointer is NULL



#### **DtMxProcess**

## DtMxProcess::AddMatrixCbFunc

Register a new call-back function that will be called by the framework whenever a new frame is ready for processing.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxProcess::AddMatrixCbFunc (
   [in] DtMxProcFrameFunc* pFunc, // Pointer to the callback function
   [in] void* pContext, // Opaque pointer passed to callback
);
```

#### **Parameters**

pFunc

Pointer to the user-provided call-back function that will be called when a new frame is ready for processing.

pContext

Opaque pointer that will be passed to the call-back function when it is called by the framework. Use for identifying a call-back when it is called and/or maintaining state information across multiple calls to a call-back.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot add call-backs while process is running
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	pFunc pointer is NULL
DTAPI_E_OUT_OF_RESOURCE S	Maximum number (=32) of call-backs have already been registered

#### Remarks

None



# **DtMxProcess::AttachRowToInput**

Attaches an input port to a row in the matrix.

#### **Parameters**

ROW

Index of the row to attach the input too. Valid values: 0...31

Port

The port to attach to the row.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ROW	Row index is invalid
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Port is not attached to any hardware
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot attach a port, while process is running



## DtMxProcess::AttachRowToOutput

Attaches an output port to a row in the matrix.

#### **Parameters**

Row

Index of the row to attach the output too.

Port

The port to attach to the row.

ExtraDelay

Optional additional output delay, in number of frames, to be added to overall the end-to-end delay (see **DtMxProcess::SetEndToEndDelay**). Valid values: 0...10.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVALID_DELAY	ExtraDelay is invalid
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ROW	Row index is invalid
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Port is not attached to any hardware
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot attach a port, while process is running



## DtMxProcess::GetDefEndToEndDelay

Get the default end-to-end delay.

#### **Parameters**

Delay

The default the end-to-end delay (in #frames), given the current matrix configuration. The default end-to-end delay is the safe minimum setting for the end-to-end delay. Alternatively the minimal end-to-end delay as returned by **GetMinEndToEndDelay** can be used to have the minimal delay, but at the cost of a less relaxed margin for scheduling delays.

**CbFrames** 

An approximation of the time the user call-back function has relative to the time of a complete frame. For example, a value 1.5 means that the call-back has one-and-a-half frame period to process a frame.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot get delay, while process is running

#### **Remarks**

See description of **DtMxProcess::SetEndToEndDelay** for more details about the end-to-end delay.



## DtMxProcess::GetMinEndToEndDelay

Get the minimum end-to-end delay.

#### **Parameters**

Delay

The minimum end-to-end delay (in #frames), given the current matrix configuration.

CbFrames

An approximation of the time the user call-back function has relative to the time of a complete frame.

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot get delay, while process is running

#### **Remarks**

See description of DtMxProcess::SetEndToEndDelay for more details about the end-to-end delay.



# **DtMxProcess::NewClockSample (NOT SUPPORTED)**

THIS FUNCTION IS NOT SUPPORTED IN THE CURRENT RELEASE.



# DtMxProcess::PrintProfilingInfo

Print diagnostics regarding time spend in the call-backs threads and internal DMA and processing threads.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxProcess::PrintProfilingInfo ();
```

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot print profiling info, while process is started

## Remarks

This method is intended for debugging purposes only.



## **DtMxProcess::Reset**

Reset the matrix process.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxProcess::Reset ();
```

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot reset, while process is running

## **Remarks**

A reset will restore the matrix process to its initial un-configured state. Upon a reset the following steps will be performed:

- Detach the rows from all attached ports.
- Reset the number of phases to its default value.
- Clear all row configurations, applied via SetRowConfig.
- Reset the end-to-end delay to its default value.
- Deregister all call-backs, registered via AddMatrixCbFunc.



# DtMxProcess::SetClockControl (NOT SUPPORTED)

THIS FUNCTION IS NOT SUPPORTED IN THE CURRENT RELEASE.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxProcess::SetClockControl (
   [in] DtMxClockMode ClockMode, //
   [in] DtDevice* pDvc, //
   [in] int AvgFifoLoad, //
);
```



# DtMxProcess::SetEndToEndDelay

Set the end-to-end delay.

#### **Parameters**

Delay

End-to-end delay in number of frames. Must be equal or larger than the minimum end-to-end delay (see **DtMxProcess::GetMinEndToEndDelay**).

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVALID_DELAY	Delay is invalid
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot change delay, while process is running

## **Remarks**



## **DtMxProcess::SetNumPhases**

Set the number of phases.

#### **Parameters**

NumPhases

Number of phases uses in the call-back. Valid values: 1...8

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	NumPhases is invalid
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot change number phases, while process is running

#### **Remarks**



# DtMxProcess::SetRowConfig

Apply a row configuration.

#### **Parameters**

Row

Index of the row to configure. Valid values: 0...31

Config

Row configuration to be applied.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	No input or outputs ports have been attached to the row
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	NumPhases is invalid
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ROW	Row index is invalid
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot change row configuration, while process is running



# DtMxProcess::SetVidBufFreeCb (NOT SUPPORTED)

THIS FUNCTION IS NOT SUPPORTED IN THE CURRENT RELEASE.



## DtMxProcess::SetVidStd (NOT SUPPORTED)

Configure row for a specific video standard.

#### **Parameters**

ROW

Index of the row to configure.

VidStd

Video standard to be applied. See description of **DtapiGetVidStdInfo** function for list of possible values.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ROW	Row index is invalid
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot change row configuration, while process is running



# **DtMxProcess::Start**

Start the matrix process.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxProcess::Start ();
```

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_CONFIG	Invalid set of configuration settings for one of the rows
DTAPI_E_FRAMERATE_MISMA TCH	Not all input and/or output ports have a matching
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	None of the matrix rows has been attached to in- and/or output port
DTAPI_E_INVALID_DELAY	The end-to-end delay is too low (i.e. delay< min. delay)
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	The input and output ports of one or more of the rows have not been set to the same video standard (in- and output video standard must match within a single row)
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Process already started

## **Remarks**



# **DtMxProcess::Stop**

Stop the matrix process.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxProcess::Stop ();
```

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	Process is not started

## **Remarks**



## **DtMxRawConfig**

Raw data configuration settings.

## **Public Members**

 $m\_Type$ 

Specifies which type of the raw data configuration this object contains.

Value	Meaning
DT_RAWDATA_SDI	Raw SDI configuration data

m Sdi

Configuration settings for raw SDI data. See DtMxRawConfigSdi for more details.



## **DtMxRawConfigSdi**

Configuration settings for raw SDI data.

#### **Public members**

 $m_PixelFormat$ 

Specifies the format of the pixels (i.e. packed or planer and order of symbols) and symbol size.

Value	Meaning	#bits
DT_PXFMT_INVALID	Undefined pixel format	-
DT_PXFMT_UYVY422_10B	Packed 422, order of symbols is: Cb Y Cr Y. First symbol (Cb) is stored in LSB position of buffer.	10
DT_PXFMT_UYVY422_16B		16
DT_PXFMT_UYVY422_10B_NBO	Packed 422, order of symbols is: Cb Y Cr Y. The 8 MSB of the first symbol (Cb) are stored in the first byte. The 2 <sup>nd</sup> byte contains the 2 LSB bits of the first symbol in bits 76 and the 6 MSB bits of the first Y symbol in bits 50. The 3 <sup>rd</sup> byte contains the 4 LSB bits of the first Y symbol in bits 74 and 4 MSB bits of the Cr symbol in bits 30.	10
DT_PXFMT_YUYV422_10B	Packed 422, order of symbols is: Y Cb Y Cr. First symbol (Y) is stored in LSB position of buffer.	10
DT_PXFMT_YUYV422_16B		16

NOTE: in 16B formats above only the LSB 10-bits of each 16-bit word are significant, the MSB six are tied to zero.

#### m StartLine

First line to process (1-based relative to start of the frame).

#### m NumLines

Number of lines to process beginning at  $m\_StartLine$ . A value of -1 indicates all lines between the start line and the end of the frame must be processed.

#### $m\_LineAlignment$

Desired minimum byte alignment each line should have.

See DtMxVideoConfig::m\_LineAlignment for more details.



## **DtMxRowConfig**

Row configuration settings.

```
class DtMxRowConfig {
  bool m Enable;
                            // Global row enable/disable
  int m RowSize;
                            // Number of frame buffered in row
  void* m Opaq;
                            // Opaque user pointer
  bool m RawDataEnable; // Enable raw data processing
  DtMxRawConfig m RawData; // Configuration of raw data input/output
                            // Enable video data processing
  bool m VideoEnable;
  DtMxVideoConfig m Video; // Configuration of video data input/output
  bool m_AudioEnable;
                            // Enable audio data processing
                            // Configuration of audio data input/output
  DtMxAudioConfig  m Audio;
  bool m AuxDataEnable; // Enable auxilliary data processing
  DtMxAudioConfig m AuxData; // Configuration of aux data input/output
```

#### **Public Members**

#### m Enable

Global enable/disable for the row. True, enables the row and the remaining configuration settings will determine which data is processed. False, disables the row, meaning no data processing will be performed for this row regardless of the other configuration settings.

#### m RowSize

Number of frames that will be kept in the row's frame buffer. Minimum value is 1 and the maximum is bounded only by available memory.

#### m Opaq

Opaque user pointer, which can be used to link user defined data to the configuration for any purpose the user sees fit. The matrix API will not change or touch this value at all.

#### m RawDataEnable

Set to true, to enable raw data processing. False disables raw data processing. NOTE: is mutual exclusive with other processing options (see also Remarks).

#### m RawData

Configuration settings for raw data input/output. See DtMxRawConfig for a detailed description.

#### m VideoEnable

Set to true, to enable video data processing. False disables video data processing.

#### m Video

Configuration settings for video data input/output. See **DtMxVideoConfig** for a detailed description.

#### m AudioEnable

Set to true, to enable audio data processing. False disables audio data processing.

#### m Audio

Configuration settings for audio data input/output. See **DtMxAudioConfig** for a detailed description.

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#### m AuxDataEnable

Set to true, to enable auxiliary data processing. False disables auxiliary data processing.

#### m AuxData

Configuration settings for auxiliary data input/output. See **DtMxAuxDataConfig** for a detailed description.

## **Remarks**

A matrix row operates either in RAW mode or in "parsed data" mode. This means that raw data processing is mutually exclusive with video, audio and auxiliary data processing.



#### **DtMxRowData**

Data object holding all AV data for a specific row.

```
class DtMxRowData {
   DtMxFrame* m_CurFrame; // Pointer to the current frame
   std::vector<const DtMxFrame*> m_Hist; // List with previous frames
};
```

### **Public Members**

m CurFrame

Points to the current frame i.e. the frame to process. The call-back may read and write to this frame. See **DtMxFrame** description for details about the data a frame object holds.

m Hist

Read-only list with previous frames (size is configured row size minus 1). Index 0 holds the previous frame, index 1 the frame before that etc. The frames in this list must be treated as read-only, so the call-back should not modify the data they hold.



#### **DtMxVideoBuf**

Video data buffer.

#### **Public Members**

m Planes[3]

Buffer per plane. See DtMxVideoPlaneBuf for more details.

m NumPlanes

Number of planes, directly depends on the pixel format chosen.

m PixelFormat

Pixel format of the video. See DtMxVideoConfig::m\_PixelFormat for details.

m Scaling

Scaling applied to the video. See DtMxVideoConfig::m Scaling for details.

m Width

Width of the video image in number of pixels.

m Height

Height of the video image in number of pixels.

#### Remarks

All fields above are managed (initialised) by the matrix process and should be treated as read-only fields in the call-back function.



## DtMxVideoBuf::InitBuf

Initialises the video buffer with a specific video-pattern.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtMxVideoBuf::InitBuf (
  [in] DtMxVidPattern Pattern, // Desired video pattern
);
```

## **Parameters**

Pattern

Specifies the video pattern used for initialising the video buffer.

Value	Meaning
DT_VIDPAT_BLACK_FRAME	Fully black video pattern
DT_VIDPAT_BLUE_FRAME	Fully blue video pattern
DT_VIDPAT_GREEN_FRAME	Fully green video pattern
DT_VIDPAT_RED_FRAME	Fully red video pattern
DT_VIDPAT_WHITE_FRAME	Fully white video pattern

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	Unknown video pattern specified
DTAPI_E_NOT_SUPPORTED	Initialisation is not supported for the video buffer's data or pixel format



## **DtMxVideoConfig**

Video configuration settings.

```
class DtMxVideoConfig {
  int m StartLine1;
                           // First line to process (for field 1)
 int m_NumLines1;
                           // Number of lines to process (for field 1)
 int m_StartLine2;
                           // First line to process (for field 2)
 int m NumLines2;
                           // Number of lines to process (for field 2)
 int m Scaling;
                           // Scaling mode (OFF, 1/4, 1/16)
 int m LineAlignment;  // Desired line alignment
 // Pixel format
 bool m UserBuffer;
                           // Use a user supplied video buffer
```

#### **Public Members**

#### m StartLine1, m StartLine2

First video line to process (1-based relative to start of the field). For progressive formats only  $m\_StartLine1$  is used. For interlaced formats  $m\_StartLine2$  indicates the first line in the  $2^{nd}$  field.

#### m NumLines1, m NumLines2

Number of video lines to process beginning at  $m\_StartLine\#$ . A value of -1 indicates all lines between the start line and the end of the field must be processed. For progressive formats only  $m\_NumLines1$  is used. For interlaced formats  $m\_NumLines2$  indicates the number of lines to process for the  $2^{nd}$  field.

#### m Scaling

Specifies whether the video should be scaled.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SCALING_OFF	Do not scale
DTAPI_SCALING_1_4	Scale video to $1/4^{\text{th}}$ of its original size (i.e. half the vertical and horizontal size)
DTAPI_SCALING_1_16	Scale video to 1/16 <sup>th</sup> of its original size (i.e. quarter the vertical and horizontal size)

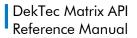
NOTE: Scaling should only be used on the full field (i.e. start-line=1 and #lines = -1).

#### m LineAlignment

Desired minimum byte alignment each line should have. Valid values are 1, 2, 4, 8, ... 512 (must be a power of 2). A special case is -1, which means no alignment (i.e. all symbols directly follow each other).

The matrix process will choose a stride of  $\mathbf{n}^*m\_LineAlignent$ . Usually  $\mathbf{n}$  will be smallest value where the stride is greater or equal to the line length in number of bytes, but for performance reasons a larger stride may be used by the framework.

Typical values for the alignment are -1 (no alignment), 1 (align each line on a byte boundary) or 16 (optimal alignment for SSE2 instructions).





## $m_PixelFormat$

Specifies the format of the pixels (i.e. packed or planer and order of symbols) and symbol size.

Value	Meaning	#bits
DT_PXFMT_INVALID	Undefined pixel format	-
DT_PXFMT_UYVY422_8B	Packed 422, order of symbols is: Cb Y Cr Y. First symbol (Cb) is stored in LSB position of buffer.	8
DT_PXFMT_UYVY422_10B		10
DT_PXFMT_UYVY422_16B		16
DT_PXFMT_YUYV422_8B	Packed 422, order of symbols is: Y Cb Y Cr. First symbol (Y) is stored in LSB position of buffer.	8
DT_PXFMT_YUYV422_10B		10
DT_PXFMT_YUYV422_16B		16
DT_PXFMT_Y_8B	Single plane with luminance symbols only	8
DT_PXFMT_Y_16B		16
DT_PXFMT_YUV422P_8B	Planar 422, 3 planes: 1 <sup>st</sup> =Y, 2 <sup>nd</sup> =Cb and 3 <sup>rd</sup> =Cr NOTE: Cb and Cr-planes, have same the height as the Y-plane, but only half the width of the Y-plane.	8
DT_PXFMT_YUV422P_16B		16
DT_PXFMT_YUV422P2_8B	Planar 422, 2 planes: 1 <sup>st</sup> =Y, 2 <sup>nd</sup> =CbCr (with Cb in LSB position of buffer)	8
DT_PXFMT_YUV422P2_16B		16
DT_PXFMT_BGR_8B	Packed 8-bit RGB data. LSB=B, then G, MSB=R	8
DT_PXFMT_V210	Packed 422, with three 10-bit symbols per 32-bit. Order of symbols is Y Cb Y Cr. First symbol is stored in LSB 10-bits of first 32-bit word.	10

NOTE: in 16B formats above only the LSB 10-bits of each 16-bit word are significant, the MSB six are tied to zero.

## m UserBuffer

Not supported in current release of the API. Must be set to false.



#### **DtMxVideoPlaneBuf**

Data buffer for a single video plane.

#### **Public m**

#### embers

m pBuf

Pointer to the buffer with the video symbols.

m BufSize

Size of the buffer in number of bytes.

m Stride

The number of bytes for one video line in the buffer. The stride includes extra padding bytes, required to align the starts of the video lines on a specific byte boundary. A value of -1 means no alignment was applied and all line directly follow each other without any form of padding.

m StartLine

Line number (1-based relative to start of the field) of the first line in the buffer.

m NumLines

Number of lines stored in the buffer.



## **AncPacket (DEPRECATED)**

## **AncPacket**

Object representing an ancillary data packet.

#### **Public members**

m Did

Data identifier for ancillary data packet

m SdidOrDbn

Data block number or secondary data identifier depending on whether it is Type 1 or Type 2 packet

m Dc

Data count (i.e. number of user words in the packet)

m Cs

Checksum

m pUdw

Pointer to buffer holding the user data words. Create/initialise this buffer using the AncPacket::Create method and destroy it using the AncPacket::Destroy method.

m\_Line

The line number where this packet was found or should be inserted.

#### **Remarks**

None



# **AncPacket::Create**

Allocates a buffer for the user data and optionally initialises the buffer from a supplied buffer with user data.

### **Parameters**

NumWords

Size (in # of words) of buffer to allocate.

pUserWords

Pointer to a buffer with data that should be copied to the AncPacket object.

NOTE: m Dc will be initialised to NumWords in this case.

#### **Remarks**



# **AncPacket::Destroy**

Destroys (frees) the allocated user data word buffer.

```
void AncPacket::Destroy ();
```

# Remarks



# **AncPacket::Size**

Returns the size of the user buffer (i.e. the maximum number of user words that can be stored in <code>AncPacket::m\_pUdw</code>).

int AncPacket::Size () const;

## Remarks



# AncPacket::Type

Returns the type of packet (Type 1 or Type 2).

```
int AncPacket::Type () const;
```

# Remarks



## **DtFrameBuffer (DEPRECATED)**

# DtFrameBuffer::AncAddAudio

Function for adding audio samples to the ancillary data area of the specified frame.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Frame number of the SDI frame the audio should be added too.

pBuf

Buffer with the audio samples

BufSize

Size (in bytes) of the supplied buffer with audio samples. This parameter returns the number of bytes actually added from the buffer (can be less than the size of the buffer if max number of audio samples have been added to the frame).



## Format

Specifies the format of the audio samples.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_PCM16	16-bit PCM audio samples
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_PCM32	32-bit PCM audio samples (not supported at the moment)

## Channels

Specifies the audio channels included in the buffer (can be OR-ed together).

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CHAN1	Channel 1 is included
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CHAN2	Channel 2 is included
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CHAN3	Channel 3 is included
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CHAN4	Channel 4 is included
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CH_PAIR 1	Channel pair 1 is included (= DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CHAN1   DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CHAN2)
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CH_PAIR 2	Channel pair 2 is included (= DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CHAN3   DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_CHAN4)

## Audio Group

Specifies the audio group the samples should be added to.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_GROUP1	Add samples to audio group 1
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_GROUP2	Add samples to audio group 2
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_GROUP3	Add samples to audio group 3
DTAPI_SDI_AUDIO_GROUP4	Add samples to audio group 4

# Result



DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Audio samples have been added to the frame
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	Cannot add audio while the DtFrameBuffer object is idle
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Cannot add audio as long as the DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an output
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FORMAT	The specified format is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_VALID_CHANNEL	An unknown audio channel has been specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_GROUP	An unknown audio group has been specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAME	The frame number is invalid
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	Buffer does not contain enough audio samples to fill the audio group. The min. number of bytes required is returned in the <code>BufSize</code> parameter.

## **Remarks**

The audio samples will not be actually written to the frame buffer until the DtFrameBuffer::AncCommit method is called; until this time the audio samples are cached internally in the DTAPI and other changes can be made the ancillary data space of the frame (e.g. adding audio for another audio group or adding/deleting ancillary data packet).

If multiple channels are specified in the *Channels* parameter, then the **AncAddaudio** function expects the audio samples for the channels to be interleaved in memory. I.e. when **DTAPI\_SDI\_AUDIO\_CH\_PAIR1** is specified, the function expects: sample ch1, sample ch2, etc.



## DtFrameBuffer::AncAddPacket

Function for adding ancillary data packet to the specified ancillary data space of a specific frame.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Frame number of the SDI frame the ancillary data packet should be added too.

AncPkt.

Packet too add.

HancVanc

Specifies the ancillary data space in which the packet should be inserted.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	Add to Horizontal ANC space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	Add to Vertical ANC space

Stream

For HD video standards this parameter specifies the stream in which the packet should be inserted. For SD video standard this parameter should be set to -1.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM	Add to chrominance stream
DTAPI_SDI_LUM	Add to luminance stream

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Packet was added to insertion list
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	Can only be called if the DtFrameBuffer object has been started
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFramebuffer object is not attached to an output
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Invalid ancillary data space was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_STREAM	Invalid stream was specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	Invalid line was specified

#### **Remarks**

The ancillary data packet will not be actually written to the frame buffer until the DtFrameBuffer::AncCommit method is called; until this time the ancillary data packets is cached

# DekTec Matrix API Reference Manual



internally in the DTAPI and other changes can be made the ancillary data space of the frame (e.g. adding audio for another audio group or adding/deleting ancillary data packet).



## DtFrameBuffer::AncClear

Clear all existing data from the specified space ancillary data space.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of the frame to clear

HancVanc

Specifies which ancillary data space to clear.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	HANC data space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	VANC data space

Stream

Specifies which stream to clear. NOTE: this is an HD-only parameter and for SD this parameter should be set to -1.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM	Chrominance stream
DTAPI_SDI_LUM	Luminance stream

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Existing data has been marked for deletion and will be deleted when DtFrameBuffer::AncCommit is called
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	Can only be called if the DtFrameBuffer object has been started
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFramebuffer object is not attached to both an input and output
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Specified an invalid ancillary data space
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAME	The frame number is invalid
DTAPI_E_INVALID_STREAM	Specified an invalid stream (use -1 for SD)

#### Remarks

This function can only be used for **DtFrameBuffer** object which are part of a matrix and have both an input and output attached to it (i.e. editing scenario); it will fail in all other cases.

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Upon calling this function ancillary data space will not actually be cleared yet, the actual clearing takes place when the DtFrameBuffer::AncCommit method is called (see also remarks for AncCommit).



# **DtFrameBuffer::AncCommit**

Commit changes made to ancillary data spaces.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

The sequence number of the frame for which changes need to be committed

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Changes have been committed
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	This method can only be called when the DtFrameBuffer object has been started
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	No output attached to the DtFrameBuffer object
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal DTAPI error was encountered
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAME	The frame number is invalid

## **Remarks**

Upon calling this method the following sequence of events will be executed:

- all existing packets marked for clearing (via AncClear or AncDelPacket) will be removed;
- audio added via AncAddAudio will be embedded in the HANC space;
- new ancillary data packets added via AncAddPacket will be inserted in ancillary data spaces



# DtFrameBuffer::AncDelAudio

Delete audio from a specific group from a frame.

## **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of the frame to delete the audio from.

AudioGroup

Specifies which audio group should be deleted. See AncAddaudio for possible values.

Mode

Specifies the deletion mode.

Value	Meaning
	Mark the ancillary data packets for deletion (i.e. leave it in the ancillary data space, but set the DID to 0xFF)
DTAPI_ANC_DELETE	Delete the packets from the ancillary data stream

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Audio has been deleted
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	Can only be called if the DtFrameBuffer object has been started
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFramebuffer object is not attached to both an input and output
DTAPI_E_INVALID_MODE	An invalid deletion-mode has been specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAME	The frame number is invalid



## DtFrameBuffer::AncDelPacket

Deletes specific ancillary data packets from a range of SDI lines.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of frame to delete the packets from

DID

Ancillary Data-ID of the packets to delete

SDID

Secondary Data-ID of the packet to delete. If not used set this parameter to -1.

StartLine

First line to scan for the specified ancillary data packets. 1 denotes the first line.

NumLines

Number of lines to delete the specified packet from. Use -1 for all lines beginning with *StartLine*.

HancVanc

Specifies which ancillary data space to delete the packet(s) from.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	HANC data space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	VANC data space

Stream

Specifies which stream to delete the packet()s from . NOTE: this is an HD-only parameter and for SD this parameter should be set to -1.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM	Chrominance stream
DTAPI_SDI_LUM	Luminance stream



Mode

Specifies the deletion mode.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_ANC_MARK	Mark the ancillary data packet for deletion (i.e. leave it in the ancillary data space, but set the DID to 0xFF)
DTAPI_ANC_DELETE	Delete the packet from the ancillary data stream

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Packet have been deleted
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	Can only be called if the DtFrameBuffer object has been started
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFramebuffer object is not attached to both an input and output
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Specified an invalid ancillary data space
DTAPI_E_INVALID_STREAM	Specified an invalid stream (use -1 for SD)
DTAPI_E_INVALID_MODE	An invalid deletion-mode has been specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAME	The frame number is invalid

## Remarks

Call **AncCommit** to commit the changes made by this method (see also remarks section for **AncCommit**).



## DtFrameBuffer::AncGetAudio

Extracts the audio data from a frame.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of the frame to get the audio from.

pBuf

Pointer to the buffer to receive the audio samples. This buffer needs to be large enough to accommodate the maximum number of audio samples in a frame.

BufSize

Size (in bytes) of the pBuf. As output parameter it returns the actual number of bytes returned.

Format

Specifies the format (e.g. 16-bit PCM) of the audio samples. See **AncAddAudio** for possible values.

Channels

As input parameter, this parameter specifies the audio channels to return. As output parameter, this parameter returns which channels have actually been returned. See AncAddAudio for possible values.

AudioGroup

Specifies which audio group should be returned. See AncAddAudio for possible values.



## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Available audio samples have been returned
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	Cannot get audio while the DtFrameBuffer object is idle
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Cannot get audio as long as the DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an input
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FORMAT	The specified format is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_VALID_CHANNEL	An unknown audio channel has been specified
DTAPI_E_INVALID_GROUP	An unknown audio group has been specified
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	Buffer is too small does to receive the audio samples. The min. number of bytes required is returned in the <code>BufSize</code> parameter.
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAME	The frame number is invalid

# Remarks



## DtFrameBuffer::AncGetPacket

Gets ancillary data packet(s) from the specified ancillary data space in the frame.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of frame to get the packet(s) from

DID

Ancillary Data-ID of the packet(s) to get

SDID

Secondary Data-ID of the packet(s) to get. If not relevant set this parameter to -1.

pAncPktBuf

Array of AncPacket objects to receive the requested ancillary data packets

NumPackets

Max number of packets to get. As output, this parameter returns the actual number of packets returned.

HancVanc

Specifies the ancillary data space to get the packets from.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	Get from Horizontal ANC space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	Get from Vertical ANC space

Stream

For HD video standards this parameter specifies the stream to get the packet(s) from. For SD video standard this parameter should be set to -1.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_CHROM	Get from chrominance stream
DTAPI_SDI_LUM	Get from luminance stream



## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Available packets have been returned
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	Cannot call this method while DtFrameBuffer object has not been attached to an input
DTAPI_E_NOT_STARTED	Cannot call this method while DtFrameBuffer object is idle
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	pAncPacket is invalid (i.e. NULL pointer)
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Specified an invalid ancillary data space
DTAPI_E_INVALID_STREAM	Specified an invalid stream (use -1 for SD)
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	Not enough entries in <i>pAncPacket</i> for all ancillary data packets requested. The <i>NumPackets</i> parameter returns the number of entries needed
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FRAME	The frame number is invalid

# Remarks



## DtFrameBuffer::AncReadRaw

Read raw ancillary data into a memory buffer.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of frame to read.

pBuf

Pointer to the destination buffer to receive the ancillary data from requested lines.

BufSize

Size of destination buffer in number of bytes. Also used as output variable, to return the number of bytes written to the buffer.

DataFormat

Specifies the requested data format.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_8BIT	8-bit words, with the MSB 8-bit of a 10-bit SDI symbol (i.e. 2-LSB bits have been discarded)
DTAPI_SDI_10BIT	10-bit SDI symbols concatenated in memory
DTAPI_SDI_16BIT	16-bit words with LSB 10-bit = SDI symbols and MSB 6-bit = '0'

StartLine

Defines the first line to read. 1 denotes the first line.

NumLines

Defines the number of lines to read. Set to -1 to get all lines beginning with the <code>StartLine</code>. As output, this parameter returns the number of lines actually read. The value -1 is only valid when reading the HANC.

HancVanc

Specifies the ancillary data space to read.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	Get from Horizontal ANC space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	Get from Vertical ANC space



### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Data has been read successfully
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No (valid) video standard has been set yet (make sure DtFrameBuffer::SetVidStd has been called)
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	The DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an input
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	Buffer pointer is invalid (e.g. $pBuf = = NULL$ or not aligned on a 64-bit boundary)
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	The supplied buffer is too small to receive the requested number of lines (+ optional stuffing). BufSize returns the minimum buffer size required.
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FORMAT	Specified format is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	StartLine or NumLines is invalid (i.e. out of range).
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Specified ANC space (HancVanc) is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal error occurred

## **Remarks**

Use this method to get raw content HANC or VANC part of a line(s). You will need to parse the returned data yourself to extract individual ancillary data packets.

This method uses DMA transfers to read the ancillary data from the card; since all DMA transfers are 64-bit aligned there may be 1..7 stuffing bytes added to the end of the buffer (the stuffing bytes are included in the count returned by the *BufSize* parameter).

NOTE: This method can only be called if the DtFrameBuffer object has been attached to input and a video standard has been set.



## DtFrameBuffer::AncWriteRaw

Write raw ancillary data to the frame-buffer.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of frame to write too.

pBuf

Pointer to a buffer holding the data to write.

BufSize

Size of the buffer in number of bytes. Also used as output variable, to return the number of bytes actually read from pBuf and written to the frame buffer.

DataFormat

Specifies data format of the data in pBuf.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_8BIT	8-bit words, with the MSB 8-bit of a 10-bit SDI symbol (i.e. 2-LSB bits have been discarded)
DTAPI_SDI_10BIT	10-bit SDI symbols concatenated in memory
DTAPI_SDI_16BIT	16-bit words with LSB 10-bit = SDI symbols and MSB 6-bit = '0'

StartLine

Defines the first line to write too. 1 denotes the first line.

NumLines

Defines the number of lines to write. Set to -1 to write to all lines beginning with the *StartLine*. As output, this parameter returns the number of lines actually written too. The value -1 is only valid when writing the HANC.



HancVanc

Specifies the ancillary data space to target.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_HANC	Write to Horizontal ANC space
DTAPI_SDI_VANC	Write to Vertical ANC space

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Data has been written to the frame-buffer
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No (valid) video standard has been set yet (make sure DtFrameBuffer::SetVidStd has been called)
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	The DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an input
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	Buffer pointer is invalid (e.g. $pBuf = = NULL$ or not aligned on a 64-bit boundary)
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	The supplied buffer is too small; it does not contain enough data to make up the number of lines (+ optional stuffing).  BufSize returns the minimum buffer size expected.
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FORMAT	Specified format is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	StartLine or NumLines is invalid (i.e. out of range).
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ANC	Specified ANC space (HancVanc) is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal error occurred

## **Remarks**

Use this method to write raw data to the ancillary data space section of a line.

This method can only write complete lines (that is the HANC/VANC part of a line) and therefore *pBuf* should contain at least *NumLines* worth of data. For the HANC data space each line should start with an EAV and end with a SAV; a VANC line should contain only the data immediate starting after the SAV.

DMA transfers are used to write the ancillary data to the card; since all DMA transfers are 64-bit aligned it may be necessary add between 1 and 7 stuffing bytes after the end of the last line to write (the content of these stuffing bytes does not matter as they will be flushed by the hardware).

NOTE: This method can only be called if the DtFrameBuffer object has been attached to input and a video standard has been set.



# **DtFrameBuffer::AttachToInput**

Attach the DtFrameBuffer object to a physical input port.

#### **Parameters**

pDtDvc

Pointer to the device object that represents a DekTec device. The device object must have been attached to the device hardware.

Port

Physical port number of the input port the DtFrameBuffer object should attach to.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	DtFrameBuffer object has been attached successfully to the port
DTAPI_E_ATTACHED	The DtFrameBuffer object has already been attached to an input or to an output
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot attach while the DtFrameBuffer object has is started
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No or an invalid video standard has been set
DTAPI_E_OUT_OF_MEM	Not enough memory resources available
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal DTAPI error occurred

### **Remarks**

Before attaching an input to the DtFrameBuffer object you need to first set the video standard (DtDe-vice::SetIoConfig(DTAPI\_IOCONFIG\_IOSTD,...)) the object should use.

If a DtFrameBuffer object is embedded in a DtSdiMatrix object you can attach both an input and one or more outputs to the same DtFrameBuffer object. If the object is used stand-alone you can only attach an input if no output is attached to the object.



# DtFrameBuffer::AttachToOutput

Attach the DtFrameBuffer object to a physical output port.

#### **Parameters**

pDtDvc

Pointer to the device object that represents a DekTec device. The device object must have been attached to the device hardware.

Port

Physical port number of the output port the DtFrameBuffer object should attach to.

Delay

Tx-delay in number of frames. This value determines the transmission buffer size. A larger delay relaxes the real-time requirements of an application but increases the delay between the frame being created / received and the frame being visible on the output. Specifying -1 will set the maximum delay. This parameter is only relevant when using the a matrix configuration with at least one input and one output via the DtSdiMatrix class. If you're using a standalone channel, specify 0.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	DtFrameBuffer object has been attached successfully to the port
DTAPI_E_ATTACHED	The DtFrameBuffer object has already been attached to an to this port or to an input port
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot attach while the DtFrameBuffer object has is started
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No or an invalid video standard has been set
DTAPI_E_OUT_OF_MEM	Not enough memory resources available
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal DTAPI error occurred

#### Remarks

Before attaching an output to the DtFrameBuffer object you need to first set the video standard (DtDevice::SetIoConfig(DTAPI\_IOCONFIG\_IOSTD,...)) the object should use.

If a DtFrameBuffer object is embedded in a DtSdiMatrix object you can attach both an input and one or more outputs to the same DtFrameBuffer object. If the object is used stand-alone you can only attach an input if no output is attached to the object.



# **DtFrameBuffer::Detach**

Detaches all associated input and outputs from the DtFrameBuffer object.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtFrameBuffer::Detach (void);
```

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Detach was successful
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to any input or output
DTAPI_E_STARTED	Cannot detach while the DtFrameBuffer object has is started

## **Remarks**



# **DtFrameBuffer::DetectIoStd**

Detects the video standard currently applied to the input port. See DtDevice::DetectloStd() for the parameters and return values.

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Call succeeded
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFrameBuffer object must be attached to an input
DTAPI_E_DEV_DRIVER	Unexpected driver error



# **DtFrameBuffer::GetBufferInfo**

Retrieve configuration and statistics information for the frame-buffer.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtFrameBuffer::GetBufferInfo (
  [out] DtBufferInfo& Info, // Buffer info
);
```

## **Parameters**

Info

This parameter receives the frame buffer information (see **DtBufferInfo** structure definition for more details).

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Buffer information was returned successfully

### **Remarks**



## DtFrameBuffer::GetCurFrame

Get the sequence number of the frame that is currently being received or transmitted

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtFrameBuffer::GetCurFrame (
  [out] __int64& CurFrame, // Seq # of current tx/rx frame
);
```

## **Parameters**

CurFrame

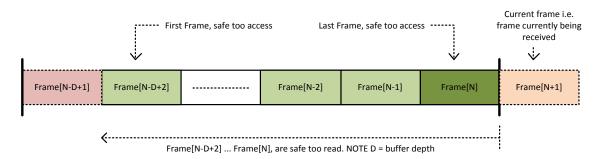
The sequence number of the frame currently being received or transmitted.

#### Result

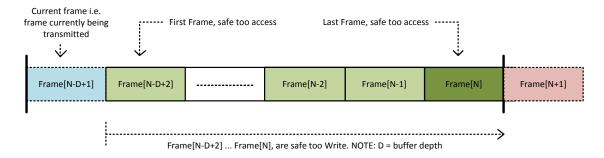
DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Current frame was returned
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFrameBuffer object must be attached to an input and/or output
DTAPI_E_EMBEDDED	DtFrameBuffer object is part of an DtSdiMatrix object and this method cannot be used; use DtSdiMatrix::GetCurFrame instead

#### Remarks

In case the DtFrameBuffer object is operation in input mode (i.e. attached to an input) CurFrame indicates the frame that is currently being received, this means that it is safe to read frames numbers:  $CurFrame - (D-1) \le Frame \le CurFrame-1$ , where D is the depth of the frame buffer (# columns in frame buffer.



In case of output mode CurFrame indicates the frame that is currently being transmitted (i.e. it is safe to write to the frames:  $CurFrame + 1 \le Frame \le CurFrame + (D - 1)$ ).



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NOTE: use DtFrameBuffer::GetBufInfo to determine the depth (#columns) of the frame-buffer.



# DtFrameBuffer::GetFrameInfo

Retrieve information about a specific frame.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Frame number of the frame for which the information should be returned

Info

This parameter receives the frame information (see **DtFrameInfo** structure definition for more details).

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Frame info was successfully retrieved

#### **Remarks**



## **DtFrameBuffer::ReadSdiLines**

Read raw SDI lines into a memory buffer.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of frame to read.

pBuf

Pointer to the destination buffer to receive the requested lines.

BufSize

Size of destination buffer in number of bytes. Also used as output variable, to return the number of bytes written to the buffer.

DataFormat

Specifies the requested data format.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_8BIT	8-bit words, with the MSB 8-bit of a 10-bit SDI symbol (i.e. 2-LSB bits have been discarded)
DTAPI_SDI_10BIT	10-bit SDI symbols concatenated in memory
DTAPI_SDI_16BIT	16-bit words with LSB 10-bit = SDI symbols and MSB 6-bit = '0'

StartLine

Defines the first line to read. 1 denotes the first line.

NumLines

Defines the number of lines to read. Set to -1 to get all lines beginning with the *StartLine*. As output, this parameter returns the number of lines actually read.



## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	The requested lines have been read
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No (valid) video standard has been set yet (make sure <pre>DtFrameBuffer::SetVidStd has been called)</pre>
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	The DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an input
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	Buffer pointer is invalid (e.g. $pBuf = = NULL$ or not aligned on a 64-bit boundary)
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	The supplied buffer is too small to receive the requested number of lines (+ optional stuffing). BufSize returns the minimum buffer size required.
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FORMAT	Specified format is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	StartLine or NumLines is invalid (i.e. out of range).
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal error occurred

## **Remarks**

This method uses DMA transfers to read the SDI lines from the card; since all DMA transfers are 64-bit aligned there may be 1..7 stuffing bytes added to the end of the buffer (the stuffing bytes are included in the count returned by the <code>BufSize</code> parameter).

NOTE: This method can only be called if the **DtFrameBuffer** object has been attached to input and a video standard has been set.



## DtFrameBuffer::ReadVideo

Read active video part of the specified lines into a memory buffer.

### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of frame to read.

pBuf

Pointer to the destination buffer to receive the video lines.

BufSize

Size of destination buffer in number of bytes. Also used as output variable, to return the number of bytes written to the buffer.

Field

Specifies from which field the lines should be read.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_FIELD1	Field 1 (=odd field or the only field for progressive)
DTAPI_SDI_FIELD2	Field 2 (=even field)

Scaling

Specifies whether the video should be scaled.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SCALING_OFF	Do not scale
DTAPI_SCALING_1_4	Scale video to 1/4 <sup>th</sup> of its original size (i.e. half the vertical and horizontal size)
DTAPI_SCALING_1_16	Scale video to 1/16 <sup>th</sup> of its original size (i.e. quarter the vertical and horizontal size)

NOTE: Scaling should only be used on the full field.



#### DataFormat

Specifies the requested data format.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_8BIT	8-bit words, with the MSB 8-bit of a 10-bit SDI symbol (i.e. 2-LSB bits have been discarded)
DTAPI_SDI_10BIT	10-bit SDI symbols concatenated in memory
DTAPI_SDI_16BIT	16-bit words with LSB 10-bit = SDI symbols and MSB 6-bit = '0'

#### StartLine

Specifies the relative line, within the selected field, to read first. The value of 1 denotes the first line within the selected field.

#### NumLines

Specifies the number of lines to read. Set to -1 to get all lines beginning with the *StartLine*. As output, this parameter returns the number of lines actually read.

## Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Requested lines have been retrieved
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No (valid) video standard has been set yet (make sure DtFrameBuffer::SetVidStd has been called)
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	The DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an input
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	Buffer pointer is invalid (e.g. $pBuf = = NULL$ or not aligned on a 64-bit boundary)
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	The supplied buffer is too small to receive the requested number of lines (+ optional stuffing). BufSize returns the minimum buffer size required.
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FORMAT	Specified format is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	StartLine or NumLines is invalid (i.e. out of range).
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal error occurred
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FIELD	Invalid/unsupported field specified. NOTE: for progressive frames there is no Field 2, so Field 1 is the only valid field.
DTAPI_E_INVALID_MODE	Invalid/unsupported scaling mode specified

### **Remarks**

This method uses DMA transfers to read the SDI lines from the card; since all DMA transfers are 64-bit aligned there may be 1..7 stuffing bytes added to the end of the buffer (the stuffing bytes are included in the count returned by the *BufSize* parameter).

When retrieving scaled video the number of lines returned by the NumLines parameter denotes the number of un-scaled lines (i.e. for DTAPI\_SCALING\_1\_4 the number of scaled lines in pBuf is

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NumLines/2 and for **DTAPI\_SCALING\_1\_16** it is NumLines/4). Also note that scaling should only be used on the full field (i.e. StartLine=1 and NumLines=-1).

NOTE: This method can only be called if the DtFrameBuffer object has been attached to input and a video standard has been set.



# DtFrameBuffer::SetRxMode

Change the way in which the driver/DTAPI read data from the DTU-351.

#### **Parameters**

RxMode

Sequence number of frame to read.

Value	ANC/Audio data available	ReadSdiLines() available	Video data available
DTAPI_RXMODE_ANC	Yes	No	No
DTAPI_RXMODE_RAW	Only via AncReadRaw()	Yes	Yes
DTAPI_RXMODE_FULL (default)	Yes	Yes	Yes
DTAPI_RXMODE_FULL8	Yes	No	Yes, but only 8bpp
DTAPI_RXMODE_FULL8_SCALED4	Yes	No	Yes, but only 8bpp and only scaled4 and scaled16
DTAPI_RXMODE_FULL8_SCALED16	Yes	No	Yes, but only 8bpp and scaled16
DTAPI_RXMODE_VIDEO	No	No	Yes
DTAPI_RXMODE_VIDEO8	No	No	Yes, but only 8bpp
DTAPI_RXMODE_VIDEO8_SCALED4	No	No	Yes, but only 8bpp and only scaled4 and scaled16
DTAPI_RXMODE_VIDEO8_SCALED16	No	No	Yes, but only 8bpp and scaled16

FirstFrame

The first frame that will be received with the new mode.



# **DtFrameBuffer::Start**

Start/stop receiving or transmitting frames.

#### **Parameters**

Start

Set to true to begin receiving/transmitting frames and set to false to stop reception/transmission.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	DtFrameBuffer object has started/stopped
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No (valid) video standard has been set
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an input and/or output.
DTAPI_E_NOT_USB3	DTU-351 is connected to a USB2 port
DTAPI_E_INSUF_BW	Either the driver failed to allocate the requested bandwidth or not enough bandwidth was requested.

#### **Remarks**

NOTE: This method can only be called if the DtFrameBuffer object has been attached to input and a video standard has been set.



# **DtFrameBuffer::SetIoConfig**

Configure all attached ports. See DtDevice::Setloconfig for parameters and return values.

#### **Remarks**

If this function returns an error some ports may have the new value and some may not yet have been configured.



# DtFrameBuffer::WaitFrame

Wait's for the next frame to be transmitted/received and returns the range of frames which are available/safe too access.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtFrameBuffer::WaitFrame (
  [out] __int64& FirstFrame, // First `safe' frame
  [out] __int64& LastFrame, // Last `safe' frame
);
// OVERLOAD: returns just the last `safe' frame
DTAPI_RESULT DtFrameBuffer::WaitFrame (
  [out] __int64& LastFrame, // Last `safe' frame
);
```

#### **Parameters**

FirstFrame

Sequence number of the first frame in the 'safe area'. The safe area is the range of frames, in the frame buffer, which are safe to read from or write to (i.e. the frames which are not currently being transmitted or received).

LastFrame

Sequence number of the last frame in the 'safe area'.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Wait was successful
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtFrameBuffer object must be attached to an input and/or output
DTAPI_E_EMBEDDED	DtFrameBuffer object is part of an DtSdiMatrix object and this method cannot be used; use DtSdiMatrix::WaitFrame instead
DTAPI_E_DEV_DRIVER	Wait failed due to internal driver error
DTAPI_E_TIMEOUT	This function will wait a maximum of 100ms for a new frame after which it timeouts and returns this error.
DTAPI_E_MATRIX_HALTED	This function returns immediately with this code if it's called on a DTU-351 that is not in lock.

#### Remarks

This function returns immediately after the hardware has transmitted (in case of output) or received (in case of input) a new frame. The safe area returned by this function is valid for one frame period (e.g. 40ms for 25fps).

When the DtFrameBuffer object is operation in output mode FirstFrame is the first of the 'safe area' to be transmitted, meaning that you will have the least amount of time to make sure that this frame is up to date.

NOTE: refer to description DtFrameBuffer::GetCurFrame of for more details about the 'safe area'.

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In input mode the <code>LastFrame</code> is the most recently received frame and the <code>FirstFrame</code> is the eldest frame in the 'safe area'. As for output mode you will have the least amount of time to access the first frame as the frame buffer it is stored in is the first be overwritten.



# **DtFrameBuffer::WriteSdiLines**

Write RAW SDI lines to the frame buffer.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of frame to write.

pBuf

Pointer to the source buffer to with the lines to write.

BufSize

Size of source buffer in number of bytes. Also used as output variable, to return the number of bytes read from the buffer.

DataFormat

Specifies the data format of the lines in the source buffer.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_8BIT	8-bit words, with the MSB 8-bit of a 10-bit SDI symbol (i.e. 2-LSB bits have been discarded)
DTAPI_SDI_10BIT	10-bit SDI symbols concatenated in memory
DTAPI_SDI_16BIT	16-bit words with LSB 10-bit = SDI symbols and MSB 6-bit = '0'

StartLine

Defines the first line to write. 1 denotes the first line in the frame (i.e. first line of Field 1).

NumLines

Defines the number of lines to write. Set to -1 to write all lines beginning with the *StartLine*. As output, this parameter returns the number of lines actually written.



#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	The lines have been written to the frame-buffer on the card
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No (valid) video standard has been set yet (make sure DtFrameBuffer::SetVidStd has been called)
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	The DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an output
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	Buffer pointer is invalid (e.g. $pBuf = = NULL$ or not aligned on a 64-bit boundary)
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	The supplied buffer is too small; it does not contain enough data to make up the number of lines (+ optional stuffing).  BufSize returns the minimum buffer size expected.
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FORMAT	Specified format is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	StartLine or NumLines is invalid (i.e. out of range).
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal error occurred

### **Remarks**

This method uses DMA transfers to write the SDI lines to the card; since all DMA transfers are 64-bit aligned it may be necessary add between 1 and 7 stuffing bytes after the end of the last line to write (the content of the stuffing bytes does not matter as they will be flushed by the hardware).

NOTE: This method can only be called if the **DtFrameBuffer** object has been attached to output and a video standard has been set.



# DtFrameBuffer::WriteVideo

Write the active video part of the specified lines to the frame buffer.

#### **Parameters**

Frame

Sequence number of frame to write too.

pBuf

Pointer to the source buffer to containing the video lines to be written to the frame buffer.

BufSize

Size of source buffer in number of bytes. Also used as output variable, to return the actual number of bytes read from the source buffer.

Field

Specifies to which field the lines should be written.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_FIELD1	Field 1 (=odd field or the only field for progressive)
DTAPI_SDI_FIELD2	Field 2 (=even field)

DataFormat

Specifies the format of the video data in the source buffer.

Value	Meaning
DTAPI_SDI_8BIT	8-bit words, with the MSB 8-bit of a 10-bit SDI symbol (i.e. 2-LSB bits have been discarded)
DTAPI_SDI_10BIT	10-bit SDI symbols concatenated in memory
DTAPI_SDI_16BIT	16-bit words with LSB 10-bit = SDI symbols and MSB 6-bit = '0'

StartLine

Specifies the relative line, within the selected field, to write too first. The value of 1 denotes the first line within the selected field.

NumLines

Specifies the number of lines to write. Set to -1 to write to all lines beginning with the *StartLine*. As output, this parameter returns the number of lines actually written.



# Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Specified lines have been written to the frame buffer
DTAPI_E_INVALID_VIDSTD	No (valid) video standard has been set yet (make sure DtFrameBuffer::SetVidStd has been called)
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	The DtFrameBuffer object is not attached to an output
DTAPI_E_INVALID_BUF	Buffer pointer is invalid (e.g. $pBuf = = NULL$ or not aligned on a 64-bit boundary)
DTAPI_E_BUF_TOO_SMALL	The supplied buffer is too small; it does not contain enough data to make up the number of lines (+ optional stuffing).  BufSize returns the minimum buffer size expected.
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FORMAT	Specified format is invalid/not supported
DTAPI_E_INVALID_LINE	StartLine or NumLines is invalid (i.e. out of range).
DTAPI_E_INTERNAL	Unexpected internal error occurred
DTAPI_E_INVALID_FIELD	Invalid/unsupported field specified. NOTE: for progressive frames there is no Field 2, so Field 1 is the only valid field.

#### **Remarks**

This method uses DMA transfers to write the SDI lines to the card; since all DMA transfers are 64-bit aligned it may be necessary add between 1 and 7 stuffing bytes after the end of the last line to write (the content of the stuffing bytes does not matter as they will be flushed by the hardware).



### **DtSdiMatrix (DEPRECATED)**

# **DtSdiMatrix::Attach**

Attach to the specified device.

#### **Parameters**

pDvc

Pointer to the device object to attach to.

*MaxNumRows* 

Returns the maximum number of rows that are supported for this device.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_ATTACHED	DtSdiMatrix object is already attached
DTAPI_E_INVALID_ARG	pDvc pointer is NULL
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	The DtDevice object pointed to by pDvc is not attached
DTAPI_E_NOT_SUPPORTED	Matrix functionality is not supported for the supplied device

#### **Remarks**



# DtSdiMatrix::Detach

Detach from the hardware.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtSdiMatrix::Detach (void);
```

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success

### **Remarks**



# DtSdiMatrix::GetMatrixInfo

Retrieve the configuration of the matrix.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtSdiMatrix::GetMatrixInfo (
  [in] DtMatrixInfo& Info, // receives matrix info
);
```

#### **Parameters**

Info

This parameter receives the matrix information (see **DtMatrixInfo** structure definition for more details).

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
DTAPI_E_INVAILD_VIDSTD	Cannot call this method until a video standard has been set (DtSdiMatrix::SetIoConfig)

#### **Remarks**



# DtSdiMatrix::Row

Returns the DtFrameBuffer object associated with a specific row in the matrix.

#### **Parameters**

n

Zero-based index the row to get

### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	

### Remarks



# **DtSdiMatrix::SetIoConfig**

Configure all attached ports. See DtDevice::Setloconfig for parameters and return values.

#### **Remarks**

Only the video standard can be changed using this function, so Group must be DTAPI IOCONFIG IOSTD.

If this function returns an error some ports may have the new value and some may not yet have been configured.



# DtSdiMatrix::Start

Start/stop receiving and transmitting of frames.

#### **Parameters**

Start

Set to true to start reception/transmission and set to false to stop reception/transmission.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Success
	No (valid) video standard has been set yet (make sure <pre>DtSdiMatrix::SetVidStd has been called)</pre>

### **Remarks**

None.



# DtSdiMatrix::WaitFrame

Wait's for the next frame to be received and returns the range of frames which are available/safe too access.

```
DTAPI_RESULT DtSdiMatrix::WaitFrame (
  [out] __int64& FirstFrame, // First `safe' frame
  [out] __int64& LastFrame, // Last `safe' frame
);
// OVERLOAD: returns just the last `safe' frame
DTAPI_RESULT DtSdiMatrix::WaitFrame (
  [out] __int64& LastFrame, // Last `safe' frame
);
```

#### **Parameters**

FirstFrame

Sequence number of the first frame in the 'safe area'. The safe area is the range of frames, in the frame buffer, which are safe to read from or write to (i.e. the frames which are not currently being transmitted or received).

LastFrame

Sequence number of the last frame in the 'safe area'.

#### Result

DTAPI_RESULT	Meaning
DTAPI_OK	Wait was successful
DTAPI_E_NOT_ATTACHED	DtSdiMatrix object must be attached
DTAPI_E_DEV_DRIVER	Wait failed due to internal driver error
DTAPI_E_TIMEOUT	This function will wait a maximum of 100ms for a new frame after which it timeouts and returns this error.

#### Remarks

This function returns immediately after the hardware has received a new frame. The safe area returned by this function is valid for one frame period (e.g. 40ms for 25fps). The 'safe area' is valid for all inputs and outputs that are part of the **DtSdiMatrix** object i.e. the API guarantees that for all inputs LastFrame has been received and that all outputs are transmitting a frame prior to FirstFrame.