Levi Kaplan EECE2160

Embedded Design: Enabling Robotics Prelab Assignment 2

# Prelab Assignment 2 The Main Program

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### **Method Explanation**

Initialize():

Initialize sets up the data to be written to memory and mapped to virtual addresses. It opens access to physical memory as well as maps the memory to virtual addresses using mmap. It also properly handles the case when data is not successfully written to memory. It returns the address to the virtual memory in the form of a character.

### Finalize():

Finalize closes the input and output, or throws an error if not able to properly unmap the memory through munmap.

# RegisterRead():

RegisterRead reads a 4-byte value from the base address, taking into account the offset, and returns the read value.

## RegisterWrite():

RegisterWrite writes the passed-in value at the passed-in address, taking into account the passed-in offset where the device is mapped.

#### **Prelab Code**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// Physical base address of FPGA Devices
const unsigned int LW BRIDGE BASE = 0xFF200000; // Base offset
// Length of memory-mapped IO window
const unsigned int LW BRIDGE SPAN = 0x00DEC700; // Address map size
// Cyclone V FPGA device addresses
const unsigned int LEDR BASE
                                 = 0x000000000; // Leds offset
const unsigned int SW BASE
                                = 0x00000040; // Switches offset
```

const unsigned int KEY BASE = 0x00000050; // Push buttons offset

```
* Write a 4-byte value at the specified general-purpose I/O location.
* @param pBase Base address returned by 'mmap'.
* @parem offset Offset where device is mapped.
* @param value Value to be written.
void RegisterWrite(char *pBase, unsigned int reg offset, int value)
 return * (volatile unsigned int *)(pBase + reg offset) = value;
* Read a 4-byte value from the specified general-purpose I/O location.
* @param pBase Base address returned by 'mmap'.
* @param offset Offset where device is mapped.
* @return
              Value read.
int RegisterRead(char *pBase, unsigned int reg_offset)
 return * (volatile unsigned int *)(pBase + reg_offset);
}
void WriteAllLeds(char *pBase, int value)
 RegisterWrite(pBase, LEDR BASE, value);
}
/**
* Initialize general-purpose I/O
```

```
* - Opens access to physical memory /dev/mem
* - Maps memory into virtual address space
                File descriptor passed by reference, where the result
* @param fd
           of function 'open' will be stored.
* @return Address to virtual memory which is mapped to physical, or MAP FAILED on error.
*/
char *Initialize(int *fd)
// Open /dev/mem to give access to physical addresses
*fd = open( "/dev/mem", (O RDWR | O SYNC));
if (*fd == -1) // check for errors in openning /dev/mem
  cout << "ERROR: could not open /dev/mem..." << endl;</pre>
  exit(1);
 }
 // Get a mapping from physical addresses to virtual addresses
 char *virtual_base = (char *)mmap (NULL, LW_BRIDGE_SPAN, (PROT_READ
  | PROT_WRITE), MAP_SHARED, *fd, LW_BRIDGE_BASE);
    if (virtual base == MAP FAILED)
                                         // check for errors
    {
    cout << "ERROR: mmap() failed..." << endl;</pre>
                      // close memory before exiting
    close (*fd);
    exit(1);
                // Returns 1 to the operating system;
    }
    return virtual base;
}
/**
 * Close general-purpose I/O.
 * @param pBase Virtual address where I/O was mapped.
 * @param fd
                 File descriptor previously returned by 'open'.
void Finalize(char *pBase, int fd)
```

```
if (munmap (pBase, LW BRIDGE SPAN) != 0)
  cout << "ERROR: munmap() failed..." << endl;</pre>
  exit(1);
 close (fd); // close memory
int main()
// Initialize
 int fd;
 char *pBase = Initialize(&fd);
 // ****** Put your code here **************
 int value = 0;
cout << "Enter an int value between 0 to 1023: " << endl;
 cin >> value; cout << "value to be written to LEDs = " << value << endl;
 WriteAllLeds(pBase, value);
 int readLEDs = RegisterRead(pBase, LEDR BASE);
 cout << "value of LEDS read = " << readLEDs << endl;</pre>
 // Done
 Finalize(pBase, fd);
}
* Changes the state of an LED (ON or OFF)
* @param pBase
                       Base address returned by 'mmap'
* @param ledNumLED
                           Number (0 to 9)
* @param state
                     State to change to (ON or OFF)
void Write1Led(char *pBase,int ledNum, int state)
// write the given led num as the given state
```

```
RegisterWrite(*pBase, LEDR_BASE + ledNum, state);
}

/*

* Reads all the switches and returns their value in a single integer

* @param pBase Base address for general-purpose I/O

* @return A value that represents the value of the switches

*/

int ReadAllSwitches(char *pBase)

{

// set default value bewfore reading

int value = 0;

// read the value of every switch and add its value to the total

for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {

   value = value + RegisterRead(pBase, SW_BASE + i);

}

return value;
}
```