







Milestone:

Milestone	Date	Status	
Run first OMPL based Motion Planning Algorithm in CoppeliaSim + Python	08.11.2023		
Adapt OMPL Functions for car model dimensions			
Path Planning Runtime Optimization			
		  	

Results in the report period

Results (achieved, not achieved, planned)	
Results achieved	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Run CoppeliaSim + API on MacOS (use v4.5.1 or older)
Results not achieved	<ul style="list-style-type: none">
Planned results for the next period	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Documentation of Issues and Solvings Use Open Motion Planning Library (OMPL) Functions in Python (Model sensors in CoppeliaSim → when Sensor Hardware decision was made) Model the car in CoppeliaSim → when Car Hardware decision was made Check existing Motion Planning Algorithms on YouTube → Roman, Lam Implementation of Path Tracking (following) Algorithm: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Motion Task „ROTATING“ → tbd - Motion Task „MOTION_STOP“ → tbd - Motion Task „MOTION_PATH_TO_GOAL“ → tbd

Problems, Risks, Measures in Report Period
a) Which problems have been occurred?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OMPL Library is C++, Python binding needed (Windows & MacOS)
b) Which (new) risks can lead to problems?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inefficiency of Motion Planning algorithms (runtime) Simulation Sensor Gap (virtual sensors “too perfect” compared to real sensors)
c) So far undertaken countermeasures? Who? Until when?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OMPL Python Binding MacOS → Lam

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OMPL Python Binding Windows → Laurens
d) Necessary decisions to take? By whom? Until when?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • •