

Ascon-128 AEAD Encryptor IP Core

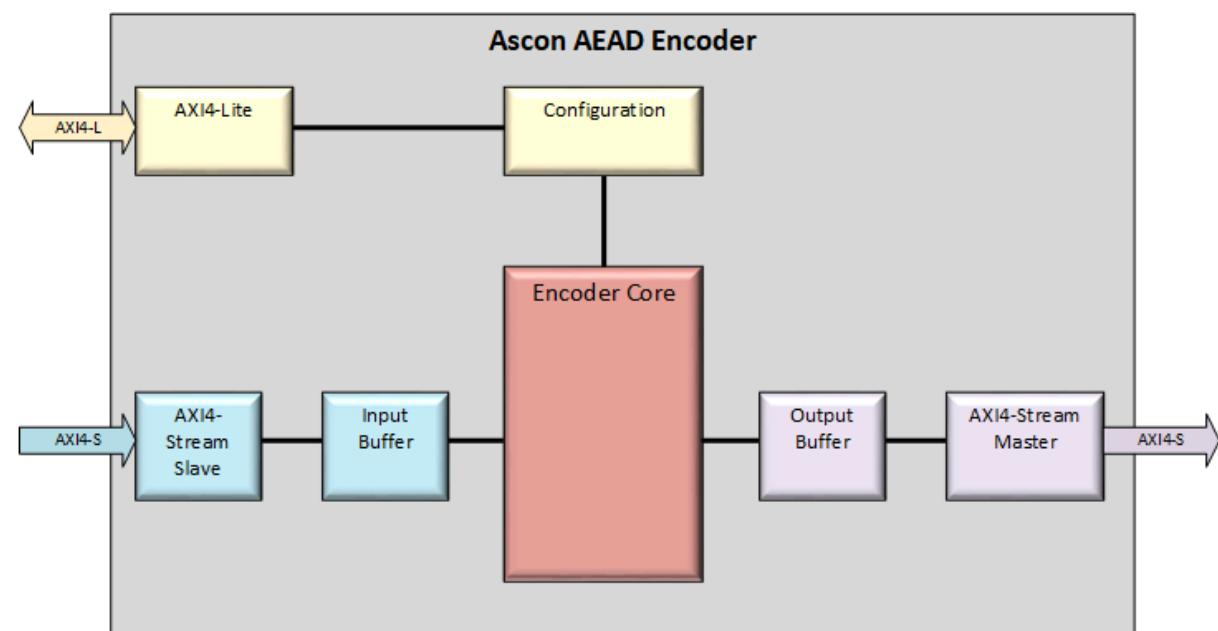
High-Performance, Lightweight Authenticated Encryption for Secure Data Streams

Overview

The Ascon-AD128-ENC is a high-efficiency, silicon-proven hardware IP core that implements the Ascon-128 authenticated encryption with associated data (AEAD) algorithm, a NIST Lightweight Cryptography Standard (2023). Designed for seamless integration into System-on-Chip (SoC) architectures, this core provides robust confidentiality, integrity, and authenticity for high-speed data streams with minimal resource footprint and low latency.

It is the ideal solution for securing data in constrained environments such as IoT edge devices, embedded systems, automotive networks, and aerospace applications, where performance, power, and area (PPA) are critical.

Block Diagram





Key Features & Benefits

Feature	Benefit
NIST Standard Compliance	Implements the certified, future-proof Ascon-128 algorithm, ensuring interoperability and regulatory acceptance.
AXI4-Stream Interfaces	Plug-and-play integration with modern SoC dataflow architectures. Simplifies connection to DMA controllers, communication IPs, and processors.
AXI4-Lite Control Interface	Standard, simple register programming model for easy CPU control and integration.
High Degree of Configurability	Tailor the IP to your exact performance, area, and security requirements. Optimize for your target technology node and application.
Side-Channel Resistance	Optional Random Delay feature disrupts timing patterns, providing a hardened layer of defense against simple power and timing analysis (SPA/STA).
Non-Blocking Operation	Shadow Registers option allows pre-loading the next encryption task while the current one is processing, maximizing throughput and eliminating control-plane bubbles.
Small & Efficient	Exceptionally low resource utilization (see below) makes it suitable for the most area-sensitive designs without sacrificing performance.

Performance & Utilization Summary

The following resource utilization is for a minimally configured instance (prioritizing smallest area) synthesized for a typical FPGA target.

Resource Type	Utilized
Slice LUTs	1,943
Slice Registers	1,919
Bonded IOBs	164

Note: Utilization will scale with configuration choices (e.g., higher RNDS_PER_CLK). The above figures demonstrate the core's inherently lightweight nature.



Technical Specifications

Interfaces

- Data Plane: AXI4-Stream
 - Separate slave (input) and master (output) interfaces.
 - Configurable data width (AXIS_DATA_WIDTH): 32, 64, or 128 bits.
 - Supports packetized data with TLAST signal.
- Control Plane: AXI4-Lite
 - Standard slave interface for CPU control.
 - Used to program the Key, Nonce, Associated Data Length, and Payload Length.

Key Configuration Parameters

(Pre-Synthesis)

Parameter	Description
LOG2_DATA_LEN	Max length (in bits) for both Payload & Associated Data.
SHADOW_REGS	Enables programming next task while current task runs for zero-downtime.
RNDS_PER_CLK	Number of Ascon rounds computed per clock cycle. A higher value increases throughput at the cost of increased logic area. The optimal choice depends on the target device's speed and the area budget.
RANDOM_DELAY	Introduces random stalls to thwart side-channel attacks.

INPUT/OUTPUT_BUF_LINES	FIFO depth for clock domain crossing and rate matching.
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Typical Use Cases

- IoT Device Security: Securing sensor data and command streams between a microcontroller and a network interface.
- Automotive Ethernet: In-line encryption/authentication for data traversing an in-vehicle network.
- Secure Boot & Firmware Update: Ensuring the integrity and confidentiality of firmware images loaded from external memory.
- Military & Aerospace Communications: Protecting data links in SWaP-constrained (Size, Weight, and Power) platforms.



Why Choose This IP Core?

1. Proven Standard: Built on the NIST-selected Ascon algorithm, guaranteeing long-term viability and security.
 2. Architectural Flexibility: From a tiny, sequential (`RNDS_PER_CLK=1`) core to a high-throughput, unrolled (`RNDS_PER_CLK=4`) version, you pay only for the performance you need.
 3. Designed for Integration: Industry-standard AXI interfaces drastically reduce integration time and risk.
 4. Security by Design: The optional Random Delay feature provides a tangible defense against a major class of physical attacks.
 5. Silicon-Efficient: The hierarchical utilization report
 6. Thoroughly Verified: 98% statement coverage, 94% branch coverage.
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confirms a lean and optimized design, preserving precious silicon real estate for your application logic.

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Getting Started

We provide the complete, synthesizable RTL source code (Verilog), a comprehensive testbench with verification suite, and detailed integration documentation.

Contact us today to discuss your specific requirements, request a datasheet for your target technology node, or to license the Ascon-AD128-ENC IP core.

Disclaimer: Ascon is a NIST-standardized algorithm. This IP core is a hardware implementation of that algorithm. Performance and utilization figures are representative and will vary based on target technology, synthesis tools, and configuration settings.