Mitzi - Exercise 2

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1 Implementation of artificial chess players

As requested, we have implemented three different agents for playing. The first type is a random player, who choses randomly among all possible moves for a situation, see RandyBrain.java in section 3.10 on page 27. The second type is an interface for human players, who can enter their moves in long algebraic notation (e.g. d2d4), see HumanBrain.java in section 3.11 on page 28.

1.1 MitziBrain

The heart of our program is our (somewhat) intelligent player MitziBrain.java in section 3.23 on page 105.

The basic evaluation algorithm is a standard implementation of Negamax with Alpha-Beta-Pruning. On top of this we are using techniques like iterative deepening, aspiration windows, transposition tables, different approaches to move ordering, and a quiescence search.

The correct procedure is to create the current GameState, e.g. by applying a sequence of moves to the initial game state or by entering the current position as a FEN string. This game state is then handed over to MitziBrain and the command search starts the evaluation procedure. At the moment, search can be limited by depth and by evaluation time. The method returns one move, it considers to be best.

For debugging reasons, Mitzi keeps printing some status updates, like the number of nodes searched per second (nps), the current search depth, the current principal variation (pv) and the percentage of maximum cache size currently in use.

2 Implementation of a chess game

An example for using our engine is given in ChessGame.java, see section 3.1 on page 7. After starting this example program, you can enter your move and, in this case, our random player will answer. As you will see: you cannot expect high quality games against this opponent.

```
rnbqkbnr/1ppp1ppp/p3p3/8/3PP3/8/PPP2PPP/RNBQKBNR w KQkq -
g1f3
rnbqkbnr/1ppp1ppp/p3p3/8/3PP3/5N2/PPP2PPP/RNBQKB1R b KQkq -
Randy plays:d8g5
rnb1kbnr/1ppp1ppp/p3p3/6q1/3PP3/5N2/PPP2PPP/RNBQKB1R w KQkq -
```

The game played was: 1. e4 e6 2. d4 a6 3. Nf3 Qg5??. A more than dubious opening.;)

2.1 Game against mitzi

```
Lets play chess!
d2d4
rnbqkbnr/ppppppppp/8/8/3P4/8/PPP1PPPP/RNBQKBNR b KQkq d3
info score cp -2 depth 1 seldepth 1 pv b8c6 time 0
info score cp -3 depth 1 seldepth 1 pv d7d6 time 16
info string Boards found: 0
info score cp 9 depth 2 seldepth 2 pv d7d6 c1f4 time 48
info string Boards found: 0
info score cp -5 depth 3 seldepth 5 pv d7d6 b1c3 c8f5 time 204
info string Boards found: 0
info score cp 27 depth 4 seldepth 6 pv d7d6 c1f4 g8f6 e2e3 time 1249
info score cp 18 depth 4 seldepth 6 pv e7e6 g1f3 d7d5 c1f4 time 2257
info string Boards found: 58
info score cp 7 depth 5 seldepth 6 pv e7e6 c1f4 b7b6 b1c3 f8b4 time 2398
info score cp 1 depth 5 seldepth 7 pv d7d6 e2e3 c8f5 f1d3 g8h6 time 2726
info score cp -5 depth 5 seldepth 8 pv d7d5 f2f3 c8f5 g2g4 f5c8 time 4535
info string Boards found: 414
info currmove d7d5 currmovenumber 1
info nps 19330
info hashfull 12
info score cp 27 depth 6 seldepth 12 pv d7d5 c1f4 c8f5 b1c3 e7e6 e2e3 time
   6160
info currmove d7d6 currmovenumber 2
info currmove e7e6 currmovenumber 3
info score cp 13 depth 6 seldepth 12 pv e7e6 c1f4 g8e7 e2e4 e7g6 f4e3 time
   9452
info currmove b8c6 currmovenumber 4
info currmove g8f6 currmovenumber 5
info currmove b8a6 currmovenumber 6
info currmove g8h6 currmovenumber 7
info currmove e7e5 currmovenumber 8
info currmove c7c5 currmovenumber 9
info currmove f7f5 currmovenumber 10
info currmove b7b5 currmovenumber 11
info currmove g7g5 currmovenumber 12
```

```
info currmove h7h5 currmovenumber 13
info nps 33286
info hashfull 37
info currmove a7a5 currmovenumber 14
info currmove c7c6 currmovenumber 15
info currmove f7f6 currmovenumber 16
info currmove b7b6 currmovenumber 17
info currmove g7g6 currmovenumber 18
info currmove h7h6 currmovenumber 19
info currmove a7a6 currmovenumber 20
info string Boards found: 2861
info string task completed
Mitzi plays:e7e6
rnbqkbnr/pppp1ppp/4p3/8/3P4/8/PPP1PPPP/RNBQKBNR w KQkq -
c1f4
rnbqkbnr/pppp1ppp/4p3/8/3P1B2/8/PPP1PPPP/RN1QKBNR b KQkq -
info string Boards found: 1
info score cp 1 depth 5 seldepth 5 pv g8e7 e2e4 e7g6 f4e3 f8b4 time 329
info string Boards found: 375
info currmove g8e7 currmovenumber 1
info score cp 24 depth 6 seldepth 9 pv g8e7 e2e4 b8a6 d1f3 f7f6 f3e3 time
   1999
info currmove d8f6 currmovenumber 2
info currmove d8g5 currmovenumber 3
info currmove d8e7 currmovenumber 4
info currmove d8h4 currmovenumber 5
info currmove f8c5 currmovenumber 6
info currmove f8d6 currmovenumber 7
info currmove b8c6 currmovenumber 8
info currmove g8f6 currmovenumber 9
info nps 33029
info hashfull 62
info score cp 16 depth 6 seldepth 10 pv g8f6 b1c3 f6h5 f4e3 d7d5 f2f3 time
info currmove f8b4 currmovenumber 10
info currmove f8e7 currmovenumber 11
info currmove b8a6 currmovenumber 12
info currmove g8h6 currmovenumber 13
info currmove f8a3 currmovenumber 14
info currmove d7d5 currmovenumber 15
info currmove c7c5 currmovenumber 16
info nps 33640
info hashfull 79
```

```
info currmove f7f5 currmovenumber 17
info currmove b7b5 currmovenumber 18
info currmove g7g5 currmovenumber 19
info currmove e6e5 currmovenumber 20
info currmove d7d6 currmovenumber 21
info currmove h7h5 currmovenumber 22
info currmove a7a5 currmovenumber 23
info currmove c7c6 currmovenumber 24
info currmove f7f6 currmovenumber 25
info currmove b7b6 currmovenumber 26
info currmove g7g6 currmovenumber 27
info currmove h7h6 currmovenumber 28
info currmove a7a6 currmovenumber 29
info currmove e8e7 currmovenumber 30
info string Boards found: 4593
info string task completed
Mitzi plays:g8f6
rnbqkb1r/pppp1ppp/4pn2/8/3P1B2/8/PPP1PPPP/RN1QKBNR w KQkq -
rnbqkb1r/pppp1ppp/4pn2/8/3P1B2/8/PPPQPPPP/RN2KBNR b KQkq -
info score cp -240 depth 1 seldepth 4 pv f6d5 f4e5 time 0
info string Boards found: 31
info string Boards found: 1
info score cp 21 depth 2 seldepth 2 pv f6d5 f4e5 b8c6 time 0
info score cp 16 depth 2 seldepth 4 pv f8d6 f4d6 c7d6 time 0
info score cp 10 depth 2 seldepth 4 pv b8a6 d2d1 time 0
info score cp 7 depth 2 seldepth 4 pv b7b5 d2d1 time 0
info string Boards found: 34
info score cp 9 depth 3 seldepth 3 pv f6d5 f4e5 b8c6 d2c3 time 0
info score cp -6 depth 3 seldepth 5 pv f6e4 d2d1 f8d6 time 16
info string Boards found: 112
info score cp -9 depth 4 seldepth 6 pv f6d5 f4e5 b8c6 d2c3 time 80
info string Boards found: 196
info score cp -16 depth 5 seldepth 9 pv f6d5 d2d1 f8c5 b1d2 d8f6 time 595
info string Boards found: 93
info currmove f6d5 currmovenumber 1
info score cp -9 depth 6 seldepth 12 pv f6d5 f4e5 b8c6 b2b4 d8e7 e5d6 time
info string Boards found: 581
info string task completed
Mitzi plays:f6d5
rnbqkb1r/pppp1ppp/4p3/3n4/3P1B2/8/PPPQPPPP/RN2KBNR w KQkq -
```

The game played was 1. d2d4, 2. e7e6, 3. c1f4, 4. g8f4, 5. d1d2, 6. f6d5.

2.2 UCI Protocol

For communication with common chess GUIs we are supporting (parts of) an open protocol called UCI. You can find the specification here: http://wbec-ridderkerk.nl/html/UCIProtocol.html.

2.3 ForsythâĂŞEdwards Notation (FEN)

Representing a game situation is done in FEN: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Forsyth%E2%80%93Edwards_Notation.

3 The Code

3.1 ChessGame.java

```
package mitzi;
import mitzi.IMove;
import mitzi.RandyBrain;

/**
 * The environment for playing chess
 *
 */
public class ChessGame {
   private static GameState game_state;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      System.out.println("Lets play chess!");
      IMove move;
      game_state = new GameState();
      RandyBrain randy = new RandyBrain();
      HumanBrain human = new HumanBrain();
      //MitziBrain mitzi = new MitziBrain();
```

```
while (true) {
 //Humans turn
 human.set(game_state);
 move = human.search(0, 0, 0, false, null);
 game_state.doMove(move);
 if (game_state.getPosition().isMatePosition()) {
   System.out.println("You won!");
   break;
 }
 if (game_state.getPosition().isStaleMatePosition()) {
   System.out.println("Draw!");
   break;
 }
 System.out.println(game_state.getPosition());
 //Randys turn
 randy.set(game_state);
 move = randy.search(0, 0, 0, false, null);
 System.out.println("Randy plays:" + move);
 game_state.doMove(move);
 if (game_state.getPosition().isMatePosition()) {
   System.out.println("You lost!");
   break;
 }
 if (game_state.getPosition().isStaleMatePosition()) {
   System.out.println("Draw!");
   break;
 System.out.println(game_state.getPosition());
 /*
 //Mitzis turn
 mitzi.set(game_state);
 move = mitzi.search(100000, 100000, 6, false, null);
 System.out.println("Mitzi plays:" + move);
 game_state.doMove(move);
 if (game_state.getPosition().isMatePosition()) {
   System.out.println("You lost!");
   break;
 }
 if (game_state.getPosition().isStaleMatePosition()) {
   System.out.println("Draw!");
   break;
 }
 System.out.println(game_state.getPosition());
```

```
*/
}
}
```

3.2 Piece.java

```
package mitzi;

/**
 * An enum containing the different Pieces
 */
public enum Piece {
   PAWN, ROOK, BISHOP, KNIGHT, QUEEN, KING;
}
```

3.3 Side.java

```
package mitzi;
 * An enum containing the two different sides.
public enum Side {
 BLACK, WHITE;
 /**
  * returns the opposite side of the given side
  * Oparam side the given side
  * @return the opposite side
 public static Side getOppositeSide(Side side) {
   switch (side) {
   case BLACK:
     return WHITE;
   default:
     return BLACK;
   }
 }
```

```
/**
 * returns the side sign of the given side
 * @param side the given side
 * @return -1 if side == black, 1 otherwise.
 */
public static int getSideSign(Side side) {
   switch (side) {
   case BLACK:
     return -1;
   default:
     return +1;
   }
}
```

3.4 PieceHelper.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.Locale;
public final class PieceHelper {
  * A String for the algebraic names of the pieces. P... Pawn, R... Rook,
  * etc.
  */
 public static final String[] ALGEBRAIC_NAMES = { "P", "R", "N", "B", "Q",
     "K" };
 private PieceHelper() {
 };
  * Converts a Piece of a given Side into string. Capital letters are white,
  * lower case letters are black.
  * @param side
              the gives side
  * Oparam piece
              the given piece
  * @return the string representation of the piece.
  */
```

3.5 SquareHelper.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Set;
/**
* In brief, each square of the chessboard has a two-digit designation. The
* first digit is the number of the column, from left to right from White's
 * point of view. The second digit is the row from the edge near White to the
* other edge.
* @see <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ICCF_numeric_notation">ICCF
       numeric notation</a>
 */
public final class SquareHelper {
 /**
  * the letters of the columns of the chessboard
 private static final String[] letters = { "a", "b", "c", "d", "e", "f",
     "g", "h" };
  * stores all squares in a certain direction for a certain source square
 private static ArrayList<ArrayList<List<Integer>>> squares_direction = new
     ArrayList<ArrayList<List<Integer>>>();
 /**
```

```
* stores all squares reachable for the knight from a certain source square
private static ArrayList<List<Integer>> squares_direction_knight = new
   ArrayList<List<Integer>>();
public static LinkedList<Integer> all_squares = new LinkedList<Integer>();
private SquareHelper() {
};
static {
 //initialize with null
 for (int i = 0; i < 89; i++) {
   squares_direction.add(null);
   squares_direction_knight.add(null);
  for (int i = 1; i < 9; i++)</pre>
   for (int j = 1; j < 9; j++) {
     int source_square = getSquare(i, j);
     all_squares.add(source_square);
     ArrayList<List<Integer>> dir_list = new ArrayList<List<Integer>>();
     for (int k = 0; k < 9; k++)
       dir_list.add(null);
     ArrayList<Integer> dir_list_knight = new ArrayList<Integer>();
     // compute squares for pieces except the knight
     for (Direction dir : Direction.values()) {
       ArrayList<Integer> square_list = new ArrayList<Integer>();
       int square = source_square + dir.offset;
       while (isValidSquare(square)) {
         square_list.add(square);
         square += dir.offset;
       dir_list.set(dir.ordinal(), square_list);
     // squares for Knight
     for (Direction dir : Direction.values()) {
       int square = source_square + dir.knight_offset;
       if (isValidSquare(square)) {
         dir_list_knight.add(square);
       }
     }
```

```
squares_direction.set(source_square, dir_list);
     squares_direction_knight.set(source_square, dir_list_knight);
   }
}
/**
 * Returns the integer value of the square's column. Starting with 1 at
 * column a and ending with 8 at column h.
 * Oreturn the integer value of the square's column.
public static int getColumn(int square) {
 return square / 10;
}
 * Returns the integer value of the square's row. Where row 1 is row 1 and
 * so forth, obviously.
 * @return the integer value of the square's row.
public static int getRow(int square) {
 return square % 10;
/**
 * Returns the square-number for a given row and column. Row 1 and column 2
 * results in 12.
 * Oreturn the integer value of the square
public static int getSquare(int row, int column) {
 return 10 * column + row;
/**
 * Check if the square is white on a traditional chess board.
 * Oparam square
            the integer code of the square
 * Oreturn true if the square is white and false otherwise
public static boolean isWhite(int square) {
 return (square / 10 + square % 10) % 2 != 0;
```

```
}
 * Check if the square is black on a traditional chess board.
 * Oparam square
            the integer code of the square
 * Oreturn true if the square is black and false otherwise
public static boolean isBlack(int square) {
 return !isWhite(square);
}
/**
 * returns all squares in all possible directions for a given source square
 * @param square
            the source square
 * @return an ArrayList, indexed by the ordinal of the direction, containing
         a List of squares in the desired direction
public static ArrayList<List<Integer>> getSquaresAllDirections(int square) {
 return squares_direction.get(square);
public static List<Integer> getAllSquaresInDirection(
   ArrayList<List<Integer>> squares, Direction direction) {
 return squares.get(direction.ordinal());
}
/**
 * Gives an ordered List of squares going in a straight line from the source
 * square.
 * @param source_square
            the square from where to start
 * @param direction
            one of the values SquareHelper.EAST, SquareHelper.NORTHEAST,
            SquareHelper.NORTH, âĂę
 * @return the list of squares ordered from the source_square to the boards
          edge
 */
public static List<Integer> getAllSquaresInDirection(int source_square,
   Direction direction) {
```

```
return squares_direction.get(source_square).get(direction.ordinal());
}
/**
 * Gives a List of squares reached by a knight from the source square (in no
 * specific order).
 * @param source_square
            the square from where to start
 * @return the list of squares a knight can reach
public static List<Integer> getAllSquaresByKnightStep(int source_square) {
 return squares_direction_knight.get(source_square);
}
 * Checks if the integer value of the square is inside the board's borders.
 * Oparam square
            the square to be checked
 * @return true if the square is on the board
 */
public static boolean isValidSquare(int square) {
  int row = getRow(square);
  int column = getColumn(square);
 return (row >= 1 && row <= 8 && column >= 1 && column <= 8);</pre>
}
 * Returns a string representation of the square in algebraic notation.
 * Each square is traditionally identified by a unique coordinate pair
 * consisting of a letter and a number. The vertical columns from White's
 * left (the queenside) to his right (the kingside) are labeled a through h.
 * The horizontal rows are numbered 1 to 8 starting from White's side of the
 * board. Thus, each square has a unique identification of a letter followed
 * by a number. For example, the white king starts the game on square e1,
 * while the black knight on b8 can move to open squares a6 or c6.
 * @return a string representation of the square in algebraic notation.
public static String toString(int square) {
 return letters[getColumn(square) - 1]
     + Integer.toString(getRow(square));
}
```

```
/**
 * converts the string representation of a square into a the ICCF notation.
 * @param notation
            the given square in string notation
 * @return the square in integer representation.
public static int fromString(String notation) {
  int i = 0;
 while (letters[i].charAt(0) != notation.charAt(0)) {
 }
 return (i + 1) * 10 + Character.getNumericValue(notation.charAt(1));
}
/**
 * returns the number for the i_th row seen from a given side. i.e. the last
 * row for black is 1, the 3rd row for white is 3, the 3rd row for black is
 * @param side
            the given side
 * @param i_th
            the i_th row, where the (global) row number is wanted.
 * Oreturn the (global) row number.
public static int getRowForSide(Side side, int i_th) {
  if (side == Side.BLACK)
   return 9 - i_th;
 else
   return i_th;
}
```

3.6 IBrain.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.List;
public interface IBrain {
```

3.7 IMove.java

```
package mitzi;
public interface IMove {
```

```
/**
    *
    * @return the source of the move
    */
public int getFromSquare();

/**
    *
    * @return the destination of the move
    */
public int getToSquare();

/**
    *
    * @return the promotion of the pawn. EMPTY if no promotion.
    */
public Piece getPromotion();

/**
    *
    * @return the string representation of the move
    */
public String toString();
}
```

3.8 IPosition.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Set;

/**
 * This class provides an interface for a generic chess for the positions on a
 * chess board.
 *
 */
public interface IPosition {
    /**
    * Sets the board to the initial position at the start of a game.
    */
```

```
public void setToInitial();
/**
 * Sets the board to a position given in Forsyth-Edwards Notation (FEN).
 * @see <a
    href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Forsyth-Edwards_Notation">Wikipedia
       - Forsyth-Edwards Notation</a>
 */
public void setToFEN(String fen);
/**
 * Return an independent copy of the IPosition.
 * @return the copy
public IPosition returnCopy();
/**
 * Performs the given move and returns a new position. There is no check,
 * that the performed move is legal!
 * @param move
            the move, which should be performed. Please note, that the
            move must be valid, no checking is done.
 * @return the new board and a boolean, if the half_move_clock should be
         reseted.
public IPosition doMove_copy(IMove move);
 * Performs the given move on the actual board. There is no check, that the
 * performed move is legal!
 * @param move
            the move, which should be performed. Please note, that the
 *
            move must be valid, no checking is done.
public void doMove(IMove move);
 * Reverts the given move. In addition a stack is used to recover the whole
 * information. There is no check, that the performed move is legal!
 * @param move
```

```
the move, which should be performed. Please note, that the
            move must be valid, no checking is done.
 */
public void undoMove(IMove move);
 * Returns, which side has to move.
 * @return the active Side of the actual position
public Side getActiveColor();
/**
 * En passant target square. If there's no en passant target square, this is
 * -1. If a pawn has just made a two-square move, this is the position
 * "behind" the pawn. This is recorded regardless of whether there is a pawn
 * in position to make an en passant capture.
 * @return the square "behind" the pawn which can be take en passant
public int getEnPassant();
/**
 * Check if the king can use castling to get to a specified square.
 * @param king_to
            the square to be checked
 * Greturn true if the king is allowed to move to the square by castling
 * @see <a href="http://www.fide.com/fide/handbook?id=124&view=article">FIDE
       Rule 3.8</a>
 */
public boolean canCastle(int king_to);
/**
 * The position stores also an eventual analysis result from board
 * evaluation.
 * @return the analysis result of the board.
public AnalysisResult getAnalysisResult();
 * Sets/update the actual analysis result.
```

```
* @param new_result
            the new analysis result.
 */
public void updateAnalysisResult(AnalysisResult new_result);
 * Checks if a given side, can still castle.
 * @param color
            the given side
 * Oreturn true, if the given side can castle, false else.
public Boolean colorCanCastle(Side color);
/**
 * Returns all squares, occupied by a given side.
 * @param color
           the given side
 * @return a set of integers, containing all squares, where a piece of this
       side is placed.
public Set<Integer> getOccupiedSquaresByColor(Side color);
/**
 * Returns all squares, occupied by a given piece.
 * @param type
           the given piece
 * @return a set of integers, containing all squares, where this piece is
 *
        placed.
public Set<Integer> getOccupiedSquaresByType(Piece type);
 * Returns all squares, occupied by a given piece and side.
 * Oparam color
            the given side
 * @param type
            the given piece
 * @return a set of integers, containing all squares, where the piece of
        this side is placed.
public Set<Integer> getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(Side color, Piece
   type);
```

```
/**
 * returns the square, where the king for a side is positioned.
 * @param side
            the given side
 * Oreturn the square where the king is
public int getKingPos(Side side);
 * Returns the number of occupied squares by a given side.
 * @param color
            the given side
 * @return the number of squares, where a piece of the given side is placed.
public int getNumberOfPiecesByColor(Side color);
/**
 * Returns the number of occupied squares by a given piece.
 * @param type
            the given piece
 * Oreturn the number of squares, where the piece is placed.
public int getNumberOfPiecesByType(Piece type);
 * Returns the number of occupied squares by a given piece and side.
 * @param color
            the given side
 * @param type
            the given piece
 * @return the number of squares, where the piece of this side is placed.
public int getNumberOfPiecesByColorAndType(Side color, Piece type);
/**
 * Computes all possible moves for the active side. Moves, where the active
 * color is check, are invalid and got deleted.
 * Creturn a set of all valid and possible moves.
public List<IMove> getPossibleMoves();
```

```
/**
 * Computes all possible moves for the active side from a specific square.
 * Moves, where the active color is check, are invalid and got deleted.
 * Oparam square
           the given square
 * @return a set of all valid and possible moves from the given square.
public List<IMove> getPossibleMovesFrom(int square);
/**
 * Computes all possible moves for the active side to a specific square.
 * Moves, where the active color is check, are invalid and got deleted.
 * Please note, that this functions calls getPossibleMoves() and extracts
 * the desired ones.
 * @param square
            the given square
 * Oreturn a set of all valid and possible moves to the given square.
public List<IMove> getPossibleMovesTo(int square);
 * returns the side of the piece on a given square
 * @param square
            the given square
 * @return the side, if this square is occupied by a side and null if it is
         empty.
public Side getSideFromBoard(int square);
 * returns the piece on a given square
 * Oparam square
            the given square
 * @return the piece, if this square is occupied and null if it is empty.
public Piece getPieceFromBoard(int square);
/**
 * checks if the actual position is a check position.
 * @return true if the position is a check position
```

```
public boolean isCheckPosition();
 * checks if the actual position is a mate position.
 * @return true if the position is a mate position
public boolean isMatePosition();
 * checks if the actual position is a stalemate position.
 * Creturn true if the position is a stalemate position
public boolean isStaleMatePosition();
/**
 * checks if a given move is a valid move. Note, that this function calls
 * first getPossibleMoves() and then searches the given move in all possible
 * moves
 * @param move
            the move to be checked
 * Oreturn true, if the move is possible
public boolean isPossibleMove(IMove move);
 * converts the given position in fen notation
 * Oreturn a string of the actual position in fen notation
public String toFEN();
/**
 * searches all moves, which are a capture and promotions
 * @return the desired set of moves of all captures and promotions.
public List<IMove> generateCaptures();
/**
 * Since AnalysisResults are stored in the Transposition Tables
 * (ResultCache), it is important to ensure that the AnalysisResult
 * corresponding to the actual position should be used, if there are
```

3.9 IPositionAnalyzer.java

```
package mitzi;
public interface IPositionAnalyzer {
  * Evaluates the given board and returns a value in centipawns, this
  * function should not include further increase of search depth.
  * @param board
              the board to be analyzed
  * Oreturn a analysisResult, containing the value in centipawns
 public AnalysisResult eval0(IPosition board);
  * Evaluates the given board and returns a value in centipawns, this
  * function should/can include further increase of search depth.
  * @param board
              the board to be analyzed
  * Oparam alpha
              the alpha value of the alpha-beta algorithm
  * @param beta
              the beta value of the alpha-beta algorithm
```

```
* @return a analysisResult, containing the value in centipawns and the
* selective depth
* @throws InterruptedException
*/
public AnalysisResult evalBoard(IPosition board, int alpha, int beta)
    throws InterruptedException;
}
```

3.10 RandyBrain.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Random;
 * This class implements the most basic search engine, the random move
 * selection. All possible moves of the actual game state are computed and one
* of them is randomly selected.
public class RandyBrain implements IBrain {
  * The current game state
 private GameState game_state;
 @Override
 public void set(GameState game_state) {
   this.game_state = game_state;
 }
 @Override
 public IMove search(int movetime, int maxMoveTime, int searchDepth,
     boolean infinite, List<IMove> searchMoves) {
   List<IMove> moves = game_state.getPosition().getPossibleMoves();
   int randy = new Random().nextInt(moves.size());
   int i = 0;
   for (IMove move : moves) {
     if (i == randy)
```

```
return move;
i = i + 1;
}

return null; // cannot not happen anyway
}

@Override
public IMove stop() {
    // no need to implement the stop function, since RandyBrain is fast
    // enough.
    return null;
}
```

3.11 HumanBrain.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.util.List;
import mitzi.GameState;
public class HumanBrain implements IBrain {
  * The current game state
 private GameState game_state;
 @Override
 public void set(GameState game_state) {
   this.game_state = game_state;
 }
 @Override
 public IMove search(int movetime, int maxMoveTime, int searchDepth,
     boolean infinite, List<IMove> searchMoves) {
```

```
//Read in the move as string
 BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new
     InputStreamReader(System.in));
 String string_move = null;
  try {
   string_move = reader.readLine();
  } catch (IOException e) {
   // TODO Auto-generated catch block
   e.printStackTrace();
  //convert it to an object move.
  IMove move = new Move(string_move);
  //if the move was illegal, the player has to choose another one.
  while(!game_state.getPosition().isPossibleMove(move)){
   System.out.println("Illegal move, choose another one!");
   try {
     string_move = reader.readLine();
   } catch (IOException e) {
     // TODO Auto-generated catch block
     e.printStackTrace();
   }
   move = new Move(string_move);
  //return the choosen move.
 return move;
}
@Override
public IMove stop() {
 return null;
}
```

3.12 Move.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.Locale;
import java.util.Set;
public final class Move implements IMove {
```

```
* the source square of the move
private final short src;
* the destination square of the move
private final short dest;
* the piece, resulting from promotion. null if no promotion
private final Piece promotion;
 * Move constructor
 * @param src
            Source
 * @param dest
            Destination
 * Oparam promotion
           Promotion (if no, then omit)
 */
public Move(int src, int dest, Piece promotion) {
 this.src = (short) src;
 this.dest = (short) dest;
 this.promotion = promotion;
}
/**
* Move constructor (no promotion)
* @param src
            Source square
 * @param dest
            Destination square
public Move(int src, int dest) {
 this(src, dest, null);
* Move constructor from string notation
```

```
* @param notation
            the string representation of the move
 */
public Move(String notation) {
 String[] squares = new String[2];
  squares[0] = notation.substring(0, 2);
  squares[1] = notation.substring(2, 4);
  src = (short) SquareHelper.fromString(squares[0]);
  dest = (short) SquareHelper.fromString(squares[1]);
  if (notation.length() > 4) {
   String promo_string = notation.substring(4, 5).toLowerCase(
       Locale.ENGLISH);
   if (promo_string.equals("q")) {
     promotion = Piece.QUEEN;
   } else if (promo_string.equals("r")) {
     promotion = Piece.ROOK;
   } else if (promo_string.equals("n")) {
     promotion = Piece.KNIGHT;
   } else if (promo_string.equals("b")) {
     promotion = Piece.BISHOP;
   } else {
     promotion = null;
   }
  } else {
   promotion = null;
}
/**
 * Checks if a move is in a given List of moves
 * Oparam moves
             List of moves
 * @param move
            the move to be searched
 * @return true if move is in moves, else false
 */
public static boolean MovesListIncludesMove(Set<Move> moves, Move move) {
 return moves.contains(move);
}
```

```
@Override
public int getFromSquare() {
 return src;
@Override
public int getToSquare() {
 return dest;
@Override
public Piece getPromotion() {
 return promotion;
@Override
public String toString() {
 String promote_to;
  if (getPromotion() != null) {
   promote_to = PieceHelper.toString(Side.WHITE, getPromotion());
 } else {
   promote_to = "";
 return SquareHelper.toString(getFromSquare())
     + SquareHelper.toString(getToSquare()) + promote_to;
}
@Override
public int hashCode() {
 final int prime = 31;
 int result = 1;
 result = prime * result + dest;
 result = prime * result
     + ((promotion == null) ? 0 : promotion.hashCode());
 result = prime * result + src;
 return result;
}
@Override
public boolean equals(Object obj) {
 if (this == obj) {
   return true;
 }
 if (obj == null) {
   return false;
  }
```

}

3.13 Direction.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.EnumSet;
/**
* This class represents stores the information about the offset for moving a
* piece from a square in a specific direction. The offset for a knight is
* different for the other figures.
public enum Direction {
 EAST(10, 21), NORTHEAST(11, 12), NORTH(1, -8), NORTHWEST(-9, -19), WEST(
     -10, -21), SOUTHWEST(-11, -12), SOUTH(-1, 8), SOUTHEAST(9, 19);
  * Add to a square value to go one step in the specified direction.
  * White is South, Black is North.
 public final int offset;
  * Add to a square value to go one knight-step in the specified direction.
  * One up and two right is East. Two up one right is Northeast. Basically,
  * the orientation is shifted a bit counterclockwise.
 public final int knight_offset;
 Direction(int offset, int knight_offset) {
   this.offset = offset;
```

```
this.knight_offset = knight_offset;
 }
  /**
  * Returns the direction in which a pawn of the specified color can move
  * (without capturing).
  * Oparam color
              the color of the piece
  * @return NORTH for white and SOUTH for black
 public static Direction pawnDirection(Side color) {
   if (color == Side.WHITE) {
     return NORTH;
   } else {
     return SOUTH;
   }
 }
  * Returns a set of directions in which a pawn of the specified color can
  * capture other pieces.
  * @param color
              the color of the piece
  * @return the set of directions allowed
 public static EnumSet<Direction> pawnCapturingDirections(Side color) {
   if (color == Side.WHITE) {
     return EnumSet.of(NORTHEAST, NORTHWEST);
   } else {
     return EnumSet.of(SOUTHEAST, SOUTHWEST);
   }
 }
}
```

3.14 Position.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.HashMap;
```

```
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Set;
import mitzi.IrreversibleMoveStack.MoveInfo;
 * The class implements the position of the figures on a chess board. The
 * is represented as two 8*8 +1 arrays - one for the sides, one for the
    pieces.
 * All accesses to a square outside the chessboard are mapped to the 65th
    entry
 * of the board, which is always null. This map from square to array index is
 * performed by the function <code>squareToArrayIndex(square) </code>, which
 * looks up in the <code>square_to_array_index array</code>. For informations
 * about the <code>int</code> value of a square, see
 * <code>SqaureHelper.java</code>.
*/
public class Position implements IPosition {
 /**
  * the initial position of the sides
 protected static Side[] initial_side_board = { Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK,
     Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK,
     Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK,
     Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK, Side.BLACK, null, null, null,
     null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null,
     null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null,
     null, null, null, null, null, null, Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE,
     Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE,
     Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE,
     Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE, Side.WHITE, null };
  * the initial position of the pieces
  */
 protected static Piece[] initial_piece_board = { Piece.ROOK, Piece.KNIGHT,
     Piece.BISHOP, Piece.QUEEN, Piece.KING, Piece.BISHOP, Piece.KNIGHT,
     Piece.ROOK, Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN,
     Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN, null, null, null,
     null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null,
```

```
null, null,
   null, null, null, null, null, null, Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN,
   Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN, Piece.PAWN,
   Piece.PAWN, Piece.ROOK, Piece.KNIGHT, Piece.BISHOP, Piece.QUEEN,
   Piece.KING, Piece.BISHOP, Piece.KNIGHT, Piece.ROOK, null };
/**
 * this array maps the integer value of an square to the array index of
 * array representation of the board in this class
 */
protected static int[] square_to_array_index = { 64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 64,
   64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 56, 48, 40, 32, 24, 16, 8, 0, 64, 64, 57, 49,
   41, 33, 25, 17, 9, 1, 64, 64, 58, 50, 42, 34, 26, 18, 10, 2, 64,
   64, 59, 51, 43, 35, 27, 19, 11, 3, 64, 64, 60, 52, 44, 36, 28, 20,
   12, 4, 64, 64, 61, 53, 45, 37, 29, 21, 13, 5, 64, 64, 62, 54, 46,
   38, 30, 22, 14, 6, 64, 64, 63, 55, 47, 39, 31, 23, 15, 7, 64, 64,
   64, 64, 64 };
/**
 * the array of Sides, containing the information about the position of the
 * sides of the pieces
 */
private Side[] side_board = new Side[65];
 * the array of Pieces, containing the information about the position of the
* pieces
private Piece[] piece_board = new Piece[65];
 * squares c1, g1, c8 and g8 in ICCF numeric notation. do not change the
 * squares' order or bad things will happen! set to -1 if castling not
 * allowed.
 */
private int[] castling = { -1, -1, -1, -1 };
* the square of the en_passant_target, -1 if none.
 */
private int en_passant_target = -1;
 * the side, which has to move
 */
```

```
private Side active_color;
 * contains the information about the value of the position.
private AnalysisResult analysis_result = null;
/**
 * This is the number of halfmoves since the last pawn advance or capture.
 * This is used to determine if a draw can be claimed under the fifty-move
 * rule.
 */
public int half_move_clock;
// The following class members are used to prevent multiple computations
/**
* caching of the possible moves
private List<IMove> possible_moves = new ArrayList<IMove>(50);
/**
* true if, the possible moves were not computed for this position.
private boolean possible_moves_is_null = true;
/**
 * caching if the current position is check.
private Boolean is_check;
/**
 * caching if the current position is mate.
private Boolean is_mate;
/**
 * caching if the current position is stalemate.
private Boolean is_stale_mate;
// the following maps takes and Integer, representing the color, type or
// PieceValue and returns the set of squares or the number of squares!
/**
 * this map maps the PieceValue, i.e. 10*side.ordinal + piece.ordinal, to
 * the set of squares where the pieces of the side are positioned.
 */
```

```
private Map<Integer, Set<Integer>> occupied_squares_by_color_and_type = new
   HashMap<Integer, Set<Integer>>();
/**
 * this map maps the side, i.e. side.ordinal, to the set of squares where
 * the side has pieces.
private Map<Side, Set<Integer>> occupied_squares_by_color = new
   HashMap<Side, Set<Integer>>();
 * this map maps the piece, i.e. piece.ordinal, to the set of squares where
 * the pieces are positioned.
private Map<Piece, Set<Integer>> occupied_squares_by_type = new
   HashMap<Piece, Set<Integer>>();
/**
 * caching the number of occupied squares for each side of an piece in an
 * small array.
private int[] num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type = new int[16];
 * caching the positions of the kings. (indexed by the ordinal of the side)
private int[] king_pos = new int[2];
 * saves the side, which got captured by the last tinyDoMove
private Side side_capture;
* saves the piece, which got captured by the last tinyDoMove
private Piece piece_capture;
* saves if the old position after tinyDoMove was check or not
*/
Boolean old_check;
//
```

```
* Resets and clears the stored class members.
 */
private void resetCache() {
 possible_moves.clear();
 possible_moves_is_null = true;
  is_check = null;
  is_mate = null;
  is_stale_mate = null;
  analysis_result = null;
 occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.clear();
 occupied_squares_by_type.clear();
  occupied_squares_by_color.clear();
}
 * computes the index for the internal array representation of an square
 * @param square
             the given square
 * @return the index
private int squareToArrayIndex(int square) {
  if (square < 0)</pre>
   return 64;
 return square_to_array_index[square];
}
 * computes a copy of the actual board, only the necessary informations are
 * copied, plus <code>num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type</code>
 * @return a incomplete copy of the board.
 */
@Override
public Position returnCopy() {
  Position newBoard = new Position();
 newBoard.active_color = active_color;
 newBoard.en_passant_target = en_passant_target;
  System.arraycopy(castling, 0, newBoard.castling, 0, 4);
  System.arraycopy(side_board, 0, newBoard.side_board, 0, 65);
  System.arraycopy(piece_board, 0, newBoard.piece_board, 0, 65);
  System.arraycopy(num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type, 0,
```

```
public Side getOpponentsColor() {
  if (active_color == Side.BLACK)
   return Side.WHITE;
 else
   return Side.BLACK;
}
/**
 * returns the eventual result of the position evaluation
public AnalysisResult getAnalysisResult() {
 return analysis_result;
 * updates the result of the board. (only if it more valuable, i.e.
 * comparison of the depth)
 * @param analysis_result
            the new analysis result
 */
public void updateAnalysisResult(AnalysisResult analysis_result) {
  if (analysis_result == null)
   throw new NullPointerException();
  if (this.analysis_result == null
     || this.analysis_result.compareQualityTo(analysis_result) <= 0) {</pre>
   this.analysis_result = analysis_result;
  }
}
/**
 * checks is a move is a hit. there is no check, that the move is legal!.
 * @param move
             the move to be checked
 * @return true, if it is a hit, false otherwise
public boolean isHit(IMove move) {
  int dest = move.getToSquare();
  int src = move.getFromSquare();
  // a hit happens iff the dest is an enemy or its en passant
  if (getSideFromBoard(dest) == Side.getOppositeSide(active_color)
     || (getPieceFromBoard(src) == Piece.PAWN && dest == this
```

```
.getEnPassant()))
   return true;
 return false;
@Override
public void setToInitial() {
 System.arraycopy(initial_side_board, 0, side_board, 0, 65);
 System.arraycopy(initial_piece_board, 0, piece_board, 0, 65);
 castling[0] = 31;
 castling[1] = 71;
 castling[2] = 38;
  castling[3] = 78;
 half_move_clock = 0;
 en_passant_target = -1;
 active_color = Side.WHITE;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.KING.ordinal()] = 1;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.QUEEN.ordinal()] = 1;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.ROOK.ordinal()] = 2;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.BISHOP.ordinal()] = 2;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.KNIGHT.ordinal()] = 2;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()] = 8;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.KING.ordinal()] = 1;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.QUEEN.ordinal()] = 1;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.ROOK.ordinal()] = 2;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.BISHOP.ordinal()] = 2;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.KNIGHT.ordinal()] = 2;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()] = 8;
 king_pos[Side.WHITE.ordinal()] = 51;
 king_pos[Side.BLACK.ordinal()] = 58;
```

```
resetCache();
}
@Override
public void setToFEN(String fen) {
  side_board = new Side[65];
 piece_board = new Piece[65];
  castling[0] = -1;
  castling[1] = -1;
  castling[2] = -1;
  castling[3] = -1;
  en_passant_target = -1;
 resetCache();
 String[] fen_parts = fen.split(" ");
  // populate the squares
  String[] fen_rows = fen_parts[0].split("/");
  char[] pieces;
  for (int row = 1; row <= 8; row++) {</pre>
   int offset = 0;
   for (int column = 1; column + offset <= 8; column++) {</pre>
     pieces = fen_rows[8 - row].toCharArray();
     int square = (column + offset) * 10 + row;
     switch (pieces[column - 1]) {
     case 'P':
       setOnBoard(square, Side.WHITE, Piece.PAWN);
       num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal()
           * 10 + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()]++;
       break;
     case 'R':
       setOnBoard(square, Side.WHITE, Piece.ROOK);
       num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal()
           * 10 + Piece.ROOK.ordinal()]++;
       break:
     case 'N':
       setOnBoard(square, Side.WHITE, Piece.KNIGHT);
       num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal()
           * 10 + Piece.KNIGHT.ordinal()]++;
       break;
     case 'B':
       setOnBoard(square, Side.WHITE, Piece.BISHOP);
       num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal()
           * 10 + Piece.BISHOP.ordinal()]++;
```

```
break;
case 'Q':
 setOnBoard(square, Side.WHITE, Piece.QUEEN);
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.QUEEN.ordinal()]++;
 break;
case 'K':
 setOnBoard(square, Side.WHITE, Piece.KING);
 king_pos[Side.WHITE.ordinal()] = (byte) square;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.WHITE.ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.KING.ordinal()]++;
 break;
case 'p':
 setOnBoard(square, Side.BLACK, Piece.PAWN);
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()]++;
 break;
case 'r':
 setOnBoard(square, Side.BLACK, Piece.ROOK);
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.ROOK.ordinal()]++;
 break;
case 'n':
 setOnBoard(square, Side.BLACK, Piece.KNIGHT);
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.KNIGHT.ordinal()]++;
 break;
case 'b':
 setOnBoard(square, Side.BLACK, Piece.BISHOP);
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.BISHOP.ordinal()]++;
 break;
case 'q':
 setOnBoard(square, Side.BLACK, Piece.QUEEN);
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.QUEEN.ordinal()]++;
 break;
case 'k':
 setOnBoard(square, Side.BLACK, Piece.KING);
 king_pos[Side.BLACK.ordinal()] = (byte) square;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.BLACK.ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.KING.ordinal()]++;
 break;
default:
 offset += Character.getNumericValue(pieces[column - 1]) - 1;
 break;
```

```
}
   }
  }
  // set active color
  switch (fen_parts[1]) {
  case "b":
   active_color = Side.BLACK;
   break;
  case "w":
   active_color = Side.WHITE;
   break;
  }
  // set possible castling moves
  if (!fen_parts[2].equals("-")) {
   char[] castlings = fen_parts[2].toCharArray();
   for (int i = 0; i < castlings.length; i++) {</pre>
     switch (castlings[i]) {
     case 'K':
       castling[1] = 71;
       break;
     case 'Q':
       castling[0] = 31;
       break;
     case 'k':
       castling[3] = 78;
       break;
     case 'q':
       castling[2] = 38;
       break;
     }
   }
  }
  // set en passant square
  if (!fen_parts[3].equals("-")) {
   en_passant_target = SquareHelper.fromString(fen_parts[3]);
  }
}
@Override
public IPosition doMove_copy(IMove move) {
 Position newBoard = this.returnCopy();
  int src = move.getFromSquare();
```

```
int dest = move.getToSquare();
Piece piece = getPieceFromBoard(src);
Piece capture = getPieceFromBoard(dest);
boolean resets_half_move_clock = false;
// if promotion
if (move.getPromotion() != null) {
 newBoard.setOnBoard(src, null, null);
 newBoard.setOnBoard(dest, active_color, move.getPromotion());
 resets_half_move_clock = true;
 newBoard.num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[active_color
     .ordinal() * 10 + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()]--;
 newBoard.num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[active_color
     .ordinal() * 10 + move.getPromotion().ordinal()]++;
}
// If castling
else if (piece == Piece.KING && Math.abs((src - dest)) == 20) {
 newBoard.setOnBoard(dest, active_color, Piece.KING);
 newBoard.setOnBoard(src, null, null);
 newBoard.setOnBoard((src + dest) / 2, active_color, Piece.ROOK);
  if (SquareHelper.getColumn(dest) == 3)
   newBoard.setOnBoard(src - 40, null, null);
  else
   newBoard.setOnBoard(src + 30, null, null);
}
// If en passant
else if (piece == Piece.PAWN && dest == this.getEnPassant()) {
 newBoard.setOnBoard(dest, active_color, Piece.PAWN);
 newBoard.setOnBoard(src, null, null);
 if (active_color == Side.WHITE) {
   capture = getPieceFromBoard(dest - 1);
   newBoard.setOnBoard(dest - 1, null, null);
 } else {
   capture = getPieceFromBoard(dest + 1);
   newBoard.setOnBoard(dest + 1, null, null);
 }
 resets_half_move_clock = true;
}
// Usual move
else {
 Side side = getSideFromBoard(src);
 newBoard.setOnBoard(dest, side, piece);
 newBoard.setOnBoard(src, null, null);
 if (this.getSideFromBoard(dest) != null || piece == Piece.PAWN)
   resets_half_move_clock = true;
```

```
}
if (resets_half_move_clock)
 newBoard.half_move_clock = 0;
// update counters
if (capture != null) {
 newBoard.num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side
     .getOppositeSide(active_color).ordinal()
     * 10
     + capture.ordinal()]--;
}
// Change active_color after move
newBoard.active_color = Side.getOppositeSide(active_color);
// Update en_passant
if (piece == Piece.PAWN && Math.abs(dest - src) == 2)
 newBoard.en_passant_target = (dest + src) / 2;
else
 newBoard.en_passant_target = -1;
// Update castling
if (piece == Piece.KING) {
 newBoard.king_pos[active_color.ordinal()] = (byte) dest;
  if (active_color == Side.WHITE && src == 51) {
   newBoard.castling[0] = -1;
   newBoard.castling[1] = -1;
 } else if (active_color == Side.BLACK && src == 58) {
   newBoard.castling[2] = -1;
   newBoard.castling[3] = -1;
} else if (piece == Piece.ROOK) {
  if (active_color == Side.WHITE) {
   if (src == 81)
     newBoard.castling[1] = -1;
   else if (src == 11)
     newBoard.castling[0] = -1;
 } else {
   if (src == 88)
     newBoard.castling[3] = -1;
   else if (src == 18)
     newBoard.castling[2] = -1;
 }
}
if (capture == Piece.ROOK) {
```

```
if (active_color == Side.BLACK) {
     if (dest == 81)
       newBoard.castling[1] = -1;
     else if (dest == 11)
       newBoard.castling[0] = -1;
   } else {
     if (dest == 88)
       newBoard.castling[3] = -1;
     else if (dest == 18)
       newBoard.castling[2] = -1;
   }
  }
 return newBoard;
}
@Override
public int getEnPassant() {
 return en_passant_target;
@Override
public boolean canCastle(int king_to) {
  if ((king_to == 31 && castling[0] != -1)
     || (king_to == 71 && castling[1] != -1)
     || (king_to == 38 && castling[2] != -1)
     || (king_to == 78 && castling[3] != -1)) {
   return true;
 } else {
   return false;
 }
}
@Override
public Boolean colorCanCastle(Side color) {
  // Set the right color
  if (active_color != color)
   active_color = getOpponentsColor();
 // check for castling
  if (!isCheckPosition()) {
   int off = 0;
   int square = 51;
   if (color == Side.BLACK) {
```

```
off = 2;
 square = 58;
}
for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
 int castle_flag = 0;
 Integer new_square = castling[i + off];
 // castling must still be possible to this side
 if (new_square != -1) {
   Direction dir;
   if (i == 0)
     dir = Direction.WEST;
   else
     dir = Direction.EAST;
   List<Integer> line = SquareHelper.getAllSquaresInDirection(
       square, dir);
   // Check each square if it is empty
   for (Integer squ : line) {
     if (getSideFromBoard(squ) != null) {
       castle_flag = 1;
       break;
     }
     if (squ == new_square)
       break;
   if (castle_flag == 1)
     continue;
   // Check each square if the king on it would be check
   for (Integer squ : line) {
     setOnBoard(squ, active_color, Piece.KING);
     setOnBoard(square, null, null);
     if (isCheckPosition()) {
       setOnBoard(square, active_color, Piece.KING);
       setOnBoard(squ, null, null);
       break;
     }
     setOnBoard(square, active_color, Piece.KING);
     setOnBoard(squ, null, null);
     if (squ == new_square) {
       // If the end is reached, then stop checking.
```

```
// undoing change of color
           if (active_color == color)
             active_color = getOpponentsColor();
           return true;
         }
      }
     }
   }
  }
  // undoing change of color
  if (active_color == color)
   active_color = getOpponentsColor();
 return false;
}
@Override
public Set<Integer> getOccupiedSquaresByColor(Side color) {
  if (occupied_squares_by_color.containsKey(color) == false) {
   Set<Integer> set = new HashSet<Integer>();
   for (int square : SquareHelper.all_squares)
     if (getSideFromBoard(square) == color)
       set.add(square);
   occupied_squares_by_color.put(color, set);
   return set;
 }
 return occupied_squares_by_color.get(color);
}
@Override
public Set<Integer> getOccupiedSquaresByType(Piece type) {
  if (occupied_squares_by_type.containsKey(type) == false) {
   Set<Integer> set = new HashSet<Integer>();
   for (int square : SquareHelper.all_squares)
     if (getPieceFromBoard(square) == type)
       set.add(square);
   occupied_squares_by_type.put(type, set);
   return set;
```

```
return occupied_squares_by_type.get(type);
}
@Override
public Set<Integer> getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(Side color, Piece
   type) {
  int value = color.ordinal() * 10 + type.ordinal();
  if (occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.containsKey(value) == false) {
   Set<Integer> set = new HashSet<Integer>();
   if (type == Piece.KING)
     set.add((int) king_pos[color.ordinal()]);
   else {
     for (int square : SquareHelper.all_squares)
       if (type == getPieceFromBoard(square)
           && color == getSideFromBoard(square))
         set.add(square);
   }
   occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(value, set);
   return set;
 return occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.get(value);
}
@Override
public int getNumberOfPiecesByColor(Side side) {
  int result = 0;
 for (Piece piece : Piece.values()) {
   result += num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[side.ordinal()
       * 10 + piece.ordinal()];
  }
 return result;
}
@Override
public int getNumberOfPiecesByType(Piece piece) {
  int result = 0;
 for (Side side : Side.values()) {
   result += num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[side.ordinal()
       * 10 + piece.ordinal()];
 }
 return result;
}
```

```
@Override
public int getNumberOfPiecesByColorAndType(Side color, Piece type) {
  int value = color.ordinal() * 10 + type.ordinal();
 return num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[value];
}
@Override
public List<IMove> getPossibleMoves() {
  if (possible_moves_is_null == true) {
   // loop over all squares
   for (int square : SquareHelper.all_squares) {
     if (getSideFromBoard(square) == active_color)
       possible_moves.addAll(getPossibleMovesFrom(square));
   possible_moves_is_null = false;
 return possible_moves;
}
@Override
public List<IMove> getPossibleMovesFrom(int square) {
  // The case, that the destination is the opponents king cannot happen.
 Piece type = getPieceFromBoard(square);
 Side opp_color = getOpponentsColor();
  ArrayList<List<Integer>> all_squares = SquareHelper
     .getSquaresAllDirections(square);
  List<Integer> squares;
  List<IMove> moves = new ArrayList<IMove>(35);
 Move move;
  // Types BISHOP, QUEEN, ROOK
  if (type == Piece.BISHOP || type == Piece.QUEEN || type == Piece.ROOK) {
   // Loop over all directions and skip not appropriate ones
   for (Direction direction : Direction.values()) {
     // Skip N,W,E,W with BISHOP and skip NE,NW,SE,SW with ROOK
     if (((direction == Direction.NORTH
         || direction == Direction.EAST
         || direction == Direction.SOUTH || direction == Direction.WEST) &&
            type == Piece.BISHOP)
```

```
| | ((direction == Direction.NORTHWEST
           || direction == Direction.NORTHEAST
           || direction == Direction.SOUTHEAST || direction ==
              Direction.SOUTHWEST) && type == Piece.ROOK)) {
     continue;
   } else {
     // do stuff
     squares = SquareHelper.getAllSquaresInDirection(
         all_squares, direction);
     for (Integer new_square : squares) {
       Piece piece = getPieceFromBoard(new_square);
       Side color = getSideFromBoard(new_square);
       if (piece == null || color == opp_color) {
        move = new Move(square, new_square);
        moves.add(move);
         if (piece != null && color == opp_color)
           // not possible to go further
           break;
       } else
         break;
   }
 }
}
if (type == Piece.PAWN) {
 // If Pawn has not moved yet (steps possible)
 if ((SquareHelper.getRow(square) == 2 && active_color == Side.WHITE)
     || (SquareHelper.getRow(square) == 7 && active_color ==
        Side.BLACK)) {
   if (getSideFromBoard(square
       + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset) == null) {
     move = new Move(square, square
         + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset);
     moves.add(move);
     if (getSideFromBoard(square + 2
         * Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset) == null) {
       move = new Move(square, square + 2)
           * Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset);
       moves.add(move);
```

```
}
 }
 Set<Direction> pawn_capturing_directions = Direction
     .pawnCapturingDirections(active_color);
 for (Direction direction : pawn_capturing_directions) {
   if (getSideFromBoard(square + direction.offset) ==
       getOpponentsColor()) {
     move = new Move(square, square + direction.offset);
     moves.add(move);
   }
 }
// if Promotion will happen
else if ((SquareHelper.getRow(square) == 7 && active_color ==
   Side.WHITE)
   || (SquareHelper.getRow(square) == 2 && active_color ==
       Side.BLACK)) {
 if (getSideFromBoard(square
     + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset) == null) {
   move = new Move(square, square
       + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset,
       Piece.QUEEN);
   moves.add(move);
   move = new Move(square, square
       + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset,
       Piece.KNIGHT);
   moves.add(move);
   move = new Move(square, square
       + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset,
       Piece.ROOK);
   moves.add(move);
   move = new Move(square, square
       + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset,
       Piece.BISHOP);
   moves.add(move);
 Set<Direction> pawn_capturing_directions = Direction
     .pawnCapturingDirections(active_color);
 for (Direction direction : pawn_capturing_directions) {
   if (getSideFromBoard(square + direction.offset) ==
       getOpponentsColor()) {
     move = new Move(square, square + direction.offset,
```

```
Piece.QUEEN);
       moves.add(move);
       move = new Move(square, square + direction.offset,
          Piece.KNIGHT);
       moves.add(move);
       move = new Move(square, square + direction.offset,
          Piece.ROOK);
       moves.add(move);
       move = new Move(square, square + direction.offset,
          Piece.BISHOP);
       moves.add(move);
   }
 // Usual turn and en passant is possible, no promotion
 else {
   if (getSideFromBoard(square
       + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset) == null) {
     move = new Move(square, square
         + Direction.pawnDirection(active_color).offset);
     moves.add(move);
   Set<Direction> pawn_capturing_directions = Direction
       .pawnCapturingDirections(active_color);
   for (Direction direction : pawn_capturing_directions) {
     if ((getSideFromBoard(square + direction.offset) ==
        getOpponentsColor())
         || square + direction.offset == getEnPassant()) {
       move = new Move(square, square + direction.offset);
       moves.add(move);
     }
   }
 }
if (type == Piece.KING) {
 for (Direction direction : Direction.values()) {
   Integer new_square = square + direction.offset;
   if (SquareHelper.isValidSquare(new_square)) {
     move = new Move(square, new_square);
     Side side = getSideFromBoard(new_square);
     // if the new square is empty or occupied by the opponent
     if (side != active_color)
```

```
moves.add(move);
 }
}
// Castle Moves
// If the King is not check now, try castle moves
if (!isCheckPosition()) {
 int off = 0;
 if (active_color == Side.BLACK)
   off = 2;
 for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
   int castle_flag = 0;
   Integer new_square = castling[i + off];
   // castling must still be possible to this side
   if (new_square != -1) {
     Direction dir;
     if (i == 0)
       dir = Direction.WEST;
     else
       dir = Direction.EAST;
     List<Integer> line = SquareHelper
         .getAllSquaresInDirection(square, dir);
     // Check each square if it is empty
     int last_squ = line.get(line.size() - 1);
     for (Integer squ : line) {
       if (squ == last_squ)
         break;
       if (getSideFromBoard(squ) != null) {
         castle_flag = 1;
         break;
       }
     if (castle_flag == 1)
       continue;
     // Check each square if the king on it would be check
     for (Integer squ : line) {
       setOnBoard(squ, active_color, Piece.KING);
       setOnBoard(square, null, null);
```

```
if (isCheckPosition()) {
             setOnBoard(square, active_color, Piece.KING);
             setOnBoard(squ, null, null);
            break;
           }
           setOnBoard(square, active_color, Piece.KING);
           setOnBoard(squ, null, null);
           if (squ == new_square) {
             // if everything is right, then add the move
            move = new Move(square, squ);
            moves.add(move);
             break;
           }
         }
       }
     }
   }
  }
  if (type == Piece.KNIGHT) {
   squares = SquareHelper.getAllSquaresByKnightStep(square);
   for (Integer new_square : squares) {
     Side side = getSideFromBoard(new_square);
     if (side != active_color) {
       move = new Move(square, new_square);
       moves.add(move);
     }
   }
  }
  // remove invalid positions
  Iterator<IMove> iter = moves.iterator();
  IMove mv;
  while (iter.hasNext()) {
   mv = iter.next();
   tinyDoMove(mv);
   active_color = Side.getOppositeSide(active_color);
   if (isCheckPosition()) {
     iter.remove();
   }
   active_color = Side.getOppositeSide(active_color);
   tinyUndoMove(mv);
 return moves;
}
```

```
@Override
public List<IMove> getPossibleMovesTo(int square) {
 List<IMove> possible_moves = getPossibleMoves();
 List<IMove> result = new ArrayList<IMove>(possible_moves.size());
 for (IMove move : possible_moves) {
   if (move.getToSquare() == square)
     result.add(move);
  }
 return result;
}
@Override
public boolean isCheckPosition() {
  if (is_check == null) {
   is_check = true;
   int king_pos = getKingPos(active_color);
   ArrayList<List<Integer>> all_squares = SquareHelper
       .getSquaresAllDirections(king_pos);
   // go in each direction
   for (Direction direction : Direction.values()) {
     List<Integer> line = SquareHelper.getAllSquaresInDirection(
         all_squares, direction);
     // go untilâĂe
     int iter = 0;
     for (int square : line) {
       iter++;
       // âĂęsome piece is found
       Piece piece = getPieceFromBoard(square);
       if (piece != null) {
         Side side = getSideFromBoard(square);
         if (side == active_color) {
           break:
         } else {
           if (piece == Piece.PAWN && iter == 1) {
             if (((direction == Direction.NORTHEAST || direction ==
                Direction.NORTHWEST) && active_color == Side.WHITE)
                || ((direction == Direction.SOUTHEAST || direction ==
                    Direction.SOUTHWEST) && active_color == Side.BLACK)) {
              return true;
           } else if (piece == Piece.ROOK) {
             if (direction == Direction.EAST
                || direction == Direction.WEST
```

```
|| direction == Direction.NORTH
                || direction == Direction.SOUTH) {
              return true;
           } else if (piece == Piece.BISHOP) {
             if (direction == Direction.NORTHEAST
                || direction == Direction.NORTHWEST
                || direction == Direction.SOUTHEAST
                || direction == Direction.SOUTHWEST) {
              return true;
           } else if (piece == Piece.QUEEN) {
            return true;
           } else if (piece == Piece.KING && iter == 1) {
            return true;
           }
           break;
       }
     }
   }
   // check for knight attacks
   List<Integer> knight_squares = SquareHelper
       .getAllSquaresByKnightStep(king_pos);
   for (int square : knight_squares) {
     Piece piece = getPieceFromBoard(square);
     if (piece != null) {
       Side side = getSideFromBoard(square);
       if (side != active_color && piece == Piece.KNIGHT) {
         return true;
     }
   }
   is_check = false;
 return is_check.booleanValue();
@Override
public boolean isMatePosition() {
 if (is_mate == null) {
   is_mate = true;
   List<IMove> moves = getPossibleMoves();
   if (moves.isEmpty() && isCheckPosition())
```

}

```
return true;
   is_mate = false;
 return is_mate.booleanValue();
}
@Override
public boolean isStaleMatePosition() {
  if (is_stale_mate == null) {
   is_stale_mate = true;
   List<IMove> moves = getPossibleMoves();
   if (moves.isEmpty())
     return true;
   is_stale_mate = false;
 }
 return is_stale_mate.booleanValue();
@Override
public boolean isPossibleMove(IMove move) {
 List<IMove> possible_moves = getPossibleMoves();
 return possible_moves.contains(move);
}
public String toString() {
 return toFEN();
@Override
public String toFEN() {
 StringBuilder fen = new StringBuilder();
  // piece placement
  for (int row = 0; row < 8; row++) {</pre>
   int counter = 0;
   for (int column = 0; column < 8; column++) {</pre>
     if (side_board[row * 8 + column] == null) {
       counter++;
     } else {
       if (counter != 0) {
         fen.append(counter);
```

```
counter = 0;
     }
     fen.append(PieceHelper.toString(
         side_board[row * 8 + column], piece_board[row * 8
             + column]));
   if (column == 7 && counter != 0) {
     fen.append(counter);
 }
 if (row != 7) {
   fen.append("/");
 }
}
fen.append(" ");
// active color
if (active_color == Side.WHITE) {
 fen.append("w");
} else {
 fen.append("b");
fen.append(" ");
// castling availability
boolean castle_flag = false;
if (castling[1] != -1) {
 fen.append("K");
 castle_flag = true;
}
if (castling[0] != -1) {
 fen.append("Q");
 castle_flag = true;
if (castling[3] != -1) {
 fen.append("k");
 castle_flag = true;
}
if (castling[2] != -1) {
 fen.append("q");
 castle_flag = true;
if (!castle_flag) {
 fen.append("-");
```

```
return false;
 }
  if (getClass() != obj.getClass()) {
   return false;
  }
 Position other = (Position) obj;
  if (!Arrays.equals(side_board, other.side_board)
     || !Arrays.equals(piece_board, other.piece_board)
     | | !Arrays.equals(castling, other.castling)
     || en_passant_target != other.en_passant_target
     || active_color != other.active_color) {
   return false;
 return true;
}
@Override
public List<IMove> generateCaptures() {
 List<IMove> poss_moves = getPossibleMoves();
 List<IMove> result = new ArrayList<IMove>(poss_moves.size());
 for (IMove move : poss_moves)
   if (isHit(move) || move.getPromotion() != null)
     result.add(move);
 return result;
}
@Override
public long hashCode2() {
 final int prime = 23;
 long result = 1;
 for (Side element : side_board)
   result = prime * result
       + (element == null ? 0 : element.ordinal() + 1);
  for (Piece element : piece_board)
   result = prime * result
       + (element == null ? 0 : element.ordinal() + 1);
 for (int element : castling)
   result = prime * result + element;
 result = prime * result + active_color.ordinal();
 result = prime * result + en_passant_target;
```

```
return result;
}
@Override
public int getKingPos(Side side) {
 return king_pos[side.ordinal()];
}
@Override
public void cacheOccupiedSquares() {
 Side s;
 Piece p;
 Set<Integer> w_pawn = new HashSet<Integer>();
 Set<Integer> w_rook = new HashSet<Integer>();
 Set<Integer> w_bishop = new HashSet<Integer>();
  Set<Integer> w_knight = new HashSet<Integer>();
  Set<Integer> w_queen = new HashSet<Integer>();
  Set<Integer> b_pawn = new HashSet<Integer>();
  Set<Integer> b_rook = new HashSet<Integer>();
  Set<Integer> b_bishop = new HashSet<Integer>();
  Set<Integer> b_knight = new HashSet<Integer>();
  Set<Integer> b_queen = new HashSet<Integer>();
 for (int square : SquareHelper.all_squares) {
   s = getSideFromBoard(square);
   if (s == null)
     continue;
   p = getPieceFromBoard(square);
   switch (s) {
   case WHITE:
     switch (p) {
     case PAWN:
       w_pawn.add(square);
       break;
     case ROOK:
       w_rook.add(square);
       break:
     case BISHOP:
       w_bishop.add(square);
       break;
     case KNIGHT:
       w_knight.add(square);
```

```
break;
   case QUEEN:
     w_queen.add(square);
     break;
   default:
     break;
   }
   break;
 case BLACK:
   switch (p) {
   case PAWN:
     b_pawn.add(square);
     break;
   case ROOK:
     b_rook.add(square);
     break;
   case BISHOP:
     b_bishop.add(square);
     break;
   case KNIGHT:
     b_knight.add(square);
     break;
   case QUEEN:
     b_queen.add(square);
     break;
   default:
     break;
   }
   break;
 }
}
occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
   + Piece.PAWN.ordinal(), w_pawn);
occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
   + Piece.ROOK.ordinal(), w_rook);
occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
   + Piece.BISHOP.ordinal(), w_bishop);
occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
   + Piece.KNIGHT.ordinal(), w_knight);
occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.WHITE.ordinal() * 10
   + Piece.QUEEN.ordinal(), w_queen);
occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
   + Piece.PAWN.ordinal(), b_pawn);
```

```
occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.ROOK.ordinal(), b_rook);
  occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.BISHOP.ordinal(), b_bishop);
 occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.KNIGHT.ordinal(), b_knight);
 occupied_squares_by_color_and_type.put(Side.BLACK.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.QUEEN.ordinal(), b_queen);
}
@Override
public void doMove(IMove move) {
  int src = move.getFromSquare();
  int dest = move.getToSquare();
 Piece piece = getPieceFromBoard(src);
 Piece capture = getPieceFromBoard(dest);
  setOnBoard(dest, active_color, piece);
  setOnBoard(src, null, null);
  boolean resets_half_move_clock = false;
  // if promotion
  if (move.getPromotion() != null) {
   setOnBoard(dest, active_color, move.getPromotion());
   resets_half_move_clock = true;
   num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[active_color.ordinal() * 10
       + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()]--;
   num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[active_color.ordinal() * 10
       + move.getPromotion().ordinal()]++;
  }
  // If castling
  else if (piece == Piece.KING && Math.abs((src - dest)) == 20) {
   setOnBoard((src + dest) / 2, active_color, Piece.ROOK);
   if (SquareHelper.getColumn(dest) == 3)
     setOnBoard(src - 40, null, null);
     setOnBoard(src + 30, null, null);
  // If en passant
  else if (piece == Piece.PAWN && dest == en_passant_target) {
   if (active_color == Side.WHITE) {
     setOnBoard(dest - 1, null, null);
```

```
} else {
   setOnBoard(dest + 1, null, null);
 }
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.getOppositeSide(
     active_color).ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()]--;
 resets_half_move_clock = true;
// Usual move
else {
 if (capture != null || piece == Piece.PAWN)
   resets_half_move_clock = true;
}
// update counters
if (capture != null) {
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.getOppositeSide(
     active_color).ordinal()
     * 10 + capture.ordinal()]--;
}
IrreversibleMoveStack.addInfo(half_move_clock, castling,
   en_passant_target, capture, is_check);
// reset half move clock
if (resets_half_move_clock)
 half_move_clock = 0;
// Update en_passant
if (piece == Piece.PAWN && Math.abs(dest - src) == 2)
 en_passant_target = (dest + src) / 2;
else
 en_passant_target = -1;
// Update castling
if (piece == Piece.KING) {
 king_pos[active_color.ordinal()] = (byte) dest;
 if (active_color == Side.WHITE && src == 51) {
   castling[0] = -1;
   castling[1] = -1;
 } else if (active_color == Side.BLACK && src == 58) {
   castling[2] = -1;
   castling[3] = -1;
 }
} else if (piece == Piece.ROOK) {
 if (active_color == Side.WHITE) {
```

```
if (src == 81)
       castling[1] = -1;
     else if (src == 11)
       castling[0] = -1;
   } else {
     if (src == 88)
       castling[3] = -1;
     else if (src == 18)
       castling[2] = -1;
   }
  }
  if (capture == Piece.ROOK) {
   if (active_color == Side.BLACK) {
     if (dest == 81)
       castling[1] = -1;
     else if (dest == 11)
       castling[0] = -1;
   } else {
     if (dest == 88)
       castling[3] = -1;
     else if (dest == 18)
       castling[2] = -1;
   }
  }
  // Change active_color after move
  active_color = Side.getOppositeSide(active_color);
 resetCache();
}
@Override
public void undoMove(IMove move) {
 resetCache();
  int src = move.getFromSquare();
  int dest = move.getToSquare();
 Piece piece = getPieceFromBoard(dest);
  // Change active_color after move
 active_color = Side.getOppositeSide(active_color);
 // get the missing information
```

```
MoveInfo inf = IrreversibleMoveStack.irr_move_info.removeLast();
en_passant_target = inf.en_passant_square;
Piece capture = inf.capture;
half_move_clock = inf.half_move_clock;
System.arraycopy(inf.castling, 0, castling, 0, 4);
is_check = inf.is_check;
setOnBoard(src, active_color, piece);
if (capture != null)
 setOnBoard(dest, Side.getOppositeSide(active_color), capture);
  setOnBoard(dest, null, null);
// if promotion
if (move.getPromotion() != null) {
 setOnBoard(src, active_color, Piece.PAWN);
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[active_color.ordinal() * 10
     + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()]++;
 num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[active_color.ordinal() * 10
     + move.getPromotion().ordinal()]--;
// If castling
else if (piece == Piece.KING && Math.abs((src - dest)) == 20) {
  setOnBoard((src + dest) / 2, null, null);
  if (SquareHelper.getColumn(dest) == 3)
   setOnBoard(src - 40, active_color, Piece.ROOK);
  else
   setOnBoard(src + 30, active_color, Piece.ROOK);
}
// If en passant
else if (piece == Piece.PAWN && dest == en_passant_target) {
  if (active_color == Side.WHITE) {
   setOnBoard(dest - 1, Side.getOppositeSide(active_color),
       Piece.PAWN);
  } else {
   setOnBoard(dest + 1, Side.getOppositeSide(active_color),
       Piece.PAWN);
 }
 \verb|num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.getOppositeSide(
     active_color).ordinal()
     * 10 + Piece.PAWN.ordinal()]++;
}
// update counters
```

```
if (capture != null) {
   num_occupied_squares_by_color_and_type[Side.getOppositeSide(
       active_color).ordinal()
       * 10 + capture.ordinal()]++;
  }
  if (piece == Piece.KING) {
   king_pos[active_color.ordinal()] = (byte) src;
  is_mate = false;
  is_stale_mate = false;
}
 * Performs a incomplete version of doMove. This function only sets the new
 * figure, deletes the captures ones (are saved in side_capture and
 * piece_capture) and changes the active color. Note that it is not possible
 * to perform tinyDoMove twice, because the captured figure of the first
 * application will be lost.
 * @param move
            the move to be performed, must be a legal move
private void tinyDoMove(IMove move) {
  int src = move.getFromSquare();
  int dest = move.getToSquare();
 Piece piece = getPieceFromBoard(src);
 piece_capture = getPieceFromBoard(dest);
  side_capture = getSideFromBoard(dest);
  setOnBoard(dest, active_color, piece);
  setOnBoard(src, null, null);
  // if promotion
  if (move.getPromotion() != null) {
   setOnBoard(dest, active_color, move.getPromotion());
  // If castling
  else if (piece == Piece.KING && Math.abs((src - dest)) == 20) {
   setOnBoard((src + dest) / 2, active_color, Piece.ROOK);
   if (SquareHelper.getColumn(dest) == 3)
     setOnBoard(src - 40, null, null);
```

```
setOnBoard(src + 30, null, null);
  // If en passant
  else if (piece == Piece.PAWN && dest == en_passant_target) {
   if (active_color == Side.WHITE)
     setOnBoard(dest - 1, null, null);
     setOnBoard(dest + 1, null, null);
  // Update castling
  if (piece == Piece.KING)
   king_pos[active_color.ordinal()] = (byte) dest;
  // Change active_color after move
  active_color = Side.getOppositeSide(active_color);
 old_check = is_check;
  is_check = null;
  is_mate = null;
  is_stale_mate = null;
}
 * inverts the function tinyDoMove(), note that only one application can be
 * inverted!
 * @param move
            the move to be inverted.
private void tinyUndoMove(IMove move) {
  int src = move.getFromSquare();
  int dest = move.getToSquare();
 Piece piece = getPieceFromBoard(dest);
  // Change active_color after move
  active_color = Side.getOppositeSide(active_color);
  setOnBoard(dest, side_capture, piece_capture);
  setOnBoard(src, active_color, piece);
```

```
// if promotion
  if (move.getPromotion() != null) {
   setOnBoard(src, active_color, Piece.PAWN);
  // If castling
  else if (piece == Piece.KING && Math.abs((src - dest)) == 20) {
   setOnBoard((src + dest) / 2, null, null);
   if (SquareHelper.getColumn(dest) == 3)
     setOnBoard(src - 40, active_color, Piece.ROOK);
   else
     setOnBoard(src + 30, active_color, Piece.ROOK);
  // If en passant
  else if (piece == Piece.PAWN && dest == en_passant_target) {
   if (active_color == Side.WHITE)
     setOnBoard(dest - 1, Side.getOppositeSide(active_color),
         Piece.PAWN);
     setOnBoard(dest + 1, Side.getOppositeSide(active_color),
         Piece.PAWN);
  }
  // Update king position
  if (piece == Piece.KING)
   king_pos[active_color.ordinal()] = (byte) src;
  is_check = old_check;
  is_mate = false;
  is_stale_mate = false;
}
@Override
public void setHalfMoveClock(int parseInt) {
 half_move_clock = parseInt;
}
@Override
public int getHalfMoveClock() {
 return half_move_clock;
}
```

}

3.15 AnalysisResult.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.LinkedList;
* Size of the class:
* Header: 8 bytes
* short : 2 bytes
 * Boolean: 16 bytes (8 header + 1 boolean + 7 round up to multiple of 8)
 * boolean: 1 byte
 * 2*byte: 2 bytes
 * Flag:
         4 bytes (like int?)
 * IMove: 16 bytes (8 header + 2 short + 2 short + 4 Piece (like int) + 0
    round up to multiple of 8)
 * long:
             8 bytes
 * linkedList: 24 + (8 + 24 + 16)k = 24 + 48k bytes
         (list: 8 header + 8 reference to first elem + 4 size + 8k reference
    to each node + 4 round up 24+ 8k)
          (node: 8 header + 8 reference to next node + 8 reference to class =
    24)
          (class: 16 byte)
 * round up: 7 byte
 * total size: 88 + 48k bytes.
 * k = 3 : 232  bytes
 * k = 5 : 328  bytes
 * k = 10 : 568  bytes
 * lets assume that a single analysis needs about 500 bytes.
 * Then a 500 MB TranspositionTable can hold about 1 Mio entries.
 * http://www.javamex.com/tutorials/memory/object_memory_usage.shtml
 * http://www.sandeshshrestha.com/blog/memory-used-by-java-data-types/
 */
public final class AnalysisResult {
  * The boards score in centipawns.
 public short score;
 /**
```

```
* If true, the board is a stalemate position. I. e. no moves are possible
 * but there is no check. If null, then it has not been analyzed.
public Boolean is_stalemate;
 * If the evaluation method considers this board to be in an unstable state
 * and recommends a deeper evalutation or is simply not sure, this is set to
 * true.
 */
public boolean needs_deeper;
 * The distance to (complete) search depth at which this result was
 * obtained.
 */
public byte plys_to_eval0 = 0;
/**
 * The distance to selective search depth at which this result was obtained.
public byte plys_to_seldepth = 0;
 * The state of the result in alpha-beta search: exact, fail-high or
 * fail-low
 */
public Flag flag;
 * The best move from current board.
 */
public IMove best_move;
 * Since AnalysisResults are stored in the Transposition Tables
 * (ResultCache), it is important to ensure that the AnalysisResult
 * corresponding to the actual position should be used, if there are
 * collisions with hashvalues. Therefore a second one (this one) is created
 * to identify the position and these problems unlikely.
public long hashvalue;
/**
 * A sorted list of the better moves in reverse order, i.e. the last moves
 * are better, then the first ones.
 */
```

```
public LinkedList<IMove> best_moves = new LinkedList<IMove>();
AnalysisResult(int score, Boolean is_stalemate, boolean needs_deeper,
   int plys_to_eval0, int plys_to_seldepth, Flag flag) {
 this.score = (short) score;
  this.is_stalemate = is_stalemate;
  this.needs_deeper = needs_deeper;
  this.plys_to_eval0 = (byte) plys_to_eval0;
 this.plys_to_seldepth = (byte) plys_to_seldepth;
 this.flag = flag;
}
AnalysisResult(int score, Boolean is_stalemate, boolean needs_deeper,
   int plys_to_eval0, int plys_to_seldepth, Flag flag,
   IMove best_move, long hashvalue) {
  this.score = (short) score;
  this.is_stalemate = is_stalemate;
  this.needs_deeper = needs_deeper;
  this.plys_to_eval0 = (byte) plys_to_eval0;
  this.plys_to_seldepth = (byte) plys_to_seldepth;
  this.flag = flag;
 this.best_move = best_move;
  this.hashvalue = hashvalue;
}
 * computes a copy of the analysis result without the list of good moves and
 * the hashvalue.
 * @return a copy without some elements.
public AnalysisResult tinyCopy() {
  return new AnalysisResult(score, is_stalemate, needs_deeper,
     plys_to_eval0, plys_to_seldepth, null, best_move, 0);
 * sets all values of analysis result except the list of good moves and the
 * hashvalue.
 * @param score
            the new score
 * Oparam is_stalemate
            the new status of is_stalemate
 * @param needs_deeper
            the new status of needs_deeper
```

```
* @param plys_to_eval0
            the new number of plys to base case.
 * @param plys_to_seldepth
            the new number of plys to base case of selective depth.
 * @param flag
             the new flag
 * @param best_move
            the new best move.
public void tinySet(int score, boolean is_stalemate, boolean needs_deeper,
   int plys_to_eval0, int plys_to_seldepth, Flag flag, IMove best_move) {
  this.score = (short) score;
  this.is_stalemate = is_stalemate;
  this.needs_deeper = needs_deeper;
  this.plys_to_eval0 = (byte) plys_to_eval0;
 this.plys_to_seldepth = (byte) plys_to_seldepth;
 this.flag = flag;
  this.best_move = best_move;
}
 * sets all values of analysis result except the list of good moves and the
 * hashvalue.
 * @param ar
 *
            the new analysis result
public void tinySet(AnalysisResult ar) {
 tinySet(ar.score, ar.is_stalemate, ar.needs_deeper, ar.plys_to_eval0,
     ar.plys_to_seldepth, ar.flag, ar.best_move);
}
/**
 * enables a comparison of two results.
 * @param o
             the other result.
 * Oreturn 0 if there are the same or have the same value, 1 if the actual
          one is more valuable then the other one, -1 else.
public int compareQualityTo(AnalysisResult o) {
  if (o == null)
   throw new NullPointerException();
  if (this == o)
   return 0;
```

```
// (deeper results)
   if (this.plys_to_eval0 > o.plys_to_eval0)
     return 1;
   if (this.plys_to_eval0 == o.plys_to_eval0
       && this.plys_to_seldepth == o.plys_to_seldepth)
     return 0;
   return -1;
  /**
  * returns the Principal Variation, i.e. a sequence of best moves moves. It
  * may be cut off, if entries in the ResultCache are overridden.
  * @param pos
              the position, where the PV starts
  * @return a linked list with the PV
 public LinkedList<IMove> getPV(IPosition pos, int counter) {
   LinkedList<IMove> pv = new LinkedList<IMove>();
   IPosition best_child;
   AnalysisResult ar;
   if (best_move != null && counter >=0) {
     pv.add(best_move);
     best_child = pos.doMove_copy(best_move);
     ar = ResultCache.getResult(best_child);
     counter--;
     if (ar != null)
       pv.addAll(ar.getPV(best_child, counter));
   return pv;
 @Override
 public String toString() {
   return "cp: " + score + " depth: " + plys_to_eval0
       + (flag != null ? " flag: " + flag : "");
 }
}
```

3.16 BasicMoveComparator.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.Comparator;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
public class BasicMoveComparator implements Comparator<IMove> {
 /**
  * saves the actual board, where the moves should be compared
 private IPosition board;
  * map, which maps a move to its value. Initial size set to 35 to prevent
 private Map<IMove, Integer> move_values = new HashMap<IMove, Integer>(35,
    1);
 /**
  * contains values for move comparison
 private static final int[] piece_values = { 100, 500, 325, 325, 975, 000 };
 /**
  * value of a square where a piece moves to or from.
 private static final int[] center_values = { -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1,
    5, 1, -1, -1, 3, 8, 12, 17, 17, 12, 8, 3, -1, -1, 6, 10, 15, 20,
    20, 15, 10, 6, -1, -1, 6, 10, 15, 20, 20, 15, 10, 6, -1, -1, 3, 8,
    12, 17, 17, 12, 8, 3, -1, -1, 1, 5, 8, 12, 12, 8, 5, 1, -1, -1, 0,
    -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1 };
 public BasicMoveComparator(IPosition board) {
   this.board = board;
 }
  * Grades an IMove by some heuristics.
  * Ignoring special situations like en passant and castling.
  * Oparam move the current move
```

3.17 BoardAnalyzer.java

```
package mitzi;
```

```
import static mitzi.MateScores.NEG_INF;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Set;
/**
* This class computes the value of a board in a proper way, see
* http://philemon.cycovery.com/site/part2.html for more details.
 */
public class BoardAnalyzer implements IPositionAnalyzer {
 /**
  * the square to array index from Position.java
 protected static int[] square_to_array_index = { 64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 64,
     64, 64, 64, 64, 64, 56, 48, 40, 32, 24, 16, 8, 0, 64, 64, 57, 49,
     41, 33, 25, 17, 9, 1, 64, 64, 58, 50, 42, 34, 26, 18, 10, 2, 64,
     64, 59, 51, 43, 35, 27, 19, 11, 3, 64, 64, 60, 52, 44, 36, 28, 20,
     12, 4, 64, 64, 61, 53, 45, 37, 29, 21, 13, 5, 64, 64, 62, 54, 46,
     38, 30, 22, 14, 6, 64, 64, 63, 55, 47, 39, 31, 23, 15, 7, 64, 64,
     64, 64, 64 };
 /**
  * the material value of a piece.
 static private int[] piece_values = { 100, 500, 325, 325, 975, 000 };
 // The following arrays contains the value of a piece on a specific square,
 // always in favor of white. Since the arrays are symmetric w.r.t. the
 // columns, BLACK uses 63-i entry with opposite sign.
 /**
  * value of squares for bishop and knight, in favor of white
  */
 static private int[] piece_activity_b_k = \{-16, -16, -8, -8, -8, -8, -16,
     -16, -16, -16, -4, -4, -4, -4, -16, -16, -8, 2, 6, 6, 6, 6, 2, -8,
     -8, 2, 6, 6, 6, 6, 2, -8, -8, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, -8, -8, 2, 2, 2, 2,
     2, 2, -8, -8, -8, 0, 0, 0, -8, -8, -16, -8, -8, -8, -8, -8, -8,
     -16 };
 /**
  * value of squares for rook, in favor of white
  */
```

```
static private int[] piece_activity_r = { 0, 0, 4, 6, 6, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4,
   6, 6, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 6, 6, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 6, 6, 4, 0, 0, 0,
   0, 4, 6, 6, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 6, 6, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 6, 6, 4, 0,
   0, 0, 0, 4, 6, 6, 4, 0, 0, };
* value of squares for queen, in favor of white
static private int[] piece_activity_q = { 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4,
   5, 5, 4, 0, 0, 0, 2, 4, 10, 10, 4, 2, 0, 0, 2, 10, 12, 12, 10, 2,
   0, -10, 2, 10, 12, 12, 10, 2, -10, -10, -10, 4, 10, 10, 4, -10,
   -10, -10, 2, 8, 8, 8, 8, 2, -10, -10, -8, 0, 0, 0, -8, -10, };
/**
* value of squares, which are weak/strong squares for bishop and knight
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 8, 12, 12, 8, 0, 0, 0, 2, 12, 16, 16, 12, 2, 0,
   0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, };
/**
* value of squares for white pawns. (not symmetric)
static private int[] pawn positions w = { 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 28, 28,
   35, 42, 45, 35, 28, 28, -9, -3, 7, 12, 15, 7, -3, -9, -10, -10, 6,
   9, 10, 6, -11, -10, -11, -11, 4, 5, 6, 2, -11, -11, -11, -11, 0, 0,
   1, 0, -11, -11, -6, -6, 4, 5, 5, 4, -6, -6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 ;
/**
* value of squares for black pawns. (not symmetric)
static private int[] pawn_positions_b = { 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -6, -6,
   6, 2, -11, -11, -10, -10, 6, 9, 10, 6, -11, -10, -9, -3, 7, 12, 15,
   7, -3, -9, 28, 28, 35, 42, 45, 35, 28, 28, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 
/**
* value of squares for white king, not valid in endgame. (not symmetric)
static private int[] king_positions_w = { 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
   -10, 0, 0, 5, 10, 18, -8, -3, -8, 23, 10 };
/**
```

```
* value of squares for black king, not valid in endgame. (not symmetric)
*/
static private int[] king_positions_b = { 5, 10, 18, -8, -3, -8, 23, 10, 0,
   0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 };
/**
* value for twin pawns for different rows.
static private int[] twin_pawns = { 0, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 0 };
/**
* value for covered pawns for different rows.
static private int[] covered_pawns = { 0, 0, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 0 };
/**
* value for passed pawns for different rows.
static private int[] passed_pawn = { 0, 2, 10, 20, 40, 60, 70, 0 };
/**
* value for passed pawns, where in front of the pawn is a king for
* different rows.
*/
static private int[] passed_pawn_with_king = { 0, 0, 0, 0, 10, 50, 80, 0 };
* value for blocked passed pawns
static private int[] blocked_passed_pawn = { 0, 0, -8, -16, -32, -45, -58,
   0 };
* if not all Bishop and Knight has moved, moving the queen results in
* negative score
*/
static private int PREMATURE_QUEEN = -17;
/**
* bonus, if the rook is on an open line (no other pawns)
static private int ROOK_OPEN_LINE = 20;
/**
```

```
* bonus if the rook is on an halfopen line (only opponents pawns)
static private int ROOK_HALFOPEN_LINE = 5;
/**
* bonus if the rook is in the 7th row and opponents king is in the 8th or
* pawn in the 7th
static private int ROOK_7TH_2ND = 25;
* bonus if the previous bonus holds and the 7th row is empty.
static private int ROOK_7TH_2ND_ABSOLUTE = 15;
/**
* bonus if a rook covers the other rook, this replaces the ROOK_7TH_2ND and
* counts for each rook (both on the 7th row)
static private int REINFORCED_ROOK_7TH_2ND = 40;
/**
* bonus if a rook is behind a passed pawn
static private int PASSED_ROOK_SUPPORT = 10;
/**
* gives a bonus if both bishops are still available in the endgame
static private int ENDGAME_BISHOP_BONUS = 10; // not yet implemented
* bonus/malus if the bishop is caged on he baseline (the pawn in front of
* the bishop has moved and the two pawns left and right of the bisop have
* not moved )
*/
static private int BISHOP_BASELINE_CAGED = -12;
* bonus if a queen is covered on the 7th row by a rook
static private int REINFORCING_QUEEN_7TH_2ND = 20;
* The player receives a bonus if the 2 bishops are alive.
*/
```

```
// Evaluate Pawn Stucture
 score += evalPawns(board);
 // Evaluate Diagonals and lines
 score += evalLinesAndDiagonals(board);
 // Evaluate position - activity
 score += evalPieceActivity(board);
 // Evaluate weak/strong position
 score += evalWeakPosition(board);
 // Evaluate the King's position (not in endgame)
 score += evalKingPos(board);
 AnalysisResult result = new AnalysisResult(score, false, false, 0, 0,
     Flag.EXACT);
 return result;
}
@Override
public AnalysisResult evalBoard(IPosition position, int alpha, int beta)
   throws InterruptedException {
 AnalysisResult result = quiesce(position, alpha, beta);
 // The analysis result should always contain the pure value (not
 // perturbed via side_sign)
 return result;
}
/**
* Implements Quiescence search to avoid the horizon effect. The function
* increase the search depth until no capture is possible, where only
\boldsymbol{\ast} captures are analyzed. The optimal value is found using the negamax
* algorithm.
* @see <a
    href="http://chessprogramming.wikispaces.com/Quiescence+Search">http://chessprogrammi
 * Oparam position
            the position to be analyzed
 * @param alpha
             the alpha value of alpha-beta search
 * @param beta
```

```
the beta value of alpha-beta search
 * Oreturn the value of the board ( in favor of white)
 * Othrows InterruptedException
 */
private AnalysisResult quiesce(IPosition position, int alpha, int beta)
   throws InterruptedException {
  if (Thread.interrupted()) {
   throw new InterruptedException();
  int side_sign = Side.getSideSign(position.getActiveColor());
  // Cache lookup
  AnalysisResult entry = ResultCache.getResult(position);
  if (entry != null) {
   table_counter++;
   if (entry.flag == Flag.EXACT) {
     AnalysisResult new_entry = entry.tinyCopy();
     return new_entry;
   } else if (entry.flag == Flag.LOWERBOUND)
     alpha = Math.max(alpha, entry.score * side_sign);
   else if (entry.flag == Flag.UPPERBOUND)
     beta = Math.min(beta, entry.score * side_sign);
   if (alpha >= beta) {
     AnalysisResult new_entry = entry.tinyCopy();
     return new_entry;
   }
  }
  // generate moves
 List<IMove> moves = position.getPossibleMoves();
  // check for mate and stalemate
  if (moves.isEmpty()) {
   eval_counter_seldepth++;
   if (position.isCheckPosition()) {
     return new AnalysisResult(NEG_INF * side_sign, false, false, 0,
         0, Flag.EXACT);
     return new AnalysisResult(0, true, false, 0, 0, Flag.EXACT);
   }
  }
```

```
// evaluation of the current board.
AnalysisResult standing_pat = eval0(position);
eval_counter_seldepth++;
int negaval = standing_pat.score * side_sign;
// alpha beta cutoff
if (negaval >= beta)
 return standing_pat;
alpha = Math.max(alpha, negaval);
// Generate possible Captures
List<IMove> caputures = position.generateCaptures();
// Generate MoveComperator
BasicMoveComparator move_comparator = new BasicMoveComparator(position);
// no previous computation given, use basic heuristic
ArrayList<IMove> ordered_captures = new ArrayList<IMove>(caputures);
Collections.sort(ordered_captures,
   Collections.reverseOrder(move_comparator));
AnalysisResult result = null;
int best_value = NEG_INF;
for (IMove move : ordered_captures) {
 position.doMove(move);
 AnalysisResult result_temp = quiesce(position, -beta, -alpha);
 position.undoMove(move);
 negaval = result_temp.score * side_sign;
 // find the best result
 if (negaval > best_value) {
   best_value = negaval;
   result = result_temp;
 }
 // cut-off
 if (negaval >= beta) {
   result.plys_to_seldepth++;
   return result;
 }
 alpha = Math.max(alpha, negaval);
```

```
// the standing_pat was computed in this depth
  if (result == null)
   return standing_pat;
  // the result comes from a depth below
 result.plys_to_seldepth++;
 return result;
}
 * Evaluates only the material value of the board.
 * @param board
            the actual board
 * @return the material value ( in favor of white)
private int evalPieces(IPosition board) {
  int score = 0;
  // basic evaluation
  for (Side side : Side.values()) {
   int side_sign = Side.getSideSign(side);
   // piece values
   for (Piece piece : Piece.values()) {
     score += board.getNumberOfPiecesByColorAndType(side, piece)
         * piece_values[piece.ordinal()] * side_sign;
   }
   // bishop pair gives bonus
   if (board.getNumberOfPiecesByColorAndType(side, Piece.BISHOP) == 2) {
     score += bishop_pair_value * side_sign;
   }
  }
 return score;
}
 * Computes the value of the possible activity of the pieces, e.g.
 * centralization,...
 * @param board
            the board to be analyzed
```

```
* Creturn the score for the activity of Rook, Bishop, Knight, Queen ( in
         favor of white)
 */
private int evalPieceActivity(IPosition board) {
  int score = 0;
  Set<Integer> squares;
  boolean queen_moved_last, queen_startpos;
  for (Side side : Side.values()) {
   int side_sign = Side.getSideSign(side);
   queen_moved_last = true;
   queen_startpos = false;
   // Queen
   squares = board.getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side, Piece.QUEEN);
   if (side == Side.WHITE)
     for (int squ : squares)
       score += piece_activity_q[square_to_array_index[squ]];
     for (int squ : squares)
       score -= piece_activity_q[63 - square_to_array_index[squ]];
   if ((squares.contains(SquareHelper.getSquare(
       SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, 1), 4))))
     queen_startpos = true;
   // Bishop
   squares = board
       .getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side, Piece.BISHOP);
   if (side == Side.WHITE)
     for (int squ : squares)
       score += piece_activity_b_k[square_to_array_index[squ]];
   else
     for (int squ : squares)
       score -= piece_activity_b_k[63 - square_to_array_index[squ]];
   if (!queen_startpos
       && (squares.contains(SquareHelper.getSquare(
           SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, 1), 3)) || squares
           .contains(SquareHelper.getSquare(
              SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, 1), 3)))
     queen_moved_last = false;
   // Knight
   squares = board
       .getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side, Piece.KNIGHT);
```

```
if (side == Side.WHITE)
     for (int squ : squares)
       score += piece_activity_b_k[square_to_array_index[squ]];
   else
     for (int squ : squares)
       score -= piece_activity_b_k[63 - square_to_array_index[squ]];
   if (!queen_startpos
       && (squares.contains(SquareHelper.getSquare(
           SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, 1), 2)) || squares
           .contains(SquareHelper.getSquare(
              SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, 1), 2))))
     queen_moved_last = false;
   // Rook
   squares = board.getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side, Piece.ROOK);
   if (side == Side.WHITE)
     for (int squ : squares)
       score += piece_activity_r[square_to_array_index[squ]];
   else
     for (int squ : squares)
       score -= piece_activity_r[63 - square_to_array_index[squ]];
   if (!queen_startpos && !queen_moved_last)
     score += side_sign * PREMATURE_QUEEN;
 }
 return score;
}
 * this function evaluates the weak position of an outpost, however only for
 * bishop and knight. If a knight is covered by pawn, the value increases.
 * Oparam board
            the board to be analyzed
 * @return the score w.r.t. weak/ strong positions ( in favor of white)
private int evalWeakPosition(IPosition board) {
  int score = 0;
 Set<Integer> squares;
 for (Side side : Side.values()) {
   // Bishop
```

```
squares = board
       .getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side, Piece.BISHOP);
   if (side == Side.WHITE)
     for (int squ : squares)
       score += weak_positions[square_to_array_index[squ]];
   else
     for (int squ : squares)
       score -= weak_positions[63 - square_to_array_index[squ]];
   // Knight (value get multiplied times the number of pawn covering
   // the knight, if no cover no bonus is added)
   squares = board
       .getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side, Piece.BISHOP);
   int count = 0;
   if (side == Side.WHITE) {
     for (int squ : squares) {
       for (Direction dir : Direction
           .pawnCapturingDirections(Side.BLACK))
         if (board.getPieceFromBoard(squ + dir.offset) == Piece.PAWN)
           count++;
       score += count * weak_positions[square_to_array_index[squ]];
   } else {
     for (int squ : squares) {
       for (Direction dir : Direction
           .pawnCapturingDirections(Side.WHITE))
         if (board.getPieceFromBoard(squ + dir.offset) == Piece.PAWN)
           count++;
       score -= count
           * weak_positions[63 - square_to_array_index[squ]];
     }
   }
  }
 return score;
}
 * Evaluates if rooks occupies open/halfopen lines, if they occupies the
 * 7-th row or are covered there and if the bishop is caged on the baseline
 * (the pawn in front of him has moved the the neighboring ones are here)
 * @param board
            the board to be evaluated
 * @return the score ( in favor of white)
```

```
private int evalLinesAndDiagonals(IPosition board) {
  int score = 0;
 Set<Integer> squares_rook, squares_bishop;
 Piece p;
 Side s;
  for (Side side : Side.values()) {
   int side_sign = Side.getSideSign(side);
   Side opp_side = Side.getOppositeSide(side);
   squares_rook = board.getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side,
       Piece.ROOK);
   // Open line and halfopen line bonus
   for (int square : squares_rook) {
     boolean half_open = true;
     boolean open = true;
     List<Integer> squares = new ArrayList<Integer>(
         SquareHelper.getAllSquaresInDirection(square,
             Direction.NORTH));
     squares.addAll(SquareHelper.getAllSquaresInDirection(square,
         Direction.SOUTH));
     for (int squ : squares) {
       if (board.getPieceFromBoard(squ) == Piece.PAWN) {
         if (board.getSideFromBoard(squ) == board
             .getActiveColor()) {
           half_open = false;
           open = false;
          break;
         } else
           open = false;
       }
     if (half_open && open)
       score += side_sign * ROOK_OPEN_LINE;
     else if (half_open)
       score += side_sign * ROOK_HALFOPEN_LINE;
     // 7th || 2nd line bonus
     if (SquareHelper.getRow(square) == SquareHelper.getRowForSide(
         side, 7)) {
```

```
boolean rook_7 = true;
boolean rook_7_abs = true;
boolean rook_7_cover_r = false;
boolean rook_7_cover_q = false;
boolean emty_direction = true;
// Check all squares at the west side of the rook
for (int squ : SquareHelper.getAllSquaresInDirection(
   square, Direction.WEST)) {
 p = board.getPieceFromBoard(squ);
 s = board.getSideFromBoard(squ);
 if (p == Piece.PAWN && s == opp_side) {
   rook_7 = false;
   rook_7_abs = false;
   break;
 } else if (emty_direction && p != null) {
   emty_direction = false;
   rook_7_abs = false;
   if (p == Piece.ROOK && s == side)
     rook_7_cover_r = true;
   else if (p == Piece.QUEEN && s == side)
     rook_7_cover_q = true;
 }
}
// Check all squares at the west side of the rook
emty_direction = true;
for (int squ : SquareHelper.getAllSquaresInDirection(
   square, Direction.EAST)) {
 p = board.getPieceFromBoard(squ);
 s = board.getSideFromBoard(squ);
 if (rook_7 && p == Piece.PAWN && s == opp_side) {
   rook_7 = false;
   rook_7_abs = false;
   break;
 } else if (emty_direction && p != null) {
   rook_7_abs = false;
   emty_direction = false;
   if (p == Piece.ROOK && s == side)
     rook_7_cover_r = true;
   else if (p == Piece.QUEEN && s == side)
     rook_7_cover_q = true;
 }
}
```

```
int king_pos = board.getKingPos(opp_side);
      if (SquareHelper.getRow(king_pos) == SquareHelper
          .getRowForSide(side, 8))
        rook_7 = true;
      if (rook_7)
        score += side_sign * ROOK_7TH_2ND;
      if (rook_7_abs)
        score += side_sign * ROOK_7TH_2ND_ABSOLUTE;
      if (rook_7_cover_r)
        score += side_sign * REINFORCED_ROOK_7TH_2ND;
      if (rook_7_cover_q)
        score += side_sign * REINFORCING_QUEEN_7TH_2ND;
    }
  }
  squares_bishop = board.getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side,
      Piece.BISHOP);
  int row_s = SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, 1);
  boolean bishop_caged = false;
  for (int square : squares_bishop)
    if ((square == SquareHelper.getSquare(row_s, 3) || square ==
        SquareHelper
        .getSquare(row_s, 6))
        && (board.getPieceFromBoard(square
            + Direction.pawnDirection(side).offset) == Piece.PAWN && board
            .getSideFromBoard(square
               + Direction.pawnDirection(side).offset) == side)) {
      bishop_caged = true;
      for (Direction dir : Direction
          .pawnCapturingDirections(side)) {
        if (board.getPieceFromBoard(square + dir.offset) != Piece.PAWN
            || board.getSideFromBoard(square + dir.offset) != side)
          bishop_caged = false;
      }
  if (bishop_caged == true)
    score += side_sign * BISHOP_BASELINE_CAGED;
return score;
* evaluates the pawn structure. Checks for covered pawns, passed pawns,
* isolated pawns, twin pawns... value dependent of the row
```

}

```
* @param position
            the current position
 * Oreturn the value of the pawn structure in favor of white
private int evalPawns(IPosition position) {
  int score = 0;
  int row, col, col_2, row_side;
  boolean isolated, covered, passed;
  for (Side side : Side.values()) {
   int side_sign = Side.getSideSign(side);
   Side opp_side = Side.getOppositeSide(side);
   Set<Integer> squares_pawn = position
       .getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(side, Piece.PAWN);
   Set<Integer> squares_pawn_opp = position
       .getOccupiedSquaresByColorAndType(opp_side, Piece.PAWN);
   if (side == Side.WHITE)
     for (int squ : squares_pawn)
       score += pawn_positions_w[square_to_array_index[squ]];
   else
     for (int squ : squares_pawn)
       score -= pawn_positions_b[square_to_array_index[squ]];
   for (int squ_1 : squares_pawn) {
     row = SquareHelper.getRow(squ_1);
     col = SquareHelper.getColumn(squ_1);
     row_side = SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, row);
     isolated = true;
     covered = false;
     for (int squ_2 : squares_pawn) {
       // dont check the pawn with himself
       if (squ_2 == squ_1)
         continue;
       col_2 = SquareHelper.getColumn(squ_2);
       if (col == col 2)
         // add malus for multiple pawns in the same line.
         // TODO: maybe dont increase malus for triple,.. pawns
         score += side_sign * MULTI_PAWN;
       else if (col == col_2 + 1 || col == col_2 - 1) {
```

```
isolated = false;
   if (row == SquareHelper.getRow(squ_2))
     // add bonus for twinpawns
     score += side_sign * twin_pawns[row_side];
   else if (row == SquareHelper.getRow(squ_2
       - Direction.pawnDirection(side).offset)) {
     // add bonus for covered pawns
     // TODO: maybe dont increase bonus for pawns covered
     // by 2 pawns
     covered = true;
     score += side_sign * covered_pawns[row_side];
 }
}
if (isolated == true)
 score += side_sign * ISOLATED_PAWN;
// check if a pawn is passed
passed = true;
for (int squ_2 : squares_pawn_opp) {
 col_2 = SquareHelper.getColumn(squ_2);
 if (col == col_2 || col == col_2 + 1 || col == col_2 - 1) {
   passed = false;
   break;
 }
if (passed == true) {
 // check if a passed pawn is blocked
 for (int squ_2 : squares_pawn_opp) {
   if (squ_1 + Direction.pawnDirection(side).offset == squ_2) {
     score += side_sign * blocked_passed_pawn[row_side];
     break;
   }
 }
 // check if a passed pawn is covered by a king (the king
 // should be in front of the pawn)
 for (Direction dir : Direction
     .pawnCapturingDirections(side))
   if (squ_1 + dir.offset == position.getKingPos(side))
     score += side_sign
         * passed_pawn_with_king[row_side];
```

```
// add the bonus for a passed pawn
       score += side_sign * passed_pawn[row_side];
       // additional bonus for covered passed pawn
       if (covered == true
           && row == SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, 7))
         score += side_sign * COVERED_PASSED_7TH_PAWN;
       // if a rook is behind a passed pawn
       // TODO: check if it better do add the bonus is a rook is on
       // the same line (behind the pawn)
       if (position.getPieceFromBoard(squ_1
           - Direction.pawnDirection(side).offset) == Piece.ROOK
           && position.getSideFromBoard(squ_1
               - Direction.pawnDirection(side).offset) == side)
         score += side_sign * PASSED_ROOK_SUPPORT;
     }
   }
  }
 return score;
 * draft of king's position evaluation function.
 * @param position
            the current position
 * @return the score
private int evalKingPos(IPosition position) {
  int score = 0;
  int count_fig = position.getNumberOfPiecesByColor(Side.WHITE)
     + position.getNumberOfPiecesByColor(Side.BLACK);
  if (count_fig > ENDGAME_THRESHOLD)
   for (Side side : Side.values()) {
     int side_sign = Side.getSideSign(side);
     int row_1 = SquareHelper.getRowForSide(side, 1);
     if (side == Side.WHITE)
       score += side_sign
           * king_positions_w[square_to_array_index[position
               .getKingPos(side)]];
     else
       score += side_sign
```

3.18 Flag.java

```
package mitzi;

/**
 * The flags for the entries in the Transposition Table (PositionCache).
 *
 */
public enum Flag {
   EXACT, LOWERBOUND, UPPERBOUND
}
```

3.19 GameState.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class GameState {
    /**
    * the actual position of the current game state
    */
    private IPosition position;
```

```
* the history of played moves
 */
private ArrayList<IMove> history = new ArrayList<IMove>();
/**
 * The number of the full move. It starts at 1, and is incremented after
 * Black's move.
 */
private int full_move_clock;
private class GameClock {
 // TODO study UCI time management
/**
 * creates a new Game with initial position.
public GameState() {
 position = new Position();
 setToInitial();
 * sets the current game to the initial state.
public void setToInitial() {
 position.setToInitial();
 full_move_clock = 1;
}
/**
 * sets the current game to the position of the given fen string
 * @param fen
             the position in fen notation
 */
public void setToFEN(String fen) {
 position = new Position();
 position.setToFEN(fen);
 String[] fen_parts = fen.split(" ");
  // set half move clock
 position.setHalfMoveClock(Integer.parseInt(fen_parts[4]));
  // set full move clock
```

```
full_move_clock = Integer.parseInt(fen_parts[5]);
}
/**
 * Do the given move and update half_move_clock, full_move_clock and
 * history. It is checked, if the move is valid or not.
 * @param move
             the given move
 */
public void doMove(IMove move) {
  if (position.isPossibleMove(move)) {
   position = position.doMove_copy(move);
   /*if (mova.resets_half_move_clock) {
     half_move_clock = 0;
   }*/
   if (position.getActiveColor() == Side.BLACK) {
     full_move_clock++;
   history.add(move);
 } else {
   throw new IllegalArgumentException("INVALID MOVE");
 }
}
/**
 * @return the actual position of the game
public IPosition getPosition() {
 return position;
}
 * creates the fen string of the actual board.
 */
@Override
public String toString() {
 StringBuilder fen = new StringBuilder();
 fen.append(position.toString());
 fen.append(" ");
  // halfmove clock
  fen.append(position.getHalfMoveClock());
  fen.append(" ");
```

```
// fullmove clock
   fen.append(full_move_clock);
   return fen.toString();
 /**
  * This is the number of halfmoves since the last pawn advance or capture.
  * This is used to determine if a draw can be claimed under the fifty-move
  * rule.
  * @return number of halfmoves since the last pawn advance or capture
 public int getHalfMoveClock() {
   return position.getHalfMoveClock();
 /**
  * The number of the full move. It starts at 1, and is incremented after
  * Black's move.
  * Oreturn number of the full move
 public int getFullMoveClock() {
   return full_move_clock;
 }
  * return all previous played moves.
  * @return returns a list of all played moves.
 public ArrayList<IMove> getHistory() {
   return history;
 }
}
```

3.20 IrreversibleMoveStack.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.LinkedList;
```

```
* This class represents a stack, storing the information, which cannot be
 * reverted only with a given move. It is implemented as a LinkedList
    containing
 * a class which stores the half move clock, the castling, the en passant
    target
 * and the captured piece. (en passant captures does not count as capture).
 * elements should be accessed via irr_move_info.removeLast();
public class IrreversibleMoveStack {
 static public class MoveInfo {
   int half_move_clock;
   int[] castling = new int[4];
   int en_passant_square;
   Piece capture;
   Boolean is_check;
 }
  * the stack containing the information
 static public LinkedList<MoveInfo> irr_move_info = new
     LinkedList<MoveInfo>();
 private IrreversibleMoveStack() {
  /**
  * add a new entry.
  * @param half_move_clock
              the old half move clock
  * Oparam castling
              the castling array
  * @param en_passant_square
              the en passant target square
  * @param capture
              the piece, which got captured (null if no capture)
  */
 static public void addInfo(int half_move_clock, int[] castling,
     int en_passant_square, Piece capture, Boolean is_check) {
```

```
MoveInfo inf = new MoveInfo();
System.arraycopy(castling, 0, inf.castling, 0, 4);
inf.en_passant_square = en_passant_square;
inf.half_move_clock = half_move_clock;
inf.capture = capture;
inf.is_check = is_check;

irr_move_info.addLast(inf);
}
```

3.21 KillerMoves.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;
* this class saves for each ply a certain number (e.g. 2) of moves
* (killermoves), which causes an alpha-beta cutoff. If more moves are saved,
* that allowed, then they get deleted in the order they are saved (like
 * FIFO). This should improve the move ordering.
 */
public class KillerMoves {
 /**
  * a map from a ply to the killermoves.
 private static Map<Integer, LinkedList<IMove>> killer_moves = new
     HashMap<Integer, LinkedList<IMove>>(
     35);
 /**
  * number of killermoves saved
 private static int MAX_SIZE = 2;
 KillerMoves() {
 };
```

```
/**
 * returns for a given ply the killer moves, note that it should be checked
 * if the move is legal.
 * @param ply
            the plys from root node
 * Oreturn a list of killer moves.
static LinkedList<IMove> getKillerMoves(int ply) {
 LinkedList<IMove> k_m = killer_moves.get(ply);
  if (k_m == null)
   k_m = new LinkedList<IMove>();
 return k_m;
}
 * add a new killermove, if more moves are saved than MAX_SIZE, the first
 * killermove got removed.
 * @param ply
            depth in the search tree
 * @param move
            the move to be added
 */
static void addKillerMove(int ply, IMove move) {
 LinkedList<IMove> k_m = killer_moves.get(ply);
  if (k_m == null)
   k_m = new LinkedList<IMove>();
  if (k_m.size() == MAX_SIZE)
   k_m.iterator().remove();
 k_m.add(move);
 * add a new killermove, if more moves are saved than MAX_SIZE, the first
 * killermove got removed.
 * @param ply
            depth in the search tree
 * @param move
            the move to be added
 * @param entry
            if available the old entry can be used for faster update. This
            should be a reference to the old element.
```

```
*/
static void addKillerMove(int ply, IMove move, List<IMove> entry) {
   if (entry.size() == MAX_SIZE)
      entry.iterator().remove();
   entry.add(move);
}

/**
  * updates the killermoves after the best move was found, i.e. all moves are
  * shifted from depth -> depth -2
   */
static void updateKillerMove() {
   for (int i = 2; killer_moves.containsKey(i); i++)
      killer_moves.put(i - 2, killer_moves.get(i));
}
```

3.22 MateScores.java

```
package mitzi;

/**
 * contains the scores for mate positions
 */
public final class MateScores {

 private MateScores() {
 }

 public static final int POS_INF = +30767;
 public static final int NEG_INF = -30767;
}
```

3.23 MitziBrain.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.List;
```

```
import java.util.Random;
import java.util.Timer;
import java.util.TimerTask;
import java.util.concurrent.ExecutorService;
import java.util.concurrent.Executors;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
import static mitzi.MateScores.*;
import mitzi.UCIReporter.InfoType;
* This class implements the AI of Mitzi. The best move is found using the
 * negamax algorithms with Transposition tables. The class regularly sends
 * information about the current search, including nodes per second ("nps"),
 * filling of the Transposition Table ("hashfull") and the current searched
 * on top-level. The board evaluation is moved to a separate class
 * BoardAnalyzer.
 */
public class MitziBrain implements IBrain {
  * maximal number of threads
 private static final int THREAD_POOL_SIZE = 1;
  * unit for time management
 private static final TimeUnit THREAD_TIMEOUT_UNIT = TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS;
  * timeout for thread shutdown
 private static final int THREAD_TIMEOUT = 1000;
  * upper limit for evaluation time
 private int maxEvalTime;
  * the currently best result
  */
```

```
private AnalysisResult result;
/**
 * the executor for the tasks
private ExecutorService exe;
/**
 * the current game state
 */
private GameState game_state;
private class PositionEvaluator implements Runnable {
 private final IPosition position;
 private final int searchDepth;
 public PositionEvaluator(final IPosition position, final int depth) {
   this.position = position;
   this.searchDepth = depth;
  }
  @Override
 public void run() {
   try {
     // Parameters for aspiration windows
     int alpha = NEG_INF; // initial value
     int beta = POS_INF; // initial value
     int asp_window = 25; // often 50 or 25 is used
     int factor = 2; // factor for increasing if out of bounds
     // iterative deepening
     for (int current_depth = 1; current_depth <= searchDepth;</pre>
         current_depth++) {
       table_counter = 0;
       BoardAnalyzer.table_counter = 0;
       result = negaMax(position, current_depth, current_depth,
           alpha, beta);
       position.updateAnalysisResult(result);
       if (result.score == POS_INF || result.score == NEG_INF) {
         break;
       }
```

```
// If Value is out of bounds, redo search with larger
       // bounds, but with the same variation tree
       if (result.score <= alpha) {</pre>
         alpha -= factor * asp_window;
         current_depth--;
         UCIReporter
             .sendInfoString("Boards found: "
                + (table_counter + BoardAnalyzer.table_counter));
         continue;
       } else if (result.score >= beta) {
         beta += factor * asp_window;
         current_depth--;
         UCIReporter
             .sendInfoString("Boards found: "
                + (table_counter + BoardAnalyzer.table_counter));
         continue;
       }
       alpha = result.score - asp_window;
       beta = result.score + asp_window;
       UCIReporter.sendInfoString("Boards found: "
           + (table_counter + BoardAnalyzer.table_counter));
   } catch (InterruptedException e) {
   }
  }
  @Override
 public String toString() {
   return position.toString();
}
 * counts the number of evaluated board
private long eval_counter;
 * counts the number of found boards in the transposition table.
private long table_counter;
```

```
* the board analyzer for board evaluation
private IPositionAnalyzer board_analyzer = new BoardAnalyzer();
 * the current time.
private long start_mtime = System.currentTimeMillis();
private Timer timer;
@Override
public void set(GameState game_state) {
 this.game_state = game_state;
 this.eval_counter = 0;
 this.table_counter = 0;
}
/**
* @return the time, which passes since start_mtime
private long runTime() {
 return System.currentTimeMillis() - start_mtime;
/**
 * Sends updates about evaluation status to UCI GUI, namely the number of
 * searched board per second and the size of the Transposition Table in
 * permill of the maximal size.
 */
class UCIUpdater extends TimerTask {
 private long old_mtime;
 private long old_eval_counter;
 private long old_eval_counter_seldepth;
  @Override
  public void run() {
   long mtime = System.currentTimeMillis();
   long eval_span_0 = eval_counter - old_eval_counter;
   long eval_span_sel = BoardAnalyzer.eval_counter_seldepth
       - old_eval_counter_seldepth;
   long eval_span = eval_span_0 + eval_span_sel;
```

```
if (old_mtime != 0) {
     long time_span = mtime - old_mtime;
     UCIReporter.sendInfoNum(InfoType.NPS, eval_span * 1000
         / time_span);
     UCIReporter.sendInfoNum(InfoType.HASHFULL,
         ResultCache.getHashfull());
   }
   old_mtime = mtime;
   old_eval_counter += eval_span_0;
   old_eval_counter_seldepth += eval_span_sel;
}
* NegaMax with Alpha Beta Pruning and Transposition Tables
 * @see <a
    href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Negamax#NegaMax_with_Alpha_Beta_Pruning_and_Transp
       with Alpha Beta Pruning and Transposition Tables</a>
 * Oparam position
            the position to evaluate
 * @param total_depth
            the total depth to search
 * @param depth
            the remaining depth to search
 * @param alpha
            the alpha value
 * @param beta
            the beta value
 * @return returns the result of the evaluation, stored in the class
         AnalysisResult
 * @throws InterruptedException
private AnalysisResult negaMax(IPosition position, int total_depth,
   int depth, int alpha, int beta) throws InterruptedException {
 if (Thread.interrupted()) {
   throw new InterruptedException();
 }
  //
```

```
// whose move is it?
Side side = position.getActiveColor();
int side_sign = Side.getSideSign(side);
11
   _____
int alpha_old = alpha;
// Cache lookup (Transposition Table)
AnalysisResult entry = ResultCache.getResult(position);
if (entry != null && entry.plys_to_eval0 >= depth) {
 table_counter++;
 if (entry.flag == Flag.EXACT)
   return entry.tinyCopy();
 else if (entry.flag == Flag.LOWERBOUND)
   alpha = Math.max(alpha, entry.score * side_sign);
 else if (entry.flag == Flag.UPPERBOUND)
   beta = Math.min(beta, entry.score * side_sign);
 if (alpha >= beta)
   return entry.tinyCopy();
}
//
         _____
// base of complete tree search
if (depth == 0) {
 // position is a leaf node
 return board_analyzer.evalBoard(position, alpha, beta);
}
//
// generate moves
List<IMove> moves = position.getPossibleMoves();
// check for mate and stalemate
if (moves.isEmpty()) {
 eval_counter++;
 if (position.isCheckPosition()) {
   return new AnalysisResult(NEG_INF * side_sign, false, false, 0,
      0, Flag.EXACT);
 } else {
   return new AnalysisResult(0, true, false, 0, 0, Flag.EXACT);
 }
}
```

```
//
// Sort the moves:
ArrayList<IMove> ordered_moves = new ArrayList<IMove>(40);
ArrayList<IMove> remaining_moves = new ArrayList<IMove>(40);
BasicMoveComparator move_comparator = new BasicMoveComparator(position);
// Get Killer Moves:
List<IMove> killer_moves = KillerMoves.getKillerMoves(total_depth
   - depth);
// if possible use the moves from Position cache as the moves with
// highest priority
if (entry != null) {
 ordered_moves.addAll(entry.best_moves);
 for (IMove k_move : killer_moves)
   if (position.isPossibleMove(k_move)
       && !ordered_moves.contains(k_move))
     ordered_moves.add(k_move);
} else {
 // Killer_moves have highest priority
 for (IMove k_move : killer_moves)
   if (position.isPossibleMove(k_move))
     ordered_moves.add(k_move);
// add the remaining moves and sort them using a basic heuristic
for (IMove move : moves)
  if (!ordered moves.contains(move))
   remaining_moves.add(move);
Collections.sort(remaining_moves,
   Collections.reverseOrder(move_comparator));
ordered_moves.addAll(remaining_moves);
//
if (entry != null && entry.plys_to_eval0 < depth)</pre>
 entry.best_moves.clear();
// create new AnalysisResult and parent
AnalysisResult new_entry = null, parent = null;
if (entry == null)
 new_entry = new AnalysisResult(0, null, false, 0, 0, null);
```

```
int best_value = NEG_INF; // this starts always at negative!
int i = 0;
// alpha beta search
for (IMove move : ordered_moves) {
 // output currently searched move to UCI
 if (depth == total_depth && total_depth >= 6)
   UCIReporter.sendInfoCurrMove(move, i + 1);
 position.doMove(move);
 AnalysisResult result = negaMax(position, total_depth, depth - 1,
     -beta, -alpha);
 position.undoMove(move);
 int negaval = result.score * side_sign;
 // better variation found
 if (negaval > best_value || parent == null) {
   best_value = negaval;
   // update cache entry
   if (entry != null && entry.plys_to_eval0 < depth)</pre>
     entry.best_moves.add(move);
   if (entry == null)
     new_entry.best_moves.add(move);
   // update AnalysisResult
   byte old_seldepth = (parent == null ? 0
       : parent.plys_to_seldepth);
   parent = result; // change reference
   parent.best_move = move;
   parent.plys_to_eval0 = (byte) depth;
   if (best_value != POS_INF) {
     parent.plys_to_seldepth = (byte) Math.max(old_seldepth,
         parent.plys_to_seldepth);
   }
   // output to UCI
   // boolean truly_better = negaval > best_value;
   if (depth == total_depth) { // && truly_better) {
     position.updateAnalysisResult(parent);
     game_state.getPosition().updateAnalysisResult(parent);
     UCIReporter.sendInfoPV(game_state.getPosition(), runTime());
   }
```

```
}
   // alpha beta cutoff
   alpha = Math.max(alpha, negaval);
   if (alpha >= beta) {
     // set also KillerMove:
     if (!killer_moves.contains(move))
       KillerMoves.addKillerMove(total_depth - depth, move,
           killer_moves);
     break;
   }
   i++;
  }
  //
  // Transposition Table Store;
  if (best_value <= alpha_old)</pre>
   parent.flag = Flag.UPPERBOUND;
  else if (best_value >= beta)
   parent.flag = Flag.LOWERBOUND;
  else
   parent.flag = Flag.EXACT;
  if (entry != null && entry.plys_to_eval0 < depth) {</pre>
   entry.tinySet(parent);
   Collections.reverse(entry.best_moves);
  }
  if (entry == null) {
   new_entry.tinySet(parent);
   Collections.reverse(new_entry.best_moves);
   ResultCache.setResult(position, new_entry);
 return parent;
}
@Override
public IMove search(int movetime, int maxMoveTime, int searchDepth,
   boolean infinite, List<IMove> searchMoves) {
  // note, the variable seachMoves is currently unused, this feature is
  // not yet implemented!
```

```
// set up threading
 timer = new Timer();
 exe = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(THREAD_POOL_SIZE);
 // make a copy of the actual position
 IPosition position = game_state.getPosition().returnCopy();
 int max_depth;
 // set parameters for searchtime and searchdepth
 if (movetime == 0 && maxMoveTime == 0) {
   maxEvalTime = 60 * 60 * 1000; // 1h
   max_depth = searchDepth;
 } else if (movetime == 0 && infinite == false) {
   maxEvalTime = maxMoveTime;
   max_depth = searchDepth;
 } else if (movetime == 0 && infinite == true) {
   maxEvalTime = maxMoveTime;
   max_depth = 200;
 } else if (maxMoveTime == 0) {
   maxEvalTime = movetime;
   max_depth = 200; // this can never be reached :)
 } else if (infinite == true) {
   maxEvalTime = maxMoveTime;
   max_depth = 200; // this can never be reached :)
   maxEvalTime = Math.min(movetime, maxMoveTime);
   max_depth = searchDepth;
 timer.scheduleAtFixedRate(new UCIUpdater(), 1000, 5000);
 start_mtime = System.currentTimeMillis();
 // reset the result
 result = null;
 // create a new task
 PositionEvaluator evaluator = new PositionEvaluator(position, max_depth);
 // execute the task
 exe.execute(evaluator);
 return wait_until();
}
```

```
* stops all active threads if mitzi is running out of time
 * Oreturn the best move
public IMove wait_until() {
  exe.shutdown();
  // wait for termination of execution
  try {
   if (exe.awaitTermination(maxEvalTime, THREAD_TIMEOUT_UNIT)) {
     UCIReporter.sendInfoString("task completed");
     UCIReporter.sendInfoString("forcing task shutdown");
     exe.shutdownNow();
     exe.awaitTermination(THREAD_TIMEOUT, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
  } catch (InterruptedException e) {
   // TODO Auto-generated catch block
   e.printStackTrace();
  // shut down timers and update killer moves
  timer.cancel();
 UCIReporter.sendInfoPV(game_state.getPosition(), runTime());
 KillerMoves.updateKillerMove();
  // if no best_move has been found yet, choose any
  if (result == null) {
   List<IMove> possibleMoves = game_state.getPosition().getPossibleMoves();
   int randy = new Random().nextInt(possibleMoves.size());
   return possibleMoves.get(randy);
  }
 // return the best move of the last completely searched tree
 return result.best_move;
}
@Override
public IMove stop() {
  // shut down immediately
 exe.shutdownNow();
  // shut down timers and update killer moves
 timer.cancel();
```

3.24 ResultCache.java

```
package mitzi;
import java.util.LinkedHashMap;
import java.util.Map;
/**
 * After creating a new <code>AnalysisResult</code> instance, use this class
* cache it for later lookup of moves, score, etc. The AnalysisResults are
 * indexed by the HashCode of the corresponding position, therefore it can
 * happen, that different AnalysisResults have the same HashCode. In such a
 * case, the old values get overridden. The AnalysisResults store a different
 * hashvalue to reduce the probability of using a wrong AnalysisResult, if two
 * positions have the same HashCode.
 */
public class ResultCache {
 private static final int MAX_ENTRIES = 600000;
 /**
  * A map from the Position's <code>hashCode</code> to the AnalysisResult.
  * The size of the table is limited with <code>MAX_ENTRIES</code>
 private static LinkedHashMap<Integer, AnalysisResult> position_cache = new
     LinkedHashMap<Integer, AnalysisResult>(
     MAX_ENTRIES + 1, 1) {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = 4582735742585308092L;
   protected boolean removeEldestEntry(
```

```
Map.Entry<Integer, AnalysisResult> eldest) {
   return size() > MAX_ENTRIES;
  }
};
 * Cannot be instantiated. For access to the static cache use
 * <code>ResultCache.getPosition(p)</code>.
private ResultCache() {
}
/**
 * Looks up a <code>Position</code> in the cache and returns the saved value
 * if found and with coinciding second hashvalue. otherwise null.
 * @param lookup
            the <code>Position</code> to look up in the cache
 * @return a previously cached <code>AnalysisResult</code> if available,
          null otherwise.
 */
public static AnalysisResult getResult(IPosition lookup) {
  int hash = lookup.hashCode();
  AnalysisResult ce = position_cache.get(hash);
  if (ce == null || lookup.hashCode2() != ce.hashvalue)
   return null;
  else
   return ce;
}
 * stores a AnalysisResult corresponding to a Position. The second
    hashvalue is automatically set here.
 * Oparam pos the position corresponding to the AnalysisResult
 * Oparam ce the AnalysisResult
 */
public static void setResult(IPosition pos, AnalysisResult ce) {
  ce.hashvalue = pos.hashCode2();
  int hash = pos.hashCode();
 position_cache.put(hash, ce);
}
/**
 * @return the number of stored results in this cache
```

```
*/
public static int size() {
   return position_cache.size();
}

/**
  * @return the hash is x permill full
  */
public static int getHashfull() {
   return (int) ((double) position_cache.size() / MAX_ENTRIES * 1000);
}
```

3.25 UCIReporter.java

```
package mitzi;
import static mitzi.MateScores.*;
public final class UCIReporter {
  * the engine should send these infos regularly
  * DEPTH: search depth in plies
  * NODES: number of nodes searched
  * NPS: number of nodes per second searched
  * HASHFULL: the hash is x permill full
 public static enum InfoType {
   DEPTH("depth"), NODES("nodes"), NPS("nps"), HASHFULL("hashfull");
   public String string;
   InfoType(String string) {
     this.string = string;
   }
 }
 private static String last_pv = "";
```

```
private UCIReporter() {
/**
 * Send debugging messages to the GUI.
 * Oparam string
            the message to be displayed
public static void sendInfoString(String string) {
 System.out.println("info string " + string);
/**
 * Send information about search depth, number of nodes searched and number
 * of nodes searched per second to the GUI.
 * @param type
            one of UCIReporter.InfoType
 * @param eval_counter
            the integer value to be sent
 */
public static void sendInfoNum(InfoType type, long eval_counter) {
 System.out.println("info " + type.string + " " + eval_counter);
/**
 * Send information about the currently searched move to the GUI.
 * @param move
            currently searching this IMove
 * @param move_number
            currently searching move number n, for the first move n should
            be 1 not 0.
public static void sendInfoCurrMove(IMove move, int move number) {
 System.out.println("info currmove " + move + " currmovenumber "
     + move_number);
}
/**
 * The Principal variation (PV) is a sequence of moves that programs
 * consider best and therefore expect to be played. Also all infos belonging
 * to the PV should be sent together.
```

```
* @param position
            a Position with an AnalysisResult
 * @param time
            the time searched in ms
public static void sendInfoPV(IPosition position, long time) {
  AnalysisResult result = position.getAnalysisResult();
  if (result == null)
   return;
  StringBuilder pv = new StringBuilder();
  if (result.score == NEG_INF && position.getActiveColor() == Side.WHITE
     || result.score == POS_INF
     && position.getActiveColor() == Side.BLACK) {
   pv.append("info score mate -"
       + ((result.plys_to_eval0 + result.plys_to_seldepth + 1) / 2)
       + " depth " + result.plys_to_eval0 + " seldepth "
       + (result.plys_to_seldepth + result.plys_to_eval0) + " pv");
  } else if (result.score == NEG_INF
     && position.getActiveColor() == Side.BLACK
     || result.score == POS_INF
     && position.getActiveColor() == Side.WHITE) {
   pv.append("info score mate "
       + ((result.plys_to_eval0 + result.plys_to_seldepth + 1) / 2)
       + " depth " + result.plys_to_eval0 + " seldepth "
       + (result.plys_to_seldepth + result.plys_to_eval0) + " pv");
  } else {
   pv.append("info score cp " + result.score + " depth "
       + result.plys_to_eval0 + " seldepth "
       + (result.plys_to_seldepth + result.plys_to_eval0) + " pv");
  }
  for (IMove move : result.getPV(position, result.plys_to_eval0)) {
   pv.append(" " + move);
 String new_pv = pv.toString();
  if (!last_pv.equals(new_pv)) {
   System.out.print(new_pv);
   System.out.println(" time " + time);
   last_pv = new_pv;
  }
}
```

}