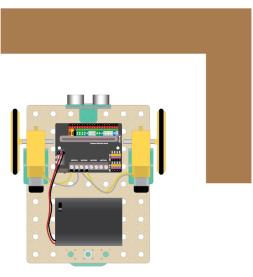
Build an Obstacle Avoiding Robot

Project 1.07

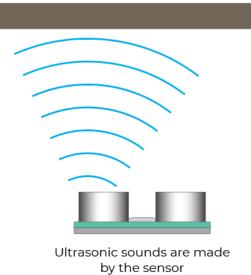
In this workshop you will make a robot that moves randomly around the room avoiding crashing into walls and other obstacles in its path.

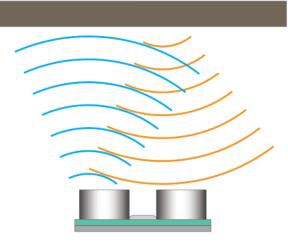
How it Works

You will attach an ultrasonic sensor to the front of your robot. The ultrasonic sensor sensor makes very highpitched sounds that the human ear cannot detect. The sounds will bounce around the room and echo back to to the robot. These echos are then detected by the same sensor. By timing how long it takes for the sound to come back to the sensor, we can work out how far away the nearest object is.



Can't go that way!





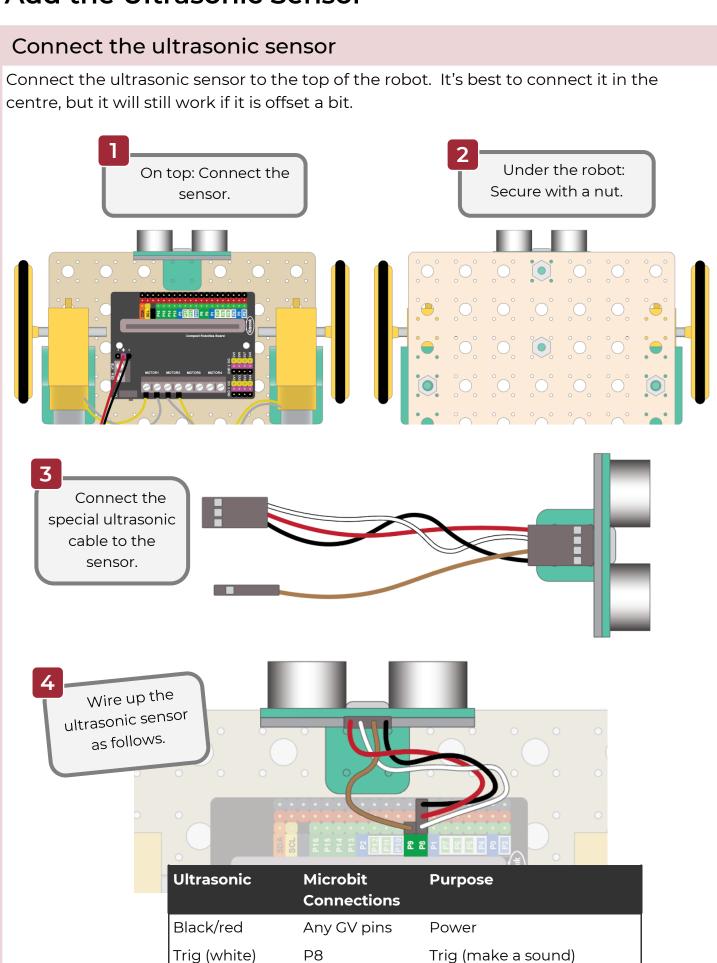
Echos are detected by the sensor

Can you think of an animal that uses a technique similar to this? Yes! A bat can "see" using a technique called echolocation. This works exactly the same way. We are going to build a robot bat!



What to do

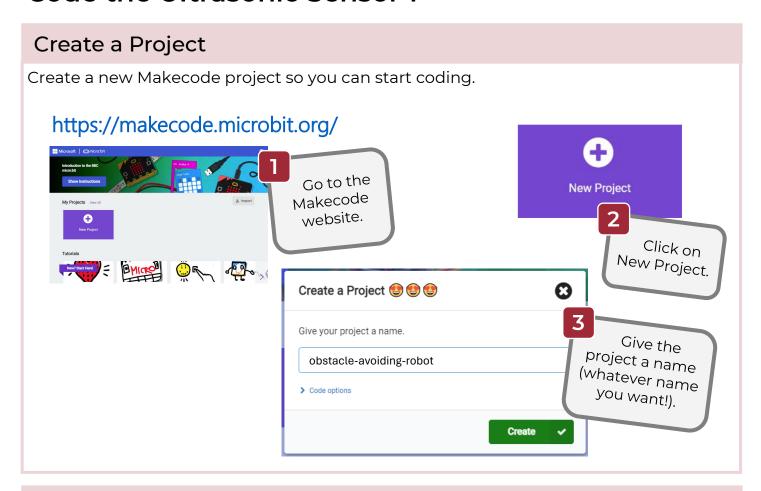
- If you haven't already done so, build the robot by referring to the previous worksheet (just build it, don't code it).
- Then follow this worksheet to add an ultrasonic sensor and start measuring distances to objects
- Finally, attempt the coding challenges to get your robot to move around the room avoiding obstacles

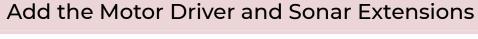


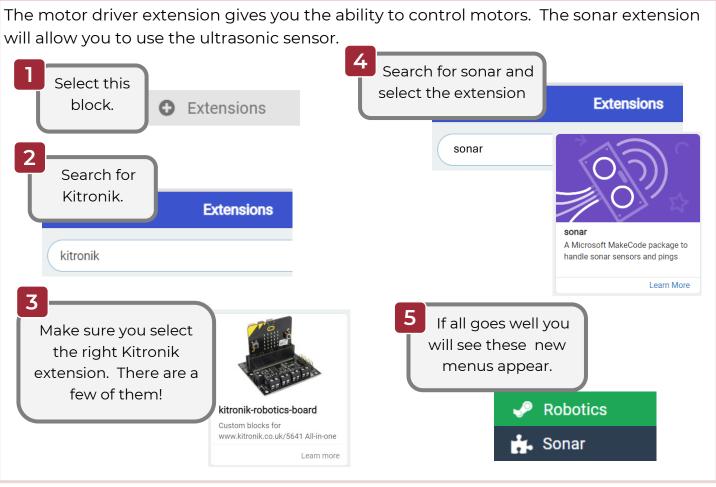
Echo (brown)

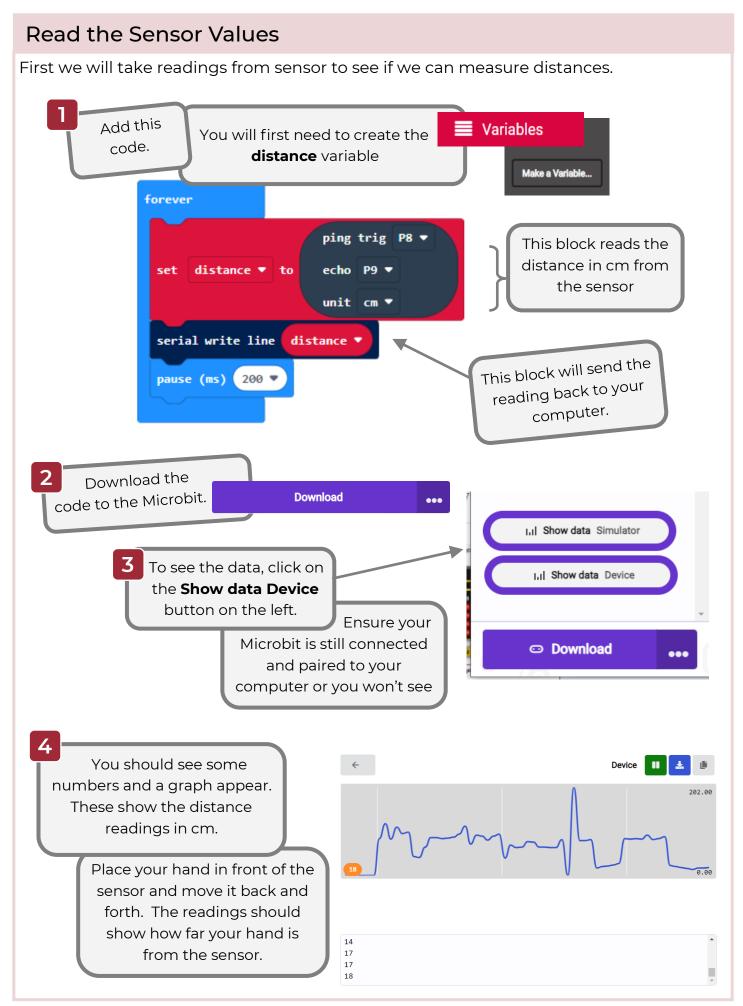
P9

Echo (listen for sound)



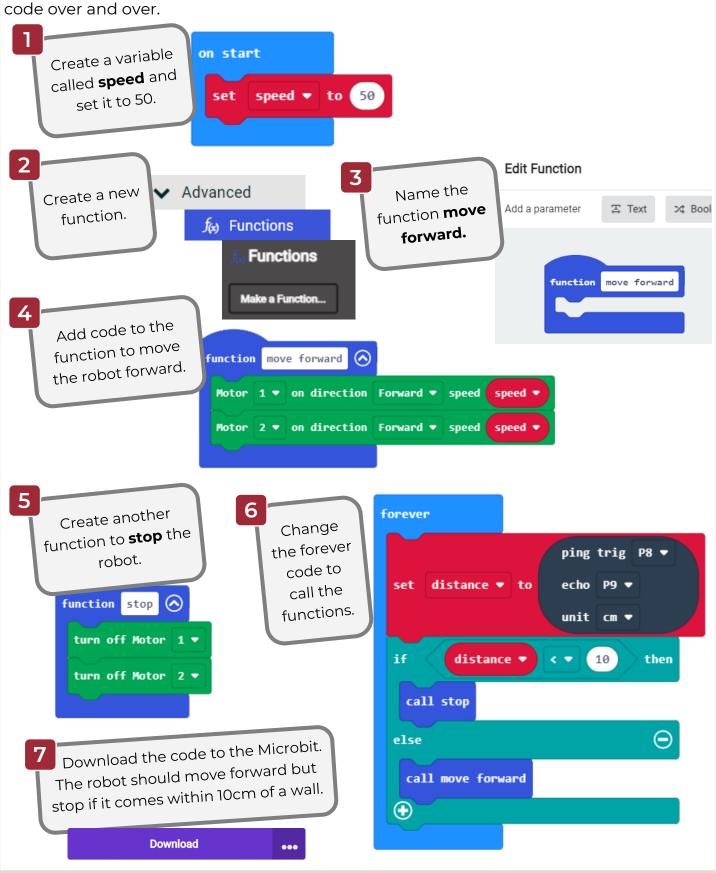






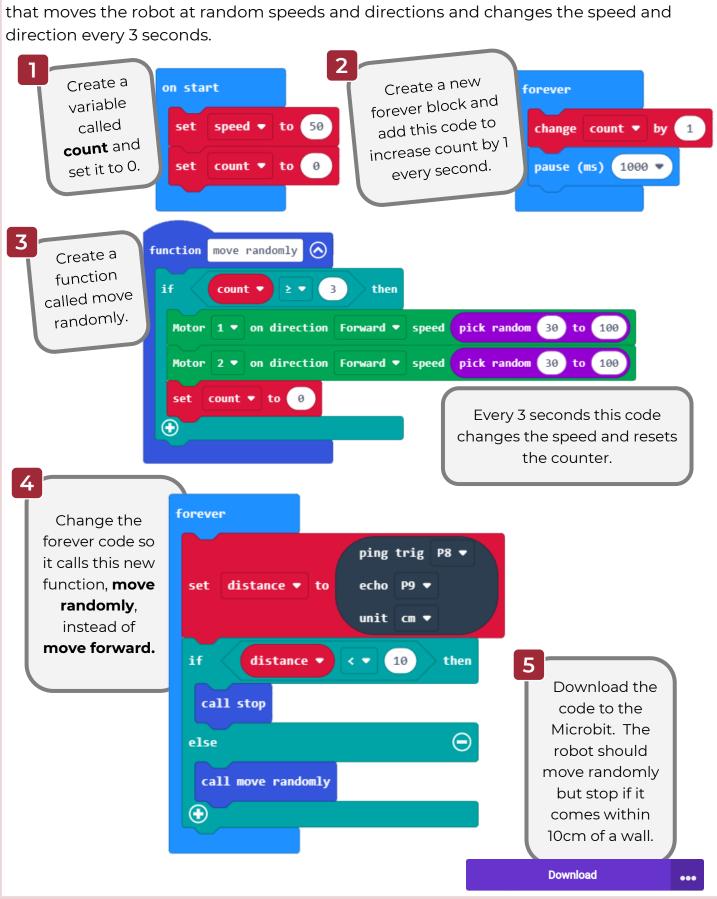
Move forwards and stop

Now let's get our robot to move forwards and then stop when it sees a wall. To do this we will create some **functions**. Functions are blocks of code that you can run whenever you want in your program, just by calling its name. This saves you repeating the same code over and over



Move randomly and stop

Let's make the robot movement a bit more interesting. Instead of moving forwards, we will make it move at different speeds and directions. To do this we will create a function that moves the robot at random speeds and directions and changes the speed and direction every 3 seconds.



Challenges

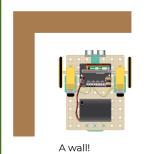
Your challenge!

When the robot sees an obstacle it just stops. Can you get it to turn around and continue moving instead?

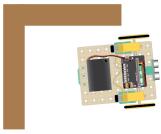
Hint: You will need a combination of movements. Create a function called **reverse** that contains all these movements and replace the **call stop** with **call reverse**.

Super challenge!

Sometimes you will find that the robot gets stuck in a corner. Change your robot's code so that it tries to find the best way out. Get it to look right then left and choose the direction that looks like it has most space to move into.







Look right

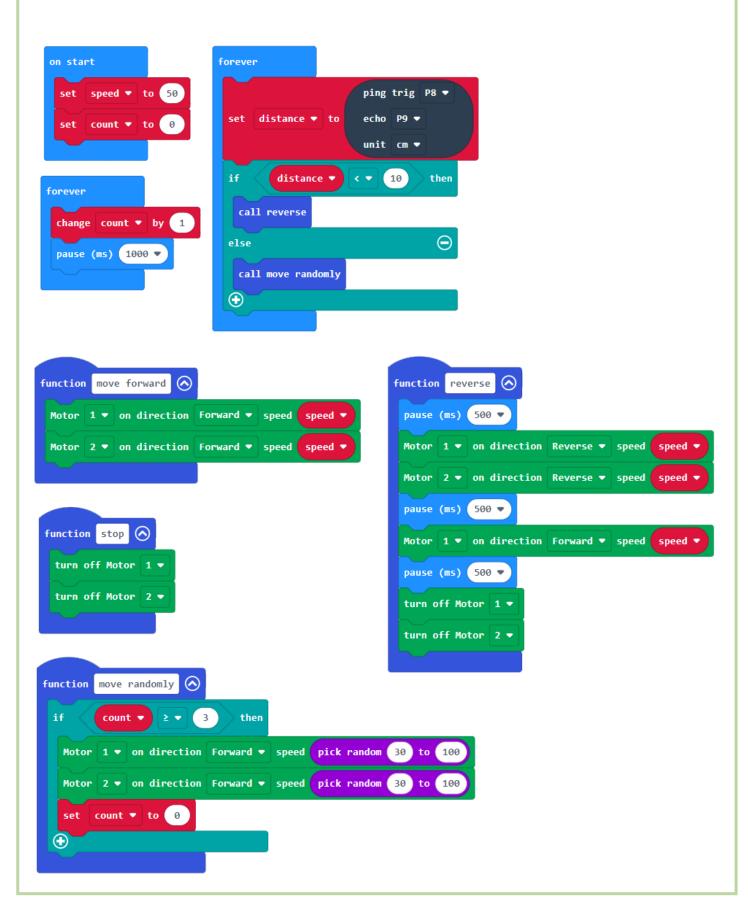
Look left

Right was better, I'll head that wav!

Solutions

Move randomly and reverse solution

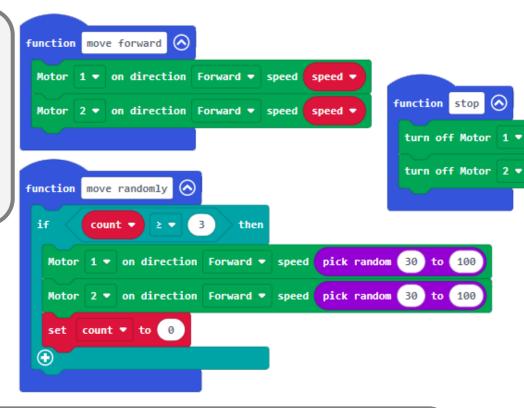
This code should make the robot reverse straight, then turn to the right and move off in the new direction. Here is the complete code.



Super challenge solution part 1

When the robot sees an obstacle, this code will make the robot look to the left and right and see which is the best escape route. This is the complete code.

The move forward, move randomly and stop functions remains unchanged from previous code.



The look left and look right functions get the robot to turn to the left and then right and take a distance reading.

```
function look left 🚫
                                                   function look right 🔕
 call spin left
                                                    call spin right
 call stop
                                                    call stop
 pause (ms) 500 ▼
                                                    pause (ms) 500 ▼
                            ping trig P8
                                                                                ping trig P8 ▼
     leftDistance ▼ to
                                                    set rightDistance ▼ to
                                                                                echo P9 ▼
                           unit cm ▼
                                                                                unit cm ▼
 call spin right
                                                    call spin left
 call stop
                                                    call stop
```

```
function spin left  

Motor 1 ▼ on direction Reverse ▼ speed 50

Motor 2 ▼ on direction Forward ▼ speed 50

Pause (ms) 500 ▼

Motor 2 ▼ on direction Reverse ▼ speed 50
```

Super challenge solution part 2 Depending on whether we decided to move off to the left or right, we can call one of these functions. function reverse left 🔕 function reverse right pause (ms) 500 ▼ pause (ms) 500 ▼ Motor 1 ▼ on direction Reverse ▼ speed Motor 1 ▼ on direction Reverse ▼ speed speed ▼ Motor 2 ▼ on direction Reverse ▼ speed speed Motor 2 ▼ on direction Reverse ▼ speed pause (ms) 500 ▼ pause (ms) 500 ▼ Motor 1 ▼ on direction Forward ▼ speed Motor 2 ▼ on direction Forward ▼ speed Motor 2 ▼ on direction Reverse ▼ speed pause (ms) 500 ▼ pause (ms) 500 ▼ turn off Motor 1 ▼ turn off Motor 1 ▼ turn off Motor 2 ▼ turn off Motor 2 ▼ Now the main forever block can make the robot look left and right and move off in the direction where there is most "distance" in front of the robot. on start forever set speed ▼ to 50 ping trig P8 ▼ set count ▼ to 0 unit cm ▼ distance • < ▼ (20) forever call look left change count ▼ by 1 call look right pause (ms) 1000 ▼ pause (ms) 2000 ▼ leftDistance ▼ rightDistance ▼ call reverse left else call reverse right \oplus call move randomly \oplus