HW3 Report

Author

B06705023 資管四 邱廷翔

Environment

- python >= 3.6
- Linux >= 16.04

Requirments

• nltk

To install the required libraries, run the following command.

pip install -r requirements.txt

Executing the code

python main.py

• Before running the code, make sure the directory *IRTM* is present.

Program descriptions

The program can be broke into several phases.

- 1. Traverse the folder
 - 1. Use *tokenization*, which is from HW1, to preprocess each line of the document for the whole document collection.
 - 2. Form the training set, and testing set by reading the *category.txt*.
- 2. Feature selection
 - We will be using modified Chi-square feature selection method as mentioned in the lecture slide. The modification I made to the model is that I used tf-idf score, instead of frequency count

$$score_t = \sum_c rac{N^*_{tc} - E^*_{tc}}{E^*_{tc}}, \quad orall t \in [1, V] \ N^* = df_t imes \log(rac{N}{df_t}),$$

- Sort the terms by their score from highest to the lowest, and select the top 120 terms/features.
- The selected terms will be kept and used in later training and testing.
- 3. Training part
 - 1. For each term in a category's training document:
 - 1. Count its document frequency in $count_t$.

2. The Multinomial model for naive bayes can then be generated by 3. $condProb[t][c]=\frac{count_t+1}{|V_c|+featureSize}$

3.
$$condProb[t][c] = rac{count_t + 1}{|V_c| + featureSize}$$

- 4. Testing part
 - 1. Generate the tokenized list for each document.
 - 2. For each term:
 - 1. Ignore it if it is not in the *selected_terms*.
 - 2. Calculate its per class score by $score_c = \sum_{t \in V_k} \log(condProb[t][c])$
 - 3. Select the largest score as its category prediction.