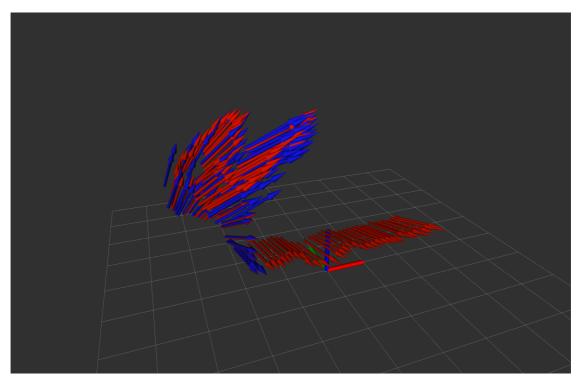
## **ELEC 5660 Project 2: Phase 1**

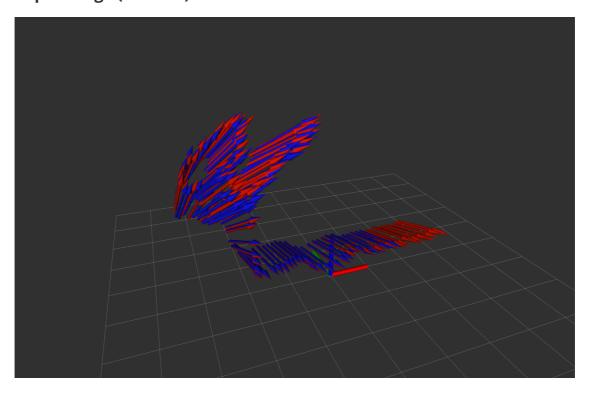
Binqian JIANG

## Figures

Sample image (DLT)



Sample image (DLT+BA)



The performance is described using Average Frobenius norm:

$$egin{aligned} ext{error} &= rac{1}{N_{inlie}} \sum \|T_{i,ref} - T_{i,my}\|_F \ T &= egin{bmatrix} R & t \ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

In cases of outlier rej, estimations with delta T's Frobenius Norm > 0.5 are treated as outliers and will not be used to calculate average delta T's F norm. Also note that outlier rejection is applied to counting and has nothing to do with the published data.

Cases	Average Frobenius norm	Inlier count
DLT, all	2.410648	1744/1744
DLT, outlier rej	0.031027	1728/1744
DLT+BA, outlier rej	0.015662	1729/1744

## Description

- 1. The tag positions produced by the AR module all have zero z coordinates. If we use this as a prior information, the 3D-2D PnP problem is reduced to some kind of homography estimation. Complete solution of a real 3D-2D pose estimation problem can be found <a href="https://example.com/here
- 2. Since the reference visualizes  $R_{cw}$  and  $t_{cw}$ , I also visualize  $R_{cw}$  and  $t_{cw}$  for clear comparison, though they are not the direct pose of the camera in the world frame.
- 3. NL optimization of the pose using BA with analytic Jacobian is used after obtaining an initial guess from DLT method. (Not true BA, as it does not optimize 3D points)

## Note

Code files used for BA and the new CmakeLists.txt are submitted.