

Workplace Gamification of Social Media: Analysis and Strategies

By: Devin Gonier

Research in Computer Science



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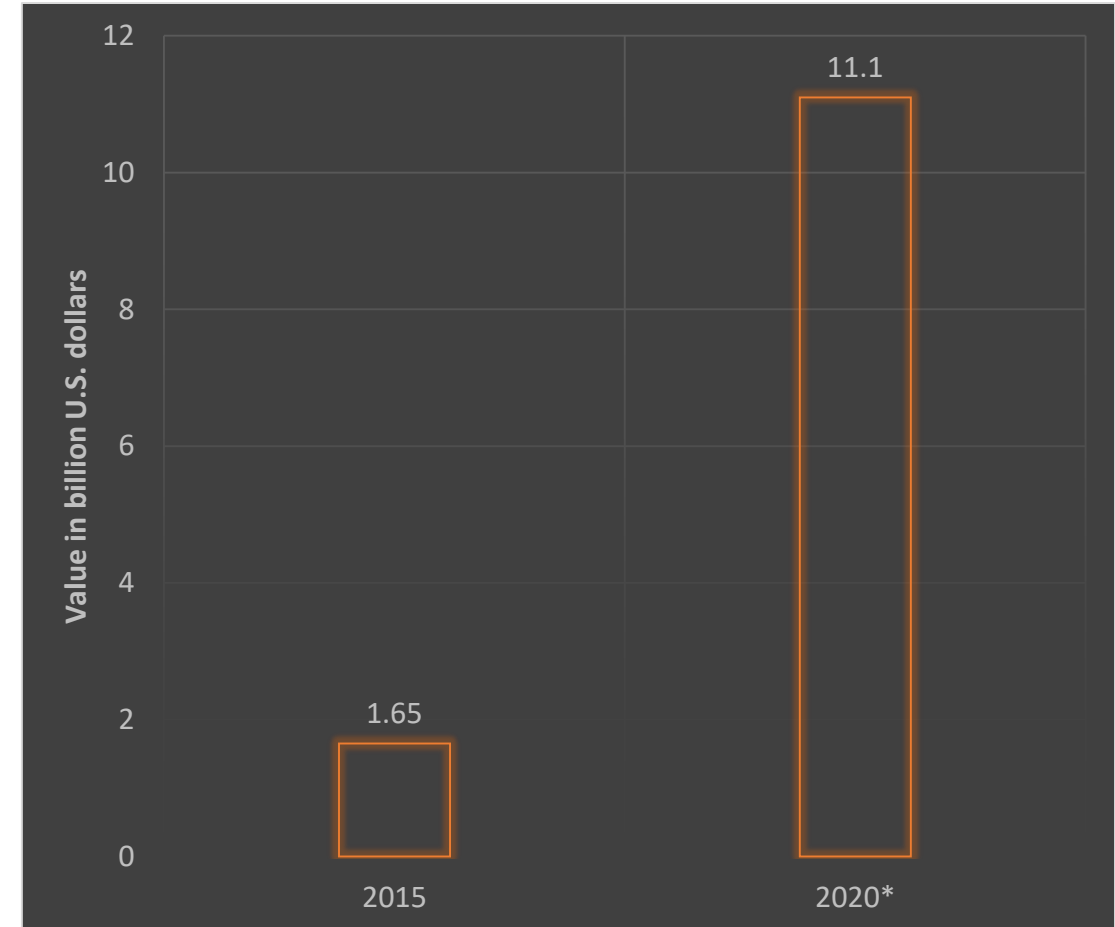
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What is Gamification?



Gamification: “The Use of Game Design Elements in Non-Game Contexts” [11]

- Gamification is expected to grow from 1.65 Billion USD 2015 to 11.1 Billion USD by 2020
- Gamification has a long history with public social media, but less so in work-place environments.
- Getting people to communicate and innovate from bottom up is an important goal for businesses today



What is Gamification?



Workplace Gamification is growing:

- Unique method to access intrinsic motivation
- New technologies inspired by Social Media, and Data Analytics makes Gamification easier
- Case studies support effectiveness:
 - Significant reduction in training times, with longer retention (50% reduction Deloitte)
 - Reduction of KPI's like call time at CISCO 15%
 - 58% more generated ideas in brainstorming – SAP Streamwork



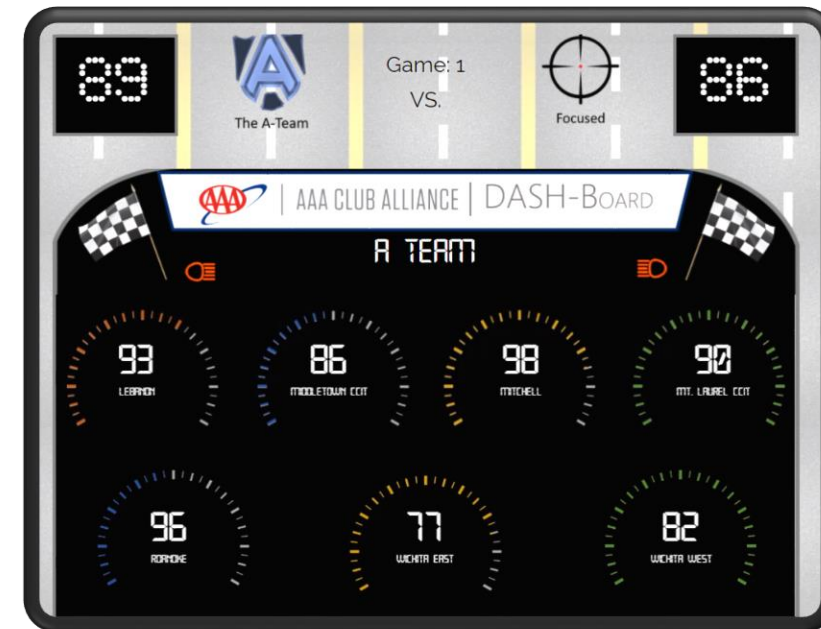
DGC Group & Gamification

- The DGC Group (My company) designs games for AAA Clubs:
 - Auto Club Enterprises
 - MidAtlantic
 - Allied Group
- No Social Media Component
- Games are designed around KPIs like:
 - Overall Sat on Surveys
 - Response Time
 - Keeping Members Informed



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Literature Review



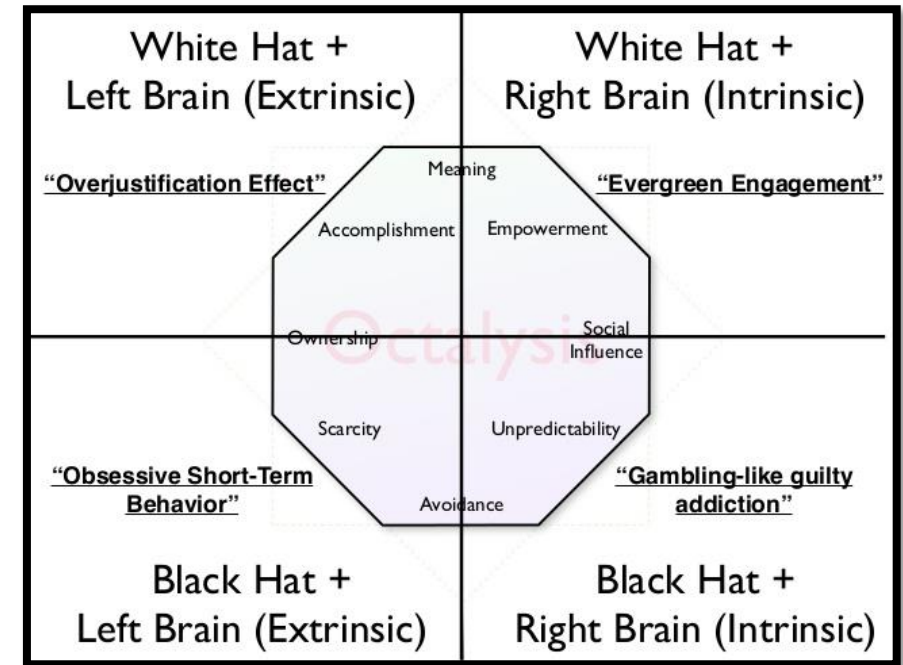
- Vassileva: Different Models for motivating participation in social media outlets:
 - Real-World Benefits – based on classical economics view (less successful)
 - Irrational Users – Behavioral Economics:
 - Recognition – Reviews, Voting
 - Status – action frequency
- Aseriskis et al. Different Game Mechanics have unique effects
 - Finite vs. Infinite Point Systems
 - Thinking about games as “flow of resources”
 - Levels and Game Progress important elements of game mechanics
- Silva: Any Gamification framework needs to ***dynamically defined by sustainability indicators***

Literature Review: Motivation

- Vassileva: The key variable is motivation:
 - Extrinsic. Vs. Intrinsic theories about motivation:
 - Maslow's Hierarchy - Intrinsic
 - Social Comparison – both
 - Reinforcement - Extrinsic
- Yu Kai Chou: PBL Fallacy – Points, Badges, Leaderboard are not enough to really motivate users.
 - Gamification craze is generating energy, but not enough innovation
 - Must design game to effect key aspects of human psychology

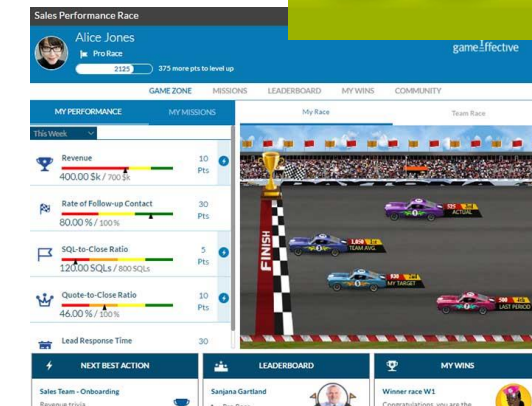
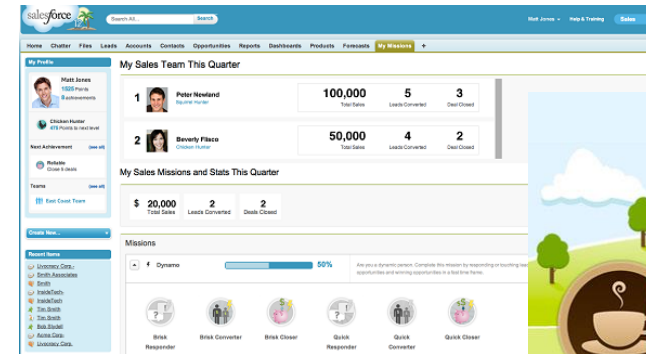
Literature Review: Octalysis

1. Epic Meaning & Calling
2. Development & Accomplishment
3. Empowerment of Creativity & Feedback
4. Ownership & Possession
5. Social Influence & Relatedness
6. Scarcity & Impatience
7. Unpredictability & Curiosity
8. Loss & Avoidance



Product Review

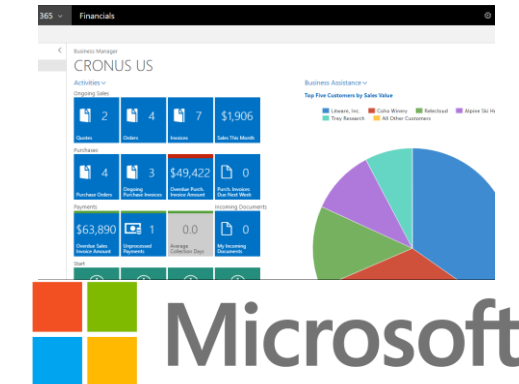
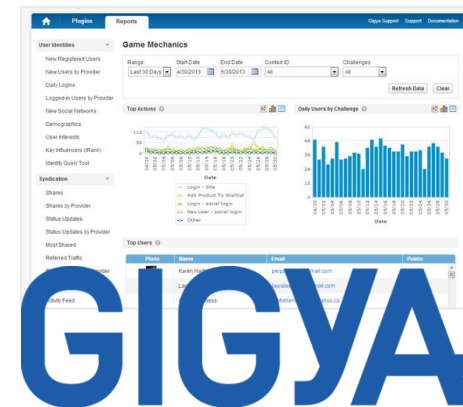
- Badgeville:
 - ✓ Basic KPI Rules Engine with Integration
 - ✓ Social Media Participation & Sharing rewards
 - ✓ Badges for Achievement and Progress
- Gameeffective:
 - ✓ Race Metaphor for Milestones and Comparison on KPI



Product Review



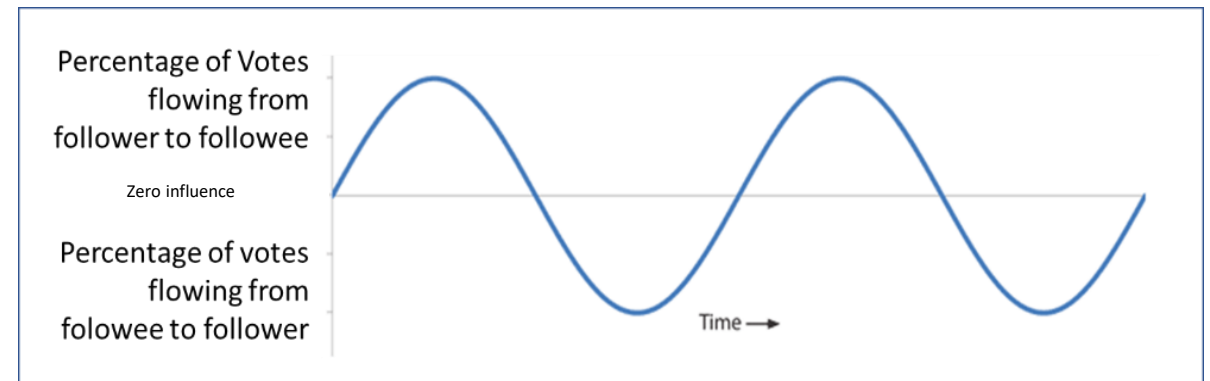
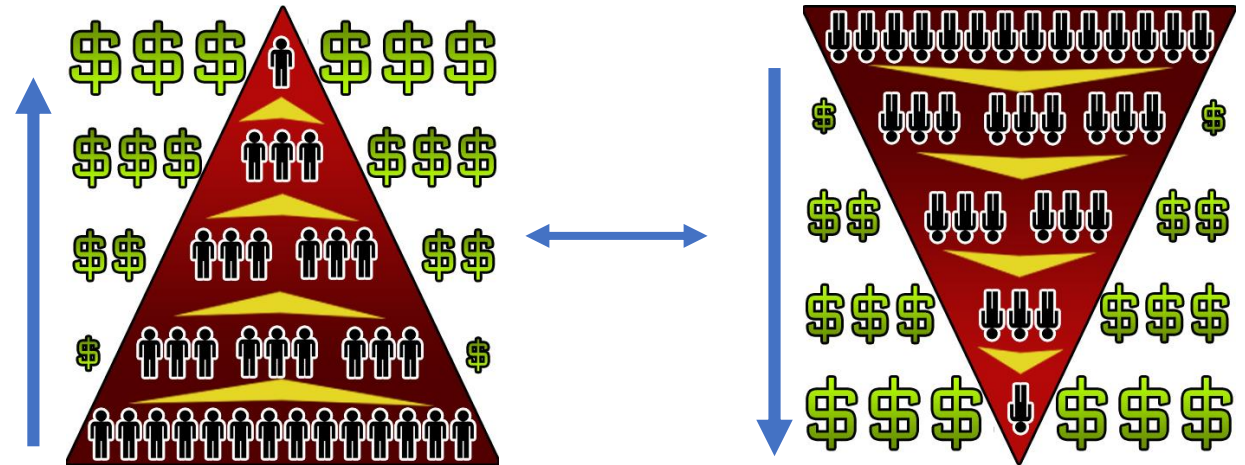
- LevelEleven:
 - ✓ Pace Based Progress Updates for Milestones
 - ✓ Real-Time ScoreBoards
 - ✓ Flash-Contest controlled by Manager
- Gigya & Microsoft:
 - ✓ Offer similar features to others with a fewer options, but better integration. Used with large platforms



New Strategies: *Sine Stream Voting*

- **Sine-Stream Voting:**

- Oscillation between Pyramid and reverse-pyramid scheme relationships
- Ideal for changing dynamics of social media platform
- Good for incentivizing voting and interconnectivity.



New Strategies: *Voting Types & Sine-Stream*

- Infinite vs. Finite Voting
 - Resource flow – make badge assignments finite, but have unlimited general voting
- Categorical vs. General Voting
 - Have certain votes be more meaningful than others (Specific Content)
 - “Best-Practice!”
- Group Voting
 - Under certain scenarios Groups can vote as units for more weight, or vote interdependently swapping voting weights
- Investment Voting
 - With negative voting potential, people can invest finite voting into a post with the possibility of receiving a percentage of other votes assigned to post or negative votes – Like investing in a stock, instead it is an idea – (with this scenario one could vote more than once on a post)

New Strategies: *Dynamic Profiling*

- Similar to Linked in, users start with identifying skills, but do so with finite point assignments
 - Skills can receive additional points by other users by:
 - An unlimited increase from upvotes that express the upvoters skill set as a percentage
 - A limited vote from voluntary finite assignments by other users on a user's profile



New Strategies: Group Identities



- Sine Stream Voting increases user interdependence overall
- Dynamics of vote sharing can be based on:
 - Follower/Followee
 - Invitation
 - Group associations
 - Group Identities act as middle-man distributors sharing votes between users of the groups. Weighting of this interchange fluctuates according to sine-stream variables
 - Meta-Groups – whole communities or companies can also act essentially as groups, allowing them to quantify the overall participation in the community

New Strategies: *Leaderboards, Levels, and Challenges*

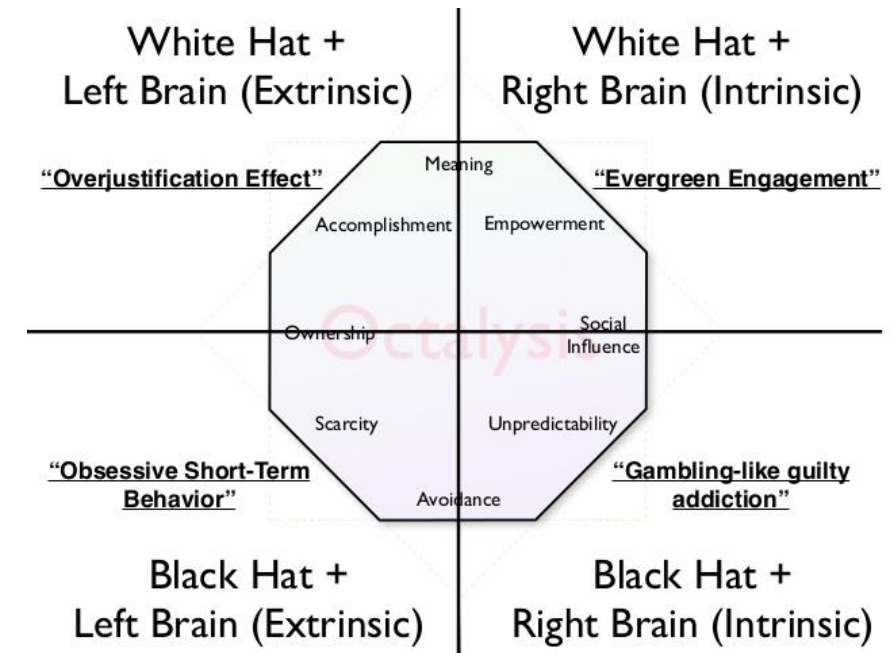
- Leaderboards are highly classified based on various ways of identifying peer groups and artificial group associations
- Users who struggle could get algorithmic advantages
- Users could *level up*- getting access to special benefits based on voting scores
- Communities can *level up*- receiving features that occur when the entire community reaches a certain level
- Challenges with special vote weighting offered sporadically can lead to surge participation

Ocatalysis

Review of Strategies

Most unique motivators compared to other products:

- ***Epic Meaning*** via meta-group scoring (make the whole company look good)
- ***Development & Accomplishment + Ownership and Possession*** are heavily influenced by Dynamic Profiling
- ***Creativity & Feedback, Scarcity & Impatience, Loss & Avoidance*** – are influenced by types of voting (finite, investment) and challenges



Testing of New Strategies

Layer 1: Testing out Different Approaches against Control Groups with different AAA clubs packaged with other campaigns.

- Measure participation levels
- Survey participants

Layer 2: ATP testing of Code used – Use Automatic Theorem Prover to analyze Rules and Specifications against code. Example of Logical Notation used in specifications for a finite vs. infinite point system based on badging

- All badge points of badge-type x for a post p from user z are unique.
- All badge point assignments of badge-type x by user z for any post p may be only given once.
- After assignment by user z , the number of badge points (other than upvotes) belonging to user z of badge-type x will be reduced by one.

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