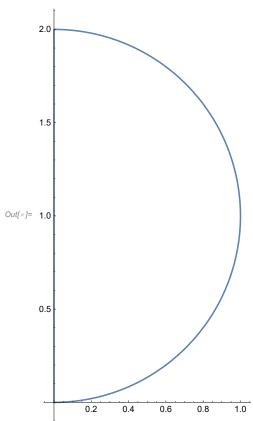
Plot the secant map which is used in the proof of Hopf Umlaufsatz.

[Christian Bär, Elementary differential geometry, P44]

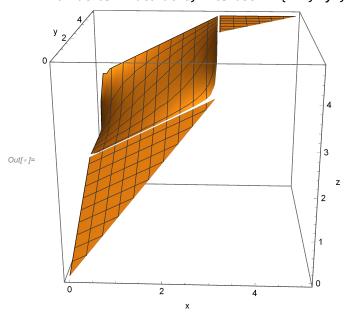
It can be seen from the following plots that the secant map is only discontinuous on the boundary x=y. It is continuous in the interior.



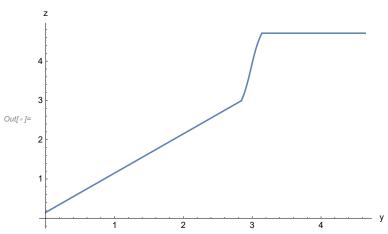
$$\begin{aligned} &\text{phi}[x_-,\,y_-] := \text{Piecewise}\Big[\Big\{\Big\{\frac{x+y}{2}\,,\,0 < x < y <= \pi\Big\},\\ &\Big\{\pi + \text{ArcTan}\Big[\frac{y-\pi + \cos\left[\pi - x\right] - 1}{\sin\left[\pi - x\right]}\Big]\,,\,0 < x < \pi < y < \pi + 2\Big\}\,,\,\Big\{\frac{3}{2}\,\pi,\,\pi < x < y < \pi + 2\Big\}\Big\}\Big]\\ &\text{(*secant map of the above arclenght parametrized simple closed)} \end{aligned}$$

curve. x and y are the arclength parameters of two points.*)

ln[*]:= Plot3D[phi[x, y], {x, 0, π + 2}, {y, 0, π + 2}, RegionFunction \rightarrow Function[{x, y}, x < y], BoxRatios \rightarrow Automatic, AxesLabel \rightarrow {"x", "y", "z"}]



 $\label{eq:linear_loss} \textit{ln[*]} := \texttt{Plot[phi[x, x+0.3], \{x, 0, \pi+1.5\}, AxesLabel} \rightarrow \{"y", "z"\}]$



 $\label{eq:local_phi} \textit{In[*]:=} \ \ Plot[phi[x, x+0.003], \{x, 0, \pi+1.5\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"y", "z"\}]$

