2019 Device Safety Calendar



Lexie Kirsch

APHERESIS / DIALYSIS MACHINE

Use error: Did not check blood line for air bubbles.

Potential for harm: High



CASE STUDY

- A patient was receiving plasma exchange therapy using an apheresis machine.
- The venous blood line was dislodged from the safety clamp.
- The patient died of an air embolus.

SAFETY TIP

Equip a **bubble trap** and **ultrasonic bubble detector** to the tubing safety clamp to ensure air does not enter the patient.

JAN2019

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DEFIBRILLATOR

Use error: Did not use compatible electrodes.

Potential for harm: High



CASE STUDY

- A patient was experiencing cardiac arrest.
- Staff attempted to defibrillate patient using paddles and nonconductive electrodes.
- No shock was delivered because the electricity was absorbed and not transmitted.
- The patient died.

SAF

These devices are NOT meant to be used together.

SAFETY TIP

Differentiate electrodes with nonconductive foam backings intended for use without paddles from electrodes with conductive backings intended to be used with paddles.

Store these incompatible electrodes **separately**.

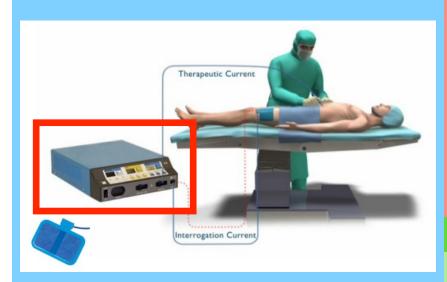
FEB2019

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ELECTROSURGICAL GROUNDING PAD

Use error: Did not ensure good electrical contact between electrode and patient.

Potential for harm: **High**



Electrical contact may be disrupted by poor site preparation (e.g., not shaving hair from site), lack of conductive gel, defective materials, etc.

CASE STUDY

- A patient undergoing gynecologic surgery was prepped with an electrosurgical dispersive electrode.
- The surgeon attempted to activate the electrosurgical unit during surgery, to no avail.
- The patient received an electrical burn due to poor electrical contact with the dispersive electrode.

SAFETY TIP

Use a **return-electrode contact quality monitor** to ensure electrodes are in contact with patient.

MAR2019

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INFANT INCUBATOR

Use errors: Did not monitor the incubator and did not hear the alarms.

Potential for harm: **High**



A nurse did not hear any alarms but was drawn to the incubator when she noticed abnormal readings on the display.

CASE STUDY

- An infant was placed in an infant incubator.
- Loose wires in a power plug briefly interrupted power to the microprocessor controller of the incubator, and the temperature in the incubator rose, unchecked, to 180°F.
- The audible alarm was not heard.
- The infant died of hyperthermia.

SAFETY TIP

Implement temperature **limits** on incubators to prevent dangerous temperature levels. Provide **multiple alarms of different modalities** (e.g., auditory *and* visual) to draw attention to problem.

APR2019

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MEDICAL GAS CYLINDER

Use error: Did not use the proper gas cylinder.

Potential for harm: High







CASE STUDY

- A surgeon required a cylinder of carbon dioxide for a laparoscopic surgery.
- A technician retrieved a cylinder with a partial label that read "Carbon Dioxide."
- A flame appeared on the electrosurgical probe.
- The patient received a thermal burn on the internal abdominal wall but recovered.

SAFETY TIP

Differentiate different gas cylinders using not only labels but also clear **symbols** and **colors**.

Store cylinders **separately** to prevent mix-ups.

MAY2019

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LINEAR ACCELERATOR (LINAC)

Use error: Did not enter the prescribed dosage into the program. Potential for harm: **High**



The user relied on the LINAC software to catch the erroneous dosage, but the dosage was viable for a different type of patient.

CASE STUDY

- A radiation technician used a linear accelerator (LINAC) to enter dosage data for a patient's radiation therapy.
- The patient received the wrong dose of radiation on repeated treatments.
- The patient was seriously injured by overdose.

SAFETY TIP

Provide **confirmation checks** in data-entry software to ensure the programmed dosage is the same as the prescribed dosage.

JUN2019

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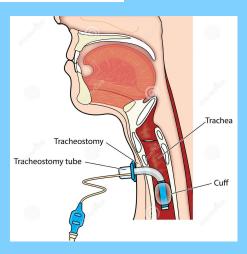
ELECTROSURGICAL UNIT

Use error: Did not follow the manufacturer's warnings.

Potential for harm: High



An electrosurgical unit should **not** be used to enter an airway during a tracheostomy, according to manufacturer's warnings.



CASE STUDY

- A patient with a tracheal tube was undergoing a tracheostomy.
- The surgeon used an electrosurgical unit to cut through the tracheal rings.
- The incision site erupted in flames, fueled by the 100% oxygen in the tracheal tube and the alcohol-based (flammable) prepping solution.
- The patient died from severe tracheal burn injuries.

SAFETY TIP

Provide a **warning** directly on the device reminding users not to use an electrosurgical unit to enter an airway during a tracheostomy, especially with 100% oxygen present.

JUL2019

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VENTILATOR

Use error: Did not quickly reconnect the dislodged tube from the ventilator.

Potential for harm: **High**



The screen of the ventilator could be used to indicate the source of the disconnection.

CASE STUDY

- A patient required an endotracheal tube to breathe.
- The patient was moved and the tube was accidentally dislodged from the ventilator.
- The clinician could not quickly locate the source of the disconnection.
- The patient died from hypoxia.

SAFETY TIP

Redesign ventilator **alarms** to indicate the location and type of disconnection so clinicians can quickly reconnect the tube and ventilator.

Source: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4849488/#B5

AUG2019

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Nd:YAG SURGICAL LASER

Use error: Did not use laser appropriately.

Potential for harm: Medium



The Nd:YAG laser is operated using a foot switch, which may be pressed accidentally.

CASE STUDY

- A surgeon used a neodymium:yttrium-aluminumgarnet (Nd:YAG) laser for an orthopedic procedure.
- Upon completion, the surgeon removed the probe and handed it to the scrub nurse.
- The surgeon accidentally pressed the laser foot switch and fired a burst of laser energy into the scrub nurse's face.
- The scrub nurse received a retinal burn.

SAFETY TIP

Add an **interlock**, such as a button on the probe to be pressed in addition to pressing the foot switch, to prevent inadvertent actuation of the laser.

SEP2019

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INSULIN INFUSION PUMP

Use error: Did not check the pump to ensure proper insulin infusion.

Potential for harm: **High**



An insulin pump has a screen that can be used to display a warning message.

CASE STUDY

- A patient was prescribed an insulin infusion pump.
- Unbeknownst to the patient, the tube became blocked.
- Insulin was not delivered to the body.
- The patient died from hyperglycemia.

SAFETY TIP

Equip insulin pumps with **alarms** (e.g., sounds and vibrations) that signal dangerous glucose levels. Pumps should also require a **confirmation check** to ensure that the drug and infusion dose rate are correct.

Source: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK210047/

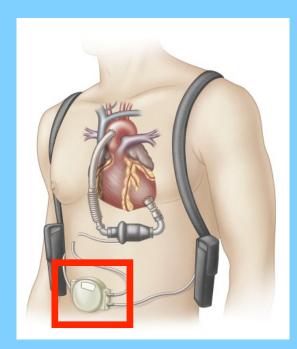
OCT2019

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VENTRICULAR ASSIST DEVICE

Use error: Did not hear the alarm and did not resolve the problem.

Potential for harm: High



A ventricular assist device has a control unit that can be used to provide a warning message.

CASE STUDY

- A patient was using a ventricular assist device to provide circulatory support before cardiac surgery.
- While the patient was sleeping, the device emitted an auditory alarm.
- The patient did not hear the alarm.
- The patient died.

SAFETY TIP

Supplement auditory alarms with visual or tactile **alarms** to ensure attention is drawn to the problem.

Provide a clear and direct means of resolving the problem.

Source: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK210047/

NOV2019

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CENTRIFUGE

Use error: Did not wait for rotor to stop spinning before attempting to access samples.

Potential for harm: **High**



The lids of some centrifuges can be opened while the rotor is still spinning.

CASE STUDY

- A medical technologist loaded a centrifuge with blood samples for processing.
- After the spinning cycle completed, the technologist attempted to slow the centrifuge rotor using a pen cap.
- The pen cap smashed the sample tubes.
- The technologist was uninjured and uncontaminated.

SAFETY TIP

Design centrifuges with interlocked lids to **guard** users against accessing samples while the rotor is still moving to prevent harm.

Include an **emergency stop** button to terminate spinning cycle in case of emergency.

DEC2019

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