

Módulo 2
Intermedio

Horas de clase: 96 hrs

Objetivo: al finalizar el módulo 2, el estudiante será capaz de expresar información en pasado y futuro, con el fin de expresar sus experiencias y narrar historias utilizando ambos tiempos, además de tener un adecuado vocabulario sobre diferentes contextos y estructuras gramaticales.

Unidad	Horas	Tema	Vocabulario	Funciones del lenguaje
1	12	Youth culture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Past habits Quantifiers Friend and friendship Physical appearance Personality 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Present Simple vs. Present Progressive Stative verbs Past Simple Used to Prepositions of time Quantifiers
2	12	What experience an	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adjectives ending in -ed and -ing. Adjectives describing food Adverbs and adverbial phrases Adventures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Past Progressive Past Simple vs. Past Progressive Time Clauses (when, while, as, as soon as) Present Perfect Simple Present Perfect Simple vs. Past Simple
3	12	Going places	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Travelling by plane Accommodation Geographical features Adjectives describing places 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> can, could, may, be able to have to, don't have to, need to, don't need to, needn't, must, mustn't Indirect questions Comparisons
4	12	Nowadays	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expression with make Buying things and prices Abbreviations Describe gadgets Too and enough 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Future will will have to, will be able to Time clauses (when, after, before, until, as soon as) too-enough Relative clauses (whowhich-that-where)
5	12	Help	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medical and emotional problems Describing feelings Phrasal verbs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Infinitives -ing form should - had better Passive Voice (Present Simple - Past Simple)
6	12	Time out	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extreme sport holiday Collocation related 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> may, might, could Conditional Sentences Type 1 if vs when • so / neither / too / either •

			to sports <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compound words • Places of entertainment • Films • 	Present Perfect Progressive • Present Perfect Progressive vs. Present Perfect Simple
7	12	Good job	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • workplaces • carry out transaction • opposites • lexical set: qualifications • jobs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Question tags • Negative questions • Exclamatory sentences • Clauses of result • Reflexive pronouns • Past Perfect Simple
8	12	Way of life	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Food and quantity • Customs • Verbs + prepositions • music preferences 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reported speech (statements, questions, commands, requests) • Conditional Sentences Type 2 • Wishes and unreal past