# Package 'LeyLabRMisc'

# April 7, 2020

Type Package

Version 0.1.4

Author Nick Youngblut

Title Ley Lab misc R functions, rmd templates, etc.

Maintainer Nick Youngblut <nyoungb2@gmail.com>

<b>Description</b> L	Lab misc R functions, rmd templates, etc.	
License GPL-		
Encoding UT		
J		
LazyData true		
RoxygenNote	.0	
R topics d	umented:	
.well.	_index	2
.well	ndex	3
as.Nu		3
bash_		4
calcu	_rarefaction_curves	4
calc_	na_div	5
calc_	ı_div	5
calc_	oA	6
cat_fi		7
conda	0	7
df.dir		7
dfhea		8
dist_f	nat	8
estim	_rarified_richness	9
estim	richness_phy	9
extra	ltdt	10
fig_u		10
files_	ist	11
Freac		11
hello		12

2 .well384\_index

																					28
١	write_table .		•									•		 		•					27
١	well2index																				26
ι	ınique_n													 							26
t	idy_pcoa																				25
S	summary_x .																				24
S	nakemakeInfo	О																			24
S	size_objects .																				23
S	send_email .													 							23
r	ow_sums													 							22
r	ow_means .													 							22
I	_ Robj_md5sum	ı .																			22
	ead_bracken																				21
	save_obj																				20
	Plot																				20
	pipelineInfo .																				19
	hyloseq2df.																				19
•	oath get label																				18
	o.dims																				18
	overlap																			•	17
	nake_dir																				17
	ist files																				
	tol_simplebar tol_symbol .																				16
	_																			•	14 15
																					14
	tol_externalsh	-																			
	tol_colorstrip																				

.well384\_index

making 384-well plate index

# Description

making 384-well plate index

# Usage

.well384\_index()

## Value

named vector (Well -> location); column-wise location

.well96\_index 3

 $.well96\_index$ 

making a 96-well plate index

## Description

making a 96-well plate index

## Usage

```
.well96_index()
```

#### Value

named vector (Well -> location); column-wise location

as.Num

convert to numeric while avoiding factor conversion issues

## Description

convert to numeric while avoiding factor conversion issues

## Usage

```
as.Num(x)
```

## Arguments

Х

an interable

## Value

a numeric object

bash_job	bash	iob	using	conda	env
54511	Cusii	Ju	usung	contact	Citt

#### **Description**

The conda setup is assumed to be in your ~/.bashrc If print\_output == TRUE: the stdout/stderr will be printed instead of returned Else: the stdout/stderr with be returned by the function stderr/stdout is printed unless print\_output==FALSE

#### Usage

```
bash_job(cmd, conda_env, stdout = TRUE, stderr = TRUE, print_output = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

cmd The bash command in a string format

conda\_env The conda env to use

stdout Print the stdout from the command? stderr Print the stderr from the command?

quiet No printing

```
calculate_rarefaction_curves
```

Function for rarefaction analysis

#### **Description**

Running estimate\_richness\_phy() at multiple subsampling depths

#### Usage

```
calculate_rarefaction_curves(psdata, measures, depths, parallel = FALSE)
```

#### Arguments

psdata phyloseq object

measures Which diversity measures (see vegan package)

depths Which sequencing depths? Example: c(10, 100, 1000)

## Value

A dataframe

calc\_alpha\_div 5

calc_alpha_div Calculate common alpha-diversity metrics
---

#### **Description**

Faith's Phylogenetic Diversity ("PD") can be calculated only if a tree is provided. The tree can have extra tips, but there must be tip labels for all taxa in the provided table.

#### Usage

```
calc_alpha_div(df, tree = NULL, index = c("nobs", "shannon", "PD"))
```

#### **Arguments**

df sample x taxon abundance table (usual format for vegan)

tree tree with tips matching taxa in the abundance table (only needed for PD)

index which of the indices to calculate? (nobs = no. of observations, shannon = Shan-

non Index, PD = Faith's PD)

#### Value

a data.frame of alpha diversity values (and sample names)

calc_beta_div	beta-diversity calculation	
---------------	----------------------------	--

#### **Description**

A wrapper around vegan::vegdist and rbiom (rbiom used for UniFrac calculations). For unifrac: "wunifrac" = weighted unifrac, "unifrac" = unweighted unifrac. The function returns a tidy dataframe of PCoA axes (PC1 & PC2), percent variance explained for each PC.

## Usage

```
calc_beta_div(
   df,
   tree = NULL,
method = c("wunifrac", "unifrac", "manhattan", "euclidean", "canberra", "clark",
   "bray", "kulczynski", "jaccard", "gower", "altGower", "morisita", "horn", "mountford",
        "raup", "binomial", "chao", "cao", "mahalanobis"),
   threads = 1
)
```

6 calc\_PCoA

#### **Arguments**

df sample x taxon dataframe. Colnames (taxa) must match the tree tip labels if the

tree is provided

tree phylogeny with tips matching the df colnames (only needed for wunifrac &

unifrac methods)

method distance method (vegdist distances; wunifrac=Weighted Unifrac; unifrac=Unweighted

Unifrac)

threads used for UniFrac calculations with rbiom

#### **Details**

Unifrac is calculated with the https://github.com/cmmr/rbiom package (requires bioconductor packages).

If the goal is PCoA, then see the "tidy\_PCoA" function.

#### Value

data.frame

calc_PCoA Wrapper for cmdscale
--------------------------------

## Description

Simple wrapper for cmdscale to provide data.frame formatted table. If the distance matrices contain NAs, the samples containing NAs will be removed (with a warning).

#### Usage

```
calc_PCoA(dist_mtx, k = 2)
```

#### **Arguments**

dist\_mtx distance matrix object

#### Value

data.frame

cat\_file 7

cat\_file

pretty printing of a text file via cat

#### **Description**

This is most useful for working with IRkernl in Jupyter notebooks

#### Usage

```
cat_file(file_name)
```

## **Arguments**

file\_name

the name of the file to print

condaInfo

"conda list" in R

## Description

This is most useful for working with IRkernl in Jupyter notebooks

#### Usage

```
condaInfo(conda_env)
```

## Arguments

conda\_env

The name of the conda env to list

df.dims

Changing number of rows/columns shown when printing a data frame

## Description

This is most useful for working with IRkernl in Jupyter notebooks

#### Usage

```
df.dims(nrows = 4, ncols = 20)
```

#### **Arguments**

nrows number of rows to print ncols number of columns to print

8 dist\_format

dfhead

A simple dataframe summary

## Description

A simple dataframe summary

## Usage

```
dfhead(df, n = 3)
```

#### **Arguments**

df dataframe object

n Number of lines to print

#### Value

a dataframe object

dist\_format

creating a string with distance & percent explained

## Description

creating a string with distance & percent explained

## Usage

```
dist_format(dist, PC1_perc_exp, PC2_perc_exp, label1 = 1, label2 = 2)
```

## Arguments

dist str, distance metric

PC1\_perc\_exp float, percent variance explained for PC1
PC2\_perc\_exp float, percent variance explained for PC2

label1 First PC labellabel2 Seconda PC label

## Value

```
str, formatted as "metric, <PC1_perc_exp>
```

estimate\_rarified\_richness

Helper Function for rarefaction analysis

#### **Description**

Helper Function for rarefaction analysis

#### Usage

```
estimate_rarified_richness(psdata, measures, depth)
```

#### **Arguments**

psdata phyloseq object

measures Which diversity measures depth The sampling depth

#### Value

molten alpha diversity object

 $\verb|estimate_richness_phy|| phyloseq::estimate_richness, but includes Faith's PD|$ 

## Description

See physeq::estimate richness for full details

## Usage

```
estimate_richness_phy(physeq, split = TRUE, measures = NULL)
```

## Arguments

physeq Phyloseq object

split Splitting the OTU table

measures Which diversity measures (Faith's PD = "FaithPD)

## Value

Dataframe can calculate faith's PD (using Picante, "FaithPD")

fig\_uuid

extract\_pltdt

Extract data from ggplot object

## Description

The data is written to files

## Usage

```
extract_pltdt(plot_object, output_path)
```

## Arguments

plot\_object A ggplot object

output\_path Where to write the output

fig\_uuid

create UUID for figure file name

## Description

create UUID for figure file name

## Usage

```
fig_uuid(full = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

full

Full length uuid or trimmed to just 24 char?

## Value

character object

files\_to\_list

			<b>-</b> • ·
fil	65	tο	list

convert a vector of file paths into a named list

#### **Description**

convert a vector of file paths into a named list

#### Usage

```
files_to_list(files, label_index = -1)
```

#### **Arguments**

files Vector of file paths (eg., by using "list\_files()")

label\_index Which item in the path to return? 1-indexing. If <1, samples selected from the

end.

## Examples

```
files = c('/path/to/project/Sample1/table.txt', '/path/to/project/Sample2/table.txt') \\ files_to_list(files, -1) \\ files = c('/path/to/project/Sample1.txt', '/path/to/project/Sample2.txt') \\ files_to_list(files, 0)
```

Fread

Simple wrapper around data.table::fread

#### **Description**

Simple wrapper around data.table::fread

#### Usage

```
Fread(infile = NULL, cmd = NULL, sep = "\t", check.names = TRUE, ...)
```

#### Arguments

infile input file name

cmd command instead of input file (eg., "gunzip -c INFILE")

sep value delimiter

check.names format check column names
... passed to data.table::fread

#### Value

data.table

itol\_boxplot

hello

Hello, World!

## Description

Prints 'Hello, world!'.

#### Usage

hello()

## **Examples**

hello()

itol\_boxplot

create itol boxplot file

## Description

https://itol.embl.de/help.cgi#boxplot

## Usage

```
itol_boxplot(
   df,
   dataset_label,
   out_file,
   out_dir = NULL,
   key_color = "#ff0000"
)
```

## Arguments

df	Dataframe, in which the rownames should correspond with the tree labels; the columns must specify: minimum,q1,median,q3,maximum,extreme_value1,extreme_value2
dataset_label	What to label the itol dataset
out_file	Name of the output file
out_dir	Where to write the output

key\_color The color for the legend key

itol\_colorstrip 13

itol_colorstrip	create itol colorstrip file
-----------------	-----------------------------

#### **Description**

https://itol.embl.de/help.cgi#strip

## Usage

```
itol_colorstrip(df, dataset_label, out_file, out_dir = NULL, legend = NULL)
```

## Arguments

df Dataframe, in which the rownames should correspond with the tree labels; the

plotting parameter should be column 1

dataset\_label What to label the itol dataset
out\_file Name of the output file
out\_dir Where to write the output
legend Specify particular legend

itol\_externalshape

create itol external shape file

#### **Description**

https://itol.embl.de/help.cgi#shapes

#### Usage

```
itol_externalshape(
   df,
   dataset_label,
   out_file,
   out_dir = NULL,
   legend = NULL,
   WIDTH = 200
)
```

## **Arguments**

-I C	D C	1 1.1.1.71	11	24. 41 4 1.1141
df	Dataframe.	in which the rownames st	hould correspond	with the tree labels: other

columns should be values corresponding to symbol size

dataset\_label What to label the itol dataset out\_file Name of the output file out\_dir Where to write the output legend Specify particular legend

14 itol\_multibar

i+~1	heatmap
TOT	neatillab

create itol heatmap file

# Description

https://itol.embl.de/help.cgi#heatmap

## Usage

```
itol_heatmap(
   df,
   dataset_label,
   out_file,
   out_dir = NULL,
   tree = NULL,
   dist_method = "bray",
   color_scheme = c("color", "bw")
)
```

## Arguments

df	Dataframe, in which the rownames should correspond with the tree labels; all columns should be numeric values for the heatmap
dataset_label	What to label the itol dataset
out_file	Name of the output file
out_dir	Where to write the output
tree	Tree object used for ordering the heatmap columns; if NULL, the dist_method will be used to create the tree
dist_method	vegan::vegdist method for creating the correlation dendrogram
color_scheme	Heatmap color scheme. color = blue-orange-yellow; bw=white-grey-black

itol\_multibar

create itol multi-bar file

## Description

https://itol.embl.de/help.cgi#multibar

itol\_simplebar 15

#### Usage

```
itol_multibar(
   df,
   dataset_label,
   out_file,
   out_dir = NULL,
   legend = NULL,
   WIDTH = 200
)
```

#### **Arguments**

df Dataframe, in which the rownames should correspond with the tree labels
dataset\_label What to label the itol dataset
out\_file Name of the output file
out\_dir Where to write the output
legend A list that includes shapes, colors, and labels

WIDTH Bar width

itol\_simplebar

create itol simple-bar file

#### **Description**

https://itol.embl.de/help.cgi#bar

#### Usage

```
itol_simplebar(
   df,
   dataset_label,
   out_file,
   out_dir = NULL,
   legend = NULL,
   WIDTH = 200
)
```

## **Arguments**

df Dataframe, the rownames should correspond with the tree labels

dataset\_label What to label the itol dataset
out\_file Name of the output file
out\_dir Where to write the output
legend Specify particular legend

WIDTH Bar width

list\_files

itol_symbol create itol symbol file
-------------------------------------

#### **Description**

https://itol.embl.de/help.cgi#symbols

#### Usage

```
itol_symbol(df, dataset_label, out_file, out_dir = NULL, MAXIMUM_SIZE = 50)
```

## Arguments

df	Dataframe, in which the rownames should correspond with the tree internal node
	labels, and other columns should be: symbol,size,color,fill,position,(label)
	XXI 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1

dataset\_label What to label the itol dataset
out\_file Name of the output file
out\_dir Where to write the output
MAXIMUM\_SIZE The max size of the symbols

list\_files lis

list.files with full.names=TRUE & recursive=TRUE

## Description

list.files with full.names=TRUE & recursive=TRUE

#### Usage

```
list_files(path, pattern = NULL, full.names = TRUE, recursive = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

path	a character vector of full	path names; the default corres	ponds to the working
------	----------------------------	--------------------------------	----------------------

directory,

pattern an optional regular expression. Only file names which match the regular expres-

sion will be returned.

full.names a logical value. If TRUE, the directory path is prepended to the file names to

give a relative file path. If FALSE, the file names (rather than paths) are returned

recursive logical. Should the listing recurse into directories?

#### Value

A character vector containing the names of the files in the specified directories

make\_dir

make\_dir

A helper function for creating a directory (recursively)

#### **Description**

A helper function for creating a directory (recursively)

#### Usage

```
make_dir(dir, quiet = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
dir path for the new directory (will create recursively)
quite quite output
```

overlap

Determine counts of setdiff, intersect, & union of 2 vectors (or data.tables)

#### **Description**

The output is printed text of intersect, each-way setdiff, and union. Data.table compatible! Just make sure to provide sel\_col\_x and/or sel\_col\_y

#### Usage

```
overlap(
    x,
    y,
    sel_col_x = NULL,
    sel_col_y = NULL,
    to_return = c("counts", "diff_x", "diff_y", "diff_fuzzy")
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
x vector1 or data.table. If data.table, sel_col_x must not be NULL
y vector2 or data.table. If data.table, sel_col_y must not be NULL
sel_col_x If x = data.table, which column to assess?
sel_col_y If y = data.table, which column to assess?
to_return "counts" = print overlap counts; "diff_x-or-y" = return setdiff; "diff_fuzzy" = return closest matches for those that differ (ordered best to worst)
```

path\_get\_label

	-1	٠		_
р	$\alpha$	7	m	c
v	ч	_	111	J

Global change of plot size options

## Description

This is most useful for working with IRkernl in Jupyter notebooks

#### Usage

```
p.dims(w = 5, h = 5, res = 200)
```

## Arguments

w figure widthh figure height

res figure resolution (DPI)

path\_get\_label

splitting path and returning just one item in the vector

## Description

This is useful for merging tables in which the individual table ID is within the file path.

#### Usage

```
path_get_label(file_path, index)
```

## Arguments

file\_path File path(s). If vector or list of paths provided, then a list will be returned

index Which item in the path to return? 1-indexing. If <1, samples selected from the

end. "O" will select the file name.

#### Value

string if 1 path, else list

phyloseq2df 19

mh.	lose	~っって
nnv	Lose	nzar

Convert a sub-object of a phyloseq object to a dataframe

## Description

A helper function for converting OTU, taxonomy, and metadata to dataframes

#### Usage

```
phyloseq2df(physeq_obj, physeq_func, long = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

physeq\_obj

The phyloseq object

physeq\_func

Which object do you want ('otu\_table', 'tax\_table', or 'sample\_data')

long

Do you want the table in "long" format ("gathered")

#### Value

A tibble

pipelineInfo

pipeline sessionInfo

## Description

sessionInfo for LeyLab snakemake pipelines

#### Usage

```
pipelineInfo(pipeline_path, head_n = 10)
```

## Arguments

pipeline\_path

The path to the pipeline directory

head\_n

The number of lines to print from the readme

20 qsave\_obj

Plot

plot figure and save the figure grob object to a file at the same time

## Description

This is most useful for working with IRkernl in Jupyter notebooks

## Usage

```
Plot(
   p,
   file = NULL,
   path = NULL,
   suffix = "",
   saveObj = TRUE,
   saveImg = FALSE,
   width = NA,
   height = NA,
   ...
)
```

## Arguments

р	Plot object (ggplot2, base, etc)
file	File name to write
path	Path to write to
suffix	File name suffix (eg., '.png')
saveObj	Write the Robj to a file?
saveImg	Write the image to a file?
width	Figure width. If NA, uses global options
height	Figure height. If NA, uses global options

qsave_obj	Simple function for serializing a distance matrix or list of distance
	matrices

## Description

Serializing done with the "qs" R package.

## Usage

```
qsave_obj(x, file, msg = "Writing file to: ", threads = 1)
```

read\_bracken 21

#### **Arguments**

x a distance matrix or list of distance matrices

file file name to save to

threads number of threads used for serializing

#### Value

the input distance matrix or list of distance matrices

read\_bracken

Function for reading in a bracken taxonomy table

## **Description**

The table will be converted to long form (sample ~ abundance). Only "\_frac" or "\_num" columns will be kept (see "keep\_frac"). Taxonomy will be split into separate levels (see "tax\_levs"). tidytable (w/ data.table) used to speed the process up.

#### Usage

```
read_bracken(
  infile,
  nrows = Inf,
  keep_frac = TRUE,
  tax_levs = c("Domain", "Phylum", "Class", "Order", "Family", "Genus", "Species")
)
```

#### Arguments

infile Path to bracken table file

nrows Number of table rows to read. If Inf, all lines will be read.

keep\_frac If TRUE, keep all columns ending in "\_frac"; otherwise, keep "\_num" columns.

tax\_levs Taxonomic levels to separate the taxonomy column into.

## Value

data.table

row\_sums

Robj\_md5sum

Dump an R object as text to a temp file and get the md5sum of the file

## Description

Dump an R object as text to a temp file and get the md5sum of the file

## Usage

```
Robj_md5sum(Robj)
```

## Arguments

Robj

Any R object

#### Value

md5sum

row\_means

rowMeans that works inside a dplyr::mutate() call

#### **Description**

rowMeans that works inside a dplyr::mutate() call

#### Usage

```
row_means(..., na.rm = TRUE)
```

row\_sums

rowSums that works inside a dplyr::mutate() call

## Description

rowSums that works inside a dplyr::mutate() call

## Usage

```
row_sums(..., na.rm = TRUE)
```

send\_email 23

send\_email

A helper function to send an email via the mail bash cmd

#### **Description**

A helper function to send an email via the mail bash cmd

## Usage

```
send_email(
  body,
  subject = "R job complete",
  email = NULL,
  email_ext = "tuebingen.mpg.de"
)
```

## **Arguments**

body The email body subject The email subject line

email The email address. If NULL, then username used

email\_ext The part after the "at" symbol

#### Value

The output of the system() call

size\_objects

Returns the sizes of R objects

## **Description**

Returns the sizes of R objects

#### Usage

```
size_objects(Robj)
```

#### **Arguments**

Robj

Vector with the names of R objects as characters

#### Value

A list with the name of R objects as names and the formatted size of the objects

24 summary\_x

conda info

anakamaka Infa	an alcom alco
snakemakeInfo	snakemake

## Description

snakemake conda info

#### Usage

```
snakemakeInfo(config_file, pipeline_dir, conda_env)
```

#### **Arguments**

config\_file The path to the config file

pipeline\_dir The path to the pipeline\_directory

conda\_env The conda env that has snakemake installed

#### Value

The environment info

summary_	Y

Summary for numeric vectors that includes sd and stderr

## Description

```
sd = standard deviation stderr = standard error of the mean (<math>sd(x) / sqrt(length(x)))
```

## Usage

```
summary_x(x, label = NULL, sel_col = NULL, rnd = 3)
```

#### **Arguments**

x a numeric vector

label row name label for the output. If NULL, then the label will be the input object

label.

sel\_col If "x" is data.table or data.frame, which column to assess?

rnd number of digits to round sd and stderr to

#### Value

a matrix

tidy\_pcoa 25

tidy\_pcoa

PCoA on a 'long' (tidy) tibble, and a long tibble is returned

## Description

Perform PCoA in a "tidy" way. If multiple diversity metrics are provided (eg., "bray" and "jaccard"), all PCoA results will be combined into one data.frame.

## Usage

```
tidy_pcoa(
    df,
    taxon_col,
    sample_col,
    abundance_col,
    dists = c("bray", "jaccard", "wunifrac", "unifrac"),
    tree = NULL,
    threads = 1,
    threads_unifrac = 1,
    k = 2,
    dist_mtx_file = NULL,
    pcoa_file = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

df	data.frame or tibble
taxon_col	the column specifying taxa or OTUs (no quotes needed)
sample_col	the column specifying sample names (no quotes needed)
abundance_col	the column specifying the taxon abundances in each sample (no quotes needed)
dists	vector of beta-diversity distances ('wunifrac' = weighted UniFrac, 'unifrac' = unweighted Unifrac; see vegan::vegsist for others)
tree	phylogeny for UniFrac calculations. It can have more tips that what is in the data.frame
threads	number of parallel calculations of each distance metric (1 thread per distance)
threads_unifrac	
	number of threads to use for wunifrac & unifrac calculations
k	passed to cmdscale
dist_mtx_file	file name for saving the distance matrices (qs serialization; use ".qs" for the file extension) $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
pcoa_file	file name for saving the raw pcoa results

26 well2index

#### **Details**

Weighted/Unweighted UniFrac is calculated via the rbiom R package. All other beta-diversity metrics are calculated via the vegan R package.

#### Value

```
a tibble of PCoA info for all selected "dists"
```

unique\_n

Pretty print number of unique elements in a vector

#### **Description**

The result will be cat'ed to the screen. tidytable compatable. Maje

## Usage

```
unique_n(x, label = "items", sel_col = NULL)
```

## Arguments

X	a vector or data.table. If data.table, sel_col must not be NULL
label	what to call the items in the vector (eg., "samples")
sel_col	If x is data.table or data.frame, which column to assess?

well2index

Convert between wellID and column-num

## Description

Useful for converting between WellIDs (eg., "A2") and well position in a plate (eg., 9)

## Usage

```
well2index(x, plate_type = "96-well")
```

#### **Arguments**

x A vector of well IDs plate\_type Either 96-well or 384-well

## Value

A vector of plate positions

write\_table 27

write_table writing table convience function
--

# Description

This is most useful for working with IRkernl in Jupyter notebooks

## Usage

```
write_table(df, file, sep = "\t", quote = FALSE, row.names = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

df	Data.frame to write out
file	Output file path
sep	the field separator string. Values within each row of x are separated by this string
quote	a logical value (TRUE or FALSE) or a numeric vector. If TRUE, any character or factor columns will be surrounded by double quotes.
row.names	either a logical value indicating whether the row names of x are to be written along with x, or a character vector of row names to be written.
	Passed to write.table

# **Index**

.well384_index, 2	p.dims, 18	
.well96_index, 3	<pre>path_get_label, 18 phyloseq2df, 19</pre>	
as.Num,3	pipelineInfo, 19 Plot, 20	
bash_job, 4		
calc_alpha_div,5	qsave_obj, 20	
calc_beta_div, 5	read_bracken, 21	
calc_PCoA, 6	Robj_md5sum, 22	
calculate_rarefaction_curves, 4	row_means, 22	
cat_file, 7	row_sums, 22	
condaInfo, 7	send_email, 23	
df.dims,7	size_objects, 23	
dfhead, 8	snakemakeInfo, 24	
dist_format, 8	summary_x, 24	
arst_rormat, o		
estimate_rarified_richness,9	tidy_pcoa, 25	
estimate_richness_phy, 9	unique n 26	
extract_pltdt, 10	unique_n, 26	
firm and 10	well2index, 26	
fig_uuid, 10	write_table, 27	
files_to_list, 11		
Fread, 11		
hello, 12		
itol_boxplot, 12		
itol_colorstrip, 13		
itol_externalshape, 13		
itol_heatmap, 14		
itol_multibar, 14		
itol_simplebar, 15		
itol_symbol, 16		
list_files, 16		
make_dir, 17		
overlan 17		