Dynamical systems. Final exam 25-01-2005

- 1. Find a first integral of (2x+1)dx + 2ydy = 0.
- 2. Represent the phase portrait of $x' = \lambda x^2$, where $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ is a parameter. Study the stability of the equilibrium points.
 - 3. Find the maximal solution of the Initial Value Problem: $x^2y'' 2xy' + 2y = x^3$, y(1) = 1, y'(1) = 1.
 - 4. We consider the system $\dot{x} = 3x + 2y$, $\dot{y} = -x + y$.
 - a) Write its general solution.
 - b) Specify the type and study the stability of the equilibrium point.
- 5. Write the Euler's numerical formula to find the approximate solution of the Initial Value Problem: $y' = y + \sin y$, y(0) = 2 on the interval [0, 1.5].
- 6. We consider the Initial Value Problem: y' = f(x, y), $y(x_0) = y_0$, where $f: [x_0 a, x_0 + a] \times \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ and $a > 0, y_0 \in \mathbb{R}$.
- a) Write the definition and state sufficient conditions for the function f to be Lipschitz with respect to y.
 - b) Write the statement of the Global Existence and Uniqueness Theorem.
- c) Prove the convergence of the sequence of functions $\varphi_n \in C[-1,1]$, for all $n \geq 0$ given by the recurrence:

$$\varphi_{n+1}(x) = 1 + 2 \int_0^x s \varphi_n(s) ds, \quad n \ge 0, \quad \varphi_0(x) = 1 \quad \text{for all } x \in [-1, 1].$$
(Hint: use b) and the formula
$$\left(\int_0^x u(s) ds \right)' = u(x).$$