

Software Systems Verification and Validation

Lecture 01 - Inspection

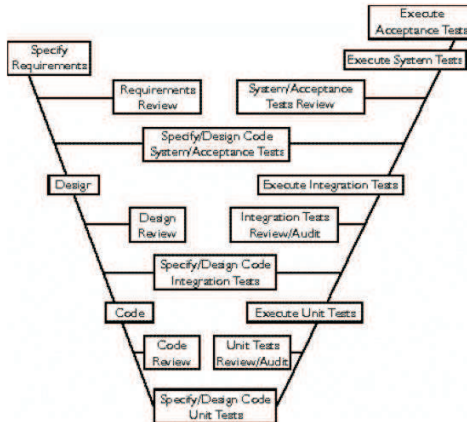
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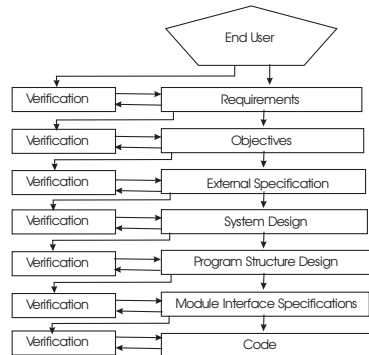
- 1 Software development life cycle Model
 - Extended V-Model [CB03]
- 2 Human testing
 - Human testing
 - Human testing methods
 - Inspection
 - Walkthroughs
 - Pair-Programming
- 3 Next lecture
 - Next lecture
- 4 Questions
 - Questions
- 5 References

V-Model



Human testing

- Prevent errors - Introduction of a verification step at the end of each process.



Human testing methods [Mye04] (chapter 3), [PY08] (chapter 18), [Fre10] (chapter 4)

- Is it useful? they contribute to productivity and reliability:
 - The earlier errors are found, the lower the cost of correcting the errors.
 - Psychological change of programmers when computer-based testing commences. more errors
- Human testing methods are:
 - Inspections
 - Walkthroughs
 - Pair-programming
- **Objective** - to find errors but not to find solutions to the errors.
- **Advantage** - when an error is found it is usually located.
- Find from 30% to 70% of the logic-design/coding errors in programs.
- Inspection and computer-based testing are complementary.

Inspection

- Inspection - process of trying to find defects in development documents during various phases of the software development process.
- Fagan Inspection team ([4 members])
 - Moderator - duties
 - Distributing materials for, and scheduling the inspection session.
 - Leading the session
 - Ensuring that the errors are subsequently corrected.
 - Author of the product (analyst, designer, programmer)
 - Secretary
 - Reader
- Checklists
- Time - 90-120 minutes

Inspection activities

- Planning
 - the moderator selects the team members;
 - distribution of the materials to the members; task assignment
- Presentation/Overview - not compulsory
 - used to present details to the members of the inspection team.
- Individual preparation
 - reading and understanding the received documentation;
- Inspection meeting
 - critical observations of each individual inspectors - discussed;
 - conclusions of the inspection - documented;
- Rework
 - the author makes the required changes and correct the errors;
- Reinspection/Follow-up
 - to verify if the modification did eliminate the errors;
 - may be only between the author and the moderator;

Inspection checklists

- Inspection scope - to find errors
- Depending on the analyzed document - special kind of errors
- Specification Document
 - Does the specification conforms to the user's needs?
 - Are there ambiguities in the specification?
 - Do the input/output data are clearly stated? What about input/output conditions?
 - Are there requirements that are not present in the specification?
 - Are there performance conditions? What precise computation conditions?
- Analysis Document
 - Does the design conforms to the specification?
 - Are all the functionalities from the specification specified?
 - Is there an analysis documentation about the made decisions?

Inspection checklists

- Code
 - Does the code conforms to the design?
 - Are all the methods are called?
 - Are all the variables initialized?
 - Problems with: infinite cycles, out of bound indexes, improper allocation of memory.
- Test Document
 - The test cases are well documented?
 - The test cases are well chosen?
 - Are the test data sufficient to coverage criterion?
 - For the integration testing, the order of integration is clear?
 - At regression testing is the testing continued?

Inspection advantages

- Early error discovery;
- Reduce product development time and cost;
- Group method;
- Mean to education;
- The source of error is known;
- Eliminates the debugging stress if few day remains until product release.

Walkthroughs

- Walkthroughs - process of trying to find defects in development documents during various phases of the software development process.
- Similar to Inspection
- Team members ([3-5] members)
 - Moderator
 - Secretary
 - Tester
- Procedures are slightly different
 - Planning
 - Meeting - the participants "play computer".
 - Rework
 - Follow-up
- Different error-detection technique
- Time - 90-120 minutes

Pair-Programming

- Variation of program inspection.
- Merges coding and inspection activities.
 - The inspection activities
 - are not driven by checklists;
 - are based on shared programming practice and style;
 - Programmers frequently alternate roles;
 - Is carried out in normal work days, without excessive overtime and without severe schedule pressure.
 - No mediator, so responsibility for open and nondefensive discussion of decisions/alternatives falls to the programmers.

Next Lecture

- Testing. Test planning.
- Testing Management Tool - TestLink.
- Test case design - Black-box testing.

Questions

- Thank You For Your Attention!

References



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