

Hash, chaining

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- representation
 - use : (semistatic) array,
singly linked nodes for chaining
 - elements are TKey (...TElement)
- add an element to the hash
pseudocode

Assume: there is a hashFunc: TKey \rightarrow $\{0, \dots, m-1\}$
external to element and hash table

Open addressing

Consider inserting the keys

31, 60, 5, 29, 18, 16, 17

into a hash table of length $m = 11$

using open addressing with the primary hash function

$$h'(k) = k \bmod m.$$

Illustrate the result of inserting these keys by using

- linear probing
- quadratic probing with $c1 = 0$ and $c2 = 1$
- double hashing with $h2(k) = 1 + (k \bmod (m - 1))$

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Consider the keys to be inserted in a hash are
the next 26 small letters:

a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m,n,o,p,q,r,s,t,u,v,w,x,y,z

Insert the keys

j, k, l, m, n, u, v, w, a, b, c

into a hash table of length $m=11$

Describe the steps and illustrate the result

1.	a	14.	n
2.	b	15.	o
3.	c	16.	p
4.	d	17.	q
5.	e	18.	r
6.	f	19.	s
7.	g	20.	t
8.	h	21.	u
9.	i	22.	v
10.	j	23.	w
11.	k	24.	x
12.	l	25.	y
13.	m	26.	z