10 Usability Heuristics (Jakob Nielsen)

Deep Summary

Classic usability principles with practical examples:

- 1. Visibility of system status
 - Feedback helps users trust your tool.
 - o E.g. loading spinners or success messages.
- 2. Match system and real world
 - Use familiar terms. Avoid jargon.
 - o E.g. "Clinic performance" instead of "dataset metrics."
- 3. User control and freedom
 - Allow undo, cancel, and easy navigation.
- 4. Consistency and standards
 - Keep charts, colors, and navigation uniform.
- 5. Error prevention
 - o Guide users away from mistakes (e.g. warn before deleting data).
- 6. Recognition rather than recall
 - Display options and filters rather than forcing memory.
- 7. Flexibility and efficiency
 - Shortcuts for experienced users.
 - E.g. "Save this filter as my default view."
- 8. Aesthetic and minimalist design
 - Focus on the data that matters—avoid clutter.
- 9. Help users recognize and recover from errors
 - E.g. "No results found—try adjusting filters."
- 10. Help and documentation
 - Tooltips, FAQs, or "Show me how" features.

Key Takeaways

- ✓ Usability isn't magic—it's applying these practical principles.
- ✓ Small changes (like better labels) massively improve user trust and efficiency.
- Heuristics reduce cognitive load and errors.

Application to ClinicTrends Al

- Visibility:
 - Always show users that graphs are loading.

• Error prevention:

Warn users before deleting survey data.

• Recognition vs recall:

o Offer dropdowns for date ranges instead of requiring users to type them.

• Minimalist design:

• Keep dashboards uncluttered. Highlight critical metrics (e.g. NPS trend).

Help:

• Provide clear guidance on how to interpret NPS scores.

These heuristics directly shape **how your ClinicTrends UI should feel**: confident, clean, and forgiving.