

D1-H Linux G2D

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1.1 文档简介

本文主要介绍 sunxi 平台 G2D 模块的功能、驱动结构及模块的配置和调用方法

1.2 目标读者

- G2D 驱动开发人员/维护人员
- 应用层的 G2D 模块使用者

1.3 适用范围

表 1-1: 适用产品列表

产品名称	内核版本	驱动文件
D1-H	Linux-5.4	g2d.c



2 模块介绍

G2D 驱动主要实现图像旋转/数据格式/颜色空间转换,以及图层合成功能 (包括 alpha、colorkey、rotate、mirror、rop、maskblt) 等加速功能。

2.1 模块功能介绍

G2D 硬件特性如下:

- Input format: iYUV422/PYUV422UVC/PYUV420UVC/PYUV411UVC/ARGB8888/
 XRGB8888/RGB888/ARGB4444/ARGB1555/RGB565
- Output format: iYUV422/PYUV422UVC/PYUV420UVC/PYUV411UVC/ARGB8888/XRGB8888/ARGB4444/ARGB1555/RGB565/Y8
- Any format convert function, R/B swap
- 1 channel scaling pipelines for scaling up/down
- Programmalbe source image size up to 2048*2048 pixels
- Programmalbe destination image size up to 2048*2048 pixels
- 4 tap scale filter in horizontal and 2 tap in vertical direction
- 32 programmable coefficients for each tap
- Color space conversion between RGB and YUV
- Clipping support
 - Straight line/Rectangle/Point
 - Block fill
- Rotate and mirror
 - Rotation 90/180/270 counter-clockwise
 - Mirror horizontal/vertical
 - ROP
 - BitBlt
 - StretchBlt
 - MaskBlt.
 - Colorkey support
 - Source colorkey
 - Destination colorkey



- Alpha blending support
 - Pixel alpha blending
 - Plane alpha blending
 - Multi alpha blending
 - Output alpha configurable support

2.1.1 矩形填充 (fill color rectgngle)

填充矩形区域功能可以实现对某块区域进行预订的颜色值填充,如下图就填充了 0xFF0080FF 的 ARGB 值,该功能还可以通过设定数据区域大小实现画点和直线,同时也可以通过设定 flag 实现一种填充颜色和目标做 alpha 运算。



图 2-1: fill rectangle

2.1.2 旋转和镜像 (rotate and mirror)

旋转镜像主要是实现如下 Horizontal、Vertical、Rotate180°、Mirror45°、Rotate90°、Mirror135°、Rotate270°共7种操作。



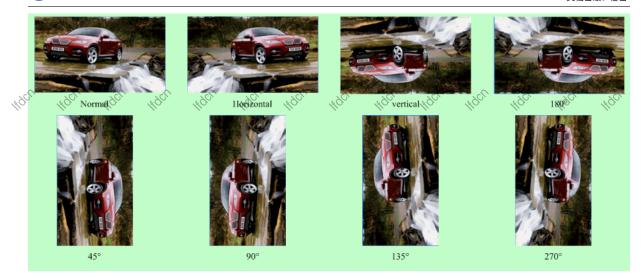


图 2-2: rotate and mirror

2.1.3 alpha blending

不同的图层之间可以做 alpha blending。Alpha 分为 pixel alpha、plane alpha、multi alpha 三种:

pixel alpha 意为每个像素自带有一个专属 alpha 值;

plane alpha 则是一个图层中所有像素共用一个 globe alpha 值;

multi alpha 则每个像素在代入 alpha 运算时的值为 globe alpha*pixel alpha,可以通过 G2D 驱动接口的 flag 去控制。

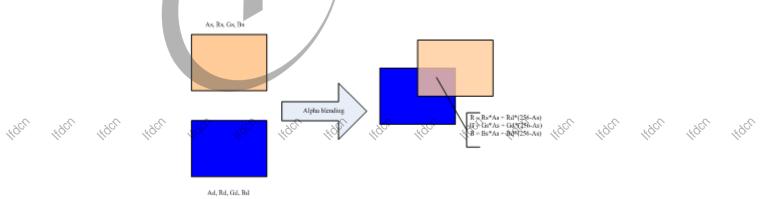


图 2-3: alpha blending 1

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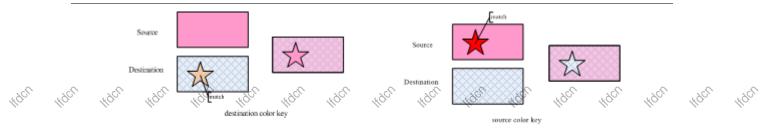
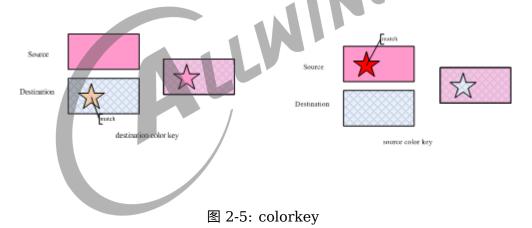


图 2-4: alpha blending 2

2.1.4 colorkey

不同 image 之间可以做 colorkey 效果:

- 左图中 destination 的优先级高于 source, destination 中 match 部分(橙色五角星部分)。则被选择透过,显示为 source 与 destination 做 alpha blending 后的效果图。
- 右图中 source 的优先级高于 destination,则 source 中 match 部分(深红色五角星部分),则被选择透过,直接显示 destination 与 source 做 alpha blending 后的效果图。



2.1.5 缩放 (Stretchblt)

Stretchblt 主要是把 source 按照 destination 的 size 进行缩放,并最终与 destination 做 alpha blending、colorkey 等运算或直接旋转镜像后拷贝到目标,此接口在 1.0 版本上使用可以旋转和缩放一起用,但是 2.0 版本以后,缩放和旋转不可以同时操作。





图 2-6: scale and alpha blending

2.1.6 二元光栅操作 (rop2)

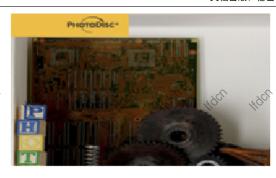
我们在画线和填充区域的时候将画笔和目标像素组合得到新的目标像素。

2.1.7 三元光栅操作 (maskblt rop3)

对于图像有同样光栅操作用于生成各种特殊效果, 我们要处理的有三种像素: 源图像像素, 目标图像 像素, 画刷像素 (模板图像像素)。如下图所示, 从左上到右下分别是 src ptn mask dst。











2.2 相关术语介绍

2.2.1 硬件术语

表 2-1: 硬件术语列表

术语	说明
G2D	2D 图形加速器

2.2.2 软件术语

表 2-2: 软件术语列表

术语	说明
Fill Rectangle	对某块区域进行预定的颜色值填充
Rotate And mirror	对图像进行旋转或镜像操作
Alpha Blending	对两个图像按照预定的比例进行颜色混合
Colorkey	在两个图像叠加混合的时候,对特殊色做特殊过滤

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2.3 模块配置介绍

2.3.1 Device Tree 配置说明。

```
g2d:g2d@01480000{
    compatible = "allwinner,sunxi-g2d";
    reg = <0x0 0x01480000 0x0 0xbffff>;
    interrupts = <GIC_SPI 21 0x0104>;
    clocks = <&clk_g2d>;
    iommus = <&mmu_aw 5 1>;
    status = "okay";
};
```

2.3.2 kernel menuconfig 配置说明

在命令行中进入 tina 根目录,执行 make kernel_menuconfig 进入配置主界面, 具体配置路径为:

```
Device Drivers->sunxi g2d driver
```

图 2-8: menuconfig 5.4



2.4 源码结构介绍

G2d 驱动的源代码位于内核在 drivers/char/sunxi_g2d 目录下:

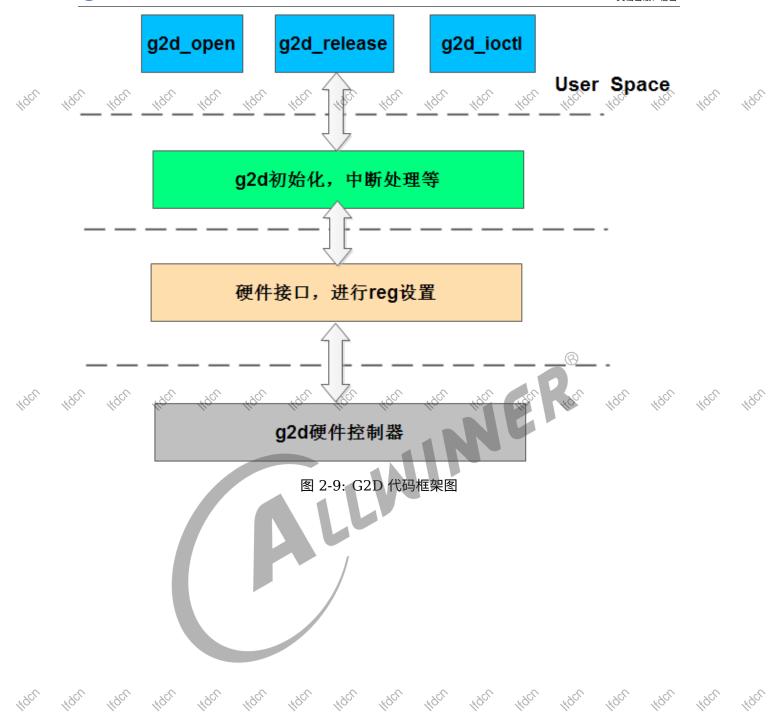
```
drivers/char/sunxi_g2d/g2d_rcq
  - g2d_bld.c
  g2d_bld.h
  g2d_bsp.h
   g2d.c
    g2d driver i.h
   g2d_mixer.c
    g2d mixer.h
    g2d_mixer_type.h
  - g2d_ovl_u.c
  - g2d_ovl_u.h
   g2d_ovl_v.c
   g2d_ovl_v.h
   g2d_rcq.c
   g2d_rcq.h
                                    Week Meet Meet
    g2d_rotate.c
    g2d_rotate.h
    g2d_rotate_type.h
    g2d_scal.c
   g2d scal.h
   g2d top.c
    g2d_top.h
   g2d_top_type.h
    g2d_wb.c
    g2d_wb.h
   Makefile
```

- g2d.c: 为 G2D 驱动顶层文件
- g2d xxxx.c: 封装了相关功能的实现处理

2.5 驱动框架介绍









3 模块接口说明

3.1 关键数据结构

3.1.1 g2d blt flags

• 作用

g2d blt flags 用于描述一个 bitblt 和 stretchblt 的 flag 属性信息

```
typedef enum {
 2
          G2D_BLT_NONE
                                       = 0 \times 000000000
 3
                                      = 0 \times 00000001
          G2D_BLT_PIXEL_ALPHA
 4
          G2D_BLT_PLANE_ALPHA
                                       = 0 \times 000000002
 5
          G2D_BLT_MULTI_ALPHA
                                         0×00000004,
 6
          G2D_BLT_SRC_COLORKEY
                                      = 0 \times 000000008,
         G2D_BLT_DST_COLORKEY
 7
                                         0×00000010,
          G2D_BLT_FLIP_HORIZONTAL
                                      = 0 \times 00000020,
 8
         G2D_BLT_FLIP_VERTICAL
 9
                                      = 0 \times 00000040
10
                                        0x00000080,
          G2D BLT ROTATE90
                                       = 0 \times 00000100,
11
          G2D BLT ROTATE180
                                      = 0 \times 00000200,
12
          G2D_BLT_R0TATE270
13
          G2D BLT MIRROR45
                                      = 0 \times 00000400,
14
          G2D BLT MIRROR135
                                       = 0 \times 000000800,
15
    }g2d_blt_flags;
```

●成员说明

```
G2D_BLT_NONE
                          - 纯拷贝
   G2D_BLT_PIXEL_ALPHA
                           - 点alpha标志
   G2D_BLT_PLANE_ALPHA
3
                            面alpha标志
   G2D_BLT_MULTI_ALPHA
                            混合alpha标志
   G2D_BLT_SRC_C0L0RKEY
                            源colorkey标志
                          - 目标colorkey标志
   G2D_BLT_DST_COLORKEY
   G2D_BLT_FLIP_HORIZONTAL - 水平翻转
   G2D_BLT_FLIP_VERTICAL
                           - 垂直翻转
   G2D_BLT_R0TATE90
                           - 逆时针旋转90度
   G2D_BLT_R0TATE180
10
                           - 逆时针旋转180度
11
   G2D_BLT_R0TATE270
                           - 逆时针旋转270度
12
   G2D_BLT_MIRROR45
                           - 镜像45度
   G2D_BLT_MIRROR135
                           - 镜像135度
```

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m C}$ 珠海全志科技股份有限公司。保留一切权利 $t^{
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m dC}$ $t^{
m dC}$ $t^{
m dC}$ $t^{
m dC}$



3.1.2 g2d_fillrect_flags

作用

g2d fillrect flags 用于描述一个 fillrect 属性信息

• 定义

成员说明

```
G2D_FIL_NONE - 纯填充 - 纯填充 G2D_FIL_PIXEL_ALPHA - 填充区域和目标做点alpha G2D_FIL_PLANE_ALPHA - 填充区域和目标做面alpha G2D_FIL_MULTI_ALPHA - 填充区域的alpha值*面alpha值ha值*面alpha值ha值
```

3.1.3 g2d data fmt(version 1.0)

作用

g2d_data_fmt 用于描述像素格式

● 定义

1.0 版本支持的图像格式

```
typedef enum {
       G2D_FMT_ARGB_AYUV8888
                                  = (0 \times 0),
 3
       G2D_FMT_BGRA_VUYA8888
                                  = (0 \times 1),
       G2D FMT ABGR AVUY8888
                                  = (0x2),
 5
       G2D FMT RGBA YUVA8888
                                  = (0x3),
       G2D_FMT_XRGB8888
                                  = (0x4),
       G2D FMT BGRX8888
                                  = (0x5),
 8
       G2D_FMT_XBGR8888
                                  = (0x6),
 9
       G2D_FMT_RGBX8888
                                  = (0 \times 7),
10
       G2D_FMT_ARGB4444
                                  = (0x8),
       {\sf G2D\_FMT\_ABGR4444}
11
                                  = (0x9),
12
       G2D_FMT_RGBA4444
                                  = (0 \times A),
       G2D_FMT_BGRA4444
                                  = (0xB),
```



```
G2D FMT ARGB1555
14
                                = (0 \times C),
15
      G2D FMT ABGR1555
                                  (0xD),
16
      G2D_FMT_RGBA5551
                                  (0xE),
17
      G2D FMT BGRA5551
                                  (0xF),
18
      G2D FMT RGB565
                                  (0×10),
                                                                                                    Hden
      G2D_FMT_BGR565
                               . € (0x11),
1,99
20
      G2D FMT IYUV422
                                  (0x12),
21
      G2D FMT 8BPP MONO
                                  (0x13),
22
      G2D_FMT_4BPP_MONO
                                   (0 \times 14),
23
      G2D FMT 2BPP MONO
                                   (0x15),
24
      G2D FMT 1BPP MONO
                                   (0x16),
      G2D_FMT_PYUV422UVC
25
                                   (0 \times 17),
26
      G2D_FMT_PYUV420UVC
                                  (0x18),
27
      G2D_FMT_PYUV411UVC
                                  (0x19),
28
29
    //只有输出才有的格式:
30
        G2D_FMT_PYUV422
                                = (0 \times 1A),
31
        G2D_FMT_PYUV420
                                = (0x1B),
32
        G2D_FMT_PYUV411
                                = (0 \times 1C),
33
34
    //只有输入才支持的格式:
35
        G2D_FMT_8BPP_PALETTE
                                  = (0 \times 1D),
36
        G2D FMT 4BPP PALETTE
                                  = (0 \times 1E),
                                                   Hoer Reer
37
        G2D FMT 2BPP PALETTE
                                  = (0x1F),
38
        G2D FMT 1BPP PALETTE
                                  = (0 \times 20).
39
        G2D_FMT_PYUV422UVC_MB16 = (0x21),
40
        G2D FMT PYUV420UVC MB16 = (0x22),
41
        G2D_FMT_PYUV411UVC_MB16 = (0x23),
42
        G2D_FMT_PYUV422UVC_MB32 = (0x24),
        G2D FMT PYUV420UVC MB32 = (0x25),
43
        G2D_FMT_PYUV411UVC_MB32 = (0x26),
44
45
        G2D_FMT_PYUV422UVC_MB64 = (0x27)
        G2D_FMT_PYUV420UVC_MB64 = (0x28),
46
        G2D FMT PYUV411UVC MB64 = (0 \times 29),
47
48
        G2D_FMT_PYUV422UVC_MB128 = (0 \times 2A),
49
        G2D_FMT_PYUV420UVC_MB128 = (0x2B),
50
        G2D_FMT_PYUV411UVC_MB128=(0x2C),
    }g2d_data_fmt;
```

• 成员说明

```
G2D_FMT_ARGB8888
                            : alpha(8bit)R(8bit)G(8bit)B(8bit)
    G2D_FMT_BGRA8888
                            : B(8bit)G(8bit)R(8bit)alpha(8bit)
    G2D_FMT_ABGR8888
                            : alpha(8bit)B(8bit)G(8bit)R(8bit)
    G2D_FMT_RGBA8888
                            : R(8bit)G(8bit)B(8bit)alpha(8bit)
 4
 5
 6
    G2D FMT XRGB8888
                            : 24bit, RGB各8bit, alpha为高位自动填充为0xFF
    G2D FMT BGRX8888
                            : 24bit, BGR各8bit, alpha为低位自动填充为0xFF
 8
    G2D_FMT_XBGR8888
                            : 24bit, BGR各8bit, alpha为高位自动填充为0xFF
 9
    G2D FMT RGBX8888
                            : 24bit, RGB各8bit, alpha为低位自动填充为0xFF
10
    G2D FMT ARGB4444
                            : alpha(4bit)R(4bit)G(4bit)B(4bit)
12
    G2D FMT BGRA4444
                            : B(4bit)G(4bit)R(4bit)alpha(4bit)
    G2D FMT ABGR4444
                            : alpha(4bit)B(4bit)G(4bit)R(4bit)
13
    G2D_FMT_RGBA4444
14
                            : R(4bit)G(4bit)B(4bit)alpha(4bit)
15
    G2D_FMT_ARGB1555
                            : alpha(1bit)R(5bit)G(5bit)B(5bit)
16
    G2D_FMT_BGRA1555
                              B(5bit)G(5bit)R(5bit)alpha(1bit)
17
    G2D_FMT_ABGR1555
                             alpha(1bit)B(5bit)G(5bit)R(5bit)
    G2D_FMT_RGBA1555
                            : R(5bit)G(5bit)B(5bit)alpha(1bit)
```

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```
19
20
    G2D FMT RGB565
                        : R(5bit)G(6bit)B(5bit)
21
    G2D_FMT_BGR565
                        : B(5bit)G(6bit)R(5bit)
22
23
    G2D FMT IYUV422
                        : Interleaved YUV422
                             149CL
24
25
    G2D FMT 8BPP MONO
                        : 8bit per pixel mono
26
    G2D FMT 4BPP MONO
                        : 4bit per pixel mono
    G2D_FMT_2BPP_MON0
27
                        : 2bit per pixel mono
28
    G2D FMT 1BPP MONO
                        : 1bit per pixel mono
29
30
    G2D FMT PYUV422UVC : Planar UV combined only
    G2D FMT PYUV420UVC
                       : Planar UV combined only
31
32
    G2D FMT PYUV411UVC : Planar UV combined only
33
    G2D_FMT_PYUV422
34
                        : Planar YUV422
                        : Planar YUV420
35
    G2D_FMT_PYUV420
36
    G2D_FMT_PYUV411
                        : Planar YUV411
37
38
    G2D_FMT_8BPP_PALETTE: 8bit per pixel palette only for input
    G2D_FMT_4BPP_PALETTE: 4bit per pixel palette only for input
    G2D_FMT_2BPP_PALETTE: 2bit per pixel palette only for input
41
    G2D_FMT_1BPP_PALETTE: 1bit per pixel palette only for input
42
   G2D FMT PYUV422UVC_MB16: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
43_
    G2D FMT_PYUV420UVC_MB16: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
    G2D_FMT_PYUV411UVC_MB16: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
45
    G2D_FMT_PYUV422UVC_MB32: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
46
    G2D_FMT_PYUV420UVC_MB32: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
47
    G2D_FMT_PYUV411UVC_MB32: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
48
    G2D FMT_PYUV422UVC_MB64: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
49
    G2D_FMT_PYUV420UVC MB64: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
50
    G2D FMT PYUV411UVC MB64: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
    G2D_FMT_PYUV422UVC_MB128: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
    G2D_FMT_PYUV420UVC_MB128: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
    G2D_FMT_PYUV411UVC_MB128: 16x16 tile base planar uv combined only for input
```

3.1.4 g2d_pixel_seq(version 1.0)

作用

• 定义

```
typedef enum {
        G2D SEQ NORMAL
                                          = 0 \times 0,
3
        G2D SEQ VYUY
                                          = 0 \times 1,
4
        G2D SEQ YVYU
                                          = 0x2
        G2D_SEQ_VUVU
5
                                          = 0x3.
6
        G2D_SEQ_P10
                                          = 0 \times 4.
7
        G2D_SEQ_P01
                                          = 0x5,
8
        G2D_SEQ_P3210
                                          = 0x6.
        G2D_SEQ_P0123
                                          = 0x7,
```

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```
G2D SEQ P76543210
                                        = 0x8,
10
11
         G2D_SEQ_P67452301
                                        = 0x9
12
         G2D_SEQ_P10325476
                                        = 0 \times A
13
         G2D SEQ P01234567
                                        = 0xB,
        G2D_SEQ_2BPP_BIG_BIG
14
                                        = 0xC,
                                                                                                     HOCK
        G2D_SEQ_2BPP_BIG_LITTER
                                       , dx0€,
1,5
         G2D SEQ 2BPP LITTER BIG
16
                                        = 0xE
         G2D_SEQ_2BPP_LITTER_LITTER
17
                                      = 0xF,
         G2D_SEQ_1BPP_BIG_BIG
18
                                        = 0 \times 10,
19
         G2D_SEQ_1BPP_BIG_LITTER
                                        = 0 \times 11,
20
         G2D SEQ 1BPP LITTER BIG
                                        = 0x12,
21
         G2D\_SEQ\_1BPP\_LITTER\_LITTER = 0x13,
22
23
      }g2d_pixel_seq;
```

• 成员说明

```
G2D SEQ NORMAL
                            : Normal sequence
 2
3
    //for interleaved yuv422
                                               Ager Ger Me
                            : pixel 0在低16位
4
    G2D_SEQ_VYUY
5
    G2D_SEQ_YVYU
                            : pixel 1在低16位
 6
    // tor uv_combined yuv420
(T)
    G2D_SEQ_VUVU
                            : Planar VU combined only
9
10
    // for 16bpp rgb
11
    G2D SEQ P10
                             pixel 0在低16位
12
    G2D SEQ P01
                             pixel 1在低16位
13
   // planar format or 8bpp rgb
14
                            : pixel 0在低8位
15
   G2D_SEQ_P3210
                            : pixel 3在低8位
   G2D_SEQ_P0123
16
17
18
    // for 4bpp rgb
                               7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0
   G2D_SEQ_P76543210
19
                                6,7,4,5,2,3,0,1
20
    G2D_SEQ_P67452301
                                1,0,3,2,5,4,7,6
21
    G2D_SEQ_P10325476
22
    G2D_SEQ_P01234567
                                0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
23
24
    // for 2bpp rgb
25
    G2D_SEQ_2BPP_BIG_BIG
26
    15,14,13,12,11,10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0
27
28
    G2D_SEQ_2BPP_BIG_LITTER :
29
    12, 13, 14, 15, 8, 9, 10, 11, 4, 5, 6, 7, 0, 1, 2, 3
30
31
    G2D_SEQ_2BPP_LITTER_BIG :
32
    3,2,1,0,7,6,5,4,11,10,9,8,15,14,13,12
33
    G2D SEQ 2BPP LITTER LITTER :
    0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15
35
36
37
   // for 1bpp rgb
   G2D_SEQ_1BPP_BIG_BIG
38
39
   31,30,29,28,27,26,25,24,23,22,21,20,19,18,17,16,15,14,13,12,11,10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0
40
41
   G2D_SEQ_1BPP_BIG_LITTER
   24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
```



```
43
44
G2D_SEQ_1BPP_LITTER_BIG
7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0,15,14,13,12,11,10,9,8,23,22,21,20,19,18,17,16,31,30,29,28,27,26,25,24
46
47
G2D_SEQ_1BPP_LITTER_LITTER
:
0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31
```

3.1.5 g2d blt flags h

作用

g2d blt flags h 定义二元光栅操作码

● 定义

```
Hope Hope
    typedef enum {
        G2D_BLT_NONE_0 = 0 \times 0,
        G2D_BLT_BLACKNESS,
        G2D_BLT_NOTMERGEPEN,
 5
        G2D_BLT_MASKNOTPEN,
 6
        G2D_BLT_NOTCOPYPEN,
 7
        G2D_BLT_MASKPENNOT,
 8
        G2D_BLT_NOT,
 9
        G2D_BLT_XORPEN,
10
        G2D_BLT_NOTMASKPEN,
11
        G2D_BLT_MASKPEN,
12
        G2D_BLT_NOTXORPEN,
13
        G2D BLT NOP,
14
        G2D BLT MERGENOTPEN,
        G2D_BLT_COPYPEN,
15
16
        G2D_BLT_MERGEPENNOT,
17
        G2D_BLT_MERGEPEN,
        G2D_BLT_WHITENESS = 0 \times 0000000ff
18
19
                           0×00000100,
20
        G2D R0T 90
21
        G2D R0T 180
                           0x00000200,
22
        G2D_R0T_270
                           0x00000300,
                     77dCN
                          0×00001000
23
24
        G2D ROT H
        G2D_R0T_V
                           0x00002000,
25
26
        G2D SM DTLR 1 =
                          0x10000000,
    } g2d_blt_flags_h;
```

• 成员说明

```
G2D_BLT_NONE 单个源操作

//使用与物理调色板的索引0相关的色彩来填充目标矩形区域,(对缺省的物理调色板,该颜色为黑色)

G2D_BLT_BLACK BLACKNESS

G2D_BLT_NOTMERGEPEN dst = ~(dst+src) :
```

人,我们,我们,我们,我们,我们就有人的,我海全志科技股份有限公司。保留一切权利,我们,我们,我们,我们,我们



```
G2D BLT MASKNOTPEN
                      dst =~src&dst
   G2D_BLT_NOTCOPYPEN dst =~src
   G2D\_BLT\_MASKPENNOT dst =src&~dst
10
11
   //使目标矩形区域颜色取反
   G2D_BLT_NOT_dst =~dst
13
   G2D BLT XORPEN dst =src^dst
   G2D_BLT_NOTMASKPEN dst =~(src&dst)
14
15
   G2D_BLT_MASKPEN dst =src&dst
   G2D_BLT_NOTXORPEN
                     dst =~(src^dst)
17
   G2D_BLT_NOP dst = dst
   G2D_BLT_MERGENOTPEN dst =~src+dst
19
   G2D\_BLT\_COPEPEN dst = src
20
   G2D_BLT_MERGEPENNOT dst =src+~dst
21
   G2D_BLT_MERGEPEN
                      dst =src+dst
22
   //使用与物理调色板中索引1有关的颜色填充目标矩形区域(对于缺省物理调色板来说,这个颜色为白色)
23
   G2D_BLT_WHITE
                   WHITENESS
```

3.1.6 g2d_image(version 1.0)

Hope Hear He g2d image 用于描述 image 属性信息

定义

```
typedef struct {
2
     __u32
                    addr[3];
3
     u32
4
     u32
                    h;
5
     g2d_data_fmt
                    format;
     g2d pixel seq
                    pixel_seq;
   }g2d image;
```

成员说明

```
addr[3]:
            图像帧的基地址,对于UV combined,addr[0,1]有效,planar类型addr[0,1,2]有效,其他addr[0]
      有效
            图像帧的宽
  w:
            图像帧的高
3
  h:
           图像帧buffer的像素格式,详见g2d_data_fmt
  pixel_seq: 图像帧buffer的像素序列,详见g2d_pixel_seq
```

3.1.7 g2d image enh

作用

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g2d_image_enh 主要描述图片的宽高、存放地址、是否做 Clip 处理,是否为预乘等。

● 定义

```
typedef struct {
 2
      int
                      bbuff;
 3
                      color;
          _u32
        g2d_fmt_enh format;
 4
 5
                      laddr[3];
         __u32
 6
         __u32
                      haddr[3];
 7
         __u32
                      width;
         __u32
 8
                      height;
 9
         __u32
                      align[3];
10
        g2d rect
                      clip rect;
11
         u32
                      gamut;
12
        int
                      bpremul;
13
         __u8
                      alpha;
14
        g2d_alpha_mode_enh mode;
15
    } g2d_image_enh;
```

成员说明

```
No.
   成员
            作用
   format
             : 图格式
   laddr
             : 起始低位地址
   haddr
             : 起始高位地址
   width
             : 图宽度 (in pixel)
             : 图高度 (in pixel)
   height
             : Buffer的pitch
   pitch
             : ROI矩形
   clip_rect
             : 图的色域
   gamut
             : 是否为预乘
10
   bpremul
11
             : 面alpha值
   alpha
             : alpha模式设置
   mode
```

3.1.8 g2d fmt enh

作用

g2d_fmt_enh 用于描述 G2D 模块支持的格式

● 定义

```
typedef enum{
2
       G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888,
3
       G2D_F0RMAT_ABGR8888,
4
       G2D_FORMAT_RGBA8888,
5
       G2D_FORMAT_BGRA8888,
       G2D_FORMAT_XRGB8888,
```

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```
G2D FORMAT XBGR8888,
        G2D_FORMAT_RGBX8888,
 8
 9
        G2D_F0RMAT_BGRX8888,
10
        G2D FORMAT RGB888,
        G2D_FORMAT_BGR888,
11
13
13
        G2D_FORMAT_RGB565,
        G2D FORMAT BGR565,
14
        G2D_F0RMAT_ARGB4444,
15
        G2D_FORMAT_ABGR4444,
16
        G2D FORMAT RGBA4444,
17
        G2D FORMAT BGRA4444,
        G2D_FORMAT_ARGB1555,
18
19
        G2D_FORMAT_ABGR1555,
20
        G2D_FORMAT_RGBA5551,
21
        G2D_FORMAT_BGRA5551,
22
        G2D_FORMAT_ARGB2101010,
23
        G2D_FORMAT_ABGR2101010,
24
        G2D_FORMAT_RGBA1010102,
25
        G2D_FORMAT_BGRA1010102,
26
27
        /* invailed for UI channel */
28
        G2D_FORMAT_IYUV422_V0Y1U0Y0 = 0x20,
29
        G2D FORMAT IYUV422 Y1V0Y0U0,
                                                  Heer Heer
30
        G2D_FORMAT_IYUV422_U0Y1V0Y0,
31
        G2D_FORMAT_IYUV422_Y1U0Y0V0,
32
33
        G2D_F0RMAT_YUV422UVC_V1U1V0U0,
34
        G2D_F0RMAT_YUV422UVC_U1V1U0V0,
35
        G2D_F0RMAT_YUV422_PLANAR,
36
        G2D_FORMAT_YUV420UVC_V1U1V0U0 = 0x28,
37
38
        G2D_F0RMAT_YUV420UVC_U1V1U0V0,
39
        G2D_FORMAT_YUV420_PLANAR,
40
        G2D_FORMAT_YUV411UVC_V1U1V0U0 = 0x2c
41
42
        G2D_FORMAT_YUV411UVC_U1V1U0V0,
43
        G2D_F0RMAT_YUV411_PLANAR,
44
45
        G2D_FORMAT_Y8 = 0x30,
46
        /* YUV 10bit format */
47
        G2D_FORMAT_YVU10_P010 = 0 \times 34,
48
49
        G2D_FORMAT_YVU10_P210 = 0x36,
51
52
        G2D_FORMAT_YVU10_444 = 0x38,
53
        G2D FORMAT YUV10 444 = 0 \times 39,
    }g2d_fmt_enh;
```

3.1.9 g2d_rop3_cmd_flag

• 作用

g2d rop3 cmd flag 用于定义三元光栅操作码

定义



```
typedef enum {
 2
         G2D ROP3 BLACKNESS
                                 = 0 \times 00.
 3
         G2D_ROP3_NOTSRCERASE = 0x11,
         G2D_ROP3_NOTSRCCOPY = 0x33,
 4
         G2D_R0P3_SRCERASE
                                  = 0x44,
                                 ₩ 0x55,40°
(b)
        G2D_R0P3_DSTINVERT
         G2D_R0P3_PATINVERT
                                  = 0 \times 5A
 8
         G2D_R0P3_SRCINVERT
                                  = 0x66,
 9
         G2D_R0P3_SRCAND
                                  = 0x88,
10
         G2D ROP3 MERGEPAINT
                                 = 0 \times BB
         G2D R0P3 MERGECOPY
11
                                  = 0 \times C0,
12
         G2D_R0P3_SRCC0PY
                                  = 0 \times CC,
13
         G2D_R0P3_SRCPAINT
                                  = 0 \times EE.
14
         G2D_R0P3_PATC0PY
                                  = 0xF0,
15
         G2D_R0P3_PATPAINT
                                  = 0xFB,
16
         G2D_R0P3_WHITENESS
                                  = 0xFF,
    }g2d_rop3_cmd_flag;
```

成员说明

```
G2D_R0P3_BLACKNESS
                      dst = BLACK
   G2D_R0P3_NOTSRCERASE dst = (NOT src) AND (NOT dst)
   G2D ROP3 NOTSRCCOPY
                                          :将源矩形区域颜色取反,拷贝到目标矩形区域
                      dst (NOT src)
   G2D_R0P3_SRCERASE
                      dst = src AND (NOT dst)
   G2D ROP3 DSTINVERT
                      dst = (NOT dst)
                                            :通过使用布尔型的异或(XOR)操作符将特定模式和目标矩形
   G2D ROP3 PATINVERT
                      dst = pattern XOR dst
       区域颜色合并
                      dst = src XOR dst
   G2D ROP3 SRCINVERT
                                            : 通过使用布尔型的异或(XOR)操作符将源和目标矩形区域颜
       色合并
   G2D_R0P3_SRCAND
                      dst = srcAND dst
                                            : 通过使用与操作符将源和目标矩形区域颜色值合并
8
   G2D_R0P3_MERGEPAINT
                         = (NOT src) OR dst
                                            : 通过使用布尔型的或(OR)操作符将反向的源矩形区域的颜
9
       色与目标矩形区域颜色合并
                      dst = (src AND pattern)
   G2D_R0P3_MERGEC0PY
10
11
   G2D_R0P3_SRCC0PY
                      dst = src
                                            :将源矩形区域直接拷贝到目标矩形区域
   G2D_R0P3_SRCPAINT
                      dst = src OR dst
                                            : 通过使用布尔型的或(OR)操作符将源和目标矩形区域颜色
       合并
   G2D_R0P3_PATC0PY
                      dst = pattern
   G2D ROP3 PATPAINT
                      dst = DPSnoo
                                            :通过使用布尔型的或(OR)操作符将源矩形区域取反后的颜
       色值与特定模式的颜色合并,然后使用OR操作符与该操作的结果与目标矩形区域内的颜色合并.
   G2D R0P3 WHITENESS
                      dst = WHITE
```

$3.1.10~g2d_bld_cmd_flag$

作用

g2d bld cmd flag 定义 BLD 操作命令

定义

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```
typedef enum {
 2
           G2D_BLD_CLEAR
                                   = 0 \times 00000001,
 3
           G2D_BLD_C0PY
                                   = 0 \times 000000002
 4
                                   = 0 \times 000000003,
           G2D_BLD_DST
          G2D_BLD_SRCOVER = 0x00000004,
G2D_BLD_DSTOVER = 0x000000005,
16
                                   = 0 \times 000000006,
           G2D_BLD_SRCIN
 8
           G2D_BLD_DSTIN
                                   = 0 \times 000000007,
           G2D_BLD_SRCOUT
                                   = 0 \times 000000008,
10
           G2D BLD DSTOUT
                                   = 0 \times 000000009,
11
           G2D BLD SRCATOP
                                   = 0 \times 00000000a,
12
           G2D_BLD_DSTATOP
                                   = 0 \times 00000000b,
                                   = 0 \times 00000000c,
13
           G2D_BLD_X0R
14
           G2D_CK_SRC
                                   = 0 \times 00010000,
15
           G2D_CK_DST
                                   = 0 \times 00020000,
     }g2d_bld_cmd_flag;
```

3.1.11 g2d_ck

作用

g2d ck 定义了 colorkey 操作的参数

定义

```
Agen Meet
  typedef struct {
2
     int match_rule;
3
     __u32 max_color;
      _u32 min_color;
  }g2d_ck;
```

• 成员说明

```
match_rule 当match_rule为假时,Color Min=<Color<=Color Max表示满足匹配条件
当match_rule为真时,Color>Color Max or Color <Color Min表示满足匹配条件
ck_max_color
              Color Max
ck_min_color
              Color Min
```

3.1.12 g2d alpha mode enh

作用

g2d alpha mode enh 定义进行 alpha blend 操作时,选择的 alpha mode

定义

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```
typedef enum{
2
       G2D_PIXEL_ALPHA,
3
       G2D_GL0BAL_ALPHA,
       G2D_MIXER_ALPHA,
  }g2d_alpha_mode_enh;
```

成员说明

```
成员
               作用
G2D_PIXEL_ALPHA 点alpha
G2D_GL0BAL_ALPHA 面alpha
G2D_MIXER_ALPHA 混合alpha
```

3.1.13 g2d_color_gmt

作用

g2d_color_gmt 定义进行位操作时,选择的颜色空间

定义

```
Hotel Heer
  typedef enum{
2
     G2D_BT601,
3
     G2D_BT709,
4
     G2D_BT2020,
  }g2d_color_gmt;
```

3.1.14 g2d_scan_order(version 1.0)

作用

g2d_scan_order 定义进行 alpha blend 操作时,选择的图像扫行模式

● 定义

```
enum g2d_scan_order {
2
         G2D\_SM\_TDLR = 0 \times 000000000,
3
         G2D\_SM\_TDRL = 0 \times 00000001,
4
         G2D\_SM\_DTLR = 0 \times 000000002,
5
         G2D\_SM\_DTRL = 0 \times 000000003,
```

• 成员说明



```
G2D_SM_TDLR Top to down, Left to right
G2D_SM_DTLR Down to top, Left to right
G2D_SM_TDRL Top to down, Right to left
G2D_SM_DTRL Down to top, Left to right
```

3.1.15 g2d blt(version 1.0)

• 作用

g2d_blt 用于一个源和目标做 blt 的信息

● 定义

```
typedef struct {
2
       g2d_blt_flags
                           flag;
                                            Hegel Hegel
3
       g2d_image
                           src_image;
       g2d_rect
                           src_rect;
15
      g2d_image
                           dst_image;
         s32
                           dst x;
         s32
                           dst y;
         u32
                           color;
         u32
                           alpha;
   }g2d blt;
```

• 成员说明

```
flag : block transfer标志,详见g2d_blt_flags
src_image : 源图像信息,详见g2d_image
dst_image : 目标图像信息,详见g2d_image
dst_x : 目标矩形左上角x
dst_y : 目标矩形左上角y
color : colorkey颜色
7 alpha : 面alpha值
```

3.1.16 g2d_fillrect(version 1.0)

• 作用

g2d fillrect 用于描述一个 fill rectangle 参数信息

定义



```
typedef struct {
2
        g2d_fillrect_flags
                               flag;
3
        g2d_image
                               dst_image;
4
                               dst_rect;
        g2d_rect
        __u32
5
                               color;
                              alpha; 40cr
       46 u32 46c1
(b)
    }g2d_fillrect;
```

• 成员说明

```
flag
             : 填充矩形标志,详见g2d_fillrect_flags
            : 目标图像信息,详见g2d_image
  dst_image
3
             : 目标矩形信息,x/y/w/h-左上角x/左上角y/宽/高
  dst_rect
  color
             : 填充颜色
  alpha
             : 面alpha值
```

3.1.17 g2d_stretchblt(version 1.0)

g2d_stretchblt 用于描述一个 stretchblt 参数信息

• 定义

typedef struct 4 《S》作用^公

```
g2d_blt_flags
                              flag;
3
       g2d_image
                              src_image;
4
       g2d_rect
                              src_rect;
5
       g2d_image
                              dst_image;
6
       g2d_rect
                              dst_rect;
       __u32
                              color;
8
                              alpha;
         _u32
   } g2d_stretchblt;
```

• 成员说明

```
flag
          : block transfer标志,详见g2d_blt_flags
src_image
          : 源图像信息,详见g2d_image
src_rect
          : 源矩形信息, x/y/w/h-左上角x/左上角y/宽/高
          : 目标图像信息,详见g2d_image
dst rect
          : 目标矩形信息, x/y/w/h-左上角x/左上角y/宽/高
color
          : colorkey颜色
          : 面alpha值
alpha
```

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$3.1.18 g2d_blt_h$

作用

g2d blt h 实现对 foreground 带缩放的 ROP2 处理。

● 定义

• 成员说明

flag_h : blt操作flag标志,增强版标志 src_image_h : 源图像信息,增强版的图像参数,详见g2d_image_enh dst_image_h : 目标图像信息,增强版的图像参数 color : colorkey颜色 alpha : 面alpha值

3.1.19 g2d_bld(version 1.0)

作用

g2d bld 实现两幅图的 BLD 和 colorkey 操作。

• 成员说明



```
bld cmd
            : blending的操作flag标志,增强版标志
2
  src_image_h: 源图像信息,增强版的图像参数
3
  dst_image_h : 目标图像信息,增强版的图像参数
  ck_para
            : colorkey参数
```

3.2 函数接口

3.2.1 1.0 版本接口

3.2.1.1 G2D CMD BITBLT

- 作用: BITBLT 函数实现的是两个图层的运算,比如源拷贝到目标;源旋转放入目标;源和目标 做 alpha blending/colorkey 后拷贝到目标
- 原型:

int ioctl(int *fd, int cmd, unsigned long arg); □ 文件标识符
 □ cmd: G2D_CMD_BITBLT
 □ arg: arg 为 g2d_blt 结构体指针
 返回:
 □ 0: 成功

- 返回:

 - 其他: 失败
- 举例:

```
/* 输入/输出image butter */。
    g2d_image image_front,scn;
3
    g2d_rect src_rect;
    g2d_blt blit;
 5
    __s32 dst_x, dst_y;
    image_front.addr[0]
                            = mem_in;
    image front.w
                            = 800;
   image front.h
                            = 480;
    image_front.format
                            = G2D FMT ARGB8888;
                            = G2D_SEQ_NORMAL;
11
   image_front.pixel_seq
12
13
   scn.addr[0]
                            = mem_out;
14
   scn.w
                            = 800;
15
   scn.h
                            = 480;
                            = G2D_FMT_RGBA8888;
   scn.format
16
                            = G2D_SEQ_NORMAL;
   scn.pixel_seq
```

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```
= 0;
   src rect.x
19
   src_rect.y
                           = 0;
20
   src_rect.w
                           = 480;
21
   src_rect.h
                           = 272;
22
2,39
   dst_x
                           = 0;
24
                           = 0;
   dst y
25
    /* 设置BITBLT flag标志: 做点alpha和水平翻转 */
26
27
   blit.flag = G2D BLT PIXEL ALPHA| G2D BLT FLIP HORIZONTAL;
   blit.color = 0xee8899;
29
   blit.alpha = 0x73;
30
31
   /* 设置源imgae和源rect */
32
   blit.src_image.addr[0] = image_front.addr[0];
33
   blit.src_image.w
                          = image_front.w;
34
   blit.src_image.h
                           = image_front.h;
35
   blit.src_image.format = image_front.format;
   blit.src_image.pixel_seq= image_front.pixel_seq;
37
   blit.src_rect.x
                          = src_rect.x;
38
   blit.src_rect.y
                           = src_rect.y;
39 blit.src_rect.w
                           = src_rect.w;
                                               Hoper Hoper
40 blit.src_rect.h
                           = src_rect.h;
41
42
   /* 设置目标imgae和目标fect */。
   blit dst_image.addr[0] = scn.addr[0];
43
   blit.dst_image.w
                           = scn.w;
44
   blit.dst_image.h
45
                           = scn.h:
                           = scn.format;
46
   blit.dst_image.format
   blit.dst_image.pixel_seq= scn.pixel_seq;
47
48
   blit.dst_x
                            = dst_x;
49
   blit.dst_y
                           = dst y;
50
   if(ioctl(g2d fd, G2D CMD BITBLT, &blit)<0</pre>
52
53
        printf("G2D_CMD_BITBLT failed!\n");
54
```

3.2.1.2 G2D CMD FILLRECT

• 作用:用一种颜色的画点画直线及矩形填充,同时也能实现填充颜色和目标做 alpha blending

• 原型:

```
1 int ioctl(int *fd, int cmd, unsigned long arg);
```

- 参数:
 - fd: G2D 设备文件标识符
 - cmd: G2D CMD FILLRECT
 - arg: arg 为 g2d_fillrect 结构体指针
- 返回:



0:成功其他:失败

• 举例:

```
/* 输出image buffer */
   g2d_image scn;
 3
   g2d_rect dst_rect;
   g2d_fillrect fillrect;
    /* 设置FILLRECT标志: 做面alpha */
   fillrect.flag
                               = G2D_FIL_PLANE_ALPHA;
   fillrect.color
 8
                               = 0xFF345678;
9
    fillrect.alpha
                               = 0 \times 40;
10
11
    /* 设置目标image和目标rect */
12
   fillrect.dst image.addr[0] = scn.addr[0];
13
   fillrect.dst_image.w
                               = scn.w;
14
   fillrect.dst_image.h
                               = scn.h;
15
   fillrect.dst_image.format = scn.format;
16
   fillrect.dst_image.pixel_seq= scn.pixel_seq;
17
   fillrect.dst_rect.x
                               = dst_rect.x;
   fillrect.dst_rect.y
                               = dst_rect.y;
                            dst_rect.wi
   fillrect.dst_rect.wo
20
   fillrect.dst_rect.h
                                = dst_rect.h;
21
   if (ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_FILLRECT, &fillrect) < 0)</pre>
23
        printf("G2D_CMD_FILLRECT failed!\n");
24
   }
```

3.2.1.3 G2D_CMD_STRETCHBLT

- 作用: STRETCHBLT 函数实现的是两个图层的运算,比如源缩放到目标大小后拷贝到目标; 源缩放到目标大小旋转放入目标;源缩放到目标大小后和目标做 alpha blending/colorkey 拷 贝到目标
- 原型:

HAL HAL int ioctl(int *fd, Ant cmd unsigned long arg); Al HAL HAL HAL HAL HAL HAL HAL

- 参数:
 - fd: G2D 设备文件标识符
 - cmd: G2D CMD STRETCHBLT
 - arg: arg 为 g2d_stretchblt 结构体指针
- 返回:
 - 0: 成功
 - 其他: 失败
- 举例:

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```
/* 输出image buffer */
 2
    g2d_image image_front,scn;
3
    g2d_rect src_rect,dst_rect;
4
    g2d_stretchblt str;
                                                                                              Hdon
    image_front.addr[0]
                            ≠ mem_ins
(b)
                             = 800;
    image_front.w
 8
    image_front.h
                            = 480;
9
    image_front.format
                            = G2D_FMT_PYUV420UVC;
                            = G2D SEQ NORMAL;
10
    image_front.pixel_seq
                            = mem_in+ image_front.w*image_front.h;
11
    image_front.addr[1]
12
13
    scn.addr[0]
                            = mem_out;
14
    scn.w
                             = 800;
15
    scn.h
                            = 480;
                            = G2D_FMT_ARGB8888;
16
    scn.format
17
                            = G2D_SEQ_NORMAL;
    scn.pixel_seq
18
    src_rect.x
                            = 0;
19
    src_rect.y
                             = 0;
20
    src rect.w
                             = 480;
    src rect.h
                             = 272;
22
    dst_rect.x
                            = 17;
                                                   Ager Geer
23
    dst_rect.y
                             = 100;
24
    dst_rect.w
                             = 480;
    dst_rect.h
25
                             = 272;
26
27
    /* 设置STRETCHBLT标志:做点alpha和旋转90度 */
    str.flag = G2D_BLT_PIXEL_ALPHA|G2D_BLT_ROTATE90;
28
29
    str.color
                            = 0xee8899;
30
    str.alpha
                             = 0x73;
31
    /* 设置源image和源rect */
                            = image_front.addr[0];
    str.src image.addr[0]
    str.src_image.addr[1]
                              image front.addr[1];
35
    str.src_image.w
                            = image_front.w;
    str.src_image.h
                            = image_front.h;
36
37
    str.src_image.format
                            = image_front.format;
    str.src_image.pixel_seq = image_front.pixel_seq;
39
    str.src_rect.x
                            = src_rect.x;
                             = src_rect.y;
40
    str.src_rect.y
41
    str.src_rect.w
                             = src_rect.w;
42
    str.src_rect.h
                             = src_rect.h;
43
    /* 设置目标image和目标rect */
44
                            = scn.addr[0]; 3
45
    str.dst_image.addr[0]
46
    str.dst_image.w
                            = scn.w;
47
                            = scn.h;
    str.dst_image.h
48
                            = scn.format;
    str.dst_image.format
49
    str.dst_image.pixel_seq = scn.pixel_seq;
50
    str.dst_rect.x
                            = dst_rect.x;
51
    str.dst_rect.y
                            = dst_rect.y;
52
    str.dst_rect.w
                            = dst_rect.w;
53
    str.dst_rect.h
                            = dst_rect.h;
54
55
    if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_STRETCHBLT, &str) < 0)</pre>
56
    {
57
        printf("G2D_CMD_STRETCHBLT failed!\n");
58
```

60° 1140° 1



3.2.1.4 G2D_CMD_PALETTE_TBL

- 作用: PALETTE TAL 函数实现的是把查找表写入硬件 SDRAM,也只有在前面接口的源数据 format 设置为 palette 模式时才需要先使用这条命令。
 - 原型:

```
int ioctl(int *fd, int cmd, unsigned long arg);
```

- 参数:
 - fd: G2D 设备文件标识符
 - cmd: G2D CMD PALETTE TBL
 - arg: arg 为 g2d palette 结构体指针
- 返回:
 - 0: 成功
- 其他: 失败

```
Hope, Helen
   unsigned long length;
   /* 查找表数组 */
   unsigned long palette[0x100];
   g2d_palette pal;
   pal->pbuffer = &palette;
   pal.size = length;
   if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_PALETTE_TBL, &pal)<0)</pre>
10
       printf("G2D_CMD_PALETTE_TBL failed!\n");
11
12
```

3.2.2 2.0 版本接口

3.2.3 G2D CMD BITBLT H

• PROTOTYPE

```
int ioctl(int fd, int cmd, void *arg)
```

ARGUMENTS



```
cmd G2D_CMD_BITBLT_H
arg arg为g2d_blt_h结构体指针
```

• RETURNS

DESCRIPTION
 实现单幅图的缩放、格式转换等。实现对 foreground 带缩放的 ROP2 处理。

DEMO

```
/* 旋转功能 */
    blit.flag_h = G2D_R0T_90;
    blit.src_image_h.addr[0] = saddr[0];
    blit.src_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888;
    blit.src_image_h.mode = G2D_GL0BAL_ALPHA;
    blit.src image h.clip rect.x = 0;
    blit.src image h.clip rect.y = 0;
    blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1920;
    blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.h = 1080;
    blit.src_image_h.width = 1920;
10
                                           Water Areas
11
    blit.src_image_h.height = 1080;
12
   blit.src_image_h.alpha = 0xff;
blit.dst_image_h.addr[0] = daddr[0];
    blit.dst_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888;
14
    blit.dst_image_h.mode = G2D_GL0BAL_ALPHA;
15
16
    blit.dst image h.clip rect.x = 0;
17
    blit.dst image h.clip rect.y = 0;
    blit.dst image h.clip rect.w = 1920;
    blit.dst image h.clip rect.h = 1080;
    blit.dst_image_h.alpha = 0xff;
21
    blit.dst_image_h.width = 1920;
    blit.dst_image_h.height = 1080;
22
23
    if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_BITBLT_H ,(unsigned long)(&blit)) < 0)</pre>
24
25
26
        printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_BITBLT_H failure!\n",
27
     _LINE__, __FILE__,_FUNCTION__);
28
                return -1;
29
    }
30
31
    /* 缩放功能 */
    blit_flag_h = G2D_BLT_NONE_0;
32
33
    blit.src_image_h.addr[0] = saddr[0];
34
    blit.src_image_h.format = G2D_F0RMAT_ARGB8888;
35
    blit.src image h.mode = G2D GLOBAL ALPHA;
36
    blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
    blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
    blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
    blit.src image h.clip rect.h = 800;
40 blit.src image h.width = 1280;
    blit.src image h.height = 800;
    blit.src image h.alpha = 0xff;
    blit.dst image h.addr[0] = daddr[0];
44 blit.dst_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888;
45
    blit.dst_image_h.mode = G2D_GL0BAL_ALPHA;
46 blit.dst_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
47 blit.dst_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
48 blit.dst_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1920;
```



```
blit.dst_image_h.clip_rect.h = 1080;
   blit.dst_image_h.alpha = 0xff;
    blit.dst_image_h.width = 1920;
52
   blit.dst_image_h.height = 1080;
53
   if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_BITBLT_H, (unsigned long)(&blit)) < 0)
5.4
55
        printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_BITBLT_H failure!\n",
56
57
     _LINE__, __FILE__,_FUNCTION__);
58
                return -1;
59
60
    /* 格式转换 */
61
62
   blit.flag_h = G2D_BLT_NONE_0;
   blit.src_image_h.addr[0] = saddr[0];
63
   blit.src_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888;
64
65
   blit.src_image_h.mode = G2D_GL0BAL_ALPHA;
66
   blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
67
   blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
   blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
69 blit.src_image_h.clip_rect.h = 800;
                                           w; Haper Haper Haper
70 blit.src_image_h.width = 1280;
71 blit.src image h.height = 800;
72 blit.src_image_h.alpha = 0xff;
73 blit.dst_image_h.addr[0] = daddr[0];
   blit.dst_image_h.format = G2D_F0RMAT_YUV420UVC_V1U1V0U0;
75
   blit.dst_image_h.mode = G2D_GL0BAL_ALPHA;
76
   blit.dst_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
77
   blit.dst_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
   blit.dst_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
78
79
   blit.dst_image_h.clip_rect.h = 800;
   blit.dst_image_h.alpha = 0xff;
    blit.dst image h.width = 1280;
    blit.dst_image_h.height = 800;
83
84
   if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_BITBLT_H ,(unsigned long)(&blit)) < 0)</pre>
85
        printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_BITBLT_H failure!\n",
86
87
     _LINE__, __FILE__,__FUNCTION__);
88
                return -1;
89
```

483.24 G2D CMD8BLD6H 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48

PROTOTYPE

```
int ioctl(int fd, int cmd, void *arg)
```

ARGUMENTS

```
cmd G2D_CMD_BLD_H
arg arg为g2d_bld结构体指针
```

RETURNS

成功: 0,失败:失败号

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文档密级: 秘密



DESCRIPTION
 实现两幅图的 BLD(porter-duff) 操作

• DEMO

```
14901
    blend.bld cmd = G2D BLD COPY;
    blend.src_image_h.mode = G2D_GLOBAL_ALPHA;
    blend.src_image_h.format = G2D_F0RMAT_ARGB8888;
    blend.src_image_h.alpha = 128;
    blend.src_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
    blend.src_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
    blend.src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
    blend.src_image_h.clip_rect.h = 800;
    blend.src_image_h.width = 1280;
10
   blend.src_image_h.height = 800;
    blend.dst image h.mode = G2D GLOBAL ALPHA;
    blend.dst image h.format = G2D FORMAT ARGB8888;
   blend.dst_image_h.alpha = 128;
   blend.dst image h.clip rect.x = 0;
   blend.dst_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
   blend.dst_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
   blend.dst_image_h.clip_rect.h = 800;
17
    blend.dst_image_h.width = 1280;
   blend.dst_image_h.height = 800;
20
   if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_BLD_H ,(unsigned long)(&blend)) < 0)</pre>
21
22
   {
23
    printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_BLD_H failure!\n"
24
             _LINE__, __FILE__,__FUNCTION__);
25
            return -1;
26
```

3.2.5 G2D_CMD_MASK H

• PROTOTYPE

int ioctl(int fd, int cmd, void *arg)

ARGUMENTS

```
cmd G2D_CMD_MASK_H
arg arg为g2d_maskblt结构体指针
```

• RETURNS

成功: 0,失败:失败号

DESCRIPTION
 根据掩膜图和光栅操作码对 src、pattern 和 dst 进行操作,并将结果保存到 dst 中.

• DEMO

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```
mask.back_flag = G2D_R0P3 NOTSRCCOPY;
 2
    mask.fore_flag = G2D_ROP3_SRCINVERT;
 3
    mask.src_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
 4
    mask.src_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
    mask.src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
16)
    mask.src_image_h.clip_rect.h = 800;
    mask.src_image_h.width = 1280;
 8
    mask.src_image_h.height = 800;
 9
    mask.src_image_h.mode = G2D_GL0BAL_ALPHA;
10
    mask.dst image h.clip rect.x = 0;
11
    mask.dst image h.clip rect.y = 0;
12.
    mask.dst_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
13
    mask.dst_image_h.clip_rect.h = 800;
14
    mask.dst_image_h.width = 1280;
15
    mask.dst_image_h.height = 800;
16
    mask.dst_image_h.mode = G2D_GLOBAL_ALPHA;
17
    mask.mask_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
18
    mask.mask_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
19
    mask.mask_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
20
    mask.mask image h.clip rect.h = 800;
21
    mask.mask image h.width = 1280;
    mask.mask_image_h.height = 800;
                                                Age, Ma
23
    mask.mask image h.mode = G2D GLOBAL ALPHA;
24
    mask.ptn_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
    mask.ptn_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
    mask.ptn_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
27
    mask.ptn_image_h.clip_rect.h = 800;
28
    mask.ptn_image_h.width = 1280;
29
    mask.ptn_image_h.height = 800;
    mask.ptn_image_h.mode = G2D_GLOBAL_ALPHA;
30
    mask.src_image_h.alpha = 0xff;
    mask.mask_image_h.alpha = 0xff;
    mask.ptn image h.alpha = 0xff;
    mask.dst image h.alpha = 0xff;
    mask.src_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888;
    mask.mask_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888;
    mask.ptn_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888;
37
    mask.dst_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_ARGB8888;
38
39
40
    if(ioctl(int fd, G2D CMD MASK H ,(unsigned long)(&mask)) < 0)</pre>
41
    printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_MASK_H failure!\n",__LINE__,__FILE__,_FUNCTION__);
42
43
                return -1:
44
```

3.3 批处理接口

```
struct mixer_para {
    g2d_operation_flag op_flag;
    g2d_blt_flags_h flag_h;
    g2d_rop3_cmd_flag back_flag;
    g2d_rop3_cmd_flag fore_flag;
    g2d_bld_cmd_flag bld_cmd;
    g2d_image_enh src_image_h;
    g2d_image_enh dst_image_h;
    g2d_image_enh ptn_image_h;
```

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struct mixer_para 是 RCQ 批处理的核心结构体,可以看到除了第一个成员,其它成员的类型都是旧驱动里面有的,struct mixer para 是之前驱动接口结构体的一个合集,如图 2 所示:



图 3-1: mixerpara

所以你可以用批处理接口完成上面其它接口的功能,只要你设置好对应的成员和 $g2d_operation_flag$ 即可.

3.3.1 G2D CMD MIXER TASK

• PROTOTYPE

```
int ioctl(int fd, int cmd, void *arg)
```

• ARGUMENTS

cmd:G2D_CMD_MIXER_TASKarg[0]:设备文件标识符arg指向mixer_para指针,批处理的话就是数组指针。arg[1]:指针需要处理的帧的数量,大于等于1

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RETURN

成功: Θ, 失败: 失败号

用户要做的事情,就是填充好 mixer_para 数组、申请好输入输出内存,将要处理的图像写入到输入内存里面,将处理好的图像在输出内存里面取出来。

下面是批处理缩放 16 帧示例,其中 4 帧是 rgb 格式的缩放,6 帧是 Y8 的是缩放,6 帧是 nv12 的缩放。

```
#define RGB_IMAGE_NAME "../../pic/c1080_good.rgb"
 3
     #define Y8_IMAGE_NAME "../../pic/en_dmabuf_bike_1280x720_220_Y8.bin"
     #define NV12_IMAGE_NAME "../../pic/bike_1280x720_220.bin"
 4
 5
 6
     #define FRAME TO BE PROCESS 16
 7
     /*4 rgb convert 6 Y8 convert 6 yuv420 convert*/
     unsigned int out width[FRAME TO BE PROCESS] = {
9
         192, 154, 108, 321, 447, 960, 241, 320,
         1920, 1439, 1280, 1920, 2048, 720, 800, 480};
10
11
     unsigned int out_height[FRAME_TO_BE_PROCESS] = {108, 87, 70,
                                                                        217, 213,
12
                                                      840, 240, 1080, 777, 800, 1080,
1,3
                                                   2048, 480, 480,
                                                                        240);
14
15
    struct test_info_t
16
17
             struct mixer_para info[FRAME_TO_BE_PROCESS];
18
19
    };
20
21
    Int main()
22
    {
23
      test_info.info[0].flag_h = G2D_BLT_NONE_H;
24
25
             test_info.info[0].op_flag = OP_BITBLT;
26
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_RGB888;
27
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.width = 1920;
28
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.height = 1080;
29
             test info.info[0].src image h.clip rect.x = 0;
30
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
31
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1920;
32
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.clip_rect_h = 1080;
3/3
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.color = 0xee8899;
34
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.mode = G2D_PIXEL_ALPHA;
35
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.alpha = 0xaa;
36
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.align[0] = 0;
37
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.align[1] = 0;
38
             test_info.info[0].src_image_h.align[2] = 0;
39
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_RGB888;
40
41
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.width = 800;
42
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.height = 480;
43
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.clip_rect.x = 0;
44
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.clip_rect.y = 0;
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1920;
45
46
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.clip_rect.h = 1080;
47
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.color = 0xee8899;
48
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.mode = G2D_PIXEL_ALPHA;
```



```
49
             test info.info[0].dst image h.alpha = 255;
50
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.align[0] = 0;
51
             test_info.info[0].dst_image_h.align[1] = 0;
52
             test info.info[0].dst image h.align[2] = 0;
53
    for (i = 0; i < FRAME_TO_BE_PROCESS; ++i) {</pre>
                                                                                              HOCK
                     memcpy(&test_info.info[i], &test_info.info[0],
5,4
55
                             sizeof(struct mixer para));
56
                     test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.width = out_width[i];
57
                     test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.height = out_height[i];
58
                     test info.info[i].dst image h.clip rect.w = out width[i];
                     test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.clip_rect.h = out_height[i];
59
60
                     if (i < 4) {
61
                              test_info.out_size[i] = test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.width *
        test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.height * 3;
62
                             test_info.info[i].src_image_h.format = G2D_F0RMAT_BGR888;
63
                             test_info.info[i].src_image_h.width = 1920;
64
                             test_info.info[i].src_image_h.height = 1080;
65
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1920;
66
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.clip_rect.h = 1080;
67
                              test_info.in_size[i] = 1920*1080*3;
68
                              snprintf(test_info.src_image_name[i], 100,"%s",RGB_IMAGE_NAME);
69
                     } else if (i < 10) {</pre>
70
                             test_info.out_size[i] = test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.width *
        test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.height;
71
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.format = G2D_FORMAT_Y8;
                                                                                              HOCK
72
                             test_info.info[i].src_image_h.width = 1280;
73
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.height = 720;
74
                             test_info.info[i].src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
75
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.clip_rect.h = 720;
                              test_info.in_size[i] = 1280*720;
76
77
                              snprintf(test_info.src_image_name[i], 100,"%s",Y8_IMAGE_NAME);
                     } else {
78
79
                              test info.out size[i] = test info.info[i].dst image h.width *
        test info.info[i].dst image h.height * 2;
80
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.format =
        G2D_F0RMAT_YUV420UVC_U1V1U0V0;
81
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.width = 1280;
82
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.height = 720;
83
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.clip_rect.w = 1280;
                              test_info.info[i].src_image_h.clip_rect.h = 720;
84
85
                              test_info.in_size[i] = 1280*720*2;
86
                              snprintf(test_info.src_image_name[i], 100,"%s",NV12_IMAGE_NAME);
87
                     ret = ion_memory_request(&test_info.dst_ion[i], 1, NULL, test_info.
       out_size[i]); <
                     test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.fd = test_info.dst_ion[i].fd_data.fd;//rtos-
89
        hal中的驱动不支持使用fd,这里请修改为物理地址,并设置好偏移
90
91
                     test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.format = test_info.info[i].src_image_h.
        format;
92
                     ret = ion_memory_request(&test_info.src_ion[i], 0, test_info.
        src_image_name[i], test_info.in_size[i]);
93
                     test_info.info[i].src_image_h.fd = test_info.src_ion[i].fd_data.fd;//rtos-
        hal中的驱动不支持使用fd,这里请修改为物理地址,并设置好偏移
94
     arg[0] = (unsigned long)test info.info;
95
96
             arg[1] = FRAME_TO_BE_PROCESS;
97
             if (ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_MIXER_TASK, (arg)) < 0) {</pre>
98
                     printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_MIXER_TASK failure!\n", __LINE__,
99
                            __FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
```



```
100
                       goto FREE SRC;
101
              printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_MIXER_TASK SUCCESSFULL!\n", __LINE__,
102
103
                       __FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
104
105
              printf("save result data to file\n");
106
              char sufix[40] = \{0\};
107
              for (i = 0; i < FRAME_TO_BE_PROCESS; ++i) {</pre>
108
109
                       if (i < 4) {
110
                               snprintf(sufix, 40, "rgb888");
111
                       } else if (i < 10)
112
                               snprintf(sufix, 40, "y8");
113
                       else
114
                               snprintf(sufix, 40, "nv12");
115
116
                       snprintf(test_info.dst_image_name[i], 100,
117
                                "../../result/frame%d_%dx%d_to_%dx%d.%s",i,
118
                                test_info.info[i].src_image_h.width,
119
                                test_info.info[i].src_image_h.height,
120
                                test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.width,
121
                                test_info.info[i].dst_image_h.height, sufix);
122
                       if((test_info.dst_fp[i] = fopen(test_info.dst_image_name[i]) "wb+")) ==
         NULL) {
123
                               printf("open file %s fail.\n", test_info.dst_image_name[i]);
                       HOCK
124
                               Wreak;
125
                       } else {
                               ret = fwrite(test_info.dst_ion[i].virt_addr,
126
127
                                             test_info.out_size[i], 1, test_info.dst_fp[i]);
128
                               fflush(test_info.src_fp);
129
                               printf("Frame %d saved\n", i);
130
131
132
              }
133
134
```

3.3.2 G2D CMD CREATE TASK

• PROTOTYPE

```
int ioctl(int fd, int cmd, void *arg)
```

ARGUMENTS

```
      cmd
      G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK

      arg[0]
      arg指向mixer_para指针,批处理的话就是数组指针。

      arg[1]
      需要处理的帧的数量,大于等于1
```

RETURN



```
成功: task id,大于等于1,其它情况则为失败
arg[0]对应的指针所指向的mixer_para内容会被更新。
```

该 ioctl 命令用于创建新的批处理实例,但不做硬件处理, 只是准备好软件。

1890

这个过程会构造对应帧数的 rcq 队列内存以及进行输入输出图像的 dma map 和 dma umap 操作,构造完毕之后会更新 mixer_para 回应用层。task_id 是唯一的,只要不销毁批处理实例,会一直占据这个 id,根据这个 id 用户可以进一步操作,比如设置,销毁,获取当前 mixer para。

如下例子,会创建两个不同帧数和输入输出格式的批处理实例,最终得到两个不同的 task id, task0 和 task1。mixer para 如何构造参考 G2D_CMD_MIXER_TASK 的例子。

```
arg[0] = (unsigned long)test_info.info;
        arg[1] = FRAME_TO_BE_PROCESS;
 2
 3
        task0 = ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK, (arg));
 4
        if (task0 < 1) {
 5
            printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK failure!\n", __LINE__,
                     _FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
 6
 7
            goto FREE SRC;
 8
        printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK SUCCESSFULL!\n", __LINE
9
              FILE____FUNCTION____
10
Ň
12
13
        arg[0] = (unsigned long)test_info2.info;
        arg[1] = FRAME_TO_BE_PROCESS2;
14
        task1 = ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK,
15
16
        if (task1 < 1) {
            printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK failure!\n", __LINE___,
17
18
                     FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
19
            goto FREE_SRC;
20
21
        printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK SUCCESSFULL!\n", __LINE__,
               __FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
22
```

3.3.3 G2D CMD TASK APPLY

• PROTOTYPE

```
int ioctl(int fd, int cmd, void *arg)
```

ARGUMENTS

```
      cmd
      G2D_CMD_TASK_APPLY

      arg[0]
      task id(由G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK命令获得)

      arg[1]
      arg指向mixer_para指针,批处理的话就是数组指针
```

• RETURN



成功: 0,失败:失败号

该 ioctl 命令的作用是执行批处理的硬件操作。

值得注意 arg[1] 中的 mixer_para,必须是 G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK 之后返回的 mixer_para 或者是通过另外一个 ioctl 命令 G2D_CMD_TASK_GET_PARA 才行,这里不需要制定帧数的原因是前面的 G2D_CMD_CREATE_TASK 已经指定好帧数,而 G2D_CMD_TASK_APPLY 是基于 task id 来执行的。

```
arg[0] = task0;
        arg[1] = (unsigned long)test info.info;
 3
        if(ioctl(g2d fd, G2D CMD TASK APPLY, (arg)) < 0) {</pre>
 4
            printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_TASK_APPLY failure!\n", __LINE__,
 5
                     _FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
            goto FREE_SRC;
 6
 7
 8
        printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_TASK_APPLY SUCCESSFULL!\n", __LINE__,
9
               __FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
10
11
        arg[0] = task1;
12
        arg[1] = (unsigned long)test_info2.info;
13
        if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_TASK_APPLY, (arg)) < 0) {</pre>
       printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_TASK_APPLY failure!\n",
14
15
                    FILE , FUNCTION );
            goto FREE SRC;
16
17
        printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_TASK_APPLY SUCCESSFULL!\n",
18
                                                                   LINE
                _FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
19
```

3.3.4 G2D CMD TASK DESTROY

PROTOTYPE

```
int ioctl(int fd, int cmd, void *arg)
```

ARGUMENTS

```
cmd G2D_CMD_TASK_DESTROY

arg[0] task id
```

• RETURN

```
成功: 0, 失败: 失败号
```

该 ioctl 命令的作用是销毁指定 task id 的批处理实例。

```
arg[0] = task0;;

if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_TASK_DESTROY, (arg)) < 0) {
    printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_TASK_DESTROY failure!\n", __LINE__,</pre>
```

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```
_FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
 5
             goto FREE_SRC;
 6
         printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_TASK_DESTROY SUCCESSFULL!\n", __LINE__,
        __FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
_arg[0] _= task1;
 8
10
        if(ioctl(g2d_fd, G2D_CMD_TASK_DESTROY, (arg)) < 0) {</pre>
11
             printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_TASK_DESTROY failure!\n", __LINE___,
12
                      _FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
13
             goto FREE_SRC;
14
15
         printf("[%d][%s][%s]G2D_CMD_TASK_DESTROY SUCCESSFULL!\n", __LINE__,
                __FILE__, __FUNCTION__);
```

3.3.5 G2D CMD TASK GET PARA

• PROTOTYPE

```
(int ioctl(int fd, int cmd, void *arg)
```

ARGUMENTS

```
cmd G2D_CMD_TASK_DESTROY
arg[0] task id
arg[1] 指向mixer_para指针,多帧的话就是数组指针
```

• RETURN

```
成功: 0,失败: 失败号
```

该 ioctl 命令的作用是获取指定 task id 的 mixer para。

用户必须自行保证传入的指针所指向的内存足够存放这么多帧的参数





4.1 常见问题

4.1.1 对齐问题

- mixer 要 4byte 对齐
- rotate 输出要 8byte 对齐,输入没有要求,底层关心的只是输入的宽和高,以及输出的 pitch 大小

4.1.2 输出格式显示

yuv 格式,做旋转时,输出一律是 yuv420,旋转和缩放不能同时使用,要调用两次接口。

4.1.3 输出宽度

G2D 硬件模块不支持输出宽度等于 1 pixel。



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