A Survey of Real Sybil Attacks

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ABSTRACT

1. INTRODUCTION

This survey will focus on real-world attacks using Sybil, eclipse and sinkholing techniques. We perceive these to be belonging to the same broad class of attacks. The goal is to provide a list of scientific articles which are based on a publicly available real-world datasets. The outcome of this survey will be the largest structured collection of various datasets and the actual datasets themselves in the form of supplementary material.

The list of datasets will, for instance, cover fake profiles on social networking sites (Facebook), communication systems (Twitter), search engine link farms, auction sites, review sites, sock puppets on news sites, and various other Internet-deployed systems. A key challenge is the diversity and formatting of these datasets. The goal is to design a unifying format to enable scientists to easily use all available datasets for their latest research findings with minimal effort.

The survey will provide a structured listing with key aspects of each dataset, such as, description, origin, size, creation date, and copyright license.

2. DATASETS

In this section, the current state of the art on Sybil attacks and their datasets is reviewed. We list well-known papers on the sybil attack and list several aspects including the year, size, amount of sybils, real or artificial data and availability of the dataset.

3. REFERENCES

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Year	Mechanism	# Nodes	# Sybils	Real-world data	Dataset availability
2004	Overlay defense* [12]	5050	1010	No	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2005	Defending sensors* [20]	No simulation	No simulation	N/A	N/A
2006	Self-registration* [6]	±500	±20	No	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2006	SybilGuard [18]	1. 1.000.000 2. 10.000 3. 100	±100	No	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2006	Computational Puzzles [2]	No simulation	No simulation	N/A	N/A
2008	Sybillimit [17]	1. 932.512 2. 900.822 3. 106.002 4. 1.000.000	TBD	1. Yes 2. Yes 3. Yes 4. No	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2008	Cluster Analysis* [16]	1. 101 2. 94	All possible pairs: 1. 5.050 2. 4.371	Yes (Since it concerns real devices in this paper, we perceive it as real data)	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2009	SybilInfer [5]	1. 1.000 2. ±33.000	1. 100 2. ± 2.000	1. No 2. Yes	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2009	Timestamp series [10]	No simulation	No simulation	N/A	N/A
2009	SyMon [7]	50.000	2.500 to 25.000 in steps of 2.500	No	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2009	Dsybil [19]	1. 496.622 2. 2.339 3. 480.189 4. 6.040 5. 105.283	Unknown	Yes	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2009	SumUp [13]	3.002.907	No ground truth Estimation: 12% (360.349)	Yes	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2011	GateKeeper [14]	1. Varying (Synthetic) 2. 446.181 3. 539.242	1. Varying 2. 43.725 sybils admitted 3. 76.572 sybils admitted	1. No 2. Yes 3. Yes	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2011	Mitigating* [8]	> 65.000 (Sybil network attached, no information on size)	Not mentioned	Yes, real sybils unkown	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2011	Leveraging* [4]	542.133	16.264 (3%)	Yes	• No link in paper • Public availability unknown • Author response pending
2011	Incorperating trust* [9]				
2012	SybilDefender [15]				
2013	Sok [1]				
2013	SybilShield [11]				
2014	SybilRank [3]				

Table 1: Current state of the art reviewed on their datasets. (* = mechanism was not named by the author(s)).

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