

Residential Tenancy Agreement (Standard Form of Lease)

Note

This tenancy agreement (or lease) is required for tenancies entered into on **April 30**, **2018 or later**. It does not apply to care homes, sites in mobile home parks and land lease communities, most social housing, certain other special tenancies or co-operative housing (see Part A of General Information).

Residential tenancies in Ontario are governed by the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*. This agreement cannot take away a right or responsibility under the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*.

Under the Ontario *Human Rights Code*, everyone has the right to equal treatment in housing without discrimination or harassment.

All sections of this agreement are mandatory and cannot be changed.

1.	Par	ties	to	the	Aq	re	em	ent
----	-----	------	----	-----	----	----	----	-----

Residential Tenancy Agreement between:

Landlord(s)

Note:

and Tenant(s)

Look Nones

1. Landlord's Legal Name Savanna Torrinha & Phil Torrinha

See Part B in General Information

1. Last Name	First Name	
Thurston	Ashley	
2. Last Name	First Name	
Thurston	Emily	
3. Last Name	First Name	
4 Last name	First Name	

# Last Hame	riist naille
5. Last Name	First Name

6. Last Name	st Name
--------------	---------

The landlord will rent to the tenant the rental unit at:

Unit	Street Number	Street Name	
# 3		Brockville Street	
City/Town			Postal Code
Smiths Falls		Ontario	K7A-3Y2

Number of vehicle parking spaces and description (e.g., indoor/outdoor, location)

2

1110	e rental unit is a u	ilit iii a condoniiilid	III.					
	Yes 🗸 No							
If y	es, the tenant agre	ees to comply with	the condominium	declaration, by-laws	s and rules, as provided	by the landlor	d.	
3.	Contact Inform	ation						
Ad	dress for Giving	Notices or Docun	nents to the Lan	dlord				
Un	it :	Street Number	Street Name			I	PO Box	
		108	Chippewa Aven					
	y/Town			Province		Postal Code	ZIP Code	
	pean	d topont parco to re	acivo noticos an	Ontario	il where ellowed by the	K2G 1Y6	Tanant	
	ard's Rules of Pra	•	ceive notices and	u documents by ema	il, where allowed by the	Landiold and	renam	
√	Yes No							
	ves, provide email vanna.torrinha@l							
The	e landlord is provi	ding phone and/or	email contact info	ormation for emerger	ncies or day-to-day comr	nunications:		
	YesNo	Sayanna T	Corrinha: 612 202	6205 (Dhono only f	or omorgonov)			
		sting with property	management) - E	-6285 (Phone only for Email:adam@urento	or emergency) ttawa.com / Phone: 613	3-276-5433 (P	HONE	
No	ILY FOR EMERG te:	JENCY)						
_		General Information	n					
4.	Term of Tenand	cy Agreement						
Th	is tenancy starts o							
-		Date (yyyy/mm	•	and Court and a Carthal and a second	- d - d)			
_				nd fill in details as ne	eaea)			
√ 8	a fixed length of tir		<u>2024/08/31</u> ate (yyyy/mm/dd)					
	a monthly tenanc		ate (yyyy/iiiii/dd)					
	other (such as da	ily, weekly, please	specify):					
No	te:							
The	e tenant does not	have to move out a	at the end of the to	erm. See Parts C an	d D in General Informati	on.		
5.	Rent							
a)	Rent is to be pai	d on the First	(e.	g., first, second, last)	day of each (select one):		
	✓ Month							
	Other (e.g., v	weekly)						
b)	The tenant will p	ay the following rer	nt:					
	Base ren	it for the rental unit			\$2,1	00.00		
	Parking ((if applicable)		-	·	\$0.00		
	Other services and utilities (specify if applicable):							
				•				

2229E (2018/01) Page 2 of 13

	Total Rent (Lawfu	\$2,100.00
x	nis is the lawful rent for the unit, subject to any rent increases allow cample, the landlord and tenant may agree to a seasonal rent increater plug-in. This amount does not include any rent discounts (se	rease for additional services of air conditioning or a block
C)	Rent is payable to:	
	Savanna Torrinha	
d)	Rent will be paid using the following methods:	
	ote: ne tenant cannot be required to pay rent by post-dated cheques o	r automatic payments, but can choose to do so.
Э)	3, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 1	
	This partial rent covers the rental of the un Date (yyyy/mm/dd)	it from to to Date (yyyy/mm/dd) Date (yyyy/mm/dd)
)	If the tenant's cheque is returned because of non-sufficient fund	ds (NSF), the tenant will have to pay the landlord's
	administration charge of \$ plus any N	SF charges made by the landlord's bank.
	ote: ne landlord's administration charge for an NSF cheque cannot be	more than \$20.00
6.	Services and Utilities	
Γh	ne following services are included in the lawful rent for the rental u	unit, as specified:
	Gas	✓ Yes No
	Air conditioning	☐ Yes ✓ No
	Air conditioning Additional storage	
	•	☐ Yes ✓ No
	Additional storage	☐ Yes ✓ No ☐ Yes ✓ No ✓ Yes ☐ No ✓ No Charge ☐ Pay Per use
	Additional storage On-Site Laundry	☐ Yes ✓ No ☐ Yes ✓ No ✓ Yes ☐ No ✓ No Charge ☐ Pay Per use
	Additional storage On-Site Laundry Guest Parking Other	 Yes ✓ No Yes ✓ No Yes ☐ No ✓ No Charge ☐ Pay Per use Yes ✓ No ☐ No Charge ☐ Pay Per use

2229E (2018/01) Page 3 of 13

The following utilities are the responsibility of:
Electricity
Heat
Water
If the tenant is responsible for any utilities, provide details of the arrangement, e.g. tenant sets up account with and pays the utility provider, tenant pays a portion of the utility costs (if necessary add additional pages): Utility bills are capped at \$200 per billing period per utility. Anything beyond that is the responsibility of the tenant. The landlord will send the bill to the tenant in the case the utilities are over \$200 so the tenants can split the difference amongst themselves.
Note:
If the tenant will be responsible for paying for electricity measured by a meter or suite meter, the landlord must give the prospective tenant available information about the electricity usage in the rental unit over the last twelve months using the appropriate Landlord and Tenant Board form.
7. Rent Discounts
Select one:
✓ There is no rent discount.
or
The lawful rent will be discounted as follows:
Provide description of rent discount (if necessary add additional pages):
Note: See Part G in General Information for what types of discounts are allowed.
8. Rent Deposit
Select one:
A rent deposit is not required.
or
The tenant will pay a rent deposit of \$2,100.00. This can only be applied to the rent for the last rental period of
tenancy.

2229E (2018/01) Page 4 of 13

This amount cannot be more than one month's rent or the rent for one rental period (e.g., one week in a weekly tenancy), whichever is less. This cannot be used as a damage deposit. The landlord must pay the tenant interest on the rent deposit every year. See Part H in General Information.
9. Key Deposit
Select one:
✓ A key deposit is not required.
or
The tenant will pay a refundable key deposit of \$ to cover the cost of replacing the keys, remote entry devices or cards if they are not returned to the landlord at the end of the tenancy.
If a refundable key deposit is required, provide description and number of keys, access cards and remote entry devices:
Note : The key deposit cannot be more than the expected replacement cost. See Part H in General Information.
10. Smoking
Under provincial law, smoking is not allowed in any indoor common areas of the building. The tenant agrees to these additional rules on smoking:
Select one:
☐ None
or
✓ Smoking rules
Provide description of smoking rules (if necessary add additional pages): The Tenant and its guests will not smoke inside the building. This includes, marijuana, e-cigarates, bongs, etc. Smoking must be done 20ft from the building or be subject to \$1000 fumigating and painting fee at the termination of lease
Note:
In making and enforcing smoking rules, the landlord must follow the Ontario <i>Human Rights Code</i> . See Parts M and S in General Information.
11. Tenant's Insurance
Select one:
There are no tenant insurance requirements.
or The tenant must have liability insurance at all times. If the landlord asks for proof of coverage, the tenant must provide it. It is up to the tenant to get contents insurance if they want it.

Note:

2229E (2018/01) Page 5 of 13

12. Changes to the Rental Unit

The tenant may install decorative items, such as pictures or window coverings so long as they do not dent or damage the paint (Use of 3M products only). This is subject to any reasonable restrictions set out in the additional terms under Section 15. The tenant cannot make other changes to the rental unit without the landlord's permission.

13. Maintenance and Repairs

The landlord must keep the rental unit and property in good repair and comply with all health, safety and maintenance standards.

The tenant must repair or pay for any undue damage to the rental unit or property caused by the wilful or negligent conduct of the tenant, the tenant's guest or another person who lives in the rental unit.

The tenant is responsible for ordinary cleanliness of the rental unit, except for any cleaning the landlord agreed to do.

Note:

See Part J in General Information.

14. Assignment and Subletting

The tenant may assign or sublet the rental unit to another person only with the consent of the landlord. The landlord cannot arbitrarily or unreasonably withhold consent to a sublet or potential assignee.

Note:

There are additional rules if the tenant wants to assign or sublet the rental unit. See Part P in General Information.

15. Additional Terms

Landlords and tenants can agree to additional terms. Examples may include terms that:

- Require the landlord to make changes to the unit before the tenant moves in, and
- Provide rules for use of common spaces and/or amenities.

These additional terms should be written in plain language and clearly set out what the landlord or tenant must or must not do to comply with the term. If typed, the additional terms should be in a font size that is at least 10 points.

An additional term cannot take away a right or responsibility under the Residential Tenancies Act, 2006.

If a term conflicts with the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006* or any other terms set out in this form, the term is void (not valid or legally binding) and it cannot be enforced. Some examples of void and unenforceable terms include those that:

- Do not allow pets (however, the landlord can require the tenant to comply with condominium rules, which may prohibit certain pets),
- Do not allow guests, roommates, any additional occupants,
- Require the tenant to pay deposits, fees or penalties that are not permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2006
 (e.g., damage or pet deposits, interest on rent arrears), and
- Require the tenant to pay for all or part of the repairs that are the responsibility of the landlord.

See General Information for more details.

The landlord and tenant may want to get legal advice before agreeing to any additional terms.

Select one:

There are no additional terms.	
or	

This tenancy agreement includes an attachment with additional terms that the landlord and tenant agreed to.

2229E (2018/01) Page 6 of 13

16. Changes to this Agreement

After this agreement is signed, it can be changed only if the landlord and tenant agree to the changes in writing.

Note:

The *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006* allows some rent increases and requires some rent reductions without agreement between the landlord and tenant. See Part I in General Information.

17. Signatures

By signing this agreement, the landlord(s) and the tenant(s) agree to follow its terms.

Unless otherwise agreed in the additional terms under Section 15, if there is more than one tenant, each tenant is responsible for all tenant obligations under this agreement, including the full amount of rent.

Landlord(s):

Name	Signature	Date (yyyy/mm/dd)
Savanna Torrinha	S.Torganta	2023/07/26
Tenant(s):		
Name	Signature	Date (yyyy/mm/dd)
Ashley Thurston	A.Thit	2023/07/26
Name	Signature	Date (yyyy/mm/dd)
Emily Thurston	In as Thurston	2023/07/25
Name	Signature	Date (yyyy/mm/dd)
Name	Signature	Date (yyyy/mm/dd)
Name	Signature	Date (yyyy/mm/dd)
Name	Signature	Date (yyyy/mm/dd)

Note:

All of the landlords and tenants listed on the first page in Section 1 (Parties to the Agreement) must sign here. The landlord must give a copy of this agreement to the tenant within 21 days after the tenant signs it.

2229E (2018/01) Page 7 of 13



Appendix: General Information

This Appendix sets out basic information for landlords and tenants. It is not intended as legal advice, and it is not an official interpretation of the *Residential Tenancies Act*, 2006 (the Act). Please refer to the Act for the specific rules.

The Landlord and Tenant Board also provides information about landlords' and tenants' rights and responsibilities under the Act.

Landlord and Tenant Board:

Toll free: 1-888-332-3234 Toronto area: 416-645-8080

TTY: Bell Relay Service at 1-800-268-9242

Website: www.sjto.ca/ltb

A. When to Use This Form

This form (standard form of lease) must be used for most residential tenancy agreements (leases).

This form should **not** be used for:

- care homes,
- sites in mobile home parks or land lease communities,
- social and supportive housing that is exempt from the rent increase guideline (see the regulation under the Act for specific exemptions),
- member units in co-operative housing, and
- any other accommodation that is exempt from the Act (see Section 5 of the Act).

B. Change of Landlord

A new landlord has the same rights and duties as the previous landlord. A new landlord must follow all the terms of this

C. Renewing a Tenancy Agreement (Part V of the Act)

agreement unless the tenant and new landlord agree to other terms. A new landlord should provide the tenant with their legal name and address.

If the landlord and tenant agree that the tenancy will last for a specific period of time, this is called a fixed term tenancy. This is because both the start and end date are set out in the tenancy agreement.

The end of an agreement does not mean the tenant has to move out or sign a renewal or new agreement in order to stay. The rules of the agreement will still apply and the tenant still has the right to stay:

- as a monthly tenant, if the agreement was for a fixed term or monthly tenancy,
- as a weekly tenant, if the agreement was for a weekly tenancy, or
- as a daily tenant, if the agreement was for a daily tenancy.

The landlord and tenant can also agree to renew the agreement for another fixed term or enter into a new agreement. In any case, changes to the rent must follow the rules under the Act (see Part I below for further information).

D. Ending the Tenancy (Part V of the Act)

The landlord or tenant must follow the rules of the Act when ending a tenancy.

When the tenant can end the tenancy

The tenant may end a tenancy by giving the landlord proper notice using the appropriate Landlord and Tenant Board form. They must give:

2229E (2018/01) Page 8 of 13

- at least 60 days' notice if they have a monthly or fixed term tenancy, or
- at least 28 days' notice if they have a daily or weekly tenancy.

For a fixed term tenancy, the notice cannot be effective before the last day of the fixed term. For a monthly or weekly tenancy, the notice must be effective on the last day of a rental period (e.g. month or week).

In certain situations, a tenant who has experienced sexual or domestic violence can give 28 days' notice to end the tenancy at any time, even if the tenant has a fixed term agreement (e.g., one year agreement). They must use the notice form approved by the Landlord and Tenant Board.

When the landlord can end the tenancy

The landlord cannot evict the tenant unless the landlord follows the proper rules. In most cases, the landlord must give proper notice to end the tenancy using the right form. Forms are available on the Landlord and Tenant Board's website.

The landlord can only give the tenant notice to end the tenancy in certain situations. These situations are set out in the Act. A few examples include:

- tenant does not pay the full rent when it is due,
- tenant causes damage to the rental unit or building, and
- tenant substantially interferes with the reasonable enjoyment of other tenants or the landlord.

If the landlord gives a tenant notice to end the tenancy, the tenant does not have to move out.

If the tenant does not move out, the landlord must apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board in order to evict the tenant. The Landlord and Tenant Board will hold a hearing and decide if the tenancy should end. Both the landlord and the tenant can come to the hearing and explain their side to the Landlord and Tenant Board. If the Landlord and Tenant Board orders an eviction, the eviction order can only be enforced by the Sheriff (Court Enforcement Officer).

It is an offence for the landlord to evict a tenant without following this process. If convicted, the landlord could face a fine of up to \$25,000 (for an individual) or \$100,000 (for a corporation).

If the Landlord and Tenant agree to end the tenancy

The tenant and landlord can agree to end a tenancy at any time by using the proper Landlord and Tenant Board form. Some landlords may ask the tenant to sign this form when signing the agreement. In most cases, an agreement to end a tenancy signed at the beginning of the tenancy agreement is unenforceable and the tenant does not have to move out.

There is more information on how to end a tenancy and reasons for eviction in the Act and in a brochure on the Landlord and Tenant Board website.

E. Giving Notices and Documents (Part XII of the Act)

The landlord and tenant have to deliver some official notices and other documents in writing. These notices and documents can be:

- · hand delivered.
- left in a mail box or a place where mail is ordinarily delivered, or
- mailed (this will count as delivered five days after mailing).

There are also other ways to serve notices and documents. For more information, contact the Landlord and Tenant Board or see the Rules of Practice on its website.

F. Rent and Rent Receipts (Part VII of the Act)

Rent is the amount the tenant pays to the landlord to occupy the rental unit and receive services or facilities agreed to in this agreement.

The tenant must pay their rent on time. If they do not, the landlord can give them notice to end the tenancy.

If the tenant asks for a receipt for rent or any payment or deposit, the landlord must give them one for free. This also applies to a former tenant who asks for a receipt within 12 months after the end of their tenancy.

2229E (2018/01) Page 9 of 13

G. Rent Discounts (Part VII of Act)

The landlord can offer the tenant a discount for paying rent on or before the date it is due. This discount can be up to two per cent of the lawful rent.

The landlord can also offer rent-free periods or discounts in one of three ways:

- Rent-free periods of up to three months within any 12-month period,
- A discount of up to one month's rent spread evenly over eight months, or
- A discount of up to two months' rent, with up to one month's rent spread evenly over the first seven months, and up to one month's rent discounted in one of the last five months.

These types of discounts must be agreed to in writing.

H. Deposits (Part VII of the Act)

The landlord can only collect a deposit for the last month's rent and a refundable key deposit. The tenant does not have to provide any other form of deposit, such as pet or damage deposits. If the tenant pays anything more, the tenant can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to get the money back.

Rent deposit (i.e. last month's rent): The landlord can require a rent deposit on or before the tenant enters into the tenancy agreement. The landlord must apply this money to the rent for the last period of the tenancy. The rent deposit must not be more than one month's rent or the rent for one rental period (e.g., one week in a weekly tenancy), whichever is less.

The landlord must pay the tenant interest on the rent deposit every year. If the rent increases after the tenant has paid a rent deposit, the landlord can require the tenant to top-up the rent deposit so that it is the same as the new rent. The landlord can use the interest on the rent deposit to top-up the rent deposit.

If the landlord is unable to let the tenant move into the rental unit, the landlord must return the deposit, unless the tenant agrees to rent a different unit.

Key deposit: If the landlord collects a deposit for key(s), remote entry devices or cards, the landlord must return the deposit when the tenant gives back their key(s) at the end of the tenancy.

The landlord can charge the tenant for additional keys that the tenant requests (for example, if the tenant wants an extra key or if the tenant has lost their key), but the charge cannot be more than actual cost of the keys. This is not a key deposit.

I. Rent Increases and Decreases (Part VII of the Act)

Most Ontario tenants are protected by rent controls that limit how much rent can increase year-over-year. The rent payable by tenants may also decrease in limited situations.

Guideline Rent Increases

Normally, the landlord can increase the rent only once every 12 months. The landlord must use the proper Landlord and Tenant Board form and give the tenant at least 90 days' notice before the rent increase is to take effect. The rent can be increased by no more than the rent increase guideline unless the Landlord and Tenant Board approves a rent increase above the guideline. The guideline for each year can be found on the Landlord and Tenant Board's website.

Rent Increases above the Guideline

The landlord can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board for approval to raise the rent by more than the rent increase guideline. Affected tenants can oppose this application at the Landlord and Tenant Board.

This kind of rent increase is called an above-guideline rent increase. The Landlord and Tenant Board can allow this kind of rent increase if:

- the landlord's municipal taxes and charges have increased significantly,
- the landlord has done major repairs or renovations, or
- the costs of external security services (i.e. not performed by the landlord's employees) have increased, or external security services are being provided for the first time.

2229E (2018/01) Page 10 of 13

The landlord and tenant can also agree to an above-guideline rent increase, if the landlord agrees to renovate or add a new service for the tenant. Certain rules apply.

Rent Reductions:

The landlord must reduce the rent if:

- the municipal property tax goes down by more than 2.49 per cent, or
- the rent was increased above the guideline to pay for repairs or renovations and the costs have been fully paid for (this only applies to tenants who were living in the unit when the above guideline rent increase happened).

The tenant can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to reduce their rent if:

- municipal property taxes or charges on the rental property go down,
- the landlord reduced or removed a service without reducing the rent, or
- the landlord did not keep a promise they made in an agreement for a rent increase above the guideline.

J. Maintenance and Repairs (Part III, IV, V and XIV of the Act)

The landlord must keep the rental unit and property in good repair and comply with all health, safety and maintenance standards. This includes the maintenance and repair of things that came with the unit, such as appliances, and of common areas, such as parking lots, elevators, and hallways.

The tenant must pay their rent, even if they have problems with the maintenance and repair of their unit or property. If the tenant is having a maintenance or repair problem, the tenant should let the landlord know. If needed, the tenant can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board.

The tenant is responsible for any damage to the rental property caused by the tenant, the tenant's guest or another person who lives in the rental unit. This applies to any damage caused on purpose or by not being careful enough. This does not include damage that results from normal use of the rental unit over time ("wear and tear"). The landlord can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board if the tenant has not repaired such damage.

The tenant is responsible for ordinary cleanliness of the rental unit, except for any cleaning the landlord agreed to do.

K. Vital Services (Part I and III of the Act)

"Vital services" include hot or cold water, fuel, electricity, gas and heat.

The landlord must ensure that a rental unit has heating equipment capable of maintaining a minimum temperature of 20° Celsius from September 1 to June 15. Some municipal by-laws may have stricter requirements.

The landlord cannot withhold or shut off the reasonable supply of a vital service, care service or food that the landlord must supply under the tenancy agreement. If a vital service is cut-off because the landlord failed to pay their bill, the landlord is considered to have withheld that service. However, if a vital service is cut-off or disconnected because the tenant failed to pay their own utility bill, the tenant cannot claim that the landlord withheld a vital service.

The landlord cannot deliberately interfere with the reasonable supply of any vital service, care service or food, whether or not the landlord is obligated to supply it under the tenancy agreement.

L. Harassment (Part III and IV of the Act)

It is against the law for the landlord (or anyone acting for the landlord, such as a superintendent or property manager) to harass the tenant, or for the tenant to harass the landlord. If the landlord or the tenant is experiencing harassment they can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board.

M. Discrimination

If the landlord (or anyone acting for the landlord) discriminates against the tenant based on prohibited grounds of discrimination under the Ontario *Human Rights Code* (the *Code*), they may be violating the tenant's rights under the Code. The Landlord and Tenant Board may be able to consider discrimination if it relates to an application under the *Residential Tenancies Act*, 2006. In other situations, the tenant may have to take their case to the Human Rights Tribunal of Ontario.

2229E (2018/01) Page 11 of 13

N. Landlord's Entry into Rental Unit (Part III of the Act)

The tenant is entitled to reasonable enjoyment of the rental unit (e.g. quiet enjoyment, reasonable privacy, freedom from unreasonable disturbance and exclusive use of the rental unit).

The landlord can enter the rental unit with 24 hours' written notice only for the following reasons:

- make repairs,
- inspect the unit to see if repairs are needed, if the inspection is reasonable,
- show the rental unit to a possible buyer, insurer or mortgage lender,
- let a real estate agent show the unit to a possible buyer,
- · have a property inspection done before converting the residential building into a condominium, or
- for any reasonable purpose listed in the tenancy agreement.

The written notice must include the reason for the entry and state the date and time (between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m.) that the landlord will enter the unit. With proper notice, the landlord can enter the unit when the tenant is not at home.

The landlord does not need to give a notice to enter:

- · in case of emergency,
- if the tenant consents to entry,
- if the tenancy agreement requires the landlord to clean the unit, or
- if the tenancy is coming to an end and the landlord wants to show the unit to a potential new tenant the landlord can only show the unit between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. and must make a reasonable effort to let the tenant know when this will happen.

O. Locks (Part III and IV of the Act)

The landlord cannot change the locks of the rental unit unless the landlord gives the new keys to the tenant. The tenant cannot change the locks of the rental unit without the consent of the landlord.

P. Assign or Sublet (Part VI of the Act)

The tenant may assign or sublet the rental unit to another person only with the consent of the landlord. The landlord cannot arbitrarily or unreasonably withhold consent to a potential assignee or sublet of the rental unit.

- 1. **Assignment**: In an **assignment**, the tenant transfers their right to occupy the rental unit to someone else. The new person takes the place of the tenant, and the tenancy agreement stays the same.
- 2. **Sublet**: A **sublet** occurs when the tenant moves out of the rental unit, lets another person (the 'sub-tenant') live there until a specified date, and can return to live in the unit before the tenancy ends. The tenancy agreement and the landlord-tenant relationship do not change.

A tenant who sublets a rental unit cannot:

- · charge a higher rent than the landlord does for the rental unit,
- · collect any additional fees for subletting the rental unit, or
- charge the sub-tenant for additional goods or services.

Q. Guests (Part III of the Act)

The landlord cannot stop tenants from having guests, require the tenant to notify the landlord or get the landlord's permission before having guests. The landlord cannot charge extra fees or raise the rent due to guests in the rental unit. However, the tenant is responsible for the behaviour of their guests.

The landlord cannot prevent the tenant from having a roommate, as long as municipal by-laws on occupancy standards are respected.

2229E (2018/01) Page 12 of 13

R. Pets (Part III of the Act)

A tenancy agreement cannot prohibit animals in the rental unit or in or around the residential building.

There are some cases where the landlord can apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to evict a tenant who has a pet. These are some common examples:

- the pet makes too much noise, damages the unit or causes other tenants to have allergic reactions,
- · the breed or species is inherently dangerous, or
- the rules of the condominium corporation do not allow pets.

S. Smoking (Part V of the Act)

The Act does not discuss smoking in a rental unit. The landlord and tenant can use Section 10 of this lease to agree to either allow or prohibit smoking in the unit, and/or on the landlord's property.

Even if the lease doesn't prohibit smoking, the landlord may apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to end the tenancy if the smoking:

- substantially interferes with reasonable enjoyment of the landlord or other tenants,
- causes undue damage,
- · impairs safety, or
- substantially interferes with another lawful right, privilege or interest of the landlord.

If the tenant believes that other people smoking in their building affects their health or safety, contravenes maintenance standards, or substantially interferes with their reasonable enjoyment of the rental unit, they should discuss it with their landlord before contacting the Landlord and Tenant Board.

T. Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Alarms

The landlord must provide the rental unit with working smoke alarms and, where applicable, carbon monoxide alarms. The landlord is responsible for keeping smoke and carbon monoxide alarms in working condition, which includes replacing the batteries. The tenant must not disconnect or tamper with any smoke or carbon monoxide alarm and must notify the landlord immediately of any alarms not working properly.

U. Resolving Disputes

The landlord and tenant are required to follow the law. If they have problems or disagreements, the landlord and tenant should first discuss the issue and attempt to resolve it themselves. If the landlord or tenant feels that the other is not obeying the law, they may contact the Landlord and Tenant Board for information about their rights and responsibilities, including whether they may apply to the Landlord and Tenant Board to resolve the dispute.

2229E (2018/01) Page 13 of 13

APPENDIX A to Residential Tenancy Agreement (Standard Form of Lease)

- 1. The Landlord agrees to rent to the Tenants the **100 Brockville St.- Unit 3** as municipally described as **100 Brockville St** for use as a 'Single Family Dwelling' for residential purposes only. Neither the Premises nor any part of the Premises will be used at any time during the term of this Lease by Tenants for the purpose of carrying on any business, profession, or trade of any kind, or for the purpose other than as a private single-family residence.
- 2. The Agreement to Lease dated 2023/09/01 to 2024/08/31 shall form part of this Residential Lease.
- 3. By signing this lease, the tenant agrees to pay all rent promptly via postdated cheques which will be deposited on or before the first (1st) of every month for the duration of the fixed term tenancy agreement. The Tenant cannot prematurely end this lease agreement due to personal or social reasons.
- 4. Subject to the provisions of this Lease, apart from the Tenants, no other persons will live in the Premises without the prior written permission of the Landlord.
- 5. No guests of the Tenants may occupy the Premises for longer than one week without the prior written consent of the Landlord.
- 6. No pets or animals are allowed to be kept in or about the Premises without the prior written permission of the Landlord. Upon thirty (30) days' notice, the Landlord may revoke any consent previously given pursuant to this clause.
- 7. The Landlord represents and warrants that the appliances will be in good working order at the commencement of the lease term. Tenant agrees to maintain said appliances in a state of ordinary cleanliness at the Tenant's cost.
- 8. The Landlord has supplied, and the Tenant agrees to use and maintain in reasonable condition, normal wear and tear accepted, the furnishings noted in the inspection report completed before the Tenant took possession of the Premises.
- 9. If the Premises should be damaged other than by the Tenant's negligence or willful act or that of the Tenant's employee, family, agent, or visitor to the extent that the Landlord will decide not to rebuild or repair, the term of this Lease will end and the Rent will be prorated up to the time of the damage.
- 10. In the case water or waste pipes become clogged by reason of the Tenant's neglect or recklessness, the Tenant shall repair same at his/her own expense as well as pay for all damage caused. The Tenants shall take due precautions against freezing of water or waste pipes and stoppage of the same in and about the Premises.
- 11. The Tenant shall ensure that the Premises is kept clean and orderly at all times. This includes, but is not limited to, washing dishes, cleaning the washrooms and common areas. The Landlord (or the property manager) will determine if the state of cleanliness is adequate and may choose to hire a Cleaning Service at the Tenant's expense. The Tenant shall ensure that the Premises is left clean and all garbage is removed from the property upon vacating the Premises at the end of the Lease Term, otherwise the Tenants shall be billed for all costs incurred for Cleaning Services and Garbage Removal services including labour and dumping fees.
- 12. The Tenant will dispose of its trash and recyclable materials in a timely, tidy, proper and sanitary manner. It is the responsibility of the Tenants to ensure that all garbage and recycling is being brought to the curb on a weekly basis. Surplus bags are to be tagged as per the City bylaw.
- 13. The Tenant will obtain written permission from the Landlord before doing any of the following:
 - a. Applying adhesive materials, or inserting nails or hooks in walls or ceilings.
 - b. Painting, wallpapering, redecorating or in any way significantly altering the appearance of the Premises
 - c. Removing or adding walls, or performing any structural alterations.
 - d. Installing a waterbed(s).
 - e. Changing the amount of heat or power normally used on the Premises as well as installing additional

electrical wiring or heating units.

- f. Placing or exposing or allowing to be placed or exposed anywhere inside or outside the Premises any placard, notice or sign for advertising or any other purpose; or
 - g. Affixing to or erecting upon or near the Premises any radio or TV antenna or tower.
- 14. Landlord shall pay property taxes, condo fees and maintain fire insurance on the premises. Tenant acknowledges the Landlord's fire insurance on the premises provides no coverage on Tenant's personal property.
- 15. If the Tenant is absent from the Premises and the Premises are unoccupied for a period of four consecutive days or longer, the Tenant will arrange for regular inspection by a competent person. The Landlord will be notified in advance as to the name, address and phone number of this said person.
- 16. Tenant shall maintain the lint trap located within the dryer.
- 17. The Tenant agrees to allow the Landlord or his agent to show the property at a reasonable hour to prospective Buyers or Tenants, after giving the Tenant at least twenty-four (24) hours written notice of such showing.

- 18. The Landlord shall have access to the property with reasonable notice given for the reason of inspecting the unit forrepair deficiencies. The Tenant shall allow access to any trade to repair such deficiencies.
- 19. If any emergency repairs need to be made to the rental unit or the building, the tenant(s) will immediately report the need for the repairs to the landlord(s). Emergency repairs include repairs to the building heating system, water entryand any other defects that may result in substantial additional damage, if not addressed promptly. If any non-emergency repairs are needed, the tenant(s) will report those in writing, or as directed by the landlord(s).
- 20. The obligation to report needed repairs in writing includes the presence of bedbugs, cockroaches, and any other pests. If any infestation occurs in the rental unit or adjacent rental units, the tenant(s) will follow the direction of thelandlord(s) or their pest control operator as to preparing the rental unit for pest control treatments.
- 21. The Tenant agrees that if any of the keys, fobs and garage door openers are lost during term of the lease or any extension thereof, the tenant shall be responsible for the cost of replacing them.
- 22. On the termination date, the tenant(s) shall move out by 12:00 p.m., leaving the rental unit and all appliances clean, and in condition to be occupied by the in-coming tenant(s), if any.
- 23. If a payment for rent is delivered to the landlord(s) by a person who is not a tenant under this lease, then the personpaying that rent is an agent for the tenant(s), and no tenancy arises between that person and the landlord(s) due to the payment of the rent by that person.
- 24. Without the prior, express, and written consent of the Landlord, the Tenant will not assign this Lease, or sublet or grant any concession or license to use the Premises or any part of the Premises. A consent by Landlord to one assignment, subletting, concession, or license will not be deemed to be a consent to any subsequent assignment, subletting, concession, or license without the prior written consent of Landlord, or an assignment or subletting by operation of law, will be void and will, at Landlord's option, terminate this Lease.
- 25. Unless they have written consent of the landlord(s), the tenant(s) shall use no electrical appliances other than those provided in section 6 of this lease.
- 26. If Internet is provided, the Tenant shall be liable for any misuse of internet service including but not limiting downloading of copy written materials and any misuse can be cause for termination of internet service at the Tenant's expense.
- 27. The Tenant and its guests will not engage in any illegal trade or activity on or about the Premises.
- 28. The Tenant will not be growing any amount of marijuana/cannabis on or within the premise.
- 29. Under section 10 of this lease, smoking includes ordinary smoking, and any type of smoking or vaporizing tobacco, marijuana, cannabis or any other product so that it can be inhaled.

APPENDIX B to Residential Tenancy Agreement (Standard Form of Lease)

Rules and Regulations

These Rules and Regulations which are attached to and form part of this Lease shall be interpreted as they apply to the described rented premises, the premises of the Landlord or Condominium Corporation.

1. General Safety:

The Tenant shall not obstruct any route of access to or within the rented premises. In particular, but without limiting the generality, the Tenant shall not:

- a) encumber sidewalks, hallways, balconies, fire escapes or fire routes nor shall he remove or cover any source of light to any of these areas;
- b) take bicycles in or out through, or store them in, areas other than those designated by the Landlord;
- c) hang, anything on balcony railings or from balcony ceilings or supports without the written consent of the Landlord:
- d) throw or drop anything from any balcony or window.

2. Fire and Health Risks

The Tenant shall not store or use any noxious or flammable substances, any cooking or heating apparatus which may be a health or fire risk, be in contravention of any law or by-law or result in any increase in the Landlord's cost of insurance. In particular, but without limiting the generality, the Tenant shall:

- a) confine cooking to the kitchen or other areas specified by the Landlord;
- b) not store any paint, gasoline or propane containers in any enclosed area;
- c) not use a barbecue on any balcony or within the premises;
- d) not use or install any cooking or heating apparatus without the written consent of the Landlord;
- e) confine goods, garbage, papers, sweepings and other refuse in a safe and sanitary manner in the areas designated by the Landlord and ensure that they are available for removal from the premises at the appropriate times and places as designated by the Landlord.

4. Unoccupied Premises

If the Tenant is absent from the Premises and the Premises are unoccupied for a period of four consecutive days or longer, the Tenant will notify the landlord so that the landlord is aware and can inspect the premises as needed.

5. Housekeeping:

The Tenant shall:

- a) where applicable, keep the walkway/ pathway free from ice and snow. This may include the use of salt at the tenants own expense;
- b) at all times keep the rented premises in a proper state of cleanliness;
- c) be responsible for closing windows in the event of cold, rain or snow;
- d) not use spikes, hooks, screws or nails on the walls or woodwork;
- e) not allow any waste of water in the rented premises nor use toilets and other water apparatus for any purpose other than that for which they were constructed. In particular, but without limiting the generality, no sweepings, garbage, rubbish, rags, ashes, sanitary products, diapers or other substances shall be thrown in them;
- f) maintain the rented premises at a minimum temperature of 10 C/50 F.

6. Request for Additional Outlets:

If the Tenant desires additional telephone, TV or internet outlets the Landlor d will direct installers as to where and how the wires are to be introduced. Without such direction, no boring or cutting for wires will be permitted. If the Tenant desires to install, add to, or alter gas or electrical outlets he must obtain the written consent of the Landlord.

7. Moving Furniture

The Tenant shall move household furniture and effects into or out of the rented premises only at such times and in such manner as approved by the Landlord. In the case of condominium must also contact the property manager to book times to move-in and out of the premises.

8. Use of Common Facilities

Where laundry, recreational and other facilities are provided, the Tenant shall have the right to use such facilities as long as he abides by the rules and regulations for their operation.

9. Parking

The Tenant shall:

- a' park only passenger vehicles in spaces allotted to him and shall not use any other parking space without the written consent of the Landlord;
- b' furnish such information as may be required to identify each vehicle and affix to each vehicle such marker as may be required by the Landlord;
- c' keep the vehicle which he parks in his parking space in a good mechanical state of repair and have it washed regularly;
- d' not do or permit to be done repairs or cleaning of any kind to any vehicle in any parking or adjacent area;
- e' use electrical outlets where they are provided for block heating units only.

10. Signs and Nameplates

The Tenant shall not inscribe, paint or affix on any part of the rented premises any sign, advertisement or notice without the written consent of the Landlord.

11. Noise

The Tenant shall not do anything that will annoy, disturb or interfere in any way with any other Tenant, neighbour or those having business with them. In particular, but without limiting the generality, no noise caused by any instrument or other device, which in the opinion of the Landlord may be calculated to disturb the comfort of any other Tenant, shall be permitted in the rented premises, nor shall any noise whatsoever be repeated or persisted in following the Landlord's request that it discontinue.

12. Animals

The Tenant shall not keep any animal within or upon, in or about the rented premises without the written consent of the Landlord. If any animal is permitted about the rented premises, the Tenant will keep such animal on a leash whenoutside the premises and will ensure that any mess made by the animal is cleaned up effectively and immediately.

13. Pest Control

If the Tenant discovers any vermin on the premises, he shall immediately inform the Landlord. The Landlord shall have the right to take the necessary steps required to eliminate the vermin. Upon receiving 24 hours' notice, the Tenant shall, at his own cost, clean, remove or dispose of all goods in specified areas to facilitate the extermination process, following the instructions of the landlord or the exterminator acting on the landlord's behalf.

14. Contagious Disease

In the event of a contagious or infectious disease developing, the Tenant shall comply with any laws, by-laws or regulations relating to any such disease.