

TCP-Relay ii

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1 Introduction

tcprelay is a TCP connection forwarder with load balancing capabilities. If compiled with TLS support, it may be used as SSL encryption wrapper.

1.1 Download

Source and documentation are available from http://www.pro-bono-publico.de/projects/.

2 Operation

This section gives a brief and basic overview how to run tcprelay.

In earlier versions, **tcprelay** wasn't a standalone program but had to be invoked by **spawnd**. This has changed, as **spawnd** is now part of the **tcprelay** binary. However, using a dedicated **spawnd** process is still possible and, more importantly, the **spawnd** configuration options and documentation remain valid.

tcprelay may use auxilliary MAVIS backend modules for authentication and authorization.

2.1 Command line syntax

The only mandatory argument is the path to the configuration file:

```
tcprelay [ -P ] [ -d level ] [ -i child_id ] configuration-file [ id ]
```

If the program was compiled with CURL support, configuration-file may be an URL.

Keep the −P option in mind - it is imperative that the configuration file supplied is syntactically correct, as the daemon won't start if there are any parsing errors at start-up.

The -d switch enables debugging. You most likely don't want to use this. Read the source if you need to.

The -i option is only honoured if the build-in **spawnd** functionality is used. In that case, it selects the configuration ID for **tcprelay**, while the optional last argument id sets the ID of the **spawnd** configuration section.

2.2 Signals

Both the master (that's the process running the **spawnd** code) and the child processes (running the **tcprelay** code) intercept the SIGHUP signal:

- The master process will restart upon reception of SIGHUP, re-reading the configuration file. The child processes will recognize that the master process is no longer available. It will continue to serve the existing connections and terminate when idle.
- If SIGHUP is sent to a child process it will stop accepting new connections from its master process. It will continue to serve the existing connections and terminate when idle.

2.3 Event mechanism selection

Several level-triggered event mechanisms are supported. By default, the one best suited for your operating system will be used. However, you may use the environment variable IO_POLL_MECHANISM to select a specific one.

The following event mechanisms are supported (in order of preference):

• port (Sun Solaris 10 and higher only, IO POLL MECHANISM=32)

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- kqueue (*BSD and Darwin only, IO_POLL_MECHANISM=1)
- /dev/poll (Sun Solaris only, IO_POLL_MECHANISM=2)
- epoll (Linux only, IO_POLL_MECHANISM=4)
- poll (IO_POLL_MECHANISM=8)
- select (IO_POLL_MECHANISM=16)

Environment variables can be set in the configuration file at top-level:

```
setenv IO_POLL_MECHANISM = 4
```

2.4 Configuration Syntax

A single configuration file is sufficient for configuring both spawnd and tcprelay. The basic format for this file is:

```
id = spawnd {
    # spawnd configuration directives
}

id = tcprelay {
    # tcprelay configuration directives
}
```

For example, the spawnd section could look similar to:

```
listen = { port = 80}
spawn = { exec /usr/local/libexec/tcprelay }
```

This tells spawnd to accept connections on the port given, and feed them to a **tcprelay** process. Please see the **spawnd** documentation for more configuration details.

tcprelay has its own set of configuration directives:

• local address = addr

Specifies the local address used for outgoing connections.

• rebalance = n

Re-balances peers after *n* requests. May be used to reactivate dead peers. Use with care. Default: unset.

• remote ={ ... }

The remote sections tell **tcprelay** where to relay connections to. Valid configuration directives inside the curly brackets are:

```
- address = IPAddress
- port = TCPPort
- protocol = (TCP|SCTP)
- weight = Weight
```

Both the address and port directives are mandatory. The load balancing factor *weight* is optional and defaults to 1. Its value should somehow correspond to the load a destination can handle.

• retire = count

If set, the daemon will terminate after processing *count* sessions, what may be useful to remedy the effects of memory leaks. By default, this is not set.

```
• syslog((ident = Ident)|(level = Level)|(facility = Facility))
Selects syslog ident, level and facility. Defaults to:
```

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```
syslog ident = program-name
syslog facility = UUCP
syslog level = INFO
```

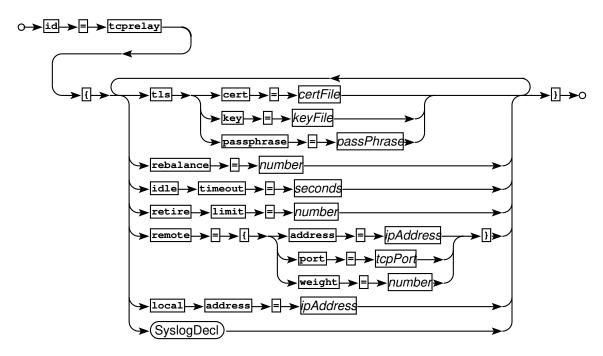
• idle timeout = Seconds
Set session timeout (default: 0).

• tls certfile = CertFile tls keyfile = KeyFile tls passphrase = PassPhrase

If compiled with TLS/SSL, PassPhrase, CertFile and KeyFile may be specified using this option.

KeyFile may be omitted, it defaults to CertFile.

2.4.1 Railroad Diagram



Railroad diagram: TcprelayConfig

2.5 Sample configuration

```
#!/usr/local/sbin/spawnd
id = spawnd {
    listen = { port = 2222 }
    listen = { address = ::0 port = 2222 }
    listen = { ::0 port = 2224 }
    listen = { port = 2225 tls = yes }
    spawn {
        users max = 4000
        users min = 10
        servers min = 1
        servers max = 20
    }
}
```

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```
id = tcprelay {
  remote = { address = 169.254.1.2 port = 22 }
  ssl cert = /some/where/sample.pem
  ssl passphrase = 12345
}
```

3 Bugs

- TLS re-negotiation is currently untested and may or may not work.
- There may still be some nasty bugs lurking in the code. Please contact the author via the "Event-Driven Servers" Google Group at event-driven-servers@googlegroups.com or http://groups.google.com/group/event-driven-servers if you think you've found one.

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• The following applies if the software was compiled with TLS support:

This product includes software developed by the OpenSSL Project for use in the OpenSSL Toolkit (http://www.openssl.org/). This product includes cryptographic software written by Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com").

 Portions of the parsing code are taken from Cisco's tac_plus developers kit which is distributed under the following license:

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