Relatorio

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Carregar arquivo de dados

```
# Cargamos el fichero de datos
# Debe tener una estructura igual a este, es decir,
# que las coordenadas X e Y estan en las columnas 3 y 5
# (la X) y 4 y 6 (la Y)
# Nombre del fichero de datos
fichero <- "Estatistica_8PCT.csv"
dados <- read.csv(fichero, header=TRUE, sep=";", dec=",")
dados[,2] <- 0</pre>
```

Calcular os erros em X e Y

```
puncontrol <- list()
for (i in 1:100) {
    x <- (i-1)*35+1
    puncontrol[[i]] <- dados[x:(x+33),]
    # Calculamos los errores en X e Y
    puncontrol[[i]]$E_X <- puncontrol[[i]][,5]- puncontrol[[i]][,3]
    puncontrol[[i]]$E_Y <- puncontrol[[i]][,6]- puncontrol[[i]][,4]
}</pre>
```

EstatÃsticas Básicas

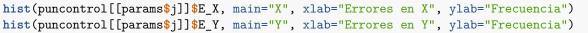
```
basicStats(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X)
```

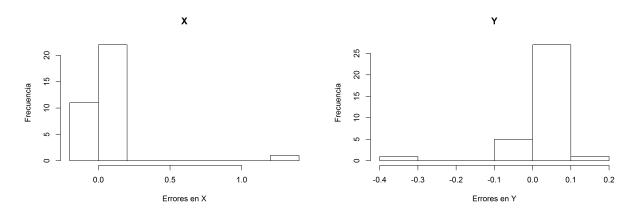
```
##
               X..puncontrol..params.j...E_X
## nobs
                                    34.000000
## NAs
                                     0.000000
## Minimum
                                     -0.173300
## Maximum
                                     1.303400
## 1. Quartile
                                    -0.009075
## 3. Quartile
                                     0.013100
## Mean
                                     0.032918
## Median
                                     0.003050
## Sum
                                     1.119200
## SE Mean
                                     0.038964
## LCL Mean
                                    -0.046355
## UCL Mean
                                     0.112190
## Variance
                                     0.051618
## Stdev
                                     0.227196
```

```
## Skewness 5.114912
## Kurtosis 25.781985
```

basicStats(puncontrol[[params\$j]]\$E_Y)

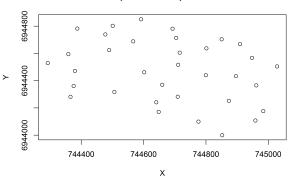
```
{\tt X..puncontrol..params.j...E\_Y}
##
## nobs
                                     34.000000
## NAs
                                      0.000000
## Minimum
                                     -0.373000
## Maximum
                                      0.174000
                                      0.006500
## 1. Quartile
## 3. Quartile
                                      0.058750
## Mean
                                      0.023676
## Median
                                      0.035000
## Sum
                                      0.805000
## SE Mean
                                      0.013671
## LCL Mean
                                     -0.004137
## UCL Mean
                                      0.051490
## Variance
                                      0.006354
## Stdev
                                      0.079715
## Skewness
                                     -3.407990
## Kurtosis
                                     15.440780
```



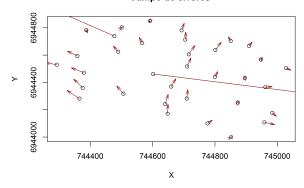


```
plot(puncontrol[[params$j]][,3], puncontrol[[params$j]][,4] ,
    main="Distribución espacial de los puntos de evaluación",
    xlab="X", ylab="Y")
```

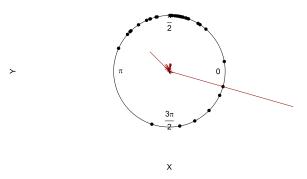
Distribución espacial de los puntos de evaluación



Campo de errores

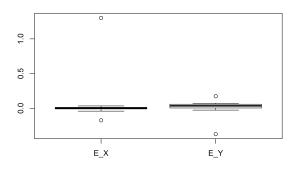


DistribuciÃ3n circular de erores

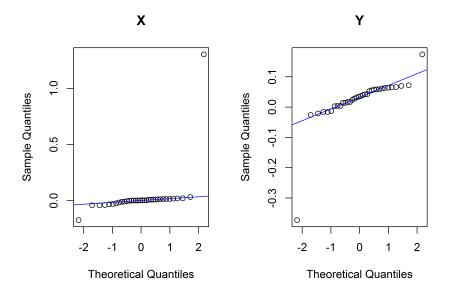


QCoH_RANDOMNESS(puncontrol[[params\$j]][c(7,8)])

```
## [1] "El resultado del test de aleaoriedad para X: "
##
##
    Runs Test
##
## data: errorespos[, 1]
## statistic = -0.34832, runs = 17, n1 = 17, n2 = 17, n = 34, p-value
## = 0.7276
## alternative hypothesis: nonrandomness
##
## [1] "El resultado del test de aleaoriedad para Y: "
##
##
  Runs Test
##
## data: errorespos[, 2]
## statistic = -3.1348, runs = 9, n1 = 17, n2 = 17, n = 34, p-value =
## 0.001719
## alternative hypothesis: nonrandomness
QCoH_OUTLIERS(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
## [1] "El n\tilde{A}^{\circ}mero de casos fuera de rango en X es: 1"
## [1] "El n\tilde{A}^{\circ}mero de casos fuera de rango en Y es: 0"
```



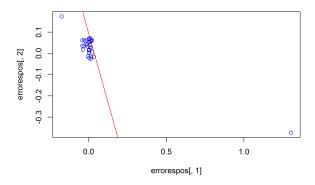
QCoH_NORMALITY_G(puncontrol[[params\$j]][c(7,8)])



QCoH_NORMALITY_A_KS(puncontrol[[params\$j]][c(7,8)])

```
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "two.sided"): ties should not
## be present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "less"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "greater"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "two.sided"): ties should not
## be present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "less"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "greater"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## Title:
   Normality test
##
##
## Test Results:
##
     STATISTIC:
       D: 0.4573
##
##
     P VALUE:
##
       Alternative Two-Sided: 1.334e-06
                        Less: 8.046e-07
##
       Alternative
##
       Alternative
                     Greater: 6.668e-07
##
## Description:
##
   X coordinate
##
##
## Title:
```

```
##
    Normality test
##
## Test Results:
##
     STATISTIC:
##
       D: 0.4602
##
     P VALUE:
##
       Alternative Two-Sided: 1.112e-06
                        Less: 5.561e-07
##
       Alternative
##
       Alternative
                     Greater: 1.712e-06
##
## Description:
## Y coordinate
QCoH_HOMOCEDAS_BAR(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
##
## Title:
##
  Bartlett Test for Homogeneity of Variances
## Test Results:
     STATISTIC:
##
##
       Bartlett's Chi-squared: 30.5769
##
     P VALUE:
##
       3.209e-08
##
## Description:
## Thu Jul 18 14:53:12 2019
QCoH_CORRELATION_G(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```



##

Spearman's rank correlation rho

```
##
## data: errorespos[, 1] and errorespos[, 2]
## S = 8534.1, p-value = 0.08057
## alternative hypothesis: true rho is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
## rho
## -0.3039126
```