

# Relatorio

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## Carregar arquivo de dados

```
# Cargamos el fichero de datos
# Debe tener una estructura igual a este, es decir,
# que las coordenadas X e Y estan en las columnas 3 y 5
# (la X) y 4 y 6 (la Y)
# Nombre del fichero de datos
fichero <- "Estatistica_8PCT.csv"
dados <- read.csv(fichero, header=TRUE, sep=";", dec=",")
dados[,2] <- 0
```

## Calcular os erros em X e Y

```
puncontrol <- list()
for (i in 1:100) {
  x <- (i-1)*35+1
  puncontrol[[i]] <- dados[x:(x+33), ]
  # Calculamos los errores en X e Y
  puncontrol[[i]]$E_X <- puncontrol[[i]][,5] - puncontrol[[i]][,3]
  puncontrol[[i]]$E_Y <- puncontrol[[i]][,6] - puncontrol[[i]][,4]
}
```

## Estatísticas Básicas

```
basicStats(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X)
```

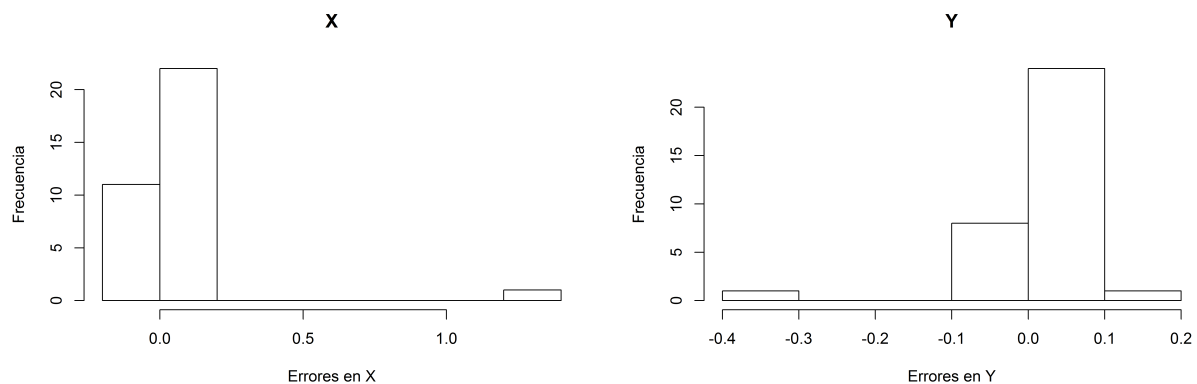
```
##           X..puncontrol..params.j...E_X
## nobs                34.000000
## NAs                  0.000000
## Minimum             -0.171600
## Maximum              1.310000
## 1. Quartile         -0.007075
## 3. Quartile          0.020425
## Mean                 0.038809
## Median               0.010050
## Sum                  1.319500
## SE Mean              0.039007
## LCL Mean            -0.040551
## UCL Mean             0.118169
## Variance              0.051732
## Stdev                0.227446
```

```
## Skewness          5.105324
## Kurtosis          25.720877
```

```
basicStats(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_Y)
```

```
##           X..puncontrol..params.j...E_Y
## nobs                34.000000
## NAs                  0.000000
## Minimum             -0.384000
## Maximum              0.159000
## 1. Quartile         0.000250
## 3. Quartile         0.048750
## Mean                0.014294
## Median              0.022500
## Sum                 0.486000
## SE Mean             0.013591
## LCL Mean            -0.013356
## UCL Mean            0.041945
## Variance            0.006280
## Stdev               0.079247
## Skewness            -3.534037
## Kurtosis            16.126883
```

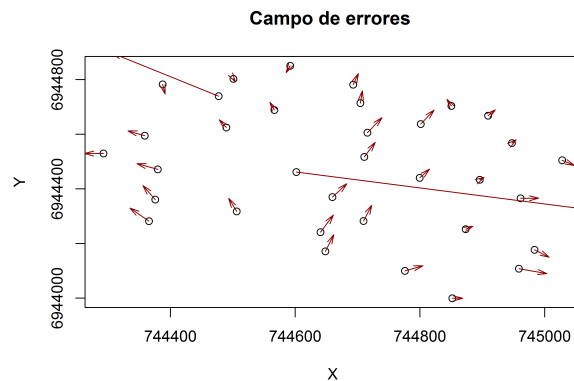
```
hist(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X, main="X", xlab="Errores en X", ylab="Frecuencia")
hist(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_Y, main="Y", xlab="Errores en Y", ylab="Frecuencia")
```



```
plot(puncontrol[[params$j]][,3], puncontrol[[params$j]][,4] ,
     main="Distribuci³n espacial de los puntos de evaluaci³n",
     xlab="X", ylab="Y")
```

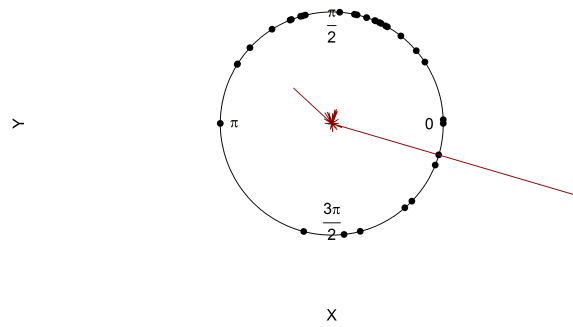


```
# Cambia este factor según necesites
fescala <- 1000
plot(puncontrol[[params$j]][,3], puncontrol[[params$j]][,4],
     main="Campo de errores ", xlab="X", ylab="Y")
arrows(puncontrol[[params$j]][,3],
       puncontrol[[params$j]][,4],
       puncontrol[[params$j]][,3] + fescala*puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X,
       puncontrol[[params$j]][,4] + fescala* puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_Y,
       col= 'dark red', length = 0.1, angle = 15)
```



```
# Cambia el factor de escala circular según necesites
fescalaCir <- 2
datos_cir2d <- circular(atan2(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_Y, puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X))
modulo2d <- sqrt(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X^2+puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_Y^2)
plot.circular(datos_cir2d)
title(main="Distribución circular de errores", xlab="X", ylab="Y")
segments(0, 0,
        fescalaCir*puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X,
        fescalaCir* puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_Y,
        col= 'dark red')
```

Distribución circular de errores

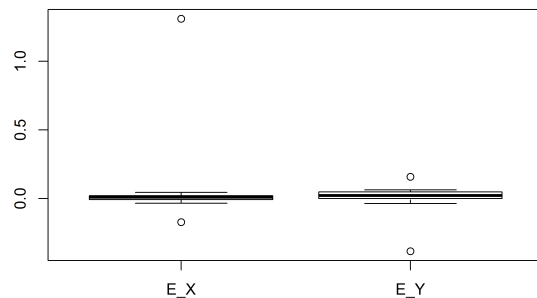


```
QCoH_RANDOMNESS(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```

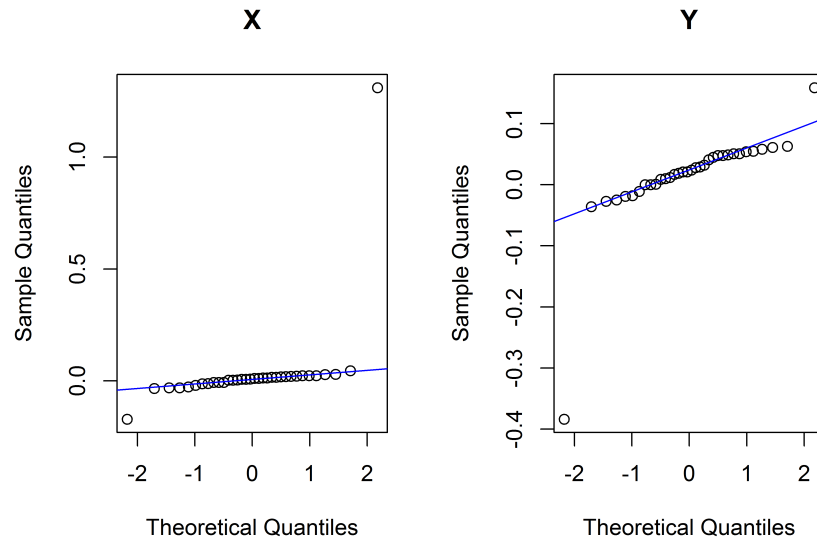
```
## [1] "El resultado del test de aleatoriedad para X: "
##
## Runs Test
##
## data: errorespos[, 1]
## statistic = -3.1348, runs = 9, n1 = 17, n2 = 17, n = 34, p-value =
## 0.001719
## alternative hypothesis: nonrandomness
##
## [1] "El resultado del test de aleatoriedad para Y: "
##
## Runs Test
##
## data: errorespos[, 2]
## statistic = -3.1348, runs = 9, n1 = 17, n2 = 17, n = 34, p-value =
## 0.001719
## alternative hypothesis: nonrandomness
```

```
QCoH_OUTLIERS(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```

```
## [1] "El número de casos fuera de rango en X es: 1"
## [1] "El número de casos fuera de rango en Y es: 0"
```



```
QCoH_NORMALITY_G(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```



```
QCoH_NORMALITY_A_KS(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```

```
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "two.sided"): ties should not
## be present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "less"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "greater"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "two.sided"): ties should not
## be present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "less"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "greater"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

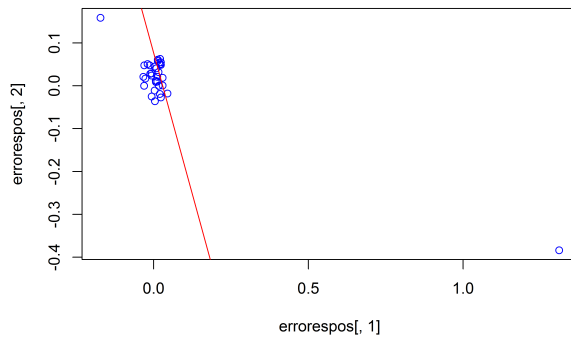
##
## Title:
## Normality test
##
## Test Results:
## STATISTIC:
## D: 0.4572
## P VALUE:
## Alternative Two-Sided: 1.344e-06
## Alternative Less: 6.718e-07
## Alternative Greater: 8.877e-07
##
## Description:
## X coordinate
##
## Title:
```

```
## Normality test
##
## Test Results:
## STATISTIC:
## D: 0.4562
## P VALUE:
## Alternative Two-Sided: 1.426e-06
## Alternative Less: 7.129e-07
## Alternative Greater: 1.379e-06
##
## Description:
## Y coordinate
```

```
QCoH_HOMOCEDAS_BAR(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```

```
##
## Title:
## Bartlett Test for Homogeneity of Variances
##
## Test Results:
## STATISTIC:
## Bartlett's Chi-squared: 30.9326
## P VALUE:
## 2.672e-08
##
## Description:
## Thu Jul 18 14:56:39 2019
```

```
QCoH_CORRELATION_G(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```



```
QCoH_CORRELATION_A(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```

```
##          E_X          E_Y
## E_X  1.000000 -0.918774
## E_Y -0.918774  1.000000
```

```
QCoH_CORRELATION_A_SPR(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```

```
## Warning in cor.test.default(errorespos[, 1], errorespos[, 2], method =
## "spearman"): Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
```

```
##
## Spearman's rank correlation rho
```

```
##  
## data:  errorespos[, 1] and errorespos[, 2]  
## S = 7493.9, p-value = 0.4133  
## alternative hypothesis: true rho is not equal to 0  
## sample estimates:  
##      rho  
## -0.1449752
```