# Relatorio

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## Carregar arquivo de dados

```
# Cargamos el fichero de datos
# Debe tener una estructura igual a este, es decir,
# que las coordenadas X e Y estan en las columnas 3 y 5
# (la X) y 4 y 6 (la Y)
# Nombre del fichero de datos
fichero <- "Estatistica_8PCT.csv"
dados <- read.csv(fichero, header=TRUE, sep=";", dec=",")
dados[,2] <- 0</pre>
```

## Calcular os erros em X e Y

```
puncontrol <- list()
for (i in 1:100) {
    x <- (i-1)*35+1
    puncontrol[[i]] <- dados[x:(x+33),]
    # Calculamos los errores en X e Y
    puncontrol[[i]]$E_X <- puncontrol[[i]][,5]- puncontrol[[i]][,3]
    puncontrol[[i]]$E_Y <- puncontrol[[i]][,6]- puncontrol[[i]][,4]
}</pre>
```

## EstatÃsticas Básicas

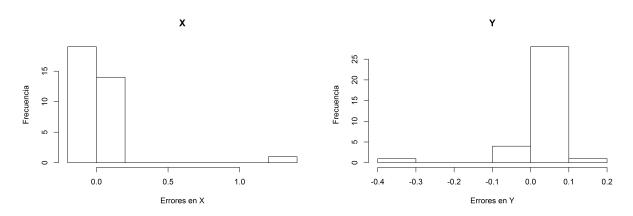
```
basicStats(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X)
```

```
##
               X..puncontrol..params.j...E_X
## nobs
                                    34.000000
## NAs
                                     0.000000
## Minimum
                                     -0.179300
## Maximum
                                     1.296900
## 1. Quartile
                                    -0.012875
## 3. Quartile
                                     0.008950
## Mean
                                     0.027721
## Median
                                    -0.001050
## Sum
                                     0.942500
## SE Mean
                                     0.038972
## LCL Mean
                                    -0.051569
## UCL Mean
                                     0.107011
## Variance
                                     0.051641
## Stdev
                                     0.227247
```

```
## Skewness 5.094171
## Kurtosis 25.639433
```

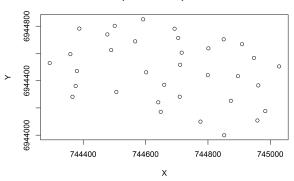
### basicStats(puncontrol[[params\$j]]\$E\_Y)

```
{\tt X..puncontrol..params.j...E\_Y}
##
## nobs
                                    34.000000
## NAs
                                     0.000000
## Minimum
                                    -0.366000
## Maximum
                                     0.186000
## 1. Quartile
                                     0.015500
## 3. Quartile
                                     0.066500
## Mean
                                     0.030324
## Median
                                     0.044500
## Sum
                                      1.031000
## SE Mean
                                     0.013761
## LCL Mean
                                     0.002328
## UCL Mean
                                     0.058320
## Variance
                                     0.006438
## Stdev
                                     0.080237
## Skewness
                                     -3.315626
## Kurtosis
                                    14.959919
hist(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X, main="X", xlab="Errores en X", ylab="Frecuencia")
hist(puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_Y, main="Y", xlab="Errores en Y", ylab="Frecuencia")
```



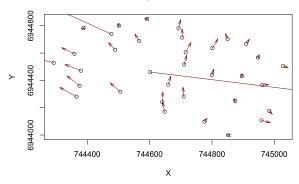
```
plot(puncontrol[[params$j]][,3], puncontrol[[params$j]][,4] ,
    main="Distribución espacial de los puntos de evaluación",
    xlab="X", ylab="Y")
```

#### Distribución espacial de los puntos de evaluación

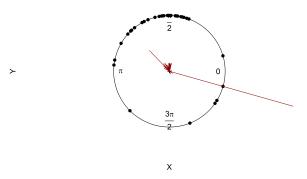


```
# Cambia este factor segÃon necesites
fescala <- 1000
plot(puncontrol[[params$j]][,3], puncontrol[[params$j]][,4],
         main="Campo de errores ", xlab="X", ylab="Y")
arrows(puncontrol[[params$j]][,3],
        puncontrol[[params$j]][,4],
        puncontrol[[params$j]][,3] + fescala*puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_X,
        puncontrol[[params$j]][,4] + fescala* puncontrol[[params$j]]$E_Y,
        col= 'dark red', length = 0.1, angle = 15)</pre>
```

#### Campo de errores

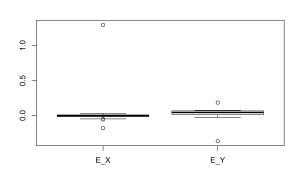


#### DistribuciÃ3n circular de erores

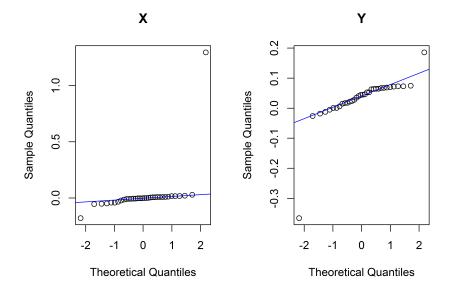


## QCoH\_RANDOMNESS(puncontrol[[params\$j]][c(7,8)])

```
## [1] "El resultado del test de aleaoriedad para X: "
##
##
    Runs Test
##
## data: errorespos[, 1]
## statistic = -2.4382, runs = 11, n1 = 17, n2 = 17, n = 34, p-value
## = 0.01476
## alternative hypothesis: nonrandomness
##
## [1] "El resultado del test de aleaoriedad para Y: "
##
##
  Runs Test
##
## data: errorespos[, 2]
## statistic = -2.4382, runs = 11, n1 = 17, n2 = 17, n = 34, p-value
## = 0.01476
## alternative hypothesis: nonrandomness
QCoH_OUTLIERS(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
## [1] "El n\tilde{A}^{\circ}mero de casos fuera de rango en X es: 1"
## [1] "El n\tilde{A}^{\circ}mero de casos fuera de rango en Y es: 0"
```



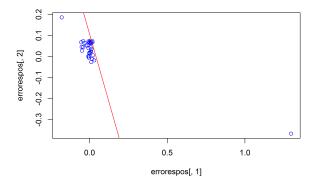
## QCoH\_NORMALITY\_G(puncontrol[[params\$j]][c(7,8)])



### QCoH\_NORMALITY\_A\_KS(puncontrol[[params\$j]][c(7,8)])

```
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "two.sided"): ties should not
## be present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "less"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "greater"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "two.sided"): ties should not
## be present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "less"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## Warning in ks.test(x, "pnorm", alternative = "greater"): ties should not be
## present for the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## Title:
   Normality test
##
##
## Test Results:
##
     STATISTIC:
       D: 0.4589
##
##
     P VALUE:
##
       Alternative Two-Sided: 1.207e-06
                        Less: 1.12e-06
##
       Alternative
##
       Alternative
                     Greater: 6.037e-07
##
## Description:
##
   X coordinate
##
##
## Title:
```

```
##
    Normality test
##
## Test Results:
##
     STATISTIC:
##
       D: 0.4602
##
     P VALUE:
##
       Alternative Two-Sided: 1.112e-06
                        Less: 5.561e-07
##
       Alternative
##
       Alternative
                     Greater: 1.839e-06
##
## Description:
## Y coordinate
QCoH_HOMOCEDAS_BAR(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
##
## Title:
##
  Bartlett Test for Homogeneity of Variances
## Test Results:
     STATISTIC:
##
##
       Bartlett's Chi-squared: 30.2574
##
     P VALUE:
##
       3.784e-08
##
## Description:
## Thu Jul 18 15:05:07 2019
QCoH_CORRELATION_G(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```



```
QCoH_CORRELATION_A(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])
```

```
## E_X E_Y
## E_X 1.0000000 -0.9134233
## E_Y -0.9134233 1.0000000

QCoH_CORRELATION_A_SPR(puncontrol[[params$j]][c(7,8)])

## Warning in cor.test.default(errorespos[, 1], errorespos[, 2], method =
## "spearman"): Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
##
## Spearman's rank correlation rho
```

```
##
## data: errorespos[, 1] and errorespos[, 2]
## S = 8768.8, p-value = 0.04929
## alternative hypothesis: true rho is not equal to 0
## sample estimates:
## rho
## -0.3397784
```