第 3-11 讲: 旅行问题

姓名: 林凡琪 **学号**: 211240042

评分: _____ 评阅: ____

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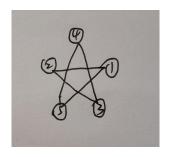
请独立完成作业,不得抄袭。 若得到他人帮助,请致谢。 若参考了其它资料,请给出引用。 鼓励讨论,但需独立书写解题过程。

1 作业(必做部分)

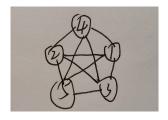
题目 1 (CZ 6.4)

解答:

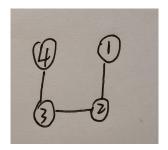
(a)



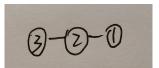
(b)



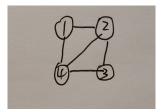
(c)



(d)



(e)



题目 2 (CZ 6.6)

解答:

If n is connected to k regular graph G is not a Euler chart, it is known that k is odd, and it can be known that n can only be even.

Then in \overline{G} , the degree of each point is n-k-1, which is an even number.

Therefore, if \overline{G} is connected, it is a regular graph.

题目 3 (CZ 6.10)

解答:

(i) When G is Hamiltonian:

$$\begin{aligned} \forall x,y \in V(G) \land (x,y) \not\in E(G) \\ \rightarrow \deg(x) + \deg(y) \geq 6 + 6 = 12 \geq 10 \end{aligned}$$

(ii) When G-v is Hamiltonian:

$$\forall x, y \in V(G - v) \land (x, y) \notin E(G - v)$$
$$\rightarrow deg(x) + deg(y) \ge 5 + 5 = 10 \ge 9$$

(iii) When G-v-u is Hamiltonian:

题目 4 (CZ 6.12)

解答:

- (a) The nodes in G+H, if originally in G, is 14 in the new figure; If it was originally in H, it is 16 in the new figure; So it is Eulerian
- (b) For any two nonadjacent nodes u, v in G+H, there is $deg(u) + deg(v) \ge 14 + 14 \ge 14 + 14 \le 14 + 1$
- 23. Hence it is Hamiltonian

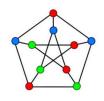
题目 5 (CZ 6.20)

解答:

(a) Proof by contradiction.

Suppose there is a secant point S in G, and from the inscription, we can see that there is a Hamiltonian path starting with S, let the path be $S, x_1, x_2, ..., T$. Then after deleting S, there is still a path $x_1, x_2, ..., T$, so that the remaining points are connected. Therefore, S is not a cut point, which contradicts the assumption.

(b) A counterexample



2 Open Topics

Open Topics 1 (竞赛图)

底图是完全图的有向图称为竞赛图。请证明: 竞赛图一定含有有向哈密尔顿通路

Open Topics 2 (循环赛排名)

请你给出一种合理的循环赛排名方法

3 反馈