IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation Workshop on Resilient Robot Teams: Composing, Acting, and Learning 2019

An Approximation Algorithm for Distributed Resilient Submodular Maximization

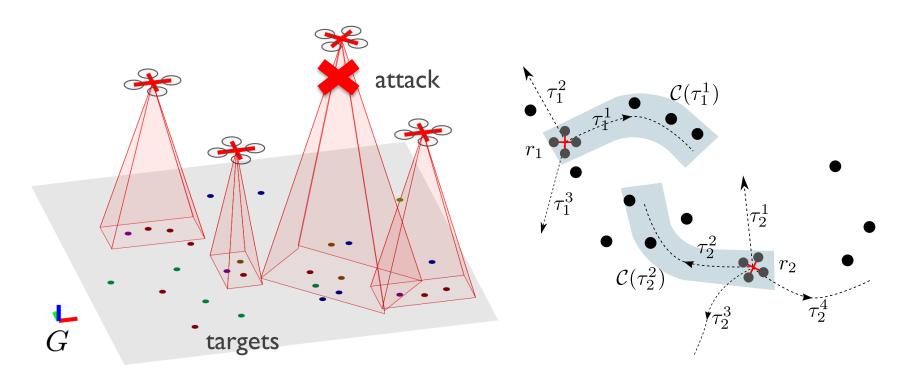
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Adversarial Attacks

- Multiple robots collaboratively track ground targets
- An adversary attacks a number of robots to block and compromise their tracking sensors



Submodular Maximization

Standard version

$$\max f(\mathcal{S}), \text{ s.t. } \mathcal{S} \subseteq \mathcal{X}$$

- NP-complete
- The standard greedy algorithm
- Resilient version

$$\max_{\mathcal{S} \subseteq \mathcal{X}} \min_{\mathcal{A} \subseteq \mathcal{S}} f(\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{A})$$

s.t.
$$|\mathcal{A}| = \alpha \leq N$$

- ightharpoonup N robots, lpha attacks
- ► Worst case attack set, A

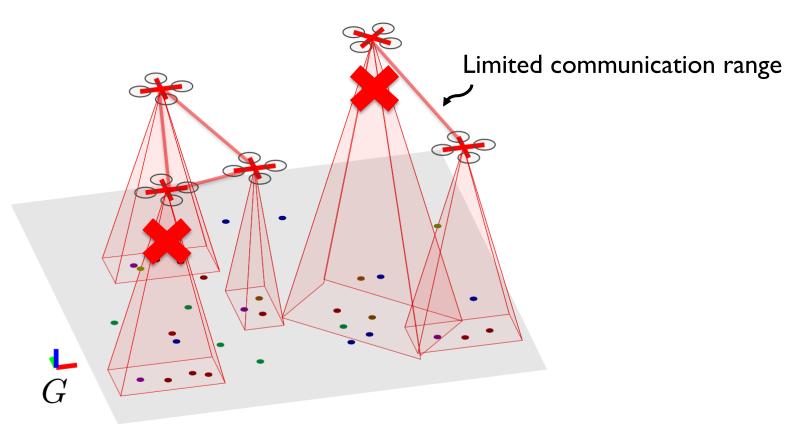
Centralized Resilient Target Tracking

- All robots can communicate with each other
- A centralized resilient algorithm
- Performance:
 - A constant-factor approximation of the optimal
 - As fast as the standard greedy algorithm [Fisher et al., PC '1978]

L. Zhou, V. Tzoumas, G. J. Pappas, and P. Tokekar. *ICRA+ RA-L '19* **Resilient Active Target Tracking With Multiple Robots**MoC1-23 Interactive Session, 220
Path Planning for Multi-Robot Systems II - 1.3.23

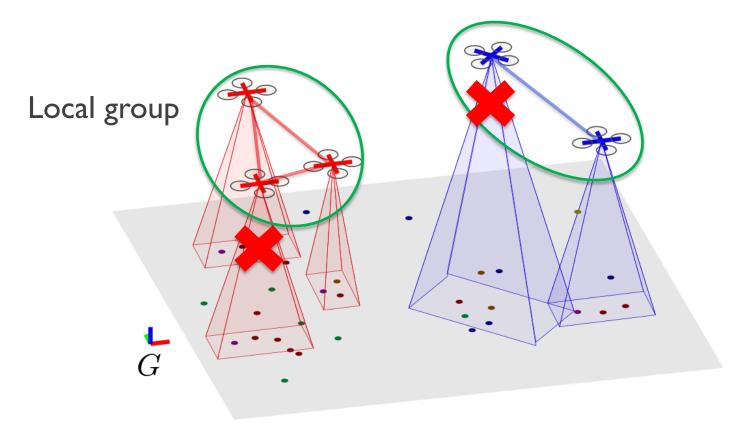
Decentralized Target Tracking

- An adversary attacks a number of robots
- Robots have a limited communication range



Distributed Resilient Algorithm

- The robots form local groups, cliques
- All cliques perform a resilient algorithm in parallel



Performance Analysis

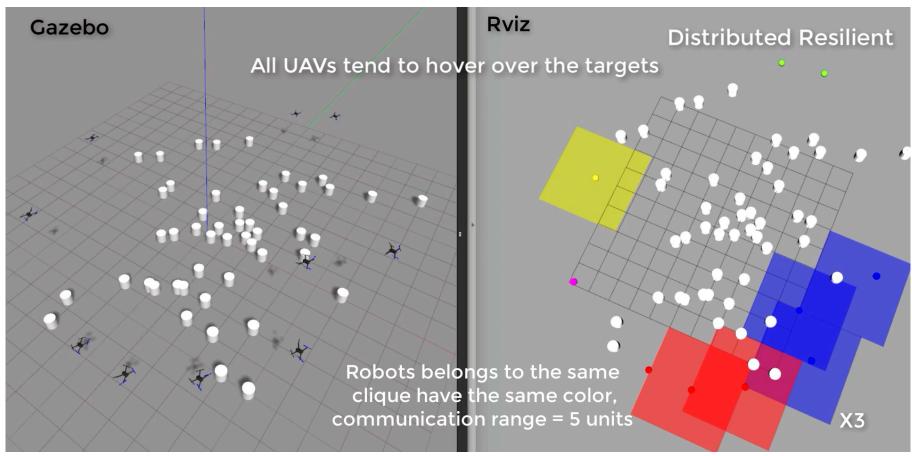
Gives a constant-factor approximation of the optimal

$$\frac{f(\mathcal{S} \setminus \mathcal{A}^{\star}(\mathcal{S}))}{f^{\star}} \ge \max\left[\frac{1-k_f}{1+k_f}, \frac{1}{(\alpha+1)\mathcal{K}(\mathcal{G}_2)\omega(\mathcal{G}_2)}, \frac{1}{(N-\alpha)\mathcal{K}(\mathcal{G}_2)\omega(\mathcal{G}_2)}\right]$$

- Depends on the clique number and the number of cliques on the communication graph
- Runs faster than centralized resilient algorithm

[Zhou et al., RA-L'19]

Thanks for listening!





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