



Computer Technology I

Lab. 2 : Subroutines



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1 Task 1 -

Write a program that turns ON and OFF a LED with a push button. The LED will be extinguished when pressing the button. The program will use Interrupt. Connect the push buttons to PORT D. The program should have a main program that runs in a loop and wait for the interrupts. An interrupt routine is called when the push button is pressed. Each time the button is pressed, the lamp should switch from 'OFF' to 'ON', or from 'ON' to 'OFF'.

[illegible]

```

mov LIGHT,r18    ;Copy the r18 into "LIGHT"
;Initialised the Interrupts
ldi r16, 0b00000010    ;INT0 falling edge
sts EICRA, r16    ;Setup internal

ldi r16, 0b00000001    ;INT0 enable, pin 0 of PORT D
out EIMSK, r16
sei    ;Global interrupt enable

main:
    out PORTB, LIGHT    ;Turn on the LEDs
    rjmp main

interrupt_0:
    com LIGHT    ;Change the 0s into 1s, to show the lights on
    RETI

```

This is the flowchart of the task 1:

2 Task 2 - Switch – Ringcounter / Johnsoncounter, with interrupt

Write a program that by means of a switch can choose to flash 8 LEDs either in the form of a ring counter or in the form of a Johnson counter. Use the switch SW0 connected to PORTD to switch between the two counters. Each time the button is pressed, a shift between the two counters should take place. By using interrupts you'll swap directly with no delay.

[illegible]

This is the flowchart of the task 2:

3 Task 3 - Rear lights on a car

Program that simulates the rear lights on a car The 8 LEDs should behave like the rear lights.

[illegible]

This is the flowchart of the task 3:

4 Task 4 - Rear lights on a car, with light for brakes

[illegible]

This is the flowchart of the task 4: