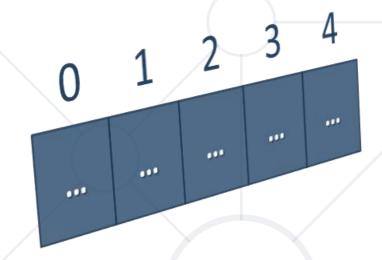
Arrays

Fixed-Size Sequences of Elements



SoftUni Team Technical Trainers







Software University

https://softuni.bg

Have a Question?



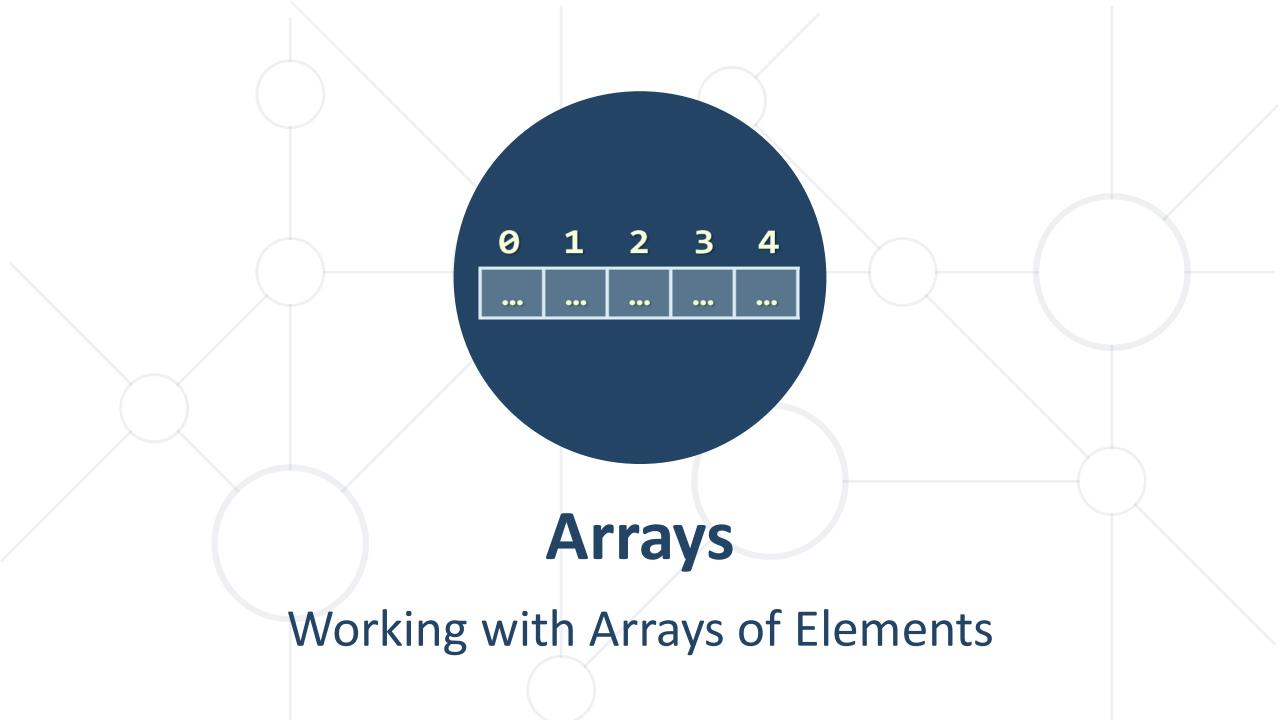


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What Are Arrays?

Array of 5

elements



In programming, an array is a sequence of elements



Element of an array

- Arrays have fixed size (array.length) cannot be resized
- Elements are of the same type (e.g. integers)
- Elements are numbered from 0 to length-1

Working with Arrays



• Allocating an array of 10 integers:

```
int[] numbers = new int[10];
```

All elements are initially == 0

Assigning values to the array elements:

```
for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
numbers[i] = 1;</pre>
```

The length holds the number of array elements

• Accessing array elements by index:

```
numbers[5] = numbers[2] + numbers[7];
numbers[10] = 1; // ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
```

The [] operator accesses elements by index

Days of Week – Example



The days of a week can be stored in an array of strings:

```
String[] days = {
  "Monday",
  "Tuesday",
  "Wednesday",
  "Thursday",
  "Friday",
  "Saturday",
  "Sunday"
```



Operator	Value
days[0]	Monday
days[1]	Tuesday
days[2]	Wednesday
days[3]	Thursday
days[4]	Friday
days[5]	Saturday
days[6]	Sunday

Problem: Day of Week



 Enter a day number [1...7] and print the day name (in English) or "Invalid day!"

```
String[] days = { "Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday",
"Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday", "Sunday" };
int day = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
if (day >= 1 && day <= 7)
                                        The first day in our
  System.out.println(days[day - 1]);
                                        array is on index 0,
                                             not 1.
else
  System.out.println("Invalid day!");
```



Using a for Loop or String.split()

Reading Arrays from the Console



First, read the array length from the console :

```
int n = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
```

Next, create an array of given size n and read its elements:

```
int[] arr = new int[n];
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   arr[i] = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
}</pre>
```

Reading Array Values from a Single Line



Arrays can be read from a single line of separated values

```
2 8 30 25 40 72 -2 44 56
```

```
String values = sc.nextLine();
String[] items = values.split(" ");
int[] arr = new int[items.length];
for (int i = 0; i < items.length; i++)
  arr[i] = Integer.parseInt(items[i]);
```

Shorter: Reading Array from a Single Line



Read an array of integers using functional programming:

```
int[] arr = Arrays
    .stream(sc.nextLine().split(" "))
    .mapToInt(e -> Integer.parseInt(e)).toArray();
```

Printing Arrays On the Console



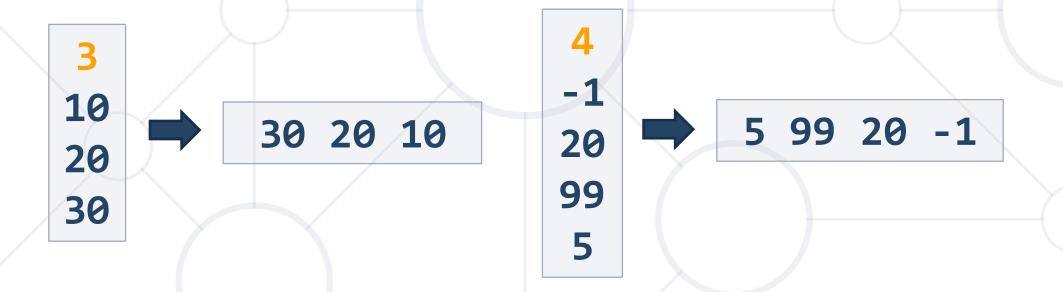
- To print all array elements, a for-loop can be used
 - Separate elements with white space or a new line

```
String[] arr = {"one", "two"};
// == new String [] {"one", "two"};
// Process all array elements
for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {</pre>
   System.out.printf("arr[%d] = %s%n", i, arr[i]);
```

Problem: Print Numbers in Reverse Order



Read an array of integers (n lines of integers), reverse it and print its elements on a single line, space-separated:



Solution: Print Numbers in Reverse Order



```
// Read the array (n lines of integers)
int n = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
int[] arr = new int[n];
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  arr[i] = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
// Print the elements from the last to the first
for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--)
  System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
System.out.println();
```

Check your solution here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1248/

Printing Arrays with for / String.join(...)



Use for-loop:

```
String[] arr = {"one", "two"};
for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++)
    System.out.println(arr[i]);</pre>
```

Use String.join(separator, array):

Works only with strings

```
String[] strings = { "one", "two" };
System.out.println(String.join(" ", strings)); // one two
int[] arr = { 1, 2, 3 };
System.out.println(String.join(" ", arr)); // Compile error
```

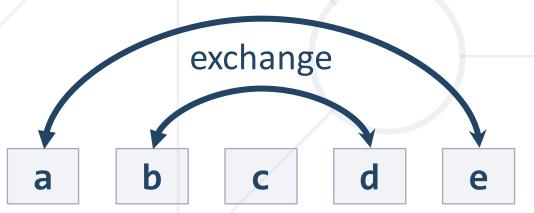
Problem: Reverse Array of Strings



Read an array of strings (space separated values), reverse it and print its elements:



Reversing array elements:



Check your solution here: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1248/

Solution: Reverse Array of Strings



```
String[] elements = sc.nextLine().split(" ");
for (int i = 0; i < elements.length / 2; <math>i++) {
  String oldElement = elements[i];
  elements[i] = elements[elements.length - 1 - i];
  elements[elements.length - 1 - i] = oldElement;
System.out.println(String.join(" ", elements));
```



Iterate Through Collections

Foreach Loop



Iterates through all elements in a collection

Cannot access the current index

Read-only

```
for (var item : collection) {
    // Process the value here
}
```



Print an Array with Foreach



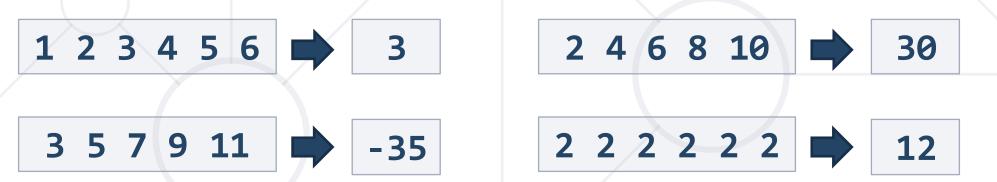
```
int[] numbers = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 };
for (int number : numbers) {
    System.out.println(number + " ");
}
```



Problem: Even and Odd Subtraction



- Read an array of integers
- Sum all even and odd numbers
- Find the difference
- Examples:



Solution: Even and Odd Subtraction



```
int[] arr = Arrays.stream(sc.nextLine().split(" "))
                  .mapToInt(e -> Integer.parseInt(e)).toArray();
int evenSum = 0;
int oddSum = 0;
for (int num : arr) {
  if (num % 2 == 0) evenSum += num;
  else oddSum += num;
//TODO: Find the difference and print it
```

Summary



- Arrays hold a sequence of elements
 - Elements are numberedfrom 0 to length 1
- Creating (allocating) an array
- Accessing array elements by index
- Printing array elements





Questions?

















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