

# Class 5: Data Viz with ggplot

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## Background

There are many graphic systems available in R. These include “base” R and tones of add on packages like **ggplot2**.

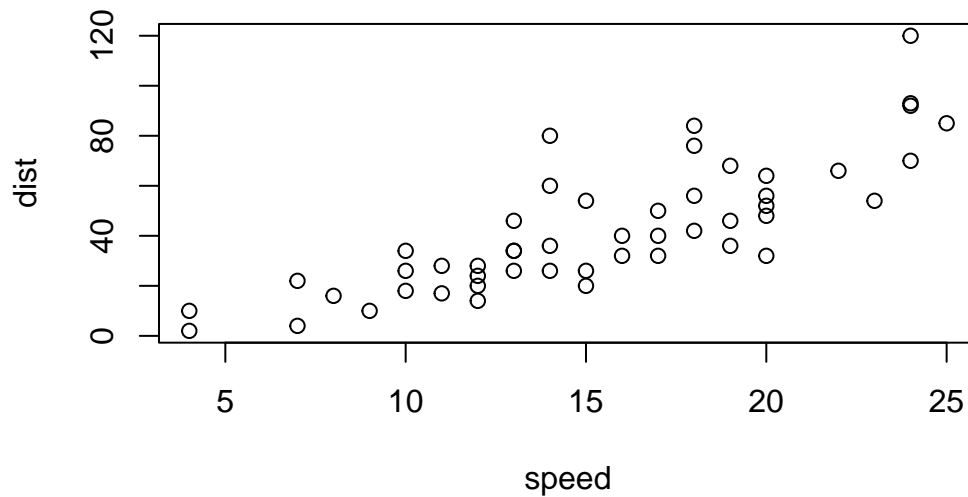
Let’s compare “base” and **ggplot2** briefly. We can use some example data that is built-in with R called **cars**:

```
head(cars)
```

```
  speed dist
1     4    2
2     4   10
3     7    4
4     7   22
5     8   16
6     9   10
```

In base R I can just call `plot()`

```
plot(cars)
```



How can we do this with **ggplot2**.

First we need to install the package. We do this `install.packages("ggplot2")`. I only need to do this once and then it will be available on my computer from then on.

Key point: I only install packages in the R console not within quarto docs or R scripts.

Before I use any add-on package I must load it up with a call to `library()`

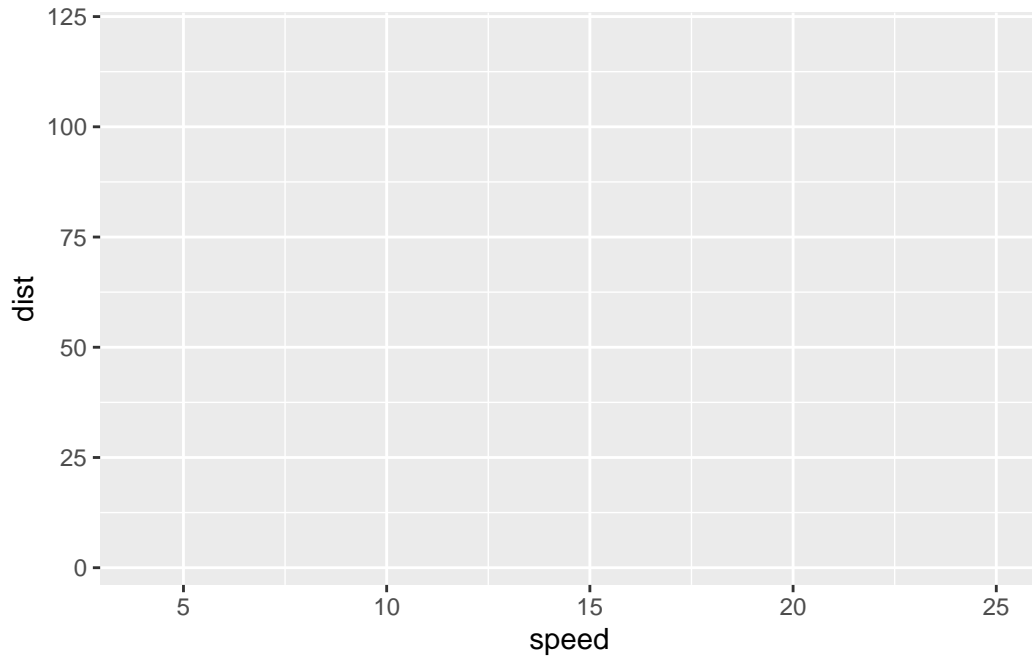
```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(cars)
```



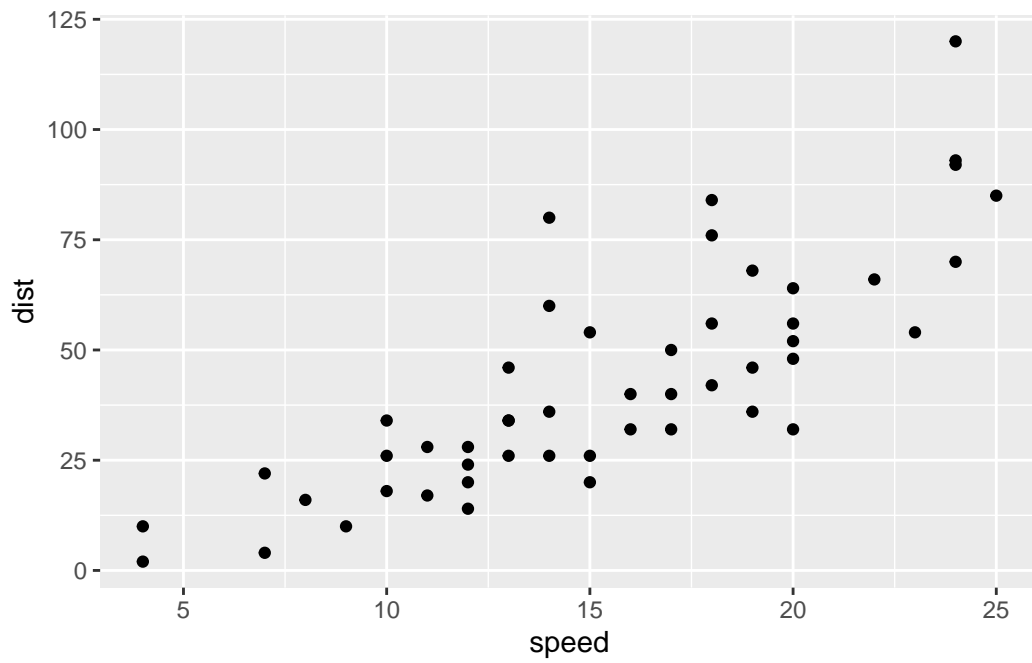
Every ggplot has at least 3 things:

- the **data** (in our case **cars**)
- the **aesthetics** (how the data map to the plot)
- the **geoms** that determine how the plot is drawn (lines, points, columns, etc.)

```
ggplot(cars) +  
  aes(x=speed, y=dist)
```



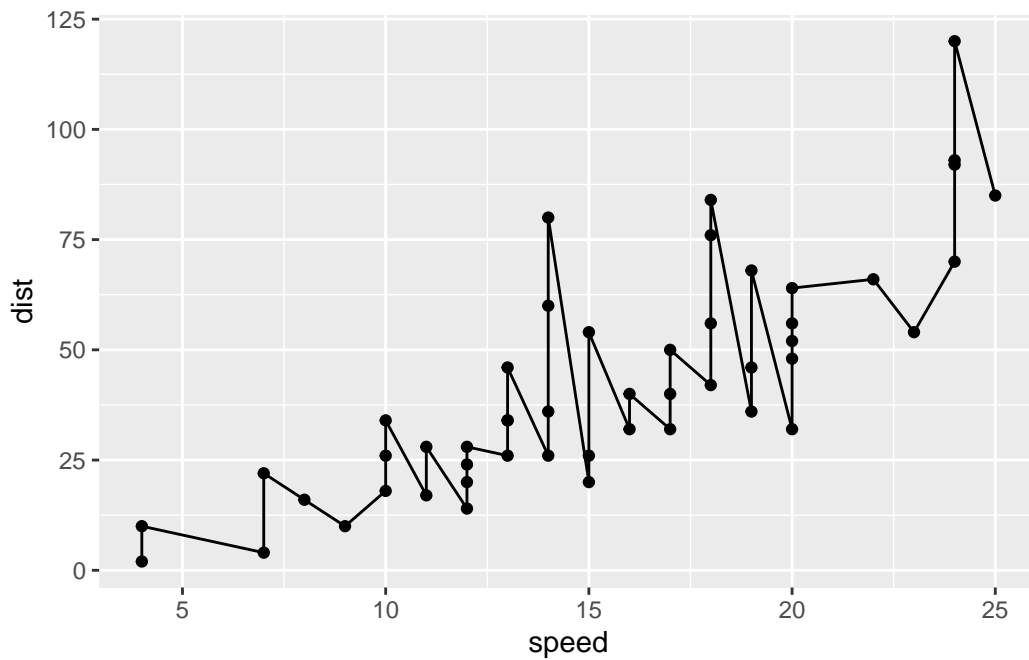
```
ggplot(cars) +  
  aes(x=speed,y=dist) +  
  geom_point()
```



For “simple” plots ggplot is much more verbose than base R but the defaults are nicer and for complicated plots it becomes much more efficient and structured.

Q. Add a line to show the relationship of speed to stopping distance (i.e. add another “layer”)

```
ggplot(cars) +  
  aes(x=speed,y=dist) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_line()
```

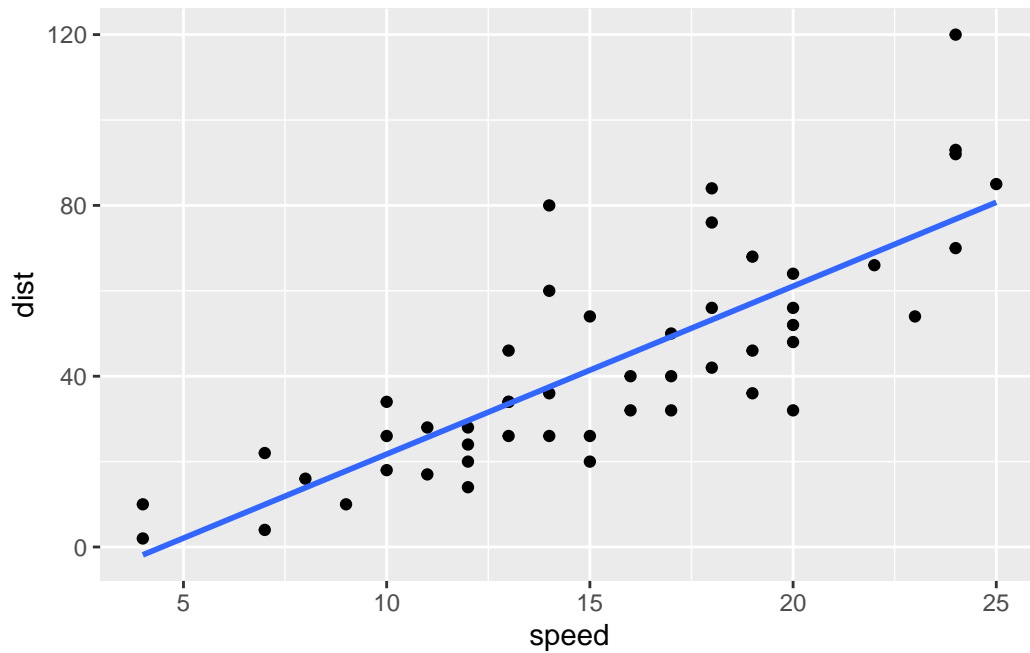


```
p <- ggplot(cars) +  
  aes(x=speed,y=dist) +  
  geom_point() +  
  geom_smooth(se=FALSE, method="lm")
```

I can always save any ggplot object (i.e.plot) and then use it later for adding more layers.

p

```
`geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```



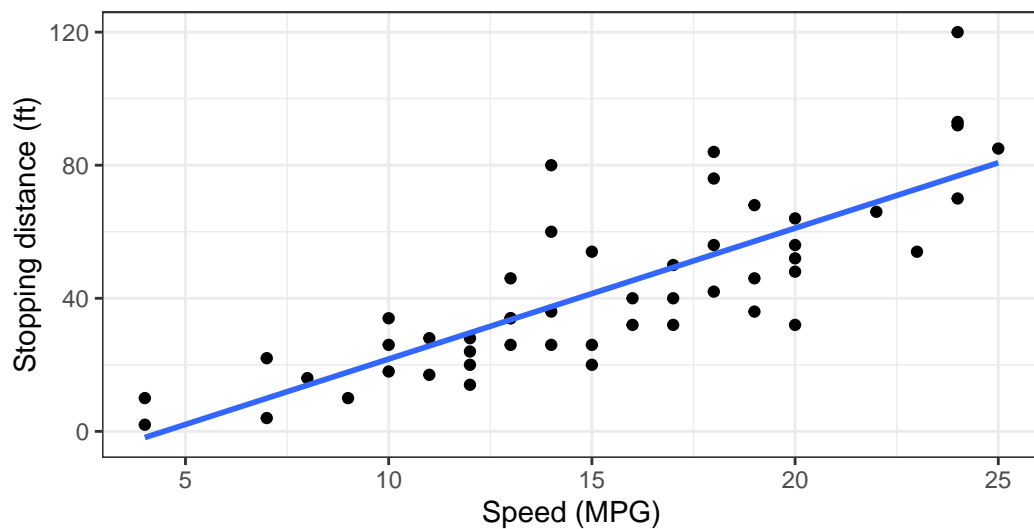
Q. Add a title and subtitle to the plot

```
p + labs(title = "My first ggplot",  
         subtitle = "stopping distance of old cars",  
         caption = "BIMM143",  
         x = "Speed (MPG)",  
         y = "Stopping distance (ft)") +  
theme_bw()
```

`geom\_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'

## My first ggplot

stopping distance of old cars



BIMM143

## Gene expression plot

Read input data into R

```
url <- "https://bioboot.github.io/bimm143_S20/class-material/up_down_expression.txt"
genes <- read.delim(url)
head(genes)
```

	Gene	Condition1	Condition2	State
1	A4GNT	-3.6808610	-3.4401355	unchanging
2	AAAS	4.5479580	4.3864126	unchanging
3	AASDH	3.7190695	3.4787276	unchanging
4	AATF	5.0784720	5.0151916	unchanging
5	AATK	0.4711421	0.5598642	unchanging
6	AB015752.4	-3.6808610	-3.5921390	unchanging

Q. How many genes are in this wee dataset?

```
nrow(genes)
```

```
[1] 5196
```

Q. How many columns are there?

```
ncol(genes)
```

```
[1] 4
```

Q. What are the column names?

```
colnames(genes)
```

```
[1] "Gene"          "Condition1" "Condition2" "State"
```

How many “up” and “down: regulated genes are there?

```
table( genes$State )
```

down	unchanging	up
72	4997	127

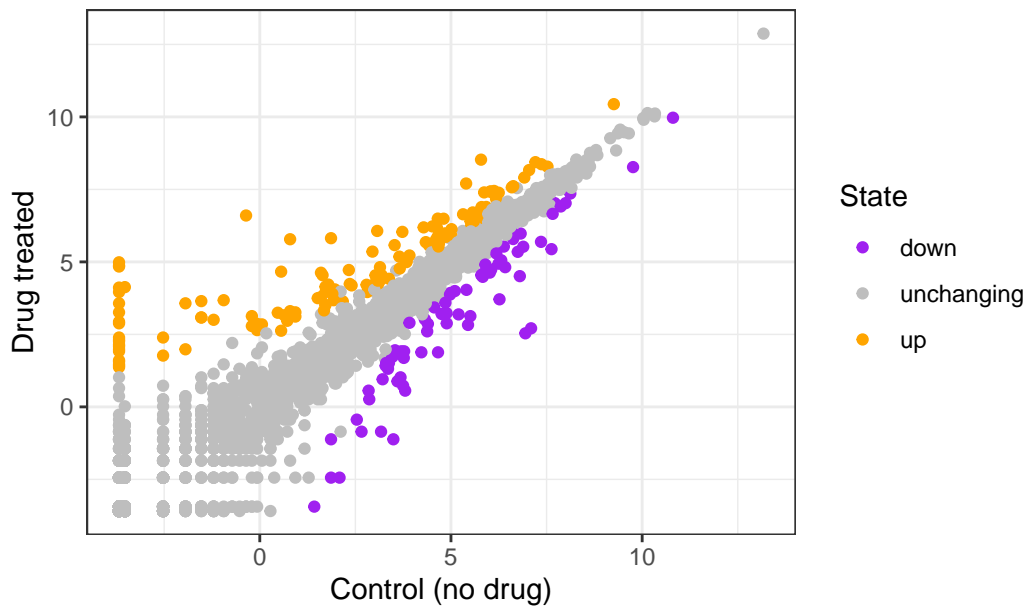
## Custom color plot

Q. Make a first plot of this data

```
ggplot(genes) +  
  aes(x=Condition1, y=Condition2, col=State) +  
  scale_color_manual( values=c("purple","gray", "orange")) +  
  geom_point() +  
  labs(title="Gene expression changes upon drug treatment",  
        x="Control (no drug)",  
        y="Drug treated") +  
  theme_bw()
```



## Gene expression changes upon drug treatment



## Using different geoms

Let's plot some aspects of the in-built `mtcars` dataset.

```
head(mtcars)
```

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.620	16.46	0	1	4	4
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	4	1
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	3	2
Valiant	18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.460	20.22	1	0	3	1

Q. Scatter plot of `mpg` vs `disp`

```
p1 <- ggplot(mtcars) +  
  aes(mpg, disp) +  
  geom_point()
```

Q. Boxplot of `gear` vs `disp`

```
p2 <- ggplot(mtcars) +  
  aes(gear, disp, group=gear) +  
  geom_boxplot()
```

Q. Barplot of carb

```
p3 <- ggplot(mtcars) +  
  aes(carb) +  
  geom_bar()
```

Q. Smooth of disp vs qsec

```
p4 <- ggplot(mtcars) +  
  aes(disp, qsec) +  
  geom_smooth()
```

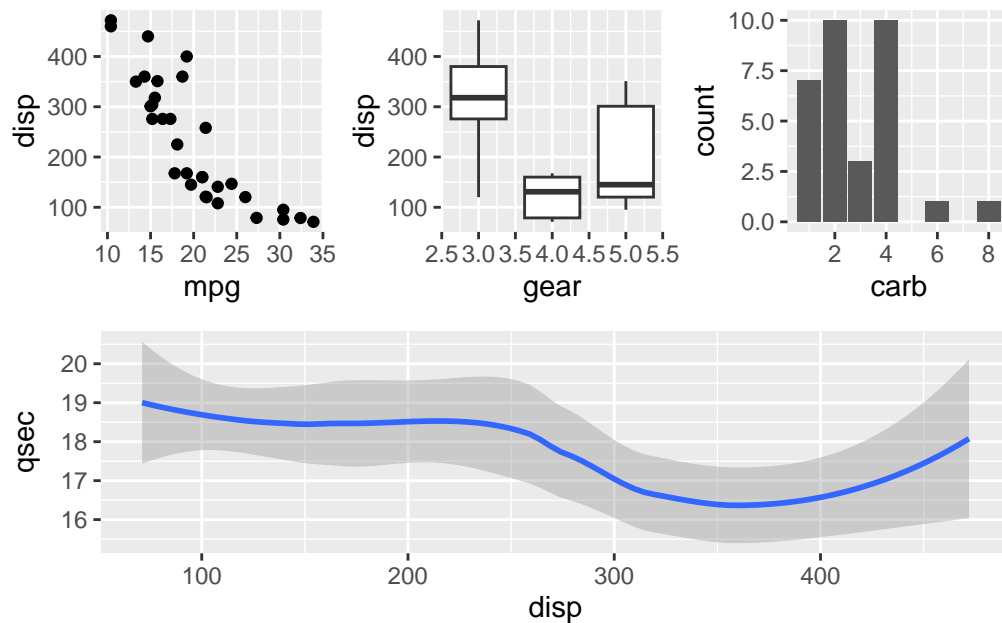
I want to combine all these plots into one figure with multiple panels.

We can use the **patchwork** package to do this.

```
library(patchwork)
```

```
((p1 | p2 | p3) / p4)
```

``geom_smooth()`` using `method = 'loess'` and `formula = 'y ~ x'`



## Faceting

Add a wee peak

```
url <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jennybc/gapminder/master/inst/extdata/gapminder.tsv"

gapminder <- read.delim(url)
head(gapminder, 6)
```

	country	continent	year	lifeExp	pop	gdpPercap
1	Afghanistan	Asia	1952	28.801	8425333	779.4453
2	Afghanistan	Asia	1957	30.332	9240934	820.8530
3	Afghanistan	Asia	1962	31.997	10267083	853.1007
4	Afghanistan	Asia	1967	34.020	11537966	836.1971
5	Afghanistan	Asia	1972	36.088	13079460	739.9811
6	Afghanistan	Asia	1977	38.438	14880372	786.1134

Q. How many countries are in this dataset?

```
length( table(gapminder$country) )
```

[1] 142

Q. Plot gdpPercap vs lifeExp color by continent

```
ggplot(gapminder) +  
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp, col=continent) +  
  geom_point(alpha=0.3) +  
  facet_wrap(~continent) +  
  theme_bw()
```

