# Formal Languages Homework 1

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#### January 25, 2019

#### 1 Problem 2.2.4

Give DFA's accepting the following languages over the alphabet  $\{0,1\}$ :

- 1.1 a). The set of all strings ending in 00.
- 1.2 b). the set of all strings with three consecutive 0's (not necessarily at the end)
- 1.3 c). The set of strings with 011 as a substring

#### 2 Problem 2.2.5

Give DFA's accepting the following lagnuages over the alphabet  $\{0,1\}$ .

- 2.1 a). The set of all strings such that each block fo five consecutive symbols contains at least two 0's.
- 2.2 b). The set of all string whose tenth symbol from the right end is a 1.
- 2.3 c). The set of strings that either begin or end (or both) with 01.
- 2.4 d). The set of strings such that the nubmer of 0's is divisible by five, and the number of 1's is divisible by 3.

### 3 Problem 2.2.7

Let A be a DFA and q a particular state of A, such that  $\delta(q, a) = q$  for all input symbols a. Show by induction on the length of the input that for all input strings w,  $\hat{\delta}(q, w) = q$ .

### 4 Problem 2.2.8

Let A be a DFA and a particular input symbol of A, such that for all states q of A we have  $\delta(q, a) = q$ .

- 4.1 a). Show by induction on n that for all  $n\geq 0$ ,  $\delta(q,a^n)=q$ , where  $a^n$  is the string consisting of n a's.
- 4.2 b). Show that if x is a nonempty string in L(A), then for all k>0,  $x^k$  (i.e., x written k times is also in L(A).)