26.3.2024.

Socket iz config jsona ce stvorit docker daemon

- https://docs.docker.com/engine/extend/config/#config-field-descriptions
 - bit ce stvoren u /run/docker/plugins pa onda:

```
func main() {
    d := driver.Driver{}
    h := network.NewHandler(&d)
    u, err := user.Current()

if err != nil {
        panic(err)
    }

    gid, err := strconv.Atoi(u.Gid)

if err != nil {
            panic(err)
    }

    h.ServeUnix("/run/docker/plugins/dockercan.sock", gid)
}
```

Ali moze i ovako:

```
func main() {
    d := driver.Driver{}
    h := network.NewHandler(&d)

    h.ServeTCP("dockercan", "127.0.0.1:1337",
    sdk.WindowsDefaultDaemonRootDir(), nil)
}
```

funkcija servetcp automatski ce stvorit .spec file u direktoriju u kojem ce ga docker daemon prepoznat

Odnosno prilagodjeno:

```
func main() {
    d := driver.Driver{}
    h := network.NewHandler(&d)

log.Println("Starting CAN docker network driver at 127.0.0.1:1337")
    err := h.ServeTCP("dockercan", "127.0.0.1:1337", "", nil)

if err != nil {
        log.Panicln(err)
    }
}
```

Pokretanje bez sudo rezultira u gresci zbog nedostatka prava za stvaranje direktorija u /etc Nakon sudo:

```
> sudo ./bin/netplugin
[sudo] password for lgm:
2024/03/27 01:03:49 Starting CAN docker network driver at 127.0.0.1:1337
```

```
> ls /etc/docker/plugins
dockercan.spec
> cat /etc/docker/plugins/dockercan.spec
tcp://127.0.0.1:1337
```

Specificnosti:

- pokretanje ServeTCP s drugim portom azurira spec file
- gasenje s ctrl c ne brise spec file

27.3.2024.

/NetworkPlugin.Join

Na /NetworkPlugin.Join poziv, dogadja se:

The entries in InterfaceName represent actual OS level interfaces that should be moved by LibNetwork into the sandbox; the SrcName is the name of the OS level interface that the remote process created, and the DstPrefix is a prefix for the name the OS level interface should have after it has been moved into the sandbox (LibNetwork will append an index to make sure the actual name does not collide with others).

Znaci vec jedan kraj vec stvorenog para sucelja treba premaknuti u skriveni ns naseg drivera, a drugi ce premaknuti libnetwork u container:

```
sudo ip link add testif type vxcan peer name testifp
sudo ip link set dev testif up
sudo ip link set dev testifp up
sudo ip link set testifp netns test
```

I onda s cangw-om ga povezati (primjerice na vcan0), ali iz default namespacea u kojem radi driver:

```
sudo ip netns exec test cangw -A -s vcan0 -d testifp -X -e
```

ali

If no gateway and no default static route is set by the driver in the Join response, LibNetwork will add an additional interface to the sandbox connecting to a default gateway network (a bridge network named docker_gwbridge) and program the default gateway into the sandbox accordingly, pointing to the interface address of the bridge docker_gwbridge.

I to se trenutno dogadja, probati popraviti!

28.3.



cangen - candump izmedju dva sucelja u razlicitim namespaceovima kreiranim docker network driverom

brisanje i dodavanje sucelja u drugom namespaceu:

```
> sudo ip netns exec canns ip link add dev vcan0 type vcan
> sudo ip netns exec canns ip a
1: lo: <L00PBACK> mtu 65536 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen 1000
        link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
2: vcan0: <N0ARP> mtu 72 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen 1000
        link/can
> sudo ip netns exec canns ip link del dev vcan0
```

29.3.

Implementirao sve funkcije drivera i driver radi, preostalo je:

- driver
 - napraviti "graceful" gasenje drivera u slucaju ctrl c
 - dodati opciju instalacije putem dockerhub-a
 - dodati opciju instalacije putem systemd
 - README
- rad opcenito
 - napraviti gw program koji bi povezivao razlicite can sabirnice
 - napraviti template s callbackovima za ECU programe
 - CAN, UDS, XCP, OBD2
 - osmisliti povezivanje s vanjskim programima primjerice za vizualni prikaz rezultata
 - napraviti nekoliko zadataka koji koriste te funkcionalnosti

30.3.

Pisanje systemd file-a i instalacijske skripte

- https://www.shubhamdipt.com/blog/how-to-create-a-systemd-service-in-linux/
- https://docs.docker.com/engine/extend/plugin_api/#systemd-socket-activation
 - ne koristimo socket, ali dobar za template

```
[Unit]
Description=Dockercan network plugin
```

```
Before=docker.service

After=network.target
Requires=docker.service

[Service]
User=root
ExecStart=/usr/lib/docker/dockercan

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

Testiranje s docker composeom:

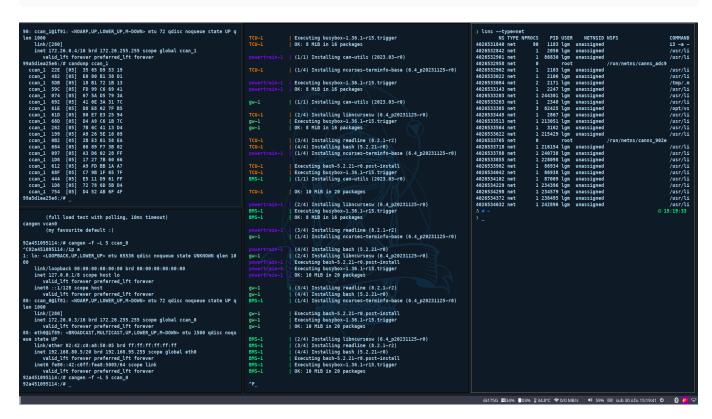
```
services:
 powertrain:
   image: alpine
    networks: [ can2 ]
   tty: true
    command:
     - /bin/sh
     - - C
      - |
        apk add can-utils
        apk add bash
       tail -f /dev/null
  BMS:
    image: alpine
    networks: [ can2 ]
    tty: true
    command:
     - /bin/sh
     - -C
        apk add can-utils
        apk add bash
        tail -f /dev/null
 TCU:
    image: alpine
    networks: [ can1 ]
   tty: true
    command:
     - /bin/sh
```

```
- - C
      - |
        apk add can-utils
        apk add bash
        tail -f /dev/null
 gw:
    image: alpine
    networks:
      - can2
     - can1
    tty: true
    command:
      - /bin/sh
      - - C
      - |
        apk add can-utils
        apk add bash
        tail -f /dev/null
networks:
  can2:
    driver: dockercan
    driver opts:
      centralised: "false"
      canfd: "true"
 can1:
    driver: dockercan
    driver opts:
     centralised: "false"
      canfd: "true"
```

Output drivera:

```
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 CreateNetwork: CreateNetwork received
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 CreateNetwork: Creating network namespace canns_adc9
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 CreateNetwork: CreateNetwork received
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 CreateNetwork: Creating network namespace canns_902e
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 CreateEndpoint: CreateEndpoint received
```

```
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 CreateEndpoint:
CreateEndpoint received
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 CreateEndpoint:
CreateEndpoint received
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 CreateEndpoint:
CreateEndpoint received
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 Join: Join
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 Join: Join
received
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 Join: Join
received
ožu 30 15:16:42 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:42 Join: Join
received
ožu 30 15:16:43 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:43 CreateEndpoint:
CreateEndpoint received
ožu 30 15:16:43 lgm dockercan[221780]: 2024/03/30 15:16:43 Join: Join
received
```



Izrada programa za ECU-ove

Izvori

- https://www.csselectronics.com/pages/can-bus-simple-intro-tutorial
- https://s3.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/canciade/documents/proceedings/slides/hartkopp_slides_15icc.pdf OBD2
- https://www.csselectronics.com/pages/obd2-explained-simple-intro UDS
- https://www.csselectronics.com/pages/uds-protocol-tutorial-unified-diagnostic-services
- standard
 - https://web.archive.org/web/20180219141308/http://read.pudn.com/downloads191/do c/899044/ISO+14229+(2006).pdf
- https://github.com/openxc/uds-c
- https://berkerturk.medium.com/relationship-between-uds-iso-14229-1-and-iso-tp-iso-15765-2-235499145484
 - https://piembsystech.com/can-tp-protocol/
- https://www.atlantis-press.com/article/25862271.pdf
 XCP
- https://www.csselectronics.com/pages/ccp-xcp-on-can-bus-calibration-protocol

Postojeca programska rjesenja

https://github.com/zombieCraig/UDSim

https://github.com/zombieCraig/ICSim

https://github.com/pschichtel/VirtualECU

https://github.com/pschichtel/JavaCAN?tab=readme-ov-file

CAN

https://munich.dissec.to/kb/chapters/can/can.html#can-node

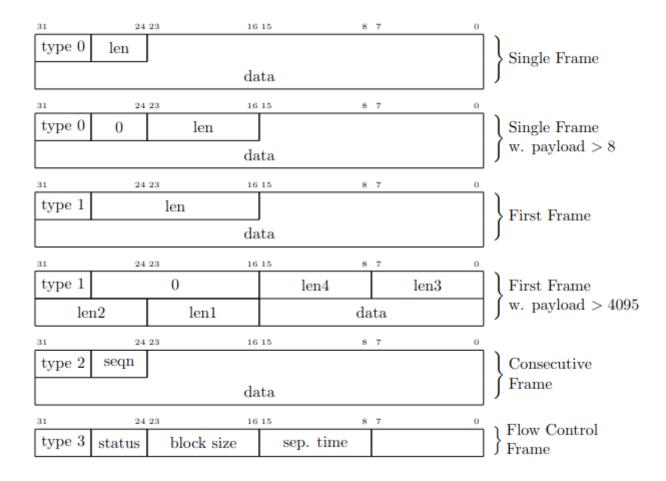
 bit stuffing, crc, ack, arbitrazu, retransmisiju inace odradjuje CAN controller (odvojena komponenta od MCU-a)

CAN FD

- razlike s CAN-om
 - https://munich.dissec.to/kb/chapters/can/canfd.html
 - fizicki sloj isti
 - nas brine samo duljina podataka koja vise nije 8 nego 64 okteta
 - ostale promjene su na fizickom sloju

0

ISO-TP



socketcan

- podrzava standardni CAN (CAN 2.0), CAN FD i CAN XL
- na transportnom sloju podrzava ISOTP kojeg koristi UDS
 - can-utils alati isotpsend, isotprecv, isotpsniffer
 - obzirom da podrzava ISO-TP, ako bi isao implementirati UDS, moram se brinuti samo o sadrzaju poruka, jezgra se brine o transportnom sloju

```
> echo "09 02" | isotpsend -s 7de -d 7e8 vcan0
> echo "09 02" | isotpsend -s 7de -d 7e8 vcan0
> echo "09 02" | isotpsend -s 7de -d 7e8 vcan0
> echo "09 02" | isotpsend -s 7de -d 7e8 vcan0
> echo "09 02" | isotpsend -s 7de -d 7e8 vcan0
> echo "09 02" | isotpsend -s 7de -d 7e8 vcan0
> isotpsniffer -d 7e8 -s 7de vcan0
```

```
> isotpsniffer -d 7e8 -s 7de vcan0
vcan0 7DE [2] 09 02 - '..'
vcan0 7DE [2] 09 02 - '..'
```

```
vcan0 7DE [2] 09 02 - '..'
vcan0 7DE [2] 09 02 - '..'
```

https://github.com/linux-can/can-utils/blob/master/include/linux/can.h

```
struct can frame {
       canid t can id; /* 32 bit CAN ID + EFF/RTR/ERR flags */
       union {
               /* CAN frame payload length in byte (0 .. CAN MAX DLEN)
                * was previously named can dlc so we need to carry that
                * name for legacy support
                */
               __u8 len;
               u8 can dlc; /* deprecated */
       } __attribute__((packed)); /* disable padding added in some ABIs */
       __u8 __pad; /* padding */
       __u8 __res0; /* reserved / padding */
       __u8 len8_dlc; /* optional DLC for 8 byte payload length (9 .. 15)
*/
       u8 data[CAN MAX DLEN] attribute ((aligned(8)));
};
struct canfd frame {
       canid_t can_id; /* 32 bit CAN_ID + EFF/RTR/ERR flags */
               len; /* frame payload length in byte */
       __u8
       __u8
              flags; /* additional flags for CAN FD */
               __res0; /* reserved / padding */
       u8
               res1; /* reserved / padding */
       u8
               data[CANFD MAX DLEN] attribute ((aligned(8)));
       u8
};
```

CAN_ID je definiran kao u32 integer, ali:

Below is a standard CAN frame with 11 bits identifier (CAN 2.0A), which is the type used in most cars. The extended 29-bit identifier frame (CAN 2.0B) is identical except the longer ID. It is e.g. used in the <u>J1939 protocol</u> for heavy-duty vehicles.

protokolima viseg sloja nije bitna duljina ID-a