

with your table, discuss:

Give a DFA that recognizes binary strings divisible by 5.

8 4 2 1  
1 0 1 0

is 10 in decimal accept

16 8 4 2 1  
0 0 1 1 1

is 7 in decimal reject

remember:

- we have to process input L to R
- we can't have unbounded variables (infinite states)

binaryToDinBy5(w):

decimal = 0

for i in length(w):

decimal = 2decimal  
+ w[i]

Trick:

... 8 4 2 1  
[ X ] 0

75

doubled

[ X ] 1

75

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100
```

MULTIPLEOF5( $w[1..n]$ ):

$rem \leftarrow 0$

    for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$

$rem \leftarrow (2 \cdot rem + w[i]) \bmod 5$  ←

    if  $rem = 0$

        return TRUE

    else

        return FALSE

draw graphical DFA

- states  $Q$

- start ↓

- Accepting  $A$  (○)

- transitions  $\begin{matrix} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{matrix}$

$$\delta(q, a) = (2q + a) \bmod 5$$

How to go from an algorithm to a DFA

0110

last 2 0

01

11

10

found:

{FALSE, TRUE}

last 2:

$\{0, 1, \epsilon, 01, 00, 10, 11\}$

CONTAINS 11( $w[1..n]$ ):

found  $\leftarrow$  FALSE

for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$

if  $i = 1$

last2  $\leftarrow w[1]$

else

last2  $\leftarrow w[i-1] \cdot w[i]$

if last2 = 11

found  $\leftarrow$  TRUE

return found

first character we see

$Q$  = ordered pairs of vars

(found, last2)

(TRUE, 11)  $\xrightarrow{0}$  (TRUE, 10)

(FALSE, 1)  $\xrightarrow{1}$  (TRUE, 11)

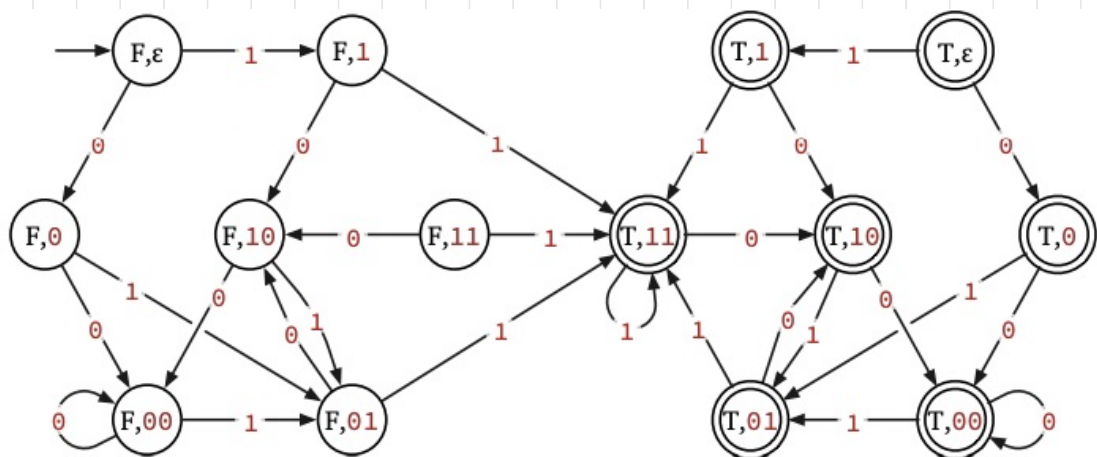
$S = (\text{FALSE}, \epsilon)$

$\uparrow$

T or F?

$A$  = any state w/ TRUE in 1st position

$\delta$  : as in algorithm

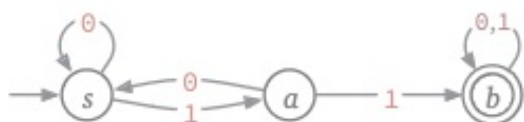


# Product Construction

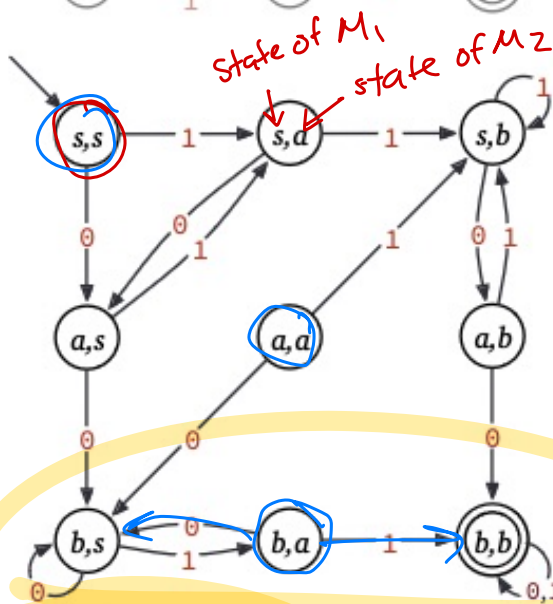
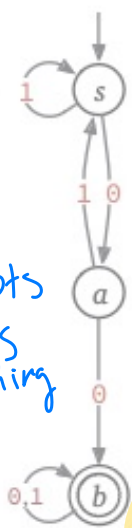
Make a DFA that accepts strings containing both substring 00 and 11.

$M_2$ , accepts strings containing substring 11

0101011001



$M_1$ , accepts strings containing 00



$\leftarrow M$

(b, a)  $\xrightarrow{1}$   
 $\xrightarrow{0}$

Given  $M_1 = (Q_1, s_1, A_1, \delta_1)$   
 $M_2 = (Q_2, s_2, A_2, \delta_2)$

The product construction  $M$ :

$$Q = Q_1 \times Q_2 = \{ (p, q) : p \in Q_1, q \in Q_2 \}$$

$$S = (s_1, s_2)$$

$$A = \{ (p, q) : p \in A_1 \text{ and } q \in A_2 \}$$

$$\delta((p, q), a) = (\delta_1(p, a), \delta_2(q, a))$$

$\uparrow$                        $\uparrow$   
state in  $M_1$       state in  $M_2$

Another DFA to accept strings w/ 11  
Can we simplify?

