Goals this week: (anguage is automatic (DFA vecognizing (anguage) (auguage is med · regular exists regular pression method to show mut a language is not regular today today

Warmup this DFA accepts all strings containing either 00 or 11 as a substring. Are any states equivalent: 8(2,1)=9 -91 5 Def extended transition function

S\*: 6 x Z

Ti any string over alphabet E  $S^*(q, w) = S^*(S(q, a), x)$  if W= E w=ax S \* (2,11001) = 7 Det States p, q are distinguishable

for some string w  $S^*(P, w) \in A$  and  $S^*(Q, w) \notin A$ P 9 or vice versa are 2,9 distinguishable? w=0 S\*(2,0)=5 #A S\*(9,0) = 8 & A mat about 8,9? not distinguishable. Is this the smallest DFA for L? S accept o,1 distinguished by accept are accept accept note: E & 5\*

Two strings x and y are distinguishable with respect to language L iff for some XZEL and yZZL or vice versa ex L = (0+1)\* (60) +11) (0+1)\* are Dand 1 distinguishable? neld a Z. how about Z=0 XZ=00 EL yz=20 &L A fooling set for Lis a set of Strings that are all mutually distinguishable. Det [== 3(8)(0), 1, 003) is a fooling Set Br) L= (0+1)\* (00+11) (0+1)\* E0=0€L,00€L E1=1€L,11€L E0=0€L,000€L

00 For any language L, max # of strings in a min # of states in DFA recognizing Colling set

L= 
$$\frac{2}{5}0^{n}1^{n}$$
:  $n \ge 03$ 

String & w, w means w.w.....

 $0011 = 0^{2}1^{2}$  & L

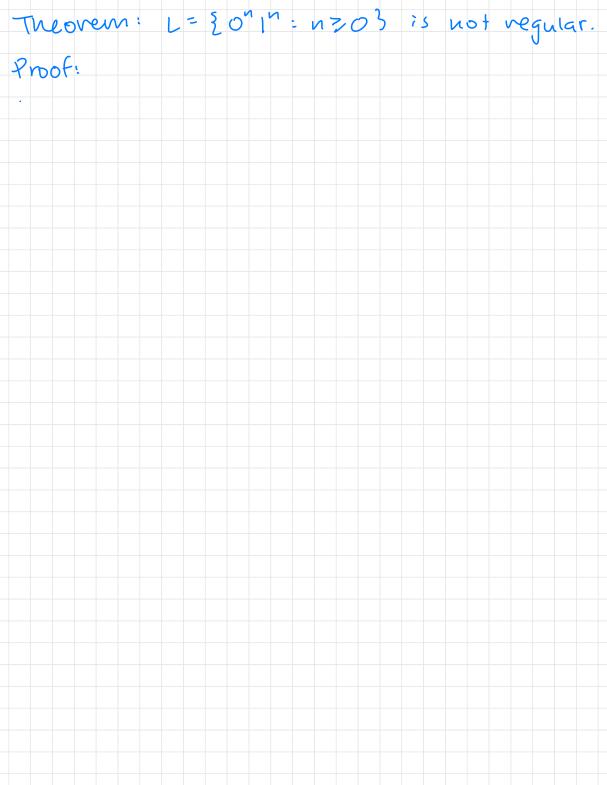
 $011$  & L

 $0^{1}1^{2}$ 

Let  $F = \frac{5}{5} = \frac{5}{5}, 0,00,000, ... = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{5}0^{n}$ :  $n \ge 03$ 

F is a fooling set for L.

 $\frac{2}{5}$ 
 $\frac{2}{5}$ 



Theorem: L=palindromes= {w: w=rev(w)}
is not regular. Proof: