

$$(0+1) = \{0\} \cup \{1\} = \{0,1\}$$

$$0 \in \underbrace{(0+1)^*}_{\varepsilon} \underbrace{(0+1)^*}_{0}$$

$$\left(\underbrace{(0+1)(0+1)} \right)^*$$

$$(00 + 01 + 10 + 11)^*$$

Regular Languages

A language L is regular if and only if:

- $L = \emptyset$
- $|L| = 1$
- $L = A \cup B$ for A, B regular
- $L = A \cdot B$ for A, B regular
- $L = A^*$ for reg. lang. A

Questions

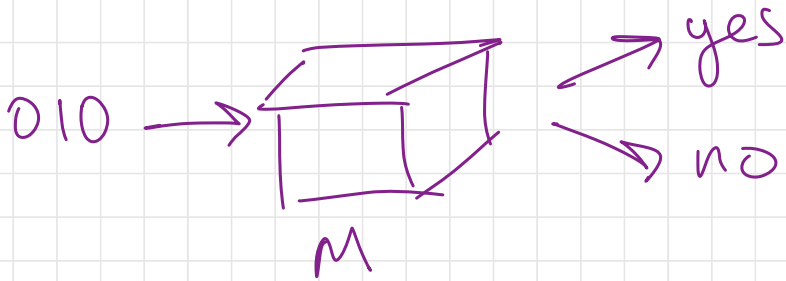
Are all languages regular?

If not, what kinds of langs are 'regular'?

is the set of all Python programs printing "Hello, world" regular?

{ is the set of all binary represent. of even integers regular?
↳ div by 2?

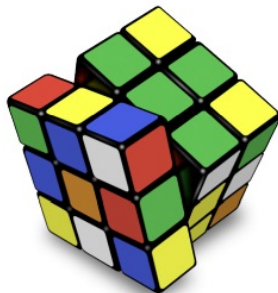
Finite State Machines



$L(M)$ = the set of all strings accepted by M

"the language of M"

"M recognizes L"



machine to recognize

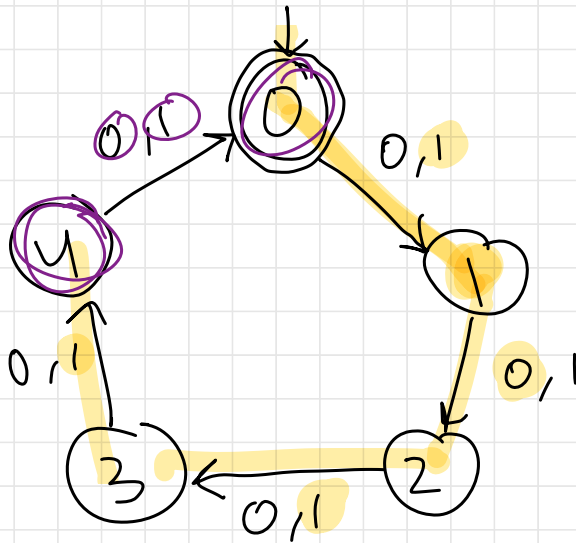
$$L = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* : |w| \bmod 5 = 0\}$$

$\varepsilon \checkmark$

01 x

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{rem} = 0 \\ \text{for } i = 1 \text{ to } i = |w| : \\ \quad \text{rem} = (\text{rem} + 1) \bmod 5 \\ \text{return } (\text{rem} == 0) \end{array} \right] = M$$

Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA's)



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Q : set of states $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

$s \in Q$: start state 0

Σ : input alphabet $\{0, 1\}$

$A \subseteq Q$: accepting states $\{0\}$

$\delta: Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow Q$ transition function

↑
takes in
(state, symbol)

↑
maps to state

$$\delta(2, 1) = 3$$

δ :

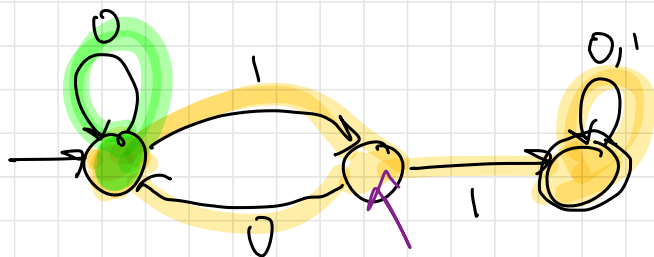
	0	1
0	1	1
1	2	2
2	3	3
3	4	4
4	0	0

state symbol
↓ ↓

$$\delta(q, a) = (q + 1) \bmod 5$$

with table:

what strings does this machine accept?



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ϵ

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what do the states mean?