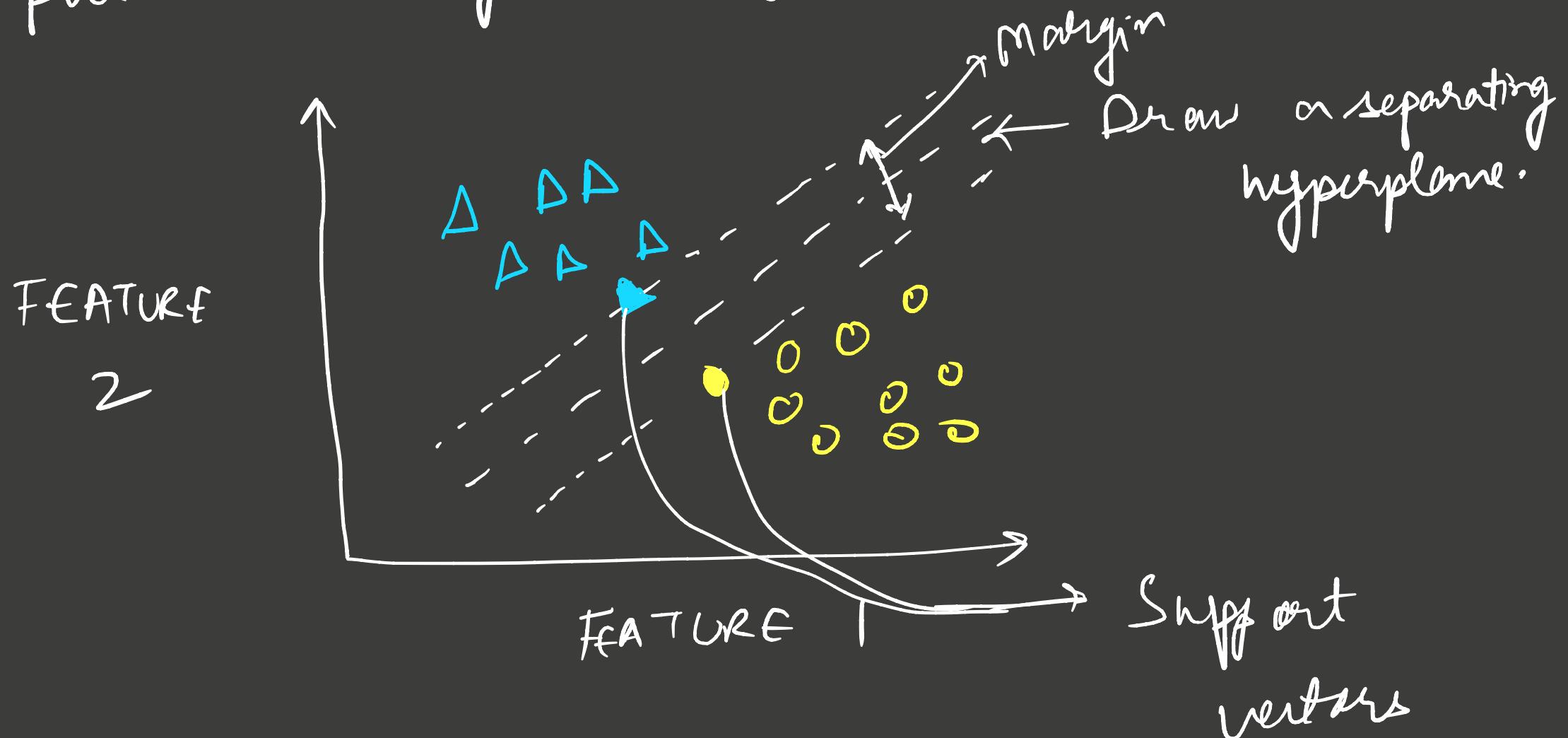


# SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINES

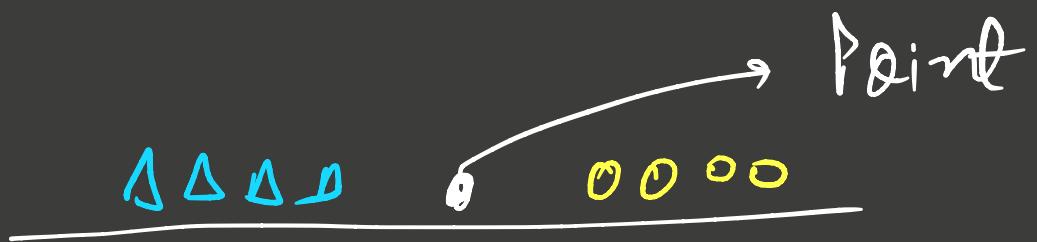
- \* Popular binary classification technique.
- \* Draw a separating hyperplane.



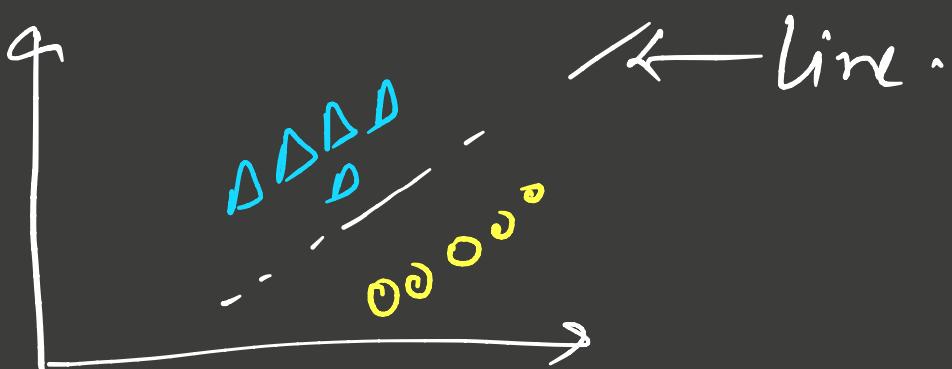
- Draw a separating hyperplane
- Maximize the margin

# Hyperplane vis Dimensions

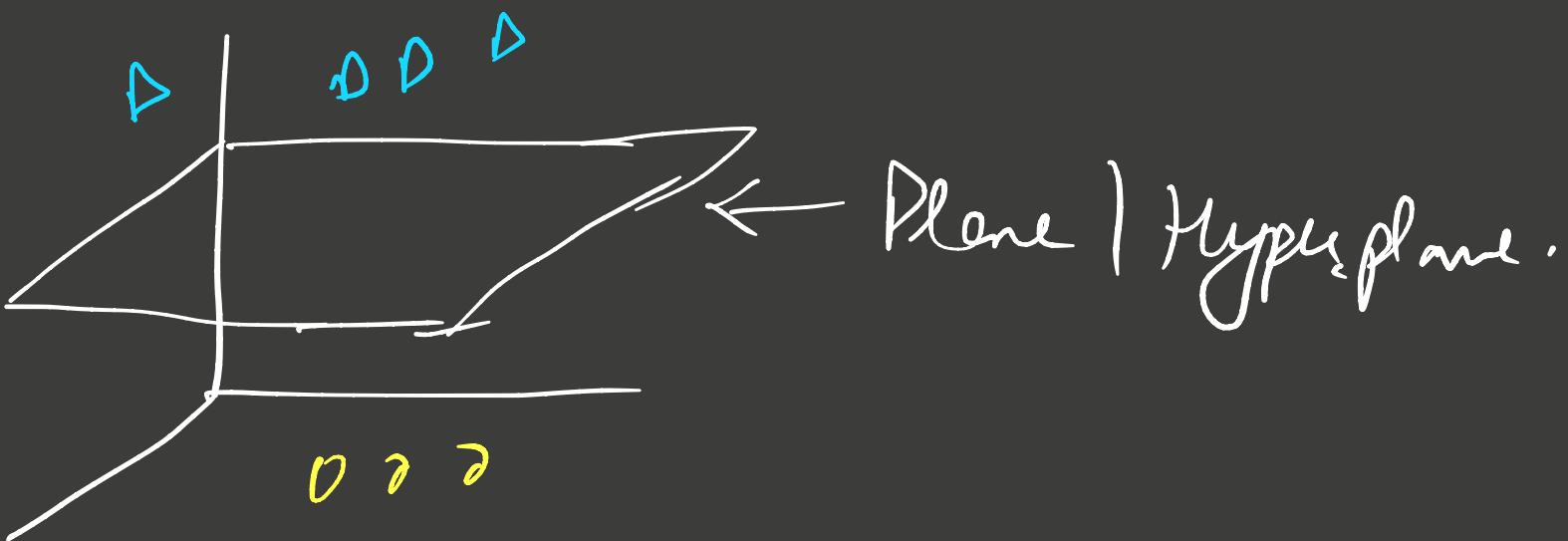
1D



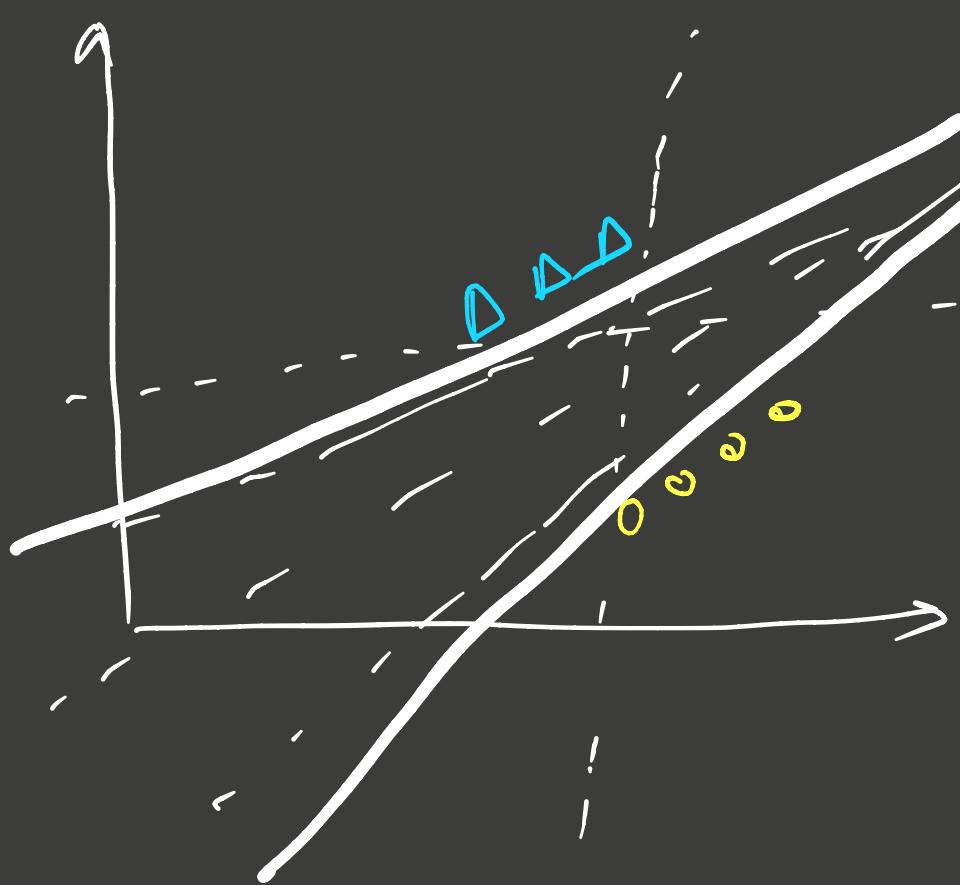
2D



3D  
above.



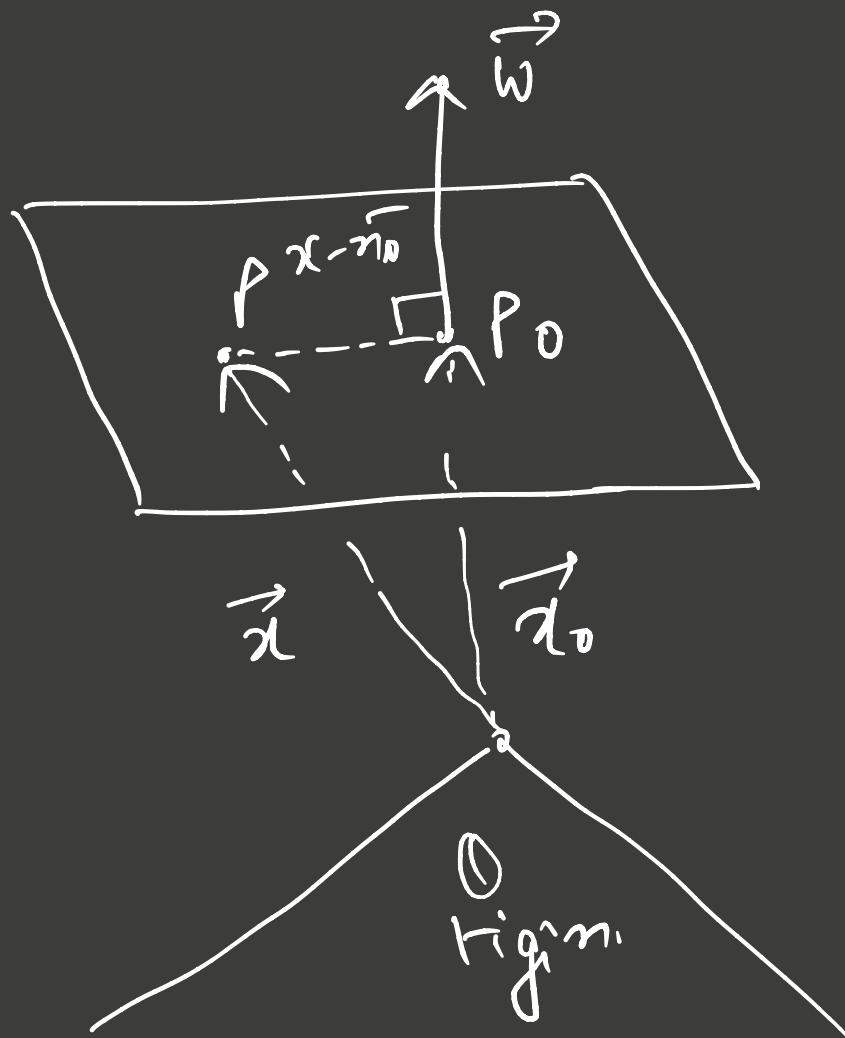
How many separating planes?



∞ such planes?  
choose the one which maximizes margin

# EQUATION OF HYPERPLANE

- \* Defined by a point ( $P_0$ ) and  $\perp$  vector to that plane at that point ( $\vec{w}$ )



$P \neq P_0$  on plane.

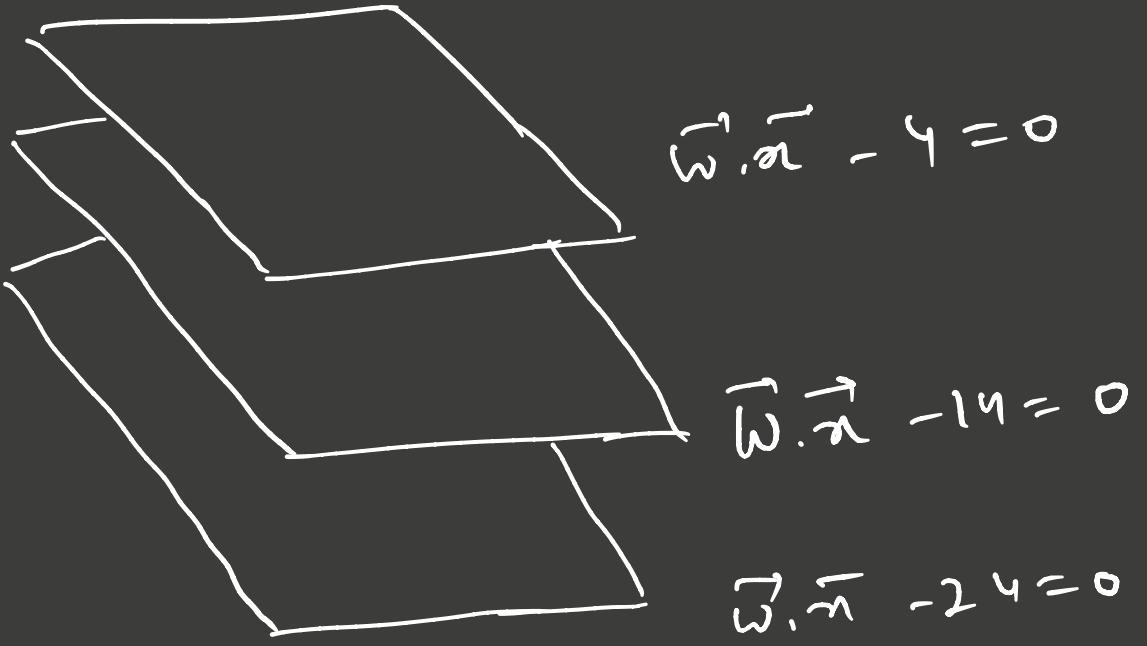
Now Any point

$$\vec{w} \perp \vec{x} - \vec{x}_0$$

or  $\vec{w} \cdot (\vec{x} - \vec{x}_0) = 0$

or  $\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x} - \vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_0 = 0$

or  $\boxed{\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x} + b = 0}$



$$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{n}_1 - 4 = 0$$

$$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{n}_2 - 14 = 0$$

$$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{n}_3 - 24 = 0$$

$$\vec{w} = (2, 1, 4)$$

$$P_0 = (0, 2, 3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} b &= -\vec{w} \cdot \vec{n}_0 = - (2 \times 0 + 1 \times 2 + 4 \times 3) = -(2 + 12) \\ &= -14 \end{aligned}$$

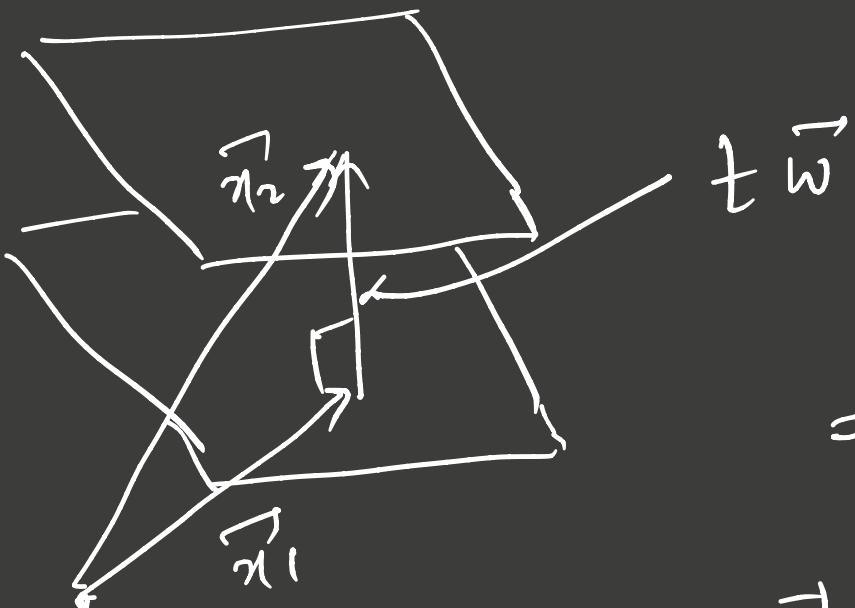
# Distance b/w 2 || hyperplanes

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_1 + b_1 = 0$$

$$\vec{x}_2 = \vec{x}_1 + t \vec{w}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_2 + b_2 = 0$$

$$D = |t \vec{w}| = |t| \|\vec{w}\|$$



$$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_2 + b_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{w} \cdot (\vec{x}_1 + t \vec{w}) + b_2 = 0$$

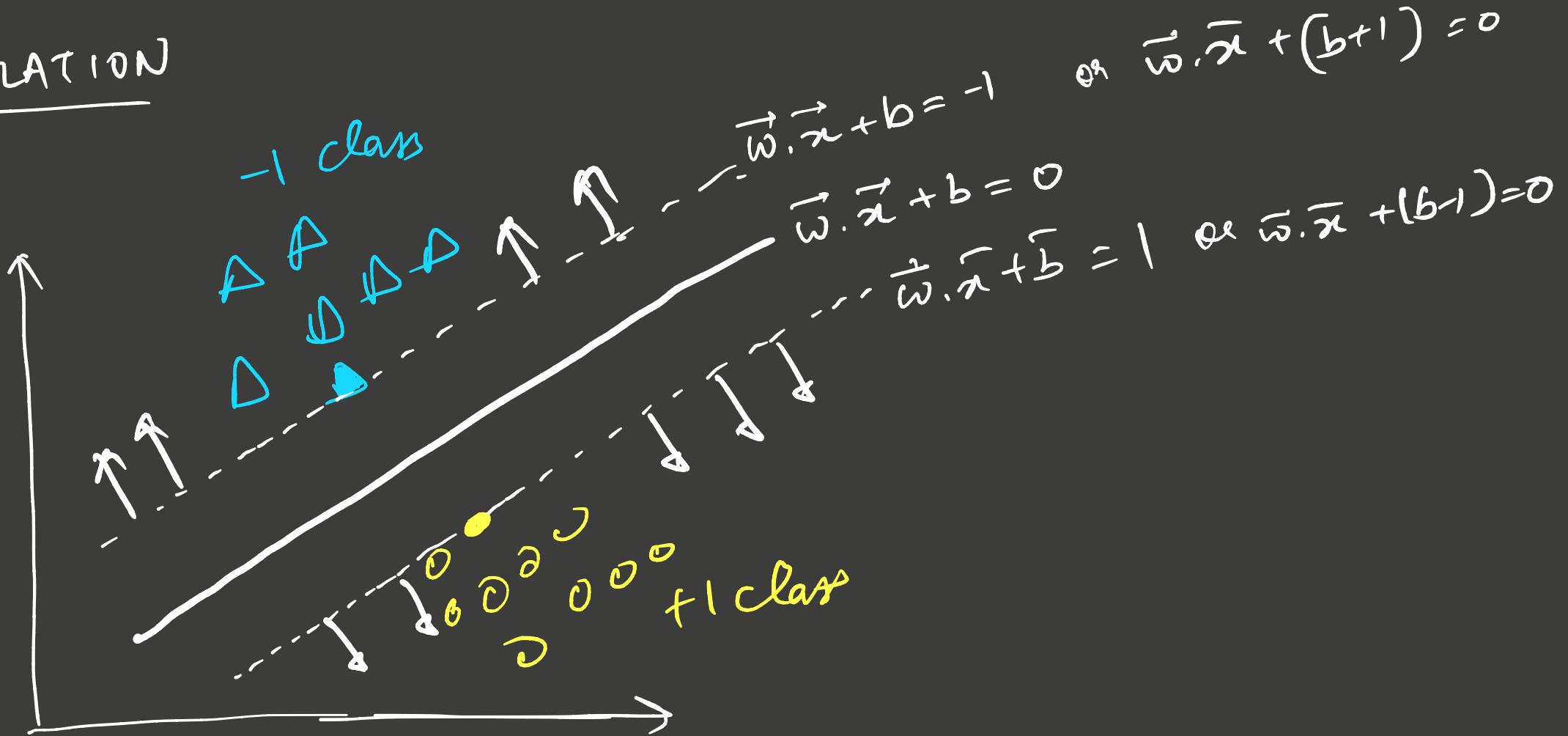
$$\Rightarrow \vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_1 + t \|\vec{w}\|^2 + b_2 - b_1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_1 + b_1)} + b_2 - b_1 + t \|\vec{w}\|^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{b_2 - b_1}{\|\vec{w}\|^2} \Rightarrow$$

$$D = t \|\vec{w}\| = \frac{b_2 - b_1}{\|\vec{w}\|}$$

## FORMULATION



$$\text{Margin} = \frac{(b+1) - (b-1)}{\|\vec{w}\|} = \frac{2}{\|\vec{w}\|}$$

Mathematical convenience.

Goal: Maximize Margin = Minimize  $\|\vec{w}\|$  or  $\frac{1}{2} \|\vec{w}\|^2$

s.t. correctly labelling other points.

i.e.  $\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_i + b \leq -1$  if  $y_i = -1$

$\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_i + b \geq 1$  if  $y_i = +1$

# PRIMAL FORMULATION

$$\text{Minimize } \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{w}\|^2$$

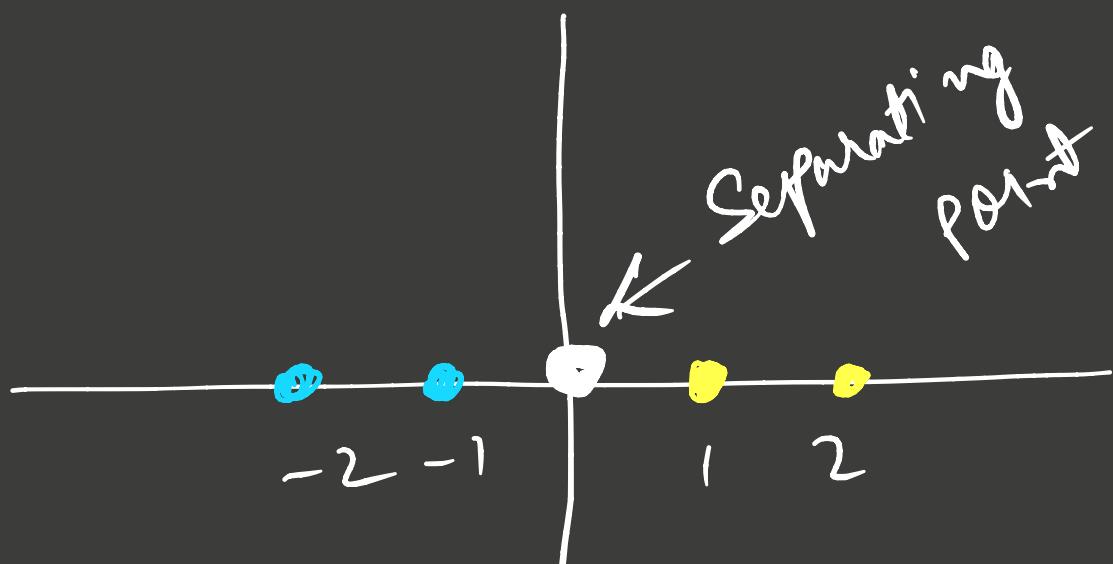
$$\text{s.t. } y_i (\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x}_i + b) \geq 1 \quad \forall i$$

θ) what is  $\|\vec{w}\|$

$$\vec{w} = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|\vec{w}\| &= \sqrt{\vec{w}^T \vec{w}} \\ &= \sqrt{\begin{bmatrix} w_1 & w_2 & \dots \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}} \end{aligned}$$

# SIMPLE EXAMPLE (b)



4 points

$x_1$	$y$
1	1
2	1
-1	-1
-2	-1

Separating hyperplane :  $w_1 x_1 + b = 0$

$$y_i (w_1 x_1 + b) \geq 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 (w_1 + b) \geq 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$1 (2 w_1 + b) \geq 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$-1 (-w_1 + b) \geq 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{3}$$

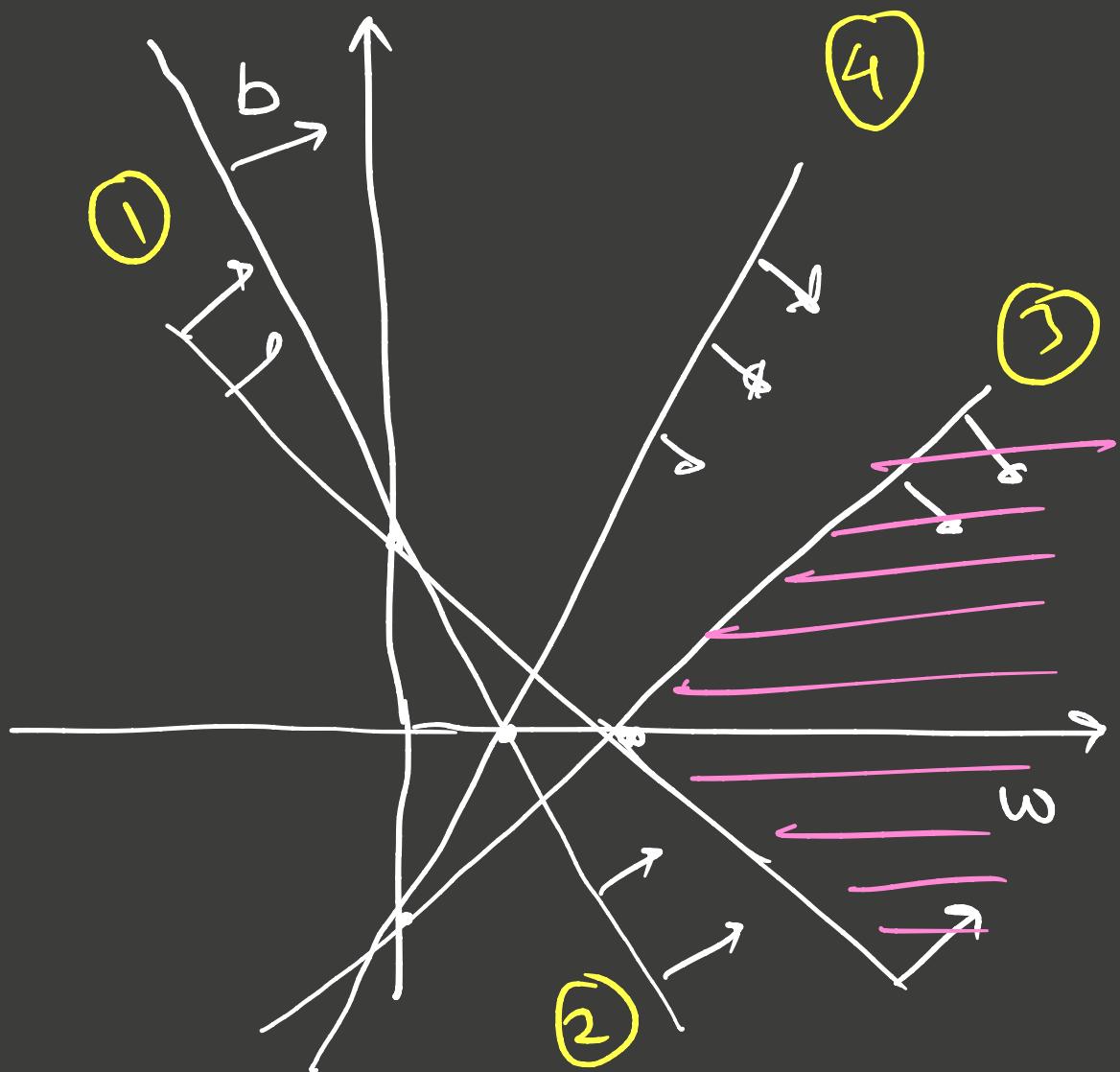
$$-1 (-2w_1 + b) \geq 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{4}$$

$$1(\omega_1 + b) \geq 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$1(2\omega_1 + b) \geq 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$-1(-\omega_1 + b) \geq 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{3} \Rightarrow \omega_1 - b \geq 1$$

$$-1(-2\omega_1 + b) \geq 1 \quad \dots \textcircled{4} \Rightarrow 2\omega_1 - b \geq 1$$



$$\omega_{\min} = 1$$

$$b = 0$$

$$\vec{\omega} \cdot \vec{x} + b = 0$$

$$\text{or } x = 0$$