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① $U_{GS} > U_{GS(off)}$

$$U_{GD} = -4V > U_{GS(off)}$$

故为可变电阻区

② $U_{GS} > U_{GS(off)}$

$$U_{GD} = +6V < U_{GS(off)}$$

故为恒流区

③ $U_{GS} > U_{GS(off)}$

$$U_{GD} = -9V > U_{GS(off)}$$

故为可变电阻区

④ $U_{GS} < U_{GS(off)}$

故为夹断区

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a) 不能

b) 此为 耗尽型N型场效应管, U_0 为恒值 U_{DD}

c) 可以正常放大

d) 不能

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解 1)

$$I_D = I_{DSS} \left(1 - \frac{U_{GS}}{U_{GS(off)}} \right)^2 = 0.5 \text{mA}$$

$$R_{S1} \approx \frac{U_{GS}}{I_D} = \frac{2 \text{V}}{0.5 \text{mA}} = 4 \text{k}\Omega$$

2) 若电路处于正常放大状态,

$$U_{GS} > U_{GS(off)} = -4 \text{V}$$

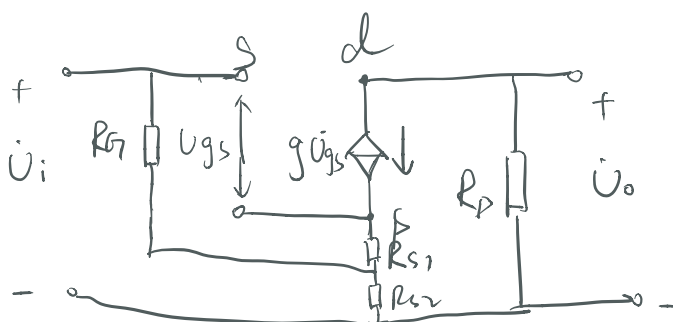
$$U_{GD} < U_{GS(off)} = -4 \text{V}$$

$$U_{GD} = U_{GS} - U_{DS}$$

$$U_{DS} = U_{DD} - I_D (R_D + R_{S1} + R_{S2})$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{S2 \max} = 22 \text{k}\Omega$$

3)



$$A_u = \frac{\dot{U}_o}{\dot{U}_i} = \frac{g \dot{U}_{gs} R_D}{\dot{U}_{gs} + g \dot{U}_{gs} (R_{S1} + R_{S2})}$$

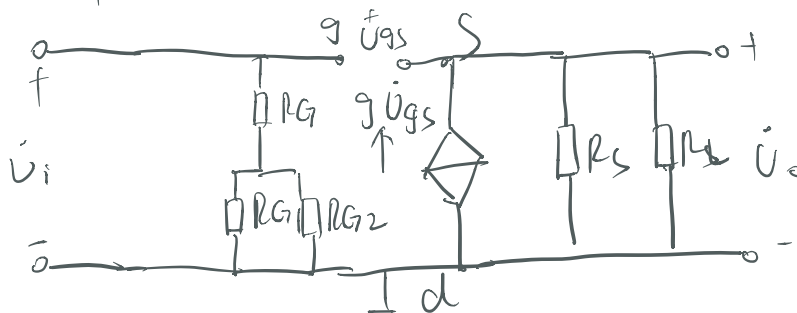
$$g = \frac{-2I_{DSS}}{U_{GS(off)}} \left(1 - \frac{U_{GS}}{U_{GS(off)}}\right) = \frac{-2 \times 2 \text{mA}}{-4 \text{V}} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{代入得} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times 10^{-3} \times 10 \text{k}}{1 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10^{-3} \times (10 \text{k} + 22 \text{k})}$$

$$= \frac{5}{14}$$

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$$\dot{U}_o = g \dot{U}_{gs} (R_S // R_L)$$

$$\dot{U}_i = \dot{U}_{gs} + g \dot{U}_{gs} (R_S // R_L)$$

$$\therefore A_u = \frac{g_m(R_S \parallel R_L)}{1 + g_m(R_S \parallel R_L)} = \frac{12 \times 1}{1 + \underline{12 \times 1}} = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$R_i = R_G + R_{G1} \parallel R_{G2} \approx 2 \text{ M}\Omega$$

$$R_o = R_S \parallel \frac{1}{g_m} = \frac{12}{13} \text{ k}\Omega$$