

Class 9 Halloween Project

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```
candy_file="candy-data.csv"
candy=read.csv(candy_file,row.names=1)
head(candy)
```

	chocolate	fruity	caramel	peanutyalmondy	nougat	crispedricewafer
100 Grand	1	0	1	0	0	1
3 Musketeers	1	0	0	0	1	0
One dime	0	0	0	0	0	0
One quarter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Air Heads	0	1	0	0	0	0
Almond Joy	1	0	0	1	0	0

	hard	bar	pluribus	sugarpercent	pricepercent	winpercent
100 Grand	0	1	0	0.732	0.860	66.97173
3 Musketeers	0	1	0	0.604	0.511	67.60294
One dime	0	0	0	0.011	0.116	32.26109
One quarter	0	0	0	0.011	0.511	46.11650
Air Heads	0	0	0	0.906	0.511	52.34146
Almond Joy	0	1	0	0.465	0.767	50.34755

Q1

```
nrow(candy)
```

[1] 85

Q2

```
sum(candy$fruity)
```

```
[1] 38
```

Q3

```
candy["Snickers",]$winpercent
```

```
[1] 76.67378
```

Q4

```
candy["Kit Kat",]$winpercent
```

```
[1] 76.7686
```

Q5

```
candy["Tootsie Roll Snack Bars",]$winpercent
```

```
[1] 49.6535
```

```
library(skimr)
skim(candy)
```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	candy
Number of rows	85
Number of columns	12
<hr/>	
Column type frequency:	
numeric	12
<hr/>	
Group variables	None

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable	n_missing	complete_rate	mean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
chocolate	0	1	0.44	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	
fruity	0	1	0.45	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	
caramel	0	1	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
peanutyalmondy	0	1	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
nougat	0	1	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
crispedricewafer	0	1	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
hard	0	1	0.18	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
bar	0	1	0.25	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
pluribus	0	1	0.52	0.50	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
sugarpercent	0	1	0.48	0.28	0.01	0.22	0.47	0.73	0.99	
pricepercent	0	1	0.47	0.29	0.01	0.26	0.47	0.65	0.98	
winpercent	0	1	50.32	14.71	22.45	39.14	47.83	59.86	84.18	

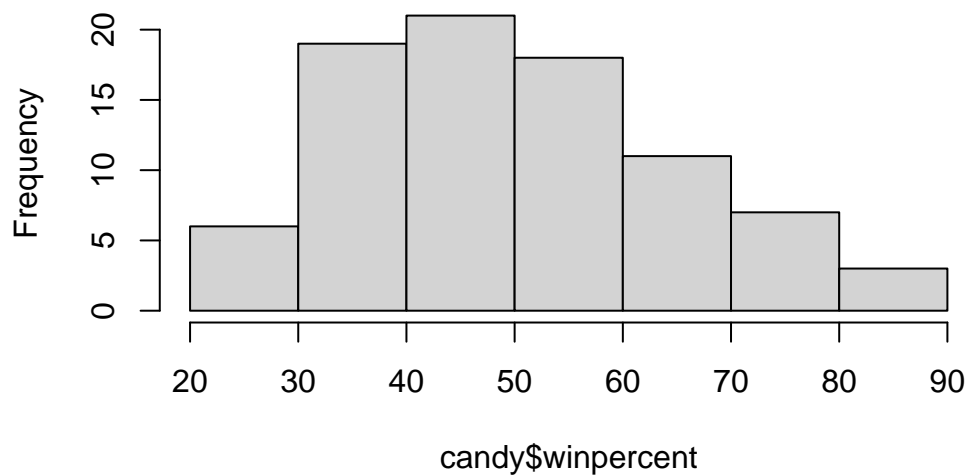
Q6 winpercent

Q7 1 means the candy is made of chocolate, and 0 means it isn't.

Q8

```
hist(candy$winpercent)
```

Histogram of candy\$winpercent



Q9. No, it is skewed to the right.

Q10. Above

```
mean(candy$winpercent)
```

```
[1] 50.31676
```

Q11. Higher

```
choc.inds=as.logical(candy$chocolate)
choc.win=candy[choc.inds,"winpercent"]
mean(choc.win)
```

```
[1] 60.92153
```

```
fruit.inds=as.logical(candy$fruity)
fruit.win=candy[fruit.inds,"winpercent"]
mean(fruit.win)
```

```
[1] 44.11974
```

```
mean(choc.win)>mean(fruit.win)
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

Q12. Yes, $p < 0.05$

```
t_test_result=t.test(choc.win, fruit.win)
print(t_test_result)
```

Welch Two Sample t-test

```
data:  choc.win and fruit.win
t = 6.2582, df = 68.882, p-value = 2.871e-08
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 11.44563 22.15795
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
 60.92153  44.11974
```

Q13. Nik L Nip, Boston Baked Beans, Chiclets, Super Bubble, Jawbusters

```
head(candy[order(candy$winpercent),], n=5)
```

	chocolate	fruity	caramel	peanut	almond	nougat		
Nik L Nip	0	1	0		0	0		
Boston Baked Beans	0	0	0		1	0		
Chiclets	0	1	0		0	0		
Super Bubble	0	1	0		0	0		
Jawbusters	0	1	0		0	0		

	crisped	rice	wafer	hard	bar	pluribus	sugar	percent	price	percent
Nik L Nip				0	0	0	1	0.197		0.976
Boston Baked Beans				0	0	0	1	0.313		0.511
Chiclets				0	0	0	1	0.046		0.325
Super Bubble				0	0	0	0	0.162		0.116
Jawbusters				0	1	0	1	0.093		0.511

	winpercent
Nik L Nip	22.44534
Boston Baked Beans	23.41782
Chiclets	24.52499
Super Bubble	27.30386
Jawbusters	28.12744

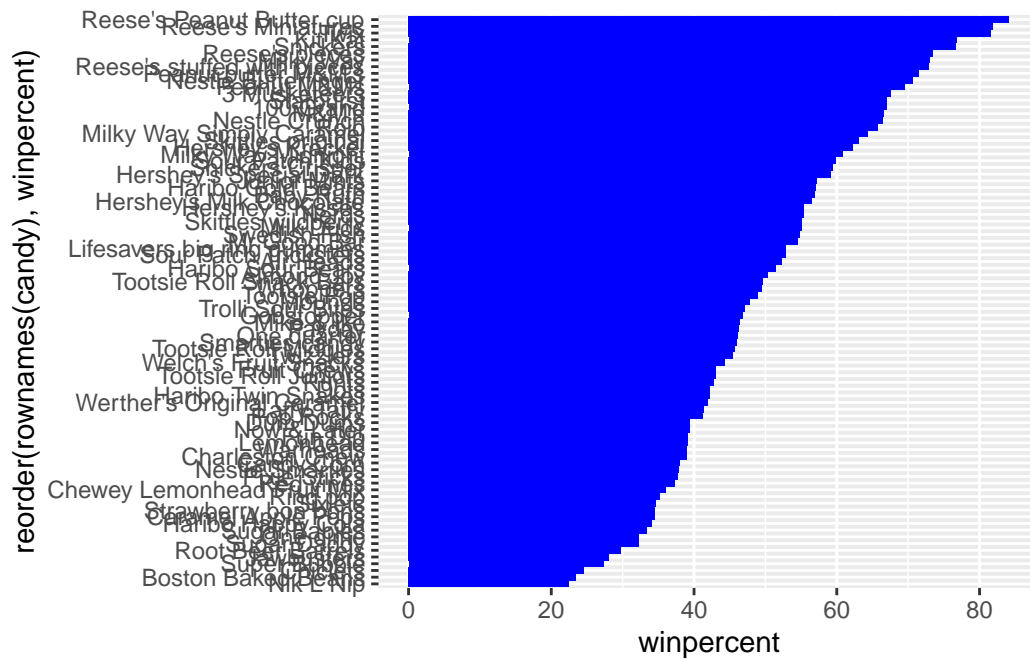
Q14. Reese's PB cup, Reese's miniatures, Twix, Kit Kat, Snickers

```
head(candy[order(-candy$winpercent), ], n = 5)
```

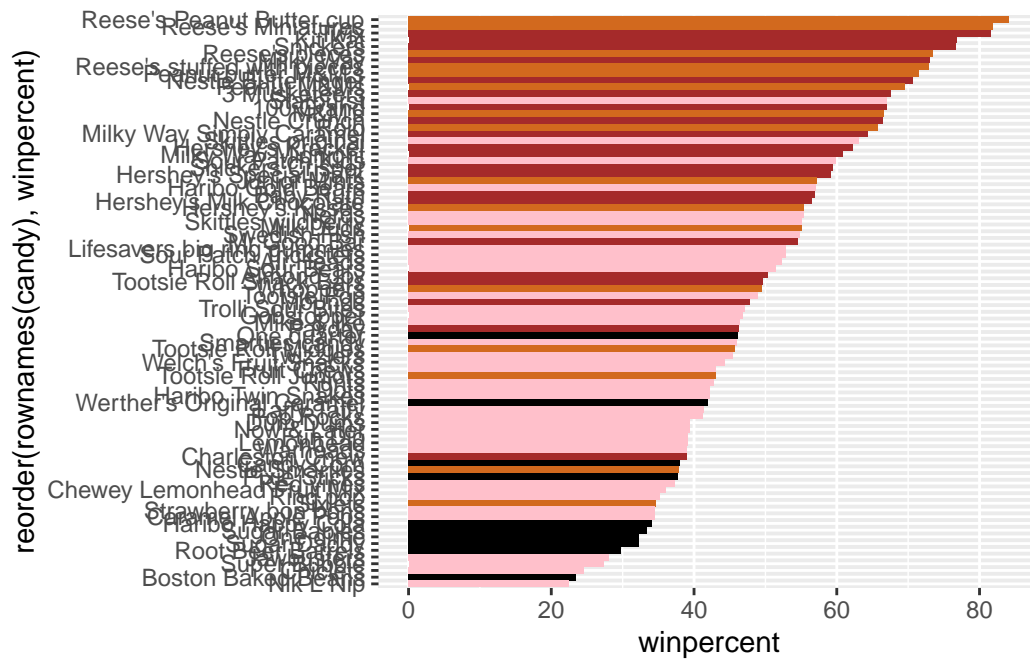
	chocolate	fruity	caramel	peanut	almond	nougat		
Reese's Peanut Butter cup	1	0	0		1	0		
Reese's Miniatures	1	0	0		1	0		
Twix	1	0	1		0	0		
Kit Kat	1	0	0		0	0		
Snickers	1	0	1		1	1		

	crisped	rice	wafer	hard	bar	pluribus	sugar	percent
Reese's Peanut Butter cup				0	0	0	0	0.720
Reese's Miniatures				0	0	0	0	0.034
Twix				1	0	1	0	0.546
Kit Kat				1	0	1	0	0.313
Snickers				0	0	1	0	0.546

	price	percent	winpercent
--	-------	---------	------------



```
my_cols=rep("black", nrow(candy))
my_cols[as.logical(candy$chocolate)] = "chocolate"
my_cols[as.logical(candy$bar)] = "brown"
my_cols[as.logical(candy$fruity)] = "pink"
ggplot(candy) +
  aes(winpercent, reorder(rownames(candy), winpercent)) +
  geom_col(fill=my_cols)
```

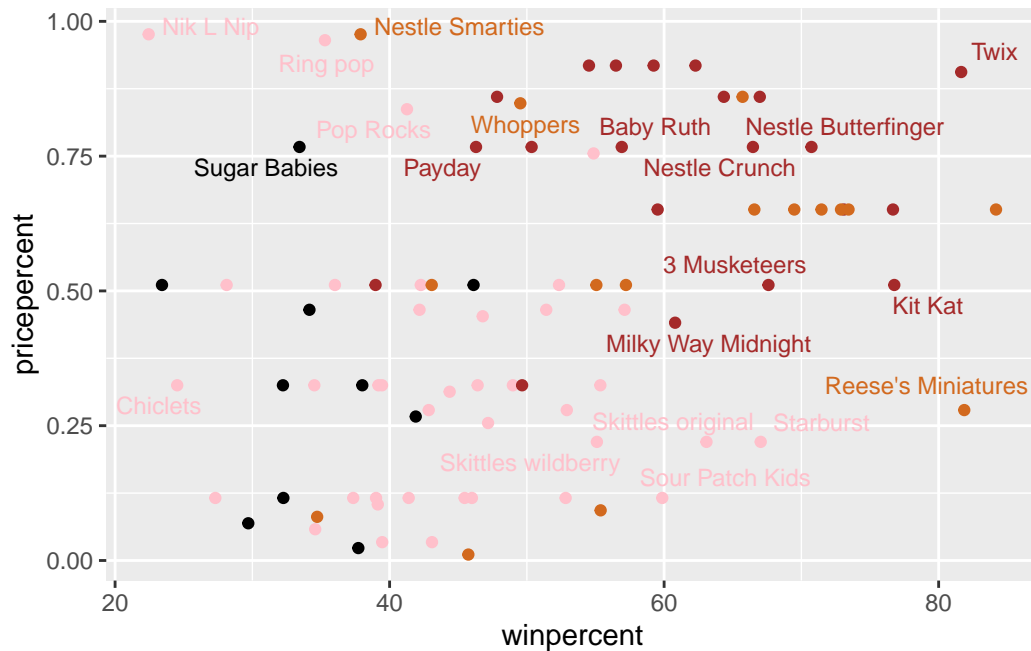


Q17. Sixlets

Q18. Starburst

```
library(ggrepel)
# How about a plot of price vs win
ggplot(candy) +
  aes(winpercent, pricepercent, label=rownames(candy)) +
  geom_point(col=my_cols) +
  geom_text_repel(col=my_cols, size=3.3, max.overlaps = 5)
```

Warning: ggrepel: 65 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider increasing max.overlaps



Q19. Reeses miniatures

Q20. Nik L Nip, Nestle Smarties, Ring pop, Hersheys Krackel, Hersheys Milk Chocolate Nik L Nip is least popular

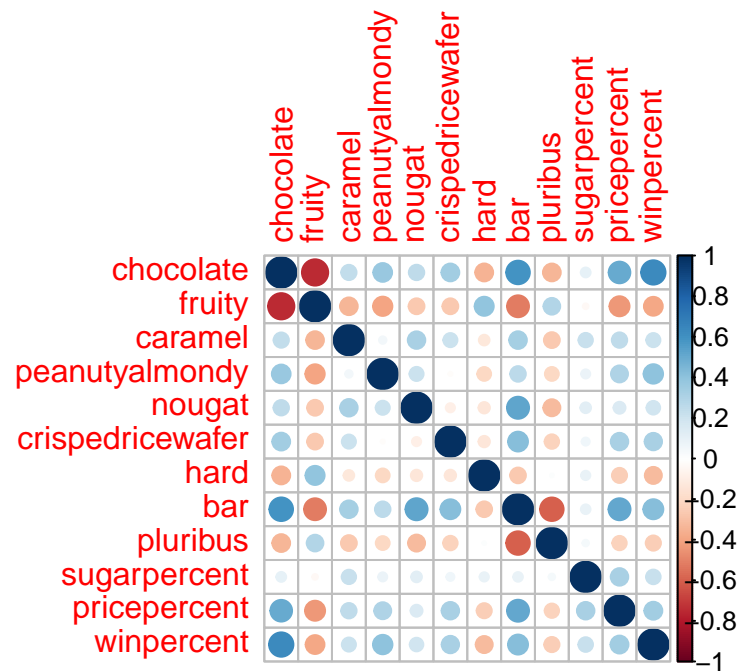
```
ord <- order(candy$pricepercent, decreasing = TRUE)
head( candy[ord,c(11,12)], n=5 )
```

	pricepercent	winpercent
Nik L Nip	0.976	22.44534
Nestle Smarties	0.976	37.88719
Ring pop	0.965	35.29076
Hershey's Krackel	0.918	62.28448
Hershey's Milk Chocolate	0.918	56.49050

```
library(corrplot)
```

corrplot 0.92 loaded

```
cij <- cor(candy)
corrplot(cij)
```



Q22. chocolate and fruity Q23. chocolate and winpercent

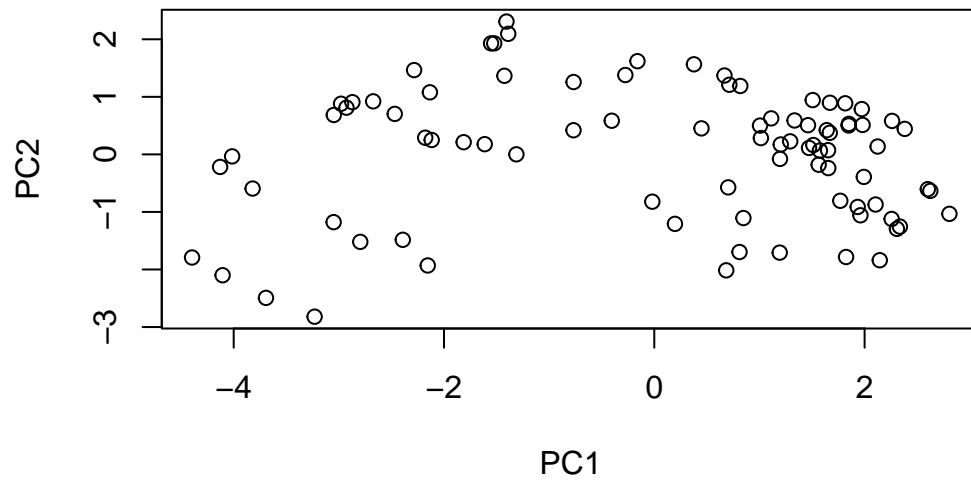
```
pca= prcomp(candy, scale = TRUE)
summary(pca)
```

Importance of components:

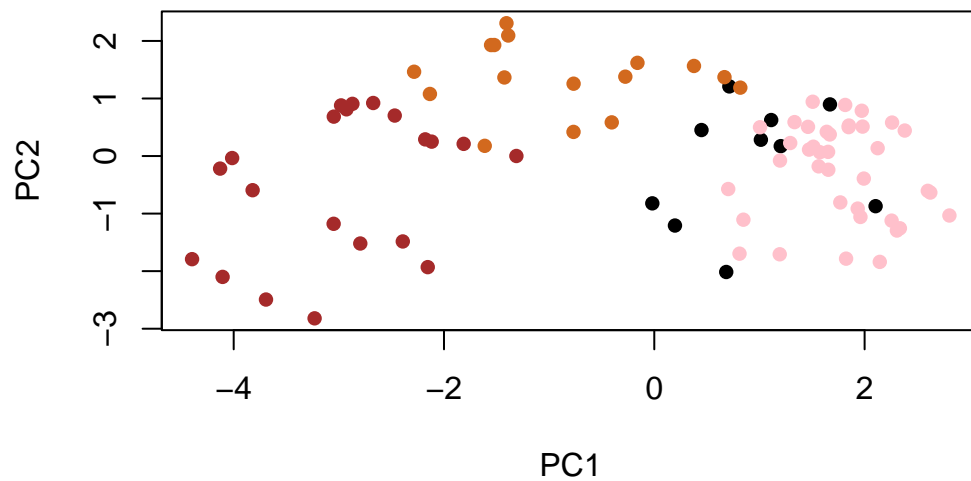
	PC1	PC2	PC3	PC4	PC5	PC6	PC7
Standard deviation	2.0788	1.1378	1.1092	1.07533	0.9518	0.81923	0.81530
Proportion of Variance	0.3601	0.1079	0.1025	0.09636	0.0755	0.05593	0.05539
Cumulative Proportion	0.3601	0.4680	0.5705	0.66688	0.7424	0.79830	0.85369

	PC8	PC9	PC10	PC11	PC12
Standard deviation	0.74530	0.67824	0.62349	0.43974	0.39760
Proportion of Variance	0.04629	0.03833	0.03239	0.01611	0.01317
Cumulative Proportion	0.89998	0.93832	0.97071	0.98683	1.00000

```
plot(pca$x[, 1], pca$x[, 2],
     xlab = "PC1", ylab = "PC2")
```

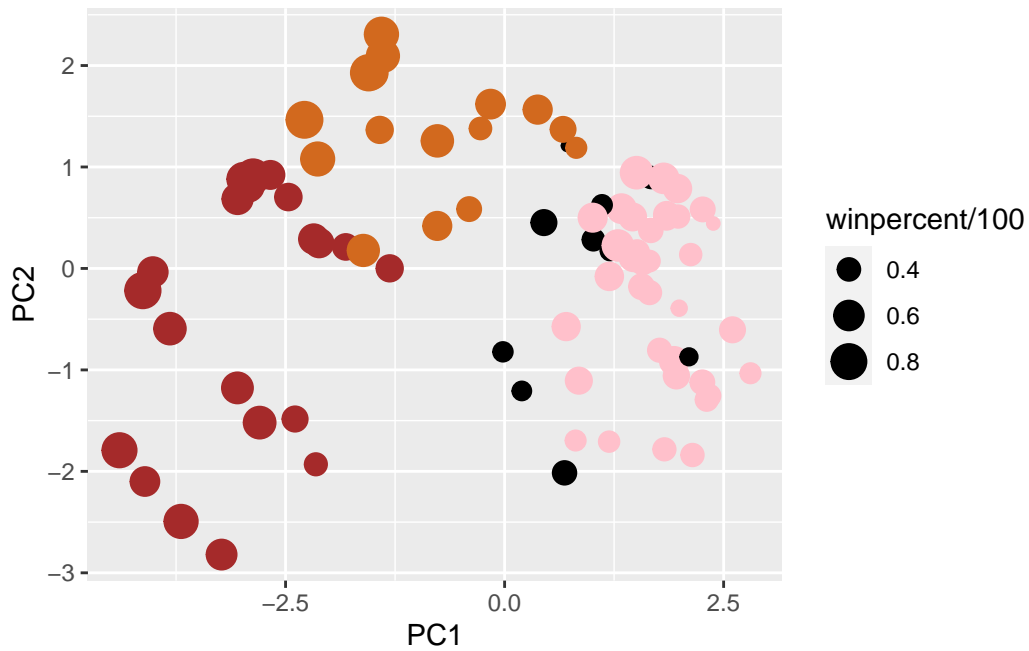


```
plot(pca$x[,1:2], col=my_cols, pch=16)
```



```
# Make a new data-frame with our PCA results and candy data
my_data <- cbind(candy, pca$x[,1:3])
p <- ggplot(my_data) +
  aes(x=PC1, y=PC2,
      size=winpercent/100,
      text=rownames(my_data),
      label=rownames(my_data)) +
  geom_point(col=my_cols)
```

p



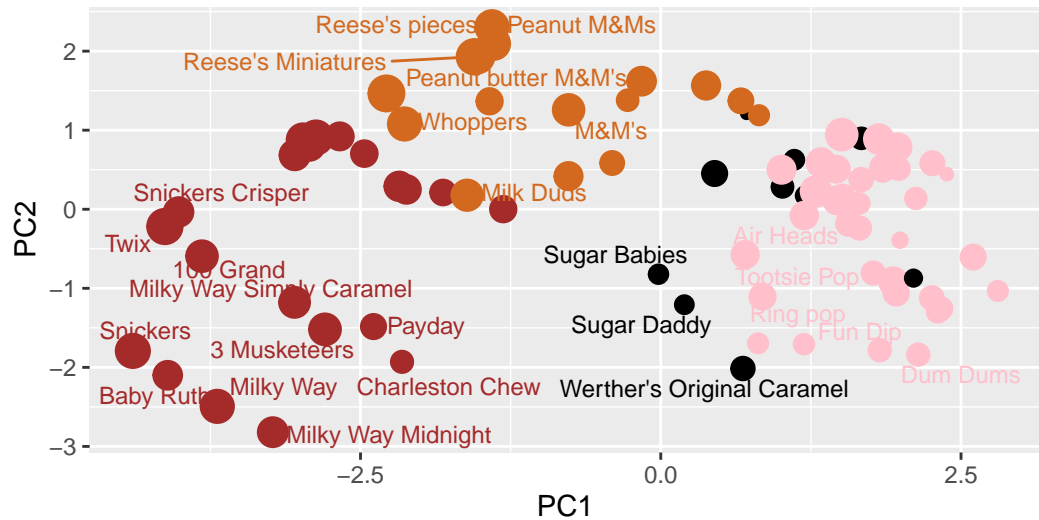
```
library(ggrepel)

p + geom_text_repel(size=3.3, col=my_cols, max.overlaps = 7) +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  labs(title="Halloween Candy PCA Space",
        subtitle="Colored by type: chocolate bar (dark brown), chocolate other (light brown)",
        caption="Data from 538")
```

Warning: ggrepel: 59 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider increasing max.overlaps

Halloween Candy PCA Space

Colored by type: chocolate bar (dark brown), chocolate other (light brown),



Data from 538

```
library(plotly)
```

Attaching package: 'plotly'

The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':

last_plot

The following object is masked from 'package:stats':

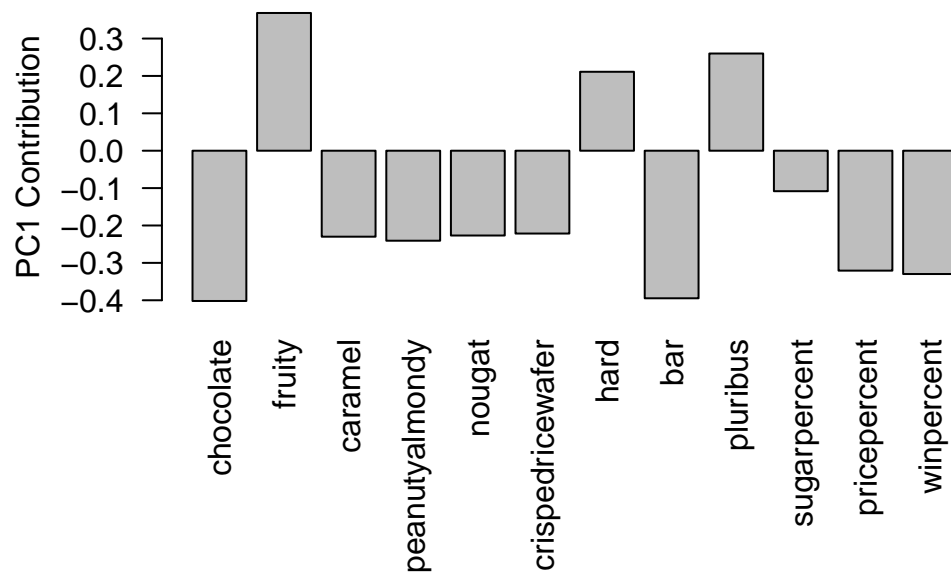
filter

The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':

layout

```
#ggplotly(p)
```

```
par(mar=c(8,4,2,2))
barplot(pca$rotation[,1], las=2, ylab="PC1 Contribution")
```



Q24. Fruity, hard, and pluribus. Yes these make sense to me.