# 6: Data Exploration

Environmental Data Analytics | Kateri Salk Spring 2019

#### LESSON OBJECTIVES

- 1. Describe the usefulness of data wrangling and its place in the data pipeline
- 2. Wrangle datasets with dplyr functions
- 3. Apply data wrangling skills to a real-world example dataset

#### OPENING DISCUSSION

After we've completed basic data exploration on a dataset, what step comes next? How does this help us to ask and answer questions about datasets?

#### SET UP YOUR DATA ANALYSIS SESSION

In assignment 3, you explored the North Temperate Lakes Long-Term Ecological Research Station data for physical and chemical data. What did you learn about this dataset in your assignment?

We will continue working with this dataset today.

```
getwd()
## [1] "/Users/ks501/Documents/GithubRepos/ENV872"
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages
## v ggplot2 3.1.0
                       v purrr
                                  0.2.5
## v tibble 1.4.2
                       v dplyr
                                 0.7.8
## v tidyr
             0.8.2
                       v stringr 1.3.1
## v readr
             1.3.0
                       v forcats 0.3.0
## -- Conflicts -----
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                     masks stats::lag()
NTL.phys.data <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/NTL-LTER_Lake_ChemistryPhysics_Raw.csv")
head(NTL.phys.data)
     lakeid lakename year4 daynum sampledate depth temperature_C
##
## 1
          L Paul Lake
                       1984
                                148
                                       5/27/84
                                                0.00
                                                              14.5
## 2
          L Paul Lake
                       1984
                                148
                                       5/27/84
                                                0.25
                                                                NA
## 3
          L Paul Lake
                       1984
                                148
                                       5/27/84
                                               0.50
                                                                NA
## 4
          L Paul Lake
                      1984
                               148
                                       5/27/84 0.75
                                                                NA
## 5
          L Paul Lake 1984
                               148
                                       5/27/84 1.00
                                                               14.5
## 6
          L Paul Lake 1984
                                       5/27/84 1.50
                               148
                                                                NA
```

1620

1620

<NA>

<NA>

dissolvedOxygen irradianceWater irradianceDeck comments

1750

1550

9.5

NA

## 1

## 2

```
## 3
                   NA
                                   1150
                                                   1620
                                                             <NA>
## 4
                                    975
                   NA
                                                   1620
                                                             <NA>
## 5
                  8.8
                                    870
                                                   1620
                                                             <NA>
## 6
                   NA
                                    610
                                                   1620
                                                             <NA>
colnames(NTL.phys.data)
##
    [1] "lakeid"
                            "lakename"
                                                "year4"
##
                                                "depth"
    [4] "daynum"
                            "sampledate"
##
    [7] "temperature_C"
                            "dissolvedOxygen" "irradianceWater"
   [10] "irradianceDeck"
                            "comments"
summary(NTL.phys.data)
##
        lakeid
                                lakename
                                                   year4
                                                                   daynum
##
    R
            :11288
                     Peter Lake
                                     :11288
                                              Min.
                                                      :1984
                                                               Min.
                                                                       : 55.0
            :10325
##
    L
                     Paul Lake
                                     :10325
                                              1st Qu.:1991
                                                               1st Qu.:166.0
##
    Т
            : 6107
                     Tuesday Lake
                                    : 6107
                                              Median:1997
                                                               Median :194.0
##
    W
            : 4188
                     West Long Lake: 4188
                                              Mean
                                                      :1999
                                                               Mean
                                                                       :194.3
##
    Ε
            : 3905
                     East Long Lake: 3905
                                               3rd Qu.:2006
                                                               3rd Qu.:222.0
##
    Μ
            : 1234
                     Crampton Lake: 1234
                                              Max.
                                                      :2016
                                                               Max.
                                                                       :307.0
##
    (Other): 1567
                      (Other)
                                     : 1567
##
      sampledate
                          depth
                                       temperature_C
                                                        dissolved0xygen
    5/17/94:
                             : 0.00
##
                84
                     Min.
                                       Min.
                                               : 0.30
                                                        Min.
                                                                :
                                                                   0.00
##
    9/5/90:
                64
                     1st Qu.: 1.50
                                       1st Qu.: 5.30
                                                        1st Qu.:
                                                                   0.30
##
    10/1/07:
                61
                     Median: 4.00
                                       Median: 9.30
                                                        Median :
                                                                   5.60
##
    9/10/90:
                61
                     Mean
                             : 4.39
                                       Mean
                                               :11.81
                                                        Mean
                                                                   4.97
##
    5/10/87:
                60
                     3rd Qu.: 6.50
                                       3rd Qu.:18.70
                                                        3rd Qu.:
                                                                   8.40
##
    5/9/88:
                60
                             :20.00
                                               :34.10
                                                                :802.00
                     Max.
                                       Max.
                                                        Max.
##
    (Other):38224
                                       NA's
                                               :3858
                                                        NA's
                                                                :4039
    irradianceWater
                          irradianceDeck
##
##
                -0.337
                                 :
                                      1.5
    Min.
                          Min.
##
    1st Qu.:
                14.000
                          1st Qu.: 353.0
                65.000
##
    Median:
                          Median: 747.0
##
    Mean
               210.242
                          Mean
                                 : 720.5
                          3rd Qu.:1042.0
##
    3rd Qu.:
               265.000
##
    Max.
            :24108.000
                          Max.
                                  :8532.0
            :14287
##
    NA's
                          NA's
                                  :15419
##
                                    comments
##
    DO Probe bad - Doesn't go to zero:
    DO taken with Jones Lab Meter
##
                                           162
##
    NA's
                                        :38246
##
##
##
##
dim(NTL.phys.data)
```

# DATA WRANGLING

11

## [1] 38614

Data wrangling takes data exploration one step further: it allows you to process data in ways that are useful for you. An important part of data wrangling is creating tidy datasets, with the following rules:

- 1. Each variable has its own column
- 2. Each observation has its own row
- 3. Each value has its own cell

What is the best way to wrangle data? There are multiple ways to arrive at a specific outcome in R, and we will illustrate some of those approaches. Your goal should be to write the simplest and most elegant code that will get you to your desired outcome. However, there is sometimes a trade-off of the opportunity cost to learn a new formulation of code and the time it takes to write complex code that you already know. Remember that the best code is one that is easy to understand for yourself and your collaborators. Remember to comment your code, use informative names for variables and functions, and use reproducible methods to arrive at your output.

# WRANGLING IN R: DPLYR

vignette("dplyr")

dplyr is a package in R that includes functions for data manipulation (i.e., data wrangling or data munging). dplyr is included in the tidyverse package, so you should already have it installed on your machine. The functions act as verbs for data wrangling processes. For more information, run this line of code:

```
## starting httpd help server ... done
Filter
Filtering allows us to choose certain rows (observations) in our dataset.
A few relevant commands: == != <<=>>= & |
class(NTL.phys.data$lakeid)
## [1] "factor"
class(NTL.phys.data$depth)
## [1] "numeric"
# matrix filtering
NTL.phys.data.surface1 <- NTL.phys.data[NTL.phys.data$depth == 0,]
# dplyr filtering
NTL.phys.data.surface2 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, depth == 0)
NTL.phys.data.surface3 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, depth < 0.25)
# Did the methods arrive at the same result?
head(NTL.phys.data.surface1)
##
      lakeid
                  lakename year4 daynum sampledate depth temperature_C
## 1
                 Paul Lake
                            1984
                                             5/27/84
                                                         0
                                                                     14.5
           L
                                     148
## 18
           R
                Peter Lake
                            1984
                                     149
                                             5/28/84
                                                         0
                                                                     14.8
                                            5/29/84
                                                         0
## 40
           T Tuesday Lake
                            1984
                                     150
                                                                     15.0
## 56
           Τ.
                 Paul Lake
                            1984
                                     155
                                             6/3/84
                                                         0
                                                                     18.8
## 72
           R
               Peter Lake
                            1984
                                     156
                                             6/4/84
                                                         0
                                                                     18.8
## 90
           T Tuesday Lake
                            1984
                                     157
                                              6/5/84
                                                         0
                                                                     21.0
##
      dissolvedOxygen irradianceWater irradianceDeck comments
## 1
                   9.5
                                   1750
                                                             <NA>
                                                   1620
## 18
                   9.2
                                   1630
                                                   1540
                                                             <NA>
```

```
## 40
                   9.5
                                    1850
                                                    1960
                                                              <NA>
## 56
                   8.0
                                    1100
                                                    1050
                                                              <NA>
## 72
                   9.0
                                     275
                                                     275
                                                              <NA>
                   8.4
                                    1200
                                                    1200
                                                              <NA>
## 90
dim(NTL.phys.data.surface1)
## [1] 1902
               11
head(NTL.phys.data.surface2)
##
     lakeid
                 lakename year4 daynum sampledate depth temperature_C
## 1
          L
                Paul Lake 1984
                                     148
                                            5/27/84
## 2
          R
               Peter Lake
                            1984
                                     149
                                            5/28/84
                                                         0
                                                                     14.8
## 3
                           1984
                                     150
                                                         0
                                                                     15.0
          T Tuesday Lake
                                            5/29/84
          L
                Paul Lake
                           1984
                                     155
                                             6/3/84
                                                         0
                                                                     18.8
## 5
          R
               Peter Lake
                           1984
                                     156
                                             6/4/84
                                                         0
                                                                     18.8
## 6
          T Tuesday Lake 1984
                                     157
                                             6/5/84
                                                                     21.0
     dissolvedOxygen irradianceWater irradianceDeck comments
## 1
                  9.5
                                  1750
                                                   1620
                                                             <NA>
## 2
                  9.2
                                  1630
                                                   1540
                                                             <NA>
## 3
                  9.5
                                  1850
                                                   1960
                                                             <NA>
## 4
                  8.0
                                  1100
                                                   1050
                                                             <NA>
## 5
                  9.0
                                   275
                                                    275
                                                             <NA>
## 6
                  8.4
                                  1200
                                                   1200
                                                             <NA>
dim(NTL.phys.data.surface2)
## [1] 1902
               11
head(NTL.phys.data.surface3)
##
     lakeid
                 lakename year4 daynum sampledate depth temperature_C
## 1
          L
                Paul Lake
                            1984
                                     148
                                            5/27/84
                                                                     14.5
## 2
          R.
                            1984
                                     149
                                                         0
                                                                     14.8
               Peter Lake
                                            5/28/84
## 3
                            1984
                                     150
                                            5/29/84
                                                         0
                                                                     15.0
          T Tuesday Lake
                                                                     18.8
## 4
                            1984
                                     155
                                             6/3/84
                                                         0
                Paul Lake
          Τ.
## 5
               Peter Lake
                            1984
                                     156
                                             6/4/84
                                                         0
                                                                     18.8
          T Tuesday Lake 1984
## 6
                                     157
                                             6/5/84
                                                                     21.0
     {\tt dissolved0xygen\ irradianceWater\ irradianceDeck\ comments}
## 1
                                                             <NA>
                  9.5
                                  1750
                                                   1620
## 2
                  9.2
                                  1630
                                                   1540
                                                             <NA>
## 3
                                  1850
                                                             <NA>
                  9.5
                                                   1960
## 4
                  8.0
                                  1100
                                                   1050
                                                             <NA>
## 5
                                    275
                                                    275
                  9.0
                                                             <NA>
## 6
                  8.4
                                  1200
                                                   1200
                                                             <NA>
dim(NTL.phys.data.surface3)
## [1] 1902
               11
# Choose multiple conditions to filter
summary(NTL.phys.data$lakename)
```

## Central Long Lake Crampton Lake East Long Lake Hummingbird Lake ## 539 1234 3905 430 ## Paul Lake Peter Lake Tuesday Lake Ward Lake ## 10325 11288 6107 598

```
##
      West Long Lake
##
                4188
NTL.phys.data.PeterPaul1 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, lakename == "Paul Lake" | lakename == "Peter Lake")
NTL.phys.data.PeterPaul2 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, lakename != "Central Long Lake" &
                                     lakename != "Crampton Lake" & lakename != "East Long Lake" &
                                     lakename != "Hummingbird Lake" & lakename != "Tuesday Lake" &
                                     lakename != "Ward Lake" & lakename != "West Long Lake")
NTL.phys.data.PeterPaul3 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, lakename %in% c("Paul Lake", "Peter Lake"))
# Choose a range of conditions of a numeric or integer variable
summary(NTL.phys.data$daynum)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
##
      55.0
            166.0
                    194.0
                             194.3
                                     222.0
                                             307.0
NTL.phys.data.JunethruOctober1 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, daynum > 151 & daynum < 305)
NTL.phys.data.JunethruOctober2 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, daynum > 151, daynum < 305)
NTL.phys.data.JunethruOctober3 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, daynum >= 152 & daynum <= 304)
NTL.phys.data.JunethruOctober4 <- filter(NTL.phys.data, daynum %in% c(152:304))
# Exercise:
# filter NTL.phys.data for the year 1999
# what code do you need to use, based on the class of the variable?
class(NTL.phys.data$year4)
## [1] "integer"
# Exercise:
# filter NTL.phys.data for Tuesday Lake from 1990 through 1999.
```

Question: Why don't we filter using row numbers? > ANSWER:

### Arrange

Arranging allows us to change the order of rows in our dataset. By default, the arrange function will arrange rows in ascending order.

```
NTL.phys.data.depth.ascending <- arrange(NTL.phys.data, depth)
NTL.phys.data.depth.descending <- arrange(NTL.phys.data, desc(depth))

# Exercise:
# Arrange NTL.phys.data by temperature, in descending order.
# Which dates, lakes, and depths have the highest temperatures?
```

#### Select

Selecting allows us to choose certain columns (variables) in our dataset.

```
NTL.phys.data.temps <- select(NTL.phys.data, lakename, sampledate:temperature_C)
```

# Mutate

Mutating allows us to add new columns that are functions of existing columns. Operations include addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, log, and other functions.

```
NTL.phys.data.temps <- mutate(NTL.phys.data.temps, temperature_F = (temperature_C*9/5) + 32)
```

## **Pipes**

Sometimes we will want to perform multiple commands on a single dataset on our way to creating a processed dataset. We could do this in a series of subsequent commands or create a function. However, there is another method to do this that looks cleaner and is easier to read. This method is called a pipe. We designate a pipe with %>%. A good way to think about the function of a pipe is with the word "then."

Let's say we want to take our raw dataset (NTL.phys.data), then filter the data for Peter and Paul lakes, then select temperature and observation information, and then add a column for temperature in Fahrenheit:

```
NTL.phys.data.processed <-
NTL.phys.data %>%
filter(lakename == "Paul Lake" | lakename == "Peter Lake") %>%
select(lakename, sampledate:temperature_C) %>%
mutate(temperature_F = (temperature_C*9/5) + 32)
```

Notice that we did not place the dataset name inside the wrangling function but rather at the beginning.

### Saving processed datasets

```
write.csv(NTL.phys.data.PeterPaul1, row.names = FALSE, file = "./Data/Processed/NTL-LTER_Lake_Chemistry
```

## CLOSING DISCUSSION

How did data wrangling help us to generate a processed dataset? How does this impact our ability to analyze and answer questions about our data?