

$$1-7. 0.5 \times 10^{-4} \times 10^{-12} = N \cdot h \cdot \frac{c}{\lambda}, N = \frac{5 \times 10^{-17}}{h \cdot \frac{c}{\lambda}} = 138.3 \text{ 个}$$

$$1-8. P = \sigma \cdot T^4 \cdot S$$

$$P = N \cdot h \cdot \nu = M_{\lambda}(T) \cdot \Delta \lambda \cdot S = \frac{2 h \pi c^2}{\lambda^5} e^{\frac{\Delta \lambda}{k c / \lambda k T}} \cdot \frac{P}{\sigma T^4}$$

$$N = \frac{2 h \pi c^2}{\lambda^5} \cdot \frac{1}{e^{\frac{1}{k c / \lambda k T}}} \cdot \Delta \lambda \cdot \frac{P}{\sigma T^4} / h \nu \approx 5.6 \times 10^{13}$$

$$1-9. h \nu_0 + m_0 c^2 = h \nu + m c^2$$

$$E = h \nu_0 - h \nu = 0.6 - 0.6 \times \frac{1}{1.2} = 0.1 \text{ MeV}$$

$$1-10. \text{ 电子: } \Delta E = m_1 c^2 - m_2 c^2 = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (\frac{v}{c})^2}} - 1 \right) \cdot m_2 c^2 = 0.25 m_2 c^2$$

$$E_{\text{光子原}} = h \nu, E_{\text{光子后}} = h \nu - \Delta E = h \nu_{\text{后}} = h \cdot \frac{c}{\lambda_{\text{后}}}$$

$$\lambda_{\text{后}} = \frac{h c}{h \nu - \Delta E} = \frac{h c \lambda_{\text{原}}}{h c - \Delta E \lambda_{\text{原}}}, \Delta \lambda = \lambda_{\text{后}} - \lambda_{\text{原}} = \frac{h}{m e c} (1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$\text{代入, } \theta \approx 63.3^\circ, \lambda_{\text{后}} \approx 4.34 \times 10^{-12} \text{ m}$$

$$hc \frac{\Delta\lambda}{\lambda(\lambda+\Delta\lambda)}$$

1-11. (1) $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$, $\cos\theta = 0$, $\Delta\lambda = \lambda_c$, $\frac{\Delta\lambda}{\lambda_1} / \frac{\Delta\lambda}{\lambda_2} = \frac{\lambda_2}{\lambda_1} = 10^{-4}$

$$\Delta\varepsilon = h\frac{c}{\lambda} - h\frac{c}{\lambda+\Delta\lambda} = hc \cdot \frac{\Delta\lambda}{\lambda(\lambda+\Delta\lambda)}$$

$$\Delta\varepsilon_1 / \Delta\varepsilon_2 = \frac{\lambda_2(\lambda_2+\Delta\lambda)}{\lambda_1(\lambda_1+\Delta\lambda)} \approx 10^{-8}$$

(2) X光

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