

7. 当 $i=j$ 时, $\text{Cov}(x_i - \bar{x}, x_j - \bar{x}) = D(x_i - \bar{x}), \rho = 1$

当 $i \neq j$ 时, $\text{Cov}(x_i - \bar{x}, x_j - \bar{x}) = \text{Cov}(x_i, x_j) - \text{Cov}(x_i, \bar{x}) - \text{Cov}(x_j, \bar{x})$

$+ \text{Cov}(\bar{x}, \bar{x}) = 0 + \frac{\sigma^2}{n} - 2\text{Cov}(x_i, \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i)$

其中 $\text{Cov}(x_i, \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i) = \frac{1}{n} \text{Cov}(x_i, x_i) = \frac{\sigma^2}{n}$

$\therefore \frac{\sigma^2}{n} - \frac{2\sigma^2}{n} = -\frac{\sigma^2}{n}$

$D(x_i - \bar{x}) = D(x_j - \bar{x}) = \frac{\sigma^2}{n} + \sigma^2 = \sigma^2 \cdot \frac{n+1}{n}$

$\therefore \rho = \frac{\text{Cov}(x_i - \bar{x}, x_j - \bar{x})}{\sqrt{D(x_i - \bar{x})D(x_j - \bar{x})}} = -\frac{1}{n+1}$

9. (1) $x_i \sim N(0, 0.25), \frac{x_i}{0.5} \sim N(0, 1)$

$P(\sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i^2 \geq 4) = P(\sum_{i=1}^{10} (2x_i)^2 \geq 16) = P(\chi^2(10) \geq 16) = 0.1$

(2) $S^2 = \frac{1}{9} \sum_{i=1}^9 (x_i - \bar{x})^2, \frac{9S^2}{0.25} \sim \chi^2(9)$

$\therefore P(\sum_{i=1}^{10} (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \geq 4.23) = P(4 \sum_{i=1}^{10} (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \geq 16.92) = P(\chi^2(9) \geq 16.92)$

$= 0.05$

10. (1) $x_i \sim N(0, 4), \frac{x_i}{2} \sim N(0, 1), a = \frac{1}{4}$

$x_2 + x_3 + x_4 \sim N(0, 12), \frac{x_2 + x_3 + x_4}{\sqrt{12}} \sim N(0, 1), b = \frac{1}{12}$

$S^2 = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{i=5}^9 (x_i - \bar{y})^2, \frac{4S^2}{4} \sim \chi^2(4)$

$\therefore c = \frac{1}{4}$

(2) $x_1 + x_2 \sim N(0, 8), \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2\sqrt{2}} \sim N(0, 1)$

$\frac{x_i}{2} \sim N(0, 1)$

$d = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_4^2 + x_5^2}} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(x_3^2 + x_4^2 + x_5^2)}} \cdot d = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}, \text{自由度为 } 3$

$$1. X_{n+1} \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2), X_{n+1} - \bar{X} \sim N(0, \frac{n+1}{n} \sigma^2)$$

$$\frac{X_{n+1} - \bar{X}}{\sigma} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+1}} \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$\text{由 } \frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi^2(n-1) \text{ 得 } \frac{\frac{X_{n+1} - \bar{X}}{\sigma} \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+1}}}{\sqrt{\frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} \cdot \frac{1}{n-1}}} = \frac{X_{n+1} - \bar{X}}{S} \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+1}} \sim t(n-1)$$

$$\frac{(X_{n+1} - \bar{X})^2}{S^2} \cdot \frac{n}{n+1} = \left(\frac{X_{n+1} - \bar{X}}{S} \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+1}} \right)^2$$

$$\text{由 } \frac{X_{n+1} - \bar{X}}{S} \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+1}} \sim t(n-1), \therefore \frac{(X_{n+1} - \bar{X})^2}{S^2} \cdot \frac{n}{n+1} \sim F(1, n-1)$$

$$12. P(X > 1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$13. (1) \frac{X_1 + X_2}{\sqrt{2}} \sim N(0, 1), \frac{X_1 - X_2}{\sqrt{2}} \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$Y = \frac{(\frac{X_1 + X_2}{\sqrt{2}})^2 / 1}{(\frac{X_1 - X_2}{\sqrt{2}})^2 / 1} \sim F(1, 1)$$

$$(2) Z = \frac{X_1^2 / 1}{\sum_{i=2}^n X_i^2 / (n-1)} \sim F(1, n-1)$$