Discrete Mathematics Final Exam Zhejiang University 2019

Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
Records								

- 1. (20%) Determine whether the following statements are true or false.
 - (1) () There is at least a maximal in any nonempty poset.
 - (2) () Let R be a relation on the nonempty set A, if $R \subseteq R^2$ then R is transitive.
 - (3) () The graph Q_3 is a Euler graph.
 - (4) ()Mathematical induction and strong induction are equivalent.
 - (5) () The Hasse diagram for the partial ordering $(\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}, |)$ is a tree.
 - (6) ()($(p \to (q \to r)) \to ((p \to q) \to (p \to r))$) is a tautology.
 - (7) () Let R and S be relations on a nonempty set A, if R and S are transitive, then so $R\circ S.$
 - (8) () There is a tree with degrees 3, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1.
 - (9) () Suppose $A = \{a, \{a\}\}\$, then we have $a \subseteq P(A)$.
 - (10)() The negation of "Alan and Bill are absent" is "Alan and Bill are present".
- 2. (18%) Filling in the blanks.
 - (1) If T is a full binary tree with 99 vertices, then its minimum height is $___$.
 - (2) If G is a planar connected graph with 20 vertices, each of degree 4, then G has _____ regions.
 - (3) How many spanning trees does $K_{2,4}$ have? _____.
 - (4) There are ____ non-isomorphic rooted trees with 6 vertices.
 - (5) There is a binary tree. Its preorder traversal is ABDECF and its inorder traversal is DBEACF. Then its postorder traversal is _____.
 - (6) Determine the number of 10-combinations from three apples, four oranges, and five pears.
 - (7) Suppose |A| = 3. Among all binary relations on A there are ____ antisymmetric relations and ____ equivalence relations.
 - (8) The diagram at the Figure.1 is the Hasse diagram for a partially ordered set. Referring to this diagram, list the minimal elements:_____.
- 3. (12%) Let $A = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$. Let R be the relation on $A \times A$, where $((a, b), (c, d)) \in R$ if a + b = c + d.
 - (1) Show that R is an equivalence relation.
 - (2) Find [(3,5)].
 - (3) Find the partition of $A \times A$ from the equivalence relation R.

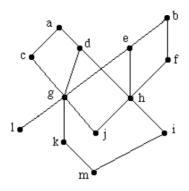


Figure 1: The Hasse diagram

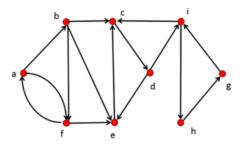


Figure 2: Directed graph G.

- 4. (8%) Let A be a set, and let R and S be relations on A. Let T be a relation on A defined by xTy if and only if xRy and xSy. Prove or disprove: If R and S are equivalence relations, then T is also an equivalence relation.
- 5. (8%) A directed graph G is shown in Figure.2.
 - (1) Find the strongly connected components of the graph G.
 - (2) Determine if G has Hamilton circuit/path. If yes, give a path or circuit; otherwise, give the reason.
 - (3) Determine if the underlying undirected graph of the directed graph G has Euler circuit/path. If yes, give a path or circuit; otherwise, give the reason.
- 6. (12%) G is a directed graph (See Figure.3).
 - (1) Find the number of different paths of length 3.
 - (2) Find the strongly connected components of the graph G.
 - (3) Determine if G has Euler circuit/path or Hamilton circuit/path. If yes, give a path or circuit; otherwise, give the reason.
 - (4) Find the chromatic number of the underlying undirected graph of the directed graph G.
 - (5) Find the spanning tree for the underlying undirected graph of the directed graph G. Choose b as the root of the spanning tree.
- 7. (10%) Determine whether the following statements are true and prove them.
- (1) If G is a simple connected planar graph with 6 vertices and 12 edges, each face of G has three edges.

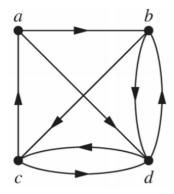


Figure 3: Directed graph G.

- (2) We do not have a simple connected planar graph with 7 edges if each vertex' degree is greater than or equal to 3.
- 8. (12%) Use Huffman coding to encode these symbols with given frequencies: a:0.15, b:0.35, c:0.23, d:0.22, e:0.04, f:0.01. What is the average number of bits required to encode a character?