

Annex A: List of MOUs signed at the 3rd SCI JIC Meeting

Digital Trade

Title of MOU	Description of MOU
Protocol to the Memorandum of Understanding Between the Infocomm Media Development Authority (IMDA) and the Commerce Bureau of Shenzhen Municipality Concerning Cooperation in the Paperless Cross-Border Trade and Trade Financing	<p>Building on the MOU signed in June 2020, IMDA and the Commerce Bureau of Shenzhen Municipality have agreed to continue partnering to facilitate the recognition of electronic Bills of Lading (eBLs) that are enabled by the TradeTrust framework.</p> <p>With the agreement, participating commercial entities will aim to implement pilots with commercial live use cases to facilitate cross-border trade between Singapore and China.</p>

Innovation and Entrepreneurship

Title of MOU	Description of MOU
Memorandum of Intent between Infocomm Media Development Authority (IMDA) and TusStar (Beijing) Science and Technology Enterprise Incubator Co., Ltd.	<p>The IMDA-TusStar collaboration seeks to support the development of Singapore's and China's technology start-up ecosystem through bilateral facilitation to aid companies landing in each other's countries.</p> <p>Technology start-ups in the field of infocomm and media from both countries will be able to tap on initial market sensing advisory support, and networking opportunities when setting up in-country operations in each other's technology ecosystems.</p>
Memorandum of Understanding for Technology & Innovation Cooperation between Enterprise Singapore (EnterpriseSG) and Science, Technology and Innovation Commission of Shenzhen Municipality (SZSTIC)	EnterpriseSG and STIC will establish a Singapore-Shenzhen joint project funding programme that will catalyse and support greater collaboration in innovation projects between Singapore and Shenzhen enterprises.
Memorandum of Understanding between Strides Digital Pte. Ltd and DST Electric	Strides Digital Pte. Ltd and DST Electric Vehicle Rental (Shenzhen) Co., Limited (DST) formed a joint venture electric mobility service company, EVCo, in 2022. This collaboration

Vehicle Rental (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	focuses on the development of deep learning models for electric vehicle management platform.
Memorandum of Understanding between NUS-Advanced Membrane Lab (NUS) and CIMC Offshore Co., Ltd	The NUS and CIMC Offshore Co., Ltd. will jointly develop a means of capturing carbon dioxide emissions from ships based on membrane technology. This will involve designing and manufacturing a modularised Carbon Dioxide capture and storage (CCS) facility, with shipment decarbonisation as a goal.
Memorandum of Understanding between National University of Singapore (NUS) and Tsinghua Shenzhen International Graduate School	The NUS and Shenzhen International Graduate School of Tsinghua University will advance research in the field of hydrate-based Carbon Dioxide capture and storage (CCS) in the offshore marine environment. Both parties aim to incorporate AI methods and advance neural networks models to develop and validate state-of-the-art Carbon Dioxide capture and sequestration technology based on gas hydrates for decarbonisation.
Memorandum of Strategic Cooperation between Yanlord Shenzhen Investment Industry Co. (Yanlord Group, Singapore) and Shenzhen HopeRun Information Technology Co. (belongs to Jiangsu HopeRun Technology Investment Group Co., Ltd)	Yanlord Group, Singapore and Shenzhen HopeRun Information Technology Co. will embark on the joint development of a smart park business cooperation project of Yanlord Eco-Tech City, a project in Longgang Huilongpu, Shenzhen.

Cross-border Dispute Resolution

Title of MOU	Description of MOU
Singapore International Mediation Centre (SIMC) – Shenzhen Court of International Arbitration (SCIA) Mediation-Arbitration Protocol	This agreement extends the collaboration between SIMC and SCIA to provide businesses with ease of access to market opportunities in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area and Southeast Asia, through the establishment of a joint mediation-arbitration approach.

NON-DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT (NDA)

This Nondisclosure Agreement or ("Agreement") has been entered into on the date of _____ and is by and between:

Party Disclosing Information: _____ with a mailing address of _____ ("Disclosing Party").

Party Receiving Information: _____ with a mailing address of _____ ("Receiving Party").

For the purpose of preventing the unauthorized disclosure of Confidential Information as defined below. The parties agree to enter into a confidential relationship concerning the disclosure of certain proprietary and confidential information ("Confidential Information").

1. Definition of Confidential Information. For purposes of this Agreement, "Confidential Information" shall include all information or material that has or could have commercial value or other utility in the business in which Disclosing Party is engaged. If Confidential Information is in written form, the Disclosing Party shall label or stamp the materials with the word "Confidential" or some similar warning. If Confidential Information is transmitted orally, the Disclosing Party shall promptly provide writing indicating that such oral communication constituted Confidential Information.

2. Exclusions from Confidential Information. Receiving Party's obligations under this Agreement do not extend to information that is: (a) publicly known at the time of disclosure or subsequently becomes publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party; (b) discovered or created by the Receiving Party before disclosure by Disclosing Party; (c) learned by the Receiving Party through legitimate means other than from the Disclosing Party or Disclosing Party's representatives; or (d) is disclosed by Receiving Party with Disclosing Party's prior written approval.

3. Obligations of Receiving Party. Receiving Party shall hold and maintain the Confidential Information in strictest confidence for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Disclosing Party. Receiving Party shall carefully restrict access to Confidential Information to employees, contractors and third parties as is reasonably required and shall require those persons to sign nondisclosure restrictions at least as protective as those in this Agreement. Receiving Party shall not, without the prior written approval of Disclosing Party, use for Receiving Party's benefit, publish, copy, or otherwise disclose to others, or permit the use by others for their benefit or to the detriment of Disclosing Party, any Confidential Information. Receiving Party shall return to Disclosing Party any and all records, notes, and other written, printed, or tangible materials in its possession pertaining to Confidential Information immediately if Disclosing Party requests it in writing.

4. Time Periods. The nondisclosure provisions of this Agreement shall survive the termination of this Agreement and Receiving Party's duty to hold Confidential Information in confidence shall remain in effect until the Confidential Information no longer qualifies as a trade secret or until Disclosing Party sends Receiving Party written notice releasing Receiving Party from this Agreement, whichever occurs first.

5. **Relationships.** Nothing contained in this Agreement shall be deemed to constitute either party a partner, joint venture or employee of the other party for any purpose.

6. **Severability.** If a court finds any provision of this Agreement invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement shall be interpreted so as best to affect the intent of the parties.

7. **Integration.** This Agreement expresses the complete understanding of the parties with respect to the subject matter and supersedes all prior proposals, agreements, representations, and understandings. This Agreement may not be amended except in writing signed by both parties.

8. **Waiver.** The failure to exercise any right provided in this Agreement shall not be a waiver of prior or subsequent rights.

9. **Notice of Immunity.** Employee is provided notice that an individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made (i) in confidence to a federal, state, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and (ii) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal. An individual who files a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of law may disclose the trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the individual (i) files any document containing the trade secret under seal; and (ii) does not disclose the trade secret, except pursuant to court order.

This Agreement and each party's obligations shall be binding on the representatives, assigns and successors of such party. Each party has signed this Agreement through its authorized representative.

DISCLOSING PARTY

Signature: _____

Typed or Printed Name: _____ Date: _____

RECEIVING PARTY

Signature: _____

Typed or Printed Name: _____ Date: _____