# Static Analysis, Dynamic Analysis and Symbolic Execution Techniques Applied to Security Introduction & Case Study

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# Overview

Background

Static Analysis

Case 1: Detect PDF Malware

# Program Analyzer

A program that takes other programs as input and decides whether or not they have a certain  $property^1$ .

#### Static Analysis

- ► Analysis of programs without executing
- ► Reason for non-trivial properties

## Dynamic Analysis

- ► Analysis of programs by actual executing
- Common testing methods for a desire property

#### Symbolic Execution

- ► Analysis of programs by executing with **symbolic** inputs
- ▶ Determine what inputs cause each part of a program to execute

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Anders Møller and Michael I. Schwartzbach. *Static Program Analysis*. Department of Computer Science, Aarhus University. 2018.

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#### No Free Lunch

Limitations of Program Analysis

Program testing can be used to show the presence of bugs, but never to show their absence.<sup>2</sup>

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ Edsger W. Dijkstra. "Notes on Structured Programming". circulated privately. Apr. 1970.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Henry Gordon Rice. "Classes of recursively enumerable sets and their decision problems". In: *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society* 74.2 (1953), pp. 358–366.

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## Rice's theorem<sup>3</sup>

All interesting questions about the behavior (*i.e. non-trivial properties*) of programs (written in Turing-complete programming languages) are **undecidable**.

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# Case 1: Malicious JavaScript PDF Extension<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Alexander Jordan, François Gauthier, Behnaz Hassanshahi, et al. "Unacceptable Behavior: Robust PDF Malware Detection Using Abstract Interpretation". In: *Proceedings of the 14th ACM SIGSAC Workshop on Programming Languages and Analysis for Security.* 2019, pp. 19–30.

## Code

```
while not q.empty():
       p = q.get()
2
3
       p_list = os.listdir(p)
       for i in p_list:
5
           temp_p = os.path.join(p, i)
           if os.path.isdir(temp_p):
6
               q.put(temp_p)
7
8
                continue
9
           # do something
           print(temp_p)
10
```