# Deep-learning Based Models for Recommender Systems

Wide & Deep Learning for Regression/Classification Problems

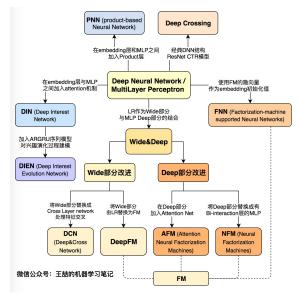
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## Overview

History Milestones

# 演化图谱1



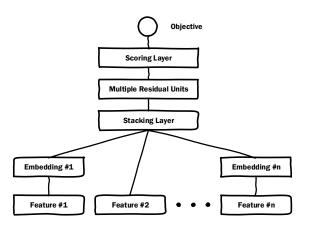
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>王喆. 王喆的机器学习笔记. URL:

 $\texttt{https://www.zhihu.com/question/20830906/answer/681688041}\underline{\underline{\underline{}}}.$ 

nan

# Base Model: Deep Crossing<sup>2</sup>

Microsoft



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Ying Shan et al. "Deep crossing: Web-scale modeling without manually crafted combinatorial features". In: *Proceedings of the 22nd ACM SIGKDD international conference on knowledge discovery and data mining*. ACM. 2016, pp. 255–262.

# Deep Crossing

#### Scoring layer

- ► objective: logloss
- ► sigmoid/softmax

## Embedding layer

高维稀疏特征 (id 类,one-hot encode) → 低维稠密特征

$$\mathbf{W}_j : (m_j \times n_j), \quad m_j < n_j$$

ReLu

$$X_j^o = \max(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{W}_j X_j^I + \mathbf{b}_j)$$



## Deep Crossing

### Stacking layer

concatenate:  $\mathbf{X}^{\textit{O}} = [\mathbf{X}^{\textit{O}}_0, \mathbf{X}^{\textit{O}}_1, \cdots, \mathbf{X}^{\textit{O}}_{\textit{K}}]$ 

#### Residual layer

#### 2 layers ReLu transform

$$X^{O} = \mathcal{F}(X^{I}, \{\mathbf{W}_{0}, \mathbf{W}_{1}\}, \{\mathbf{b}_{0}, \mathbf{b}_{1}\}) + X^{I}$$

